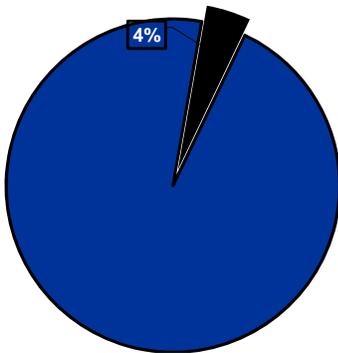


Bond and Interest

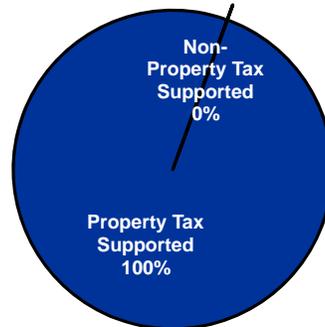
Inside:

| Page | Division | 2017 Budget All Operating Funds | 2017 Budget by Operating Fund Type | | | | |
|------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|---|-------------------------------|
| | | | General Fund | Debt Service Funds | Special Revenue Funds | | Enterprise/ Internal Serv. |
| | | | Propert Tax Supported | Non-Property Tax Supported | | | |
| 268 | Bond and Interest | 18,317,206 | - | 18,317,206 | - | - | - |
| | Total | 18,317,206 | - | 18,317,206 | - | - | - |

% of Total Operating Budget



Operating Expenditures by Fund Type



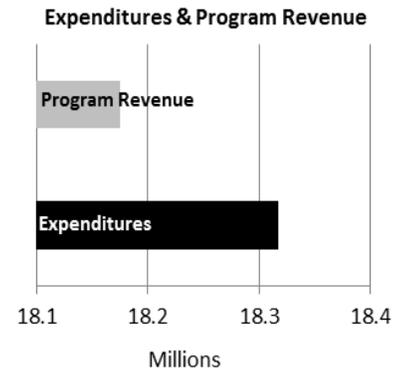
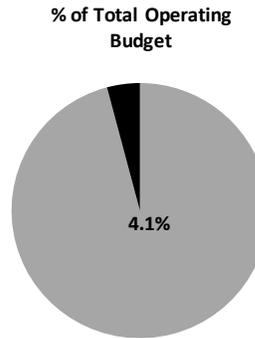
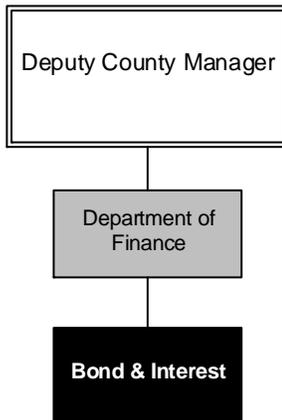
* Includes the General, Debt Service and Property Tax Supported Special Revenue Funds



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Mission:

- To assure Sedgwick County government and citizens of proper use of County resources and informed financial decision-making.



Description of Major Services

The Bond and Interest Fund provides for the retirement of general obligation, Public Building Commission (PBC) revenue bonds, and special assessment bonds of Sedgwick County. Each year, the County levies taxes that, together with special assessments and other revenues credited to the Fund, are sufficient to pay the principal and interest payments due throughout the year.

The County’s Debt Policy establishes guidelines pertaining to the County’s use of debt. The objectives of the policy are to ensure financing is obtained only when necessary; the process for identifying the timing and amount of debt or other financing is as efficient as possible; the most favorable interest rate and other related costs are obtained; and future financial flexibility is maintained.

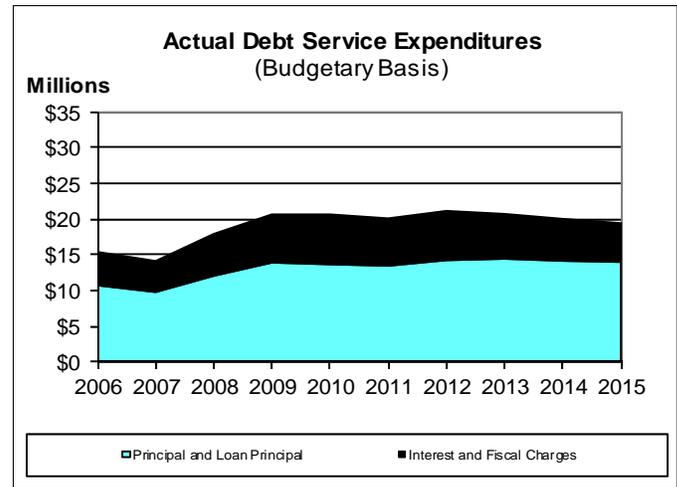
A summary of key points from the Sedgwick County Debt Policy is presented here:

- Debt management committee is formed to ensure compliance with debt policy.
- Pay-as-you-go financing is favored when the project can be funded from available current revenue and

fund balances, the project can be completed in an acceptable timeframe given available resources, additional debt could affect the County credit rating, or when repayment sources or market conditions are considered unstable or suggest difficulty in marketing the debt.

- Debt financing is favored when market conditions are favorable, a project is mandated and current revenue or fund balances are insufficient, or a project is immediately required to meet capacity needs. The useful life of each project must equal or exceed the term of the financing.
- Total outstanding debt is capped. The policy limits direct debt per capita (\$500), overlapping and underlying debt per capita (\$3,000), direct and overall debt as a percentage of estimated full market value (1.5 percent and 6 percent, respectively), and debt service is limited to 9 percent of general and debt service fund budgeted expenditures, dropping to 8 percent in 2019. Debt issuance is prohibited if the measurement of debt capacity ratio is exceeded.
- Debt repayment is expedited. Debt issues are to be structured so that at least 30 percent of the aggregate outstanding principal amount is repaid within five years and 60 percent within 10 years.

Sedgwick County issues debt primarily to finance major capital projects such as roads, bridges, buildings, or other facilities. The instruments used to finance these projects are typically general obligation bonds or PBC revenue bonds. General obligation bonds are issued by Sedgwick County and backed by the County’s full faith and taxing power, meaning that bondholders have the power to compel the County to levy property taxes to repay the bonds. When a project meets a specific set of criteria described in Kansas law, the County can ask the PBC to issue revenue bonds on its behalf. These bonds are secured by lease revenues paid to the PBC by the County. The lease payments to the PBC are also backed by the full faith and taxing power of Sedgwick County.



Another type of debt occasionally issued by Sedgwick County is special assessment bonds. Special assessment bonds are issued to develop basic infrastructure for the benefit of properties within a defined district. Typically such projects are requested by property owners within the district, and as part of their petition for specified improvements, they agree to pay the project costs through specially assessed taxes. Special assessment taxes are then levied on property within the benefit district for up to 15 years to repay the principal and interest on the bonds sold by the County to finance the cost of the improvements.

The following table shows the debt service requirements on debt existing as of September 30, 2016. If no additional bonds were issued, Sedgwick County would pay its debt in full by 2035. During this time period, yearly principal and interest payments would decrease from \$19.2 million in 2016 to \$0.4 million in 2035. When Sedgwick County issues additional bonds, debt service requirements will be extended into the future.

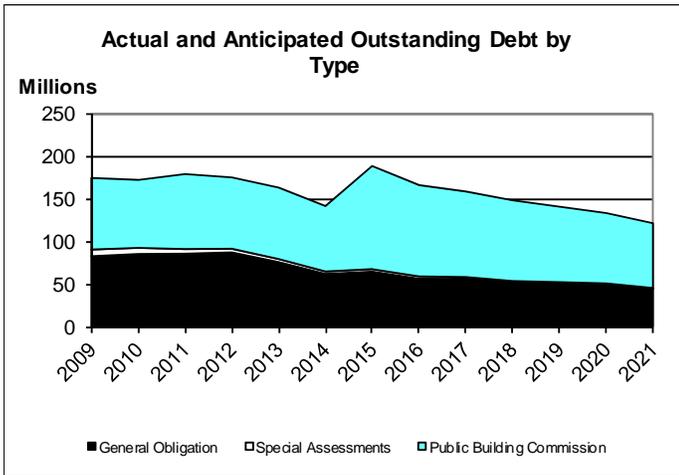
When a jurisdiction issues debt, it has the option of obtaining a debt rating -- an evaluation of its credit worthiness -- by an independent rating service. Sedgwick County currently has high debt ratings from each of three credit rating agencies: “AAA” from Standard & Poor’s, “Aaa” from Moody’s Investors Service, and “AA+” from Fitch Rating Service.

| Schedule of Existing Debt Service Requirements as of September 30, 2016 | | | | |
|---|-------------------|------------|-----------|------------|
| Budget Year | Bonds Outstanding | Principal | Interest | Total |
| 2016 | 117,315,000 | 14,180,000 | 5,041,058 | 19,221,058 |
| 2017 | 103,695,000 | 13,620,000 | 4,677,206 | 18,297,206 |
| 2018 | 90,030,000 | 13,665,000 | 4,202,904 | 17,867,904 |
| 2019 | 75,735,000 | 14,295,000 | 3,331,311 | 17,626,311 |
| 2020 | 65,495,000 | 10,240,000 | 2,789,490 | 13,029,490 |
| 2021 | 55,080,000 | 10,415,000 | 2,356,245 | 12,771,245 |
| 2022 | 45,055,000 | 10,025,000 | 1,936,805 | 11,961,805 |
| 2023 | 37,060,000 | 7,995,000 | 1,502,524 | 9,497,524 |
| 2024 | 30,430,000 | 6,630,000 | 1,197,355 | 7,827,355 |
| 2025 | 23,800,000 | 6,630,000 | 947,264 | 7,577,264 |
| 2026 | 18,095,000 | 5,705,000 | 762,611 | 6,467,611 |
| 2027 | 13,140,000 | 4,955,000 | 603,689 | 5,558,689 |
| 2028 | 8,055,000 | 5,085,000 | 458,179 | 5,543,179 |
| 2029 | 5,935,000 | 2,120,000 | 293,774 | 2,413,774 |
| 2030 | 3,945,000 | 1,990,000 | 212,324 | 2,202,324 |
| 2031 | 2,080,000 | 1,865,000 | 136,719 | 2,001,719 |
| 2032 | 1,375,000 | 705,000 | 68,900 | 773,900 |
| 2033 | 820,000 | 555,000 | 45,688 | 600,688 |
| 2034 | 415,000 | 405,000 | 26,144 | 431,144 |
| 2035 | - | 415,000 | 13,488 | 428,488 |

Sedgwick County and its PBC have issued debt for various large projects including adult and juvenile detention facilities, roads and bridges, courthouse improvements, a juvenile court building, a public safety center, Exploration Place (an interactive science center), and the National Center for Aviation Training (a technical education facility). The debt for these projects, in addition to special assessment debt, leaves the County with total outstanding direct debt of \$117.3 million as of September 30, 2016.

In recent years the County’s annual debt service, including both the repayment of principal and interest on outstanding bonds has been approximately \$19 million.

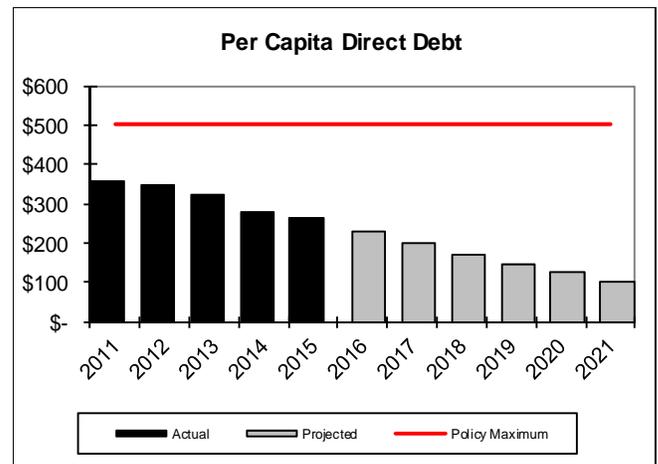
The County’s current plan includes no anticipated bond issues in 2017-2021. Other significant projects include construction of a new EMS Northeast Post, the replacement of the HVAC Unit at the Regional Forensic Science Center, and Phase I of the Interchange at I-235 and US-54. Based on this plan, the County will repay more debt than is issued each year, and both the annual debt service and the total outstanding debt will decrease each year.



If the County chose to issue debt, it would need to be compliant with the County’s debt limits, discussed below.

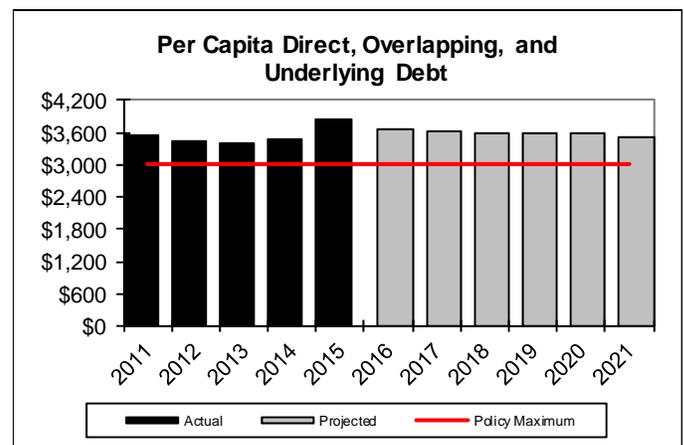
Per Capita Direct Debt

This ratio, which is figured by dividing total direct debt by the population of Sedgwick County, measures the amount of County government debt per resident. The debt policy sets \$500 per capita as the maximum limit. Between 2011 and 2013, Sedgwick County remained below this level by approximately \$150. The margin between County per capita direct debt and the policy maximum will decline in 2016-2021. At the end of 2021, per capita direct debt is estimated to be at \$104.



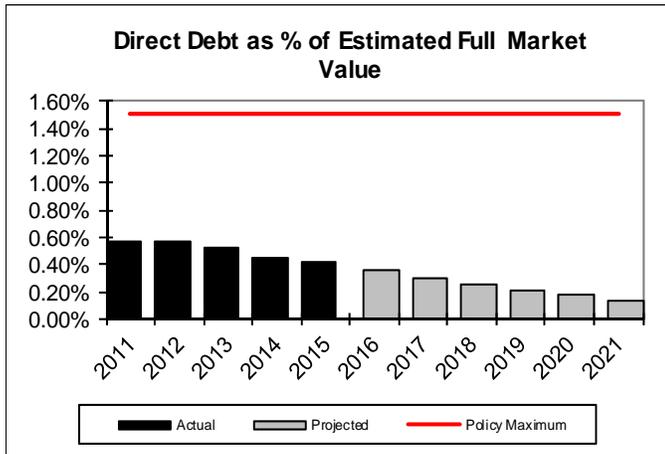
Per Capita Direct, Overlapping & Underlying Debt

This per capita ratio adds overlapping and underlying debt, which is the debt issued by cities, school districts, and special districts within Sedgwick County and backed by Sedgwick County taxpayers. Thus, this ratio measures that total amount of local government debt borne by each resident in the County. The debt policy sets a limit of \$3,000 per capita. Since 2008, due to multiple bond issuances by cities and school districts, this target ratio has been exceeded. Based on anticipated future debt issuances by cities, school districts, and other governmental units in this County, this ratio is expected to remain above the targeted maximum through 2021, and is expected to be approximately \$3,600 throughout that period.



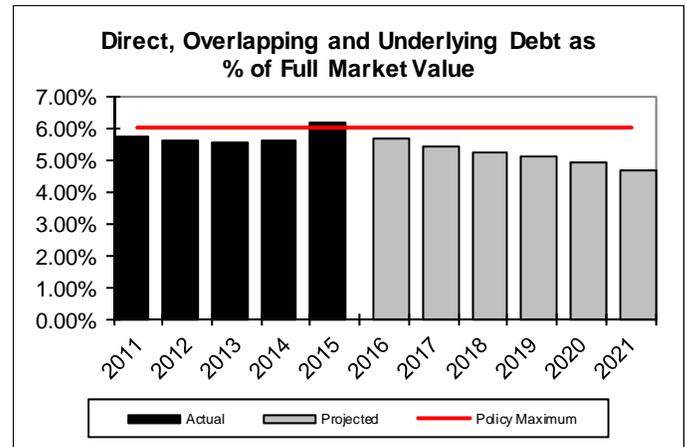
Direct Debt as Percent of Estimated Full Market Value

This ratio shows the impact of debt issued by Sedgwick County or its PBC on the property tax base. The policy limit is 1.5 percent for this measure. The County consistently has remained well below this threshold, and has reduced it from 0.57% in 2011 to 0.36% in 2016. It is projected to be further reduced to 0.14% of the estimated full market value by the end of 2021.



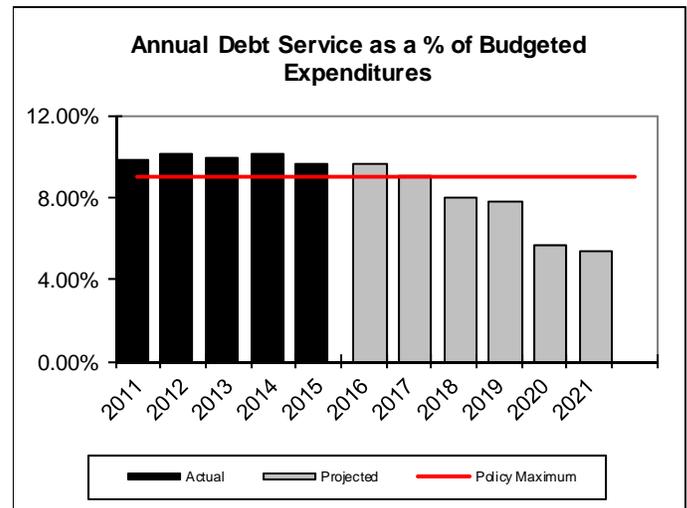
Direct, Overlapping & Underlying Debt as Percent of Full Market Value

This ratio shows the impact of all local government debt, without regard to the governmental issuer within the County, on Sedgwick County’s property tax base. The policy sets a maximum target of 6.0 percent. Since 2011, when the ratio was at 5.72 percent, it decreased each year through 2013 when it reached a low of 5.55%. Due to bond issuances by cities and school districts it then increased to a peak of 6.16% in 2015 before dropping to 5.68% in 2016. The ratio is projected to further decrease throughout the planning horizon, ending at 4.70% in 2021.



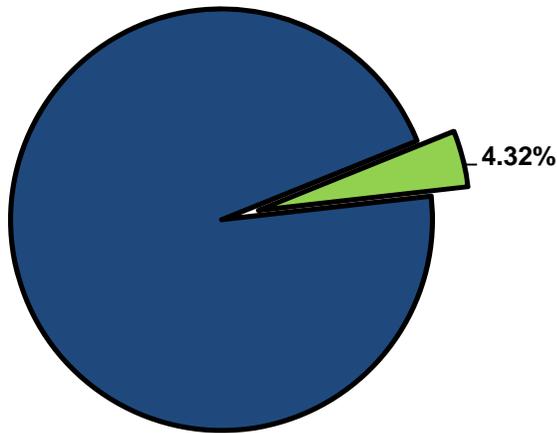
Annual Debt Service as a Percent of Budgeted Expenditures

This measure shows the extent to which debt service obligations consume resources that otherwise might be used to deliver County services. Sedgwick County’s debt policy sets a limit of 9.0 percent. The County’s debt service stayed below 10.2 percent of budgeted expenditures between 2011 and 2015, and is expected to drop to 5.40 percent of budgeted expenditures by the end of 2021.

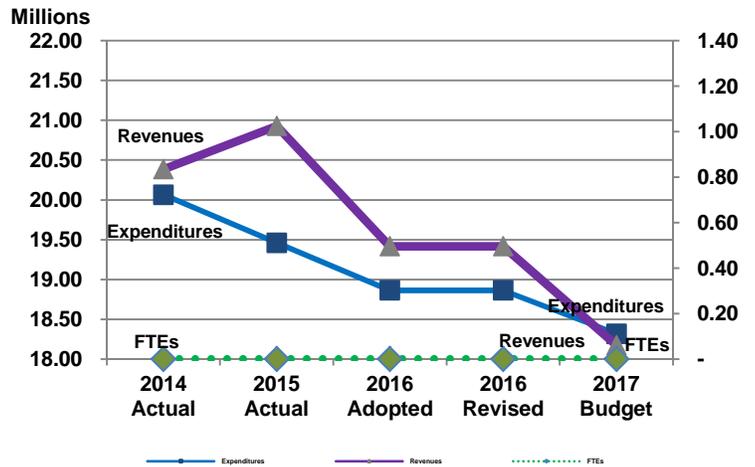


Divisional Graphical Summary

Bond & Interest
Percent of Total County Operating Budget



Expenditures, Program Revenue & FTEs
All Operating Funds



Budget Summary by Category

| | 2014 Actual | 2015 Actual | 2016 Adopted | 2016 Revised | 2017 Budget | Amount Chg '16 Rev.-'17 | % Chg '16 Rev.-'17 |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|
| Expenditures | | | | | | | |
| Personnel | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Contractual Services | 1,825 | 1,725 | 20,000 | 20,000 | 20,000 | - | 0.00% |
| Debt Service | 20,062,805 | 19,459,126 | 18,843,980 | 18,843,980 | 18,297,206 | (546,774) | -2.90% |
| Commodities | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Capital Improvements | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Capital Equipment | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Interfund Transfers | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total Expenditures | 20,064,630 | 19,460,851 | 18,863,980 | 18,863,980 | 18,317,206 | (546,774) | -2.90% |
| Revenues | | | | | | | |
| Tax Revenues | 15,871,346 | 16,590,802 | 14,968,915 | 14,968,915 | 14,085,644 | (883,271) | -5.90% |
| Licenses and Permits | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Intergovernmental | 178,437 | 84,796 | 172,999 | 172,999 | 239,649 | 66,650 | 38.53% |
| Charges for Services | 719,854 | 638,371 | 664,936 | 664,936 | 664,161 | (775) | -0.12% |
| All Other Revenue | 3,615,689 | 3,612,646 | 3,609,321 | 3,609,321 | 3,185,409 | (423,912) | -11.74% |
| Total Revenues | 20,385,325 | 20,926,615 | 19,416,171 | 19,416,171 | 18,174,863 | (1,241,308) | -6.39% |
| Full-Time Equivalents (FTEs) | | | | | | | |
| Property Tax Funded | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Non-Property Tax Funded | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total FTEs | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

Budget Summary by Fund

| Fund | 2014 Actual | 2015 Actual | 2016 Adopted | 2016 Revised | 2017 Budget | Amount Chg '16 Rev.-'17 | % Chg '16 Rev.-'17 |
|---------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|
| Bond & Interest | 20,064,630 | 19,460,851 | 18,863,980 | 18,863,980 | 18,317,206 | (546,774) | -2.90% |
| Total Expenditures | 20,064,630 | 19,460,851 | 18,863,980 | 18,863,980 | 18,317,206 | (546,774) | -2.90% |

Significant Budget Adjustments from Prior Year Revised Budget

| | Expenditures | Revenues | FTEs |
|---|--------------|----------|------|
| Reduce budget to anticipated 2017 principal and interest costs. | (546,774) | | |
| Total | (546,774) | - | - |

Budget Summary by Program

| Program | Fund | 2014 Actual | 2015 Actual | 2016 Adopted | 2016 Revised | 2017 Budget | % Chg '16 Rev.-'17 | 2017 FTEs |
|-----------------|------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-----------|
| Bond & Interest | 301 | 20,064,630 | 19,460,851 | 18,863,980 | 18,863,980 | 18,317,206 | -2.90% | - |
| Total | | 20,064,630 | 19,460,851 | 18,863,980 | 18,863,980 | 18,317,206 | -2.90% | - |

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