



Comprehensive Annual Financial REPORT

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

of

THE COUNTY OF SEDGWICK, KANSAS

for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Prepared by: DIVISION OF FINANCE Lindsay Poe Rousseau, Chief Financial Officer Richard Durham, Deputy Chief Financial Officer Hope Hernandez, Director of Accounting

COUNTY OF SEDGWICK, KANSAS BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

2017

Chairman David M. Unruh

Chair Pro-Tem Michael O'Donnell, II

Commissioner David T. Dennis

Commissioner Richard Ranzau

Commissioner James M. Howell

County Manager Mike Scholes

2018

Chairman
David T. Dennis

Chair Pro-Tem David M. Unruh

Commissioner Michael O'Donnell, II

Commissioner Richard Ranzau

Commissioner James M. Howell

County Manager Mike Scholes

NON-DISCRIMINATION STATEMENT

Sedgwick County does not discriminate on the basis of handicapped status in the admission to, or treatment of, or employment in, its programs or activities. The Affirmative Action Officer has been designated to coordinate the non-discrimination requirements contained in Section 51.55 of the Revenue Sharing Regulations. The Coordinator may be contacted in the Sedgwick County Office of Affirmative Action, 510 North Main, Wichita, Kansas, 67203. Phone (316) 660-7058.

SEDGWICK COUNTY, KANSAS

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

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SEDGWICK COUNTY, KANSAS

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Introductory Section









County Manager's Office

525 N. Main, Suite 343, Wichita, KS 67203 - www.sedgwickcounty.org - TEL: 316-660-9393 - FAX: 316-383-7946

Mike Scholes County Manager

March 30, 2018

Board of County Commissioners Sedgwick County Courthouse 525 N. Main Wichita, KS 67203-2703

Dear Commissioners:

The administration is pleased to present to you the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the County of Sedgwick, Kansas for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017. This document is a review of what occurred financially last year. In that respect, it is a report card of our ability to manage our financial resources. This report indicates we are in sound financial shape.

This document can also be used as a means to inform you and the citizens regarding our financial condition as you struggle with the difficult choices of delivery of services. It provides a foundation of information that will help us all make informed decisions.

This report, along with management of our finances, is the fine work of Chief Financial Officer Lindsay Poe Rousseau, Deputy Chief Financial Officer Richard Durham, Accounting Director Hope Hernandez, and the accounting team of Marty Hughes, Brandi Baily, Mandy Estes, Ammi Hayes, and Melissa Slaughter.

Sincerely,

Mike Scholes County Manager



Division of Finance

525 N. Main, Suite 1150, Wichita, KS 67203 - www.sedgwickcounty.org - TEL: 316-660-7591 - FAX: 316-383-7729

March 30, 2018

To the Honorable Chair of the Board, Members of the Board of County Commissioners, and Citizens of Sedgwick County:

Good financial management requires that we provide full disclosure of the results of the County's fiscal activities each year, and that we obtain independent verification of the accuracy of our financial statements. Additionally, Kansas statutes call for an annual audit of all funds of the County by independent certified public accountants. Pursuant to these requirements, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of Sedgwick County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017. The County is responsible for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures. I believe that the information presented in this report is accurate in all material aspects, that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the County as measured by the financial activity of the various funds, and that all disclosures necessary for readers to gain an understanding of the County's financial affairs have been included.

The firm of BKD, L.L.P. audited the County's financial statements. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatement. Sedgwick County has implemented a control environment that has been built into, not on to, its business practices. The objective of this control environment is to provide reasonable assurance that its financial statements are free of material misstatements. The cost of providing absolute assurance far exceeds the potential benefits derived from absolute assurance. The independent audit involves examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there is a reasonable basis for rendering unmodified opinions that the statements are presented in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, (GAAP) and fairly present the financial position of the County. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

PROFILE OF SEDGWICK COUNTY

History

Originally a camping ground of the Osage and Wichita Indian tribes, Sedgwick County, Kansas, is thought to be a place of discovery for such explorers as Francisco Coronado and Kit Carson. The earliest European settler to the region was M. DuTissenet, a Frenchman operating under the direction of the governor of Louisiana, in 1719. DuTissenet brought with him soldiers, traders, and hunters who soon populated and transformed the region from prairie to a land of opportunity.

Sedgwick County was officially established nearly 150 years later on February 26, 1867, and bears the name of Civil War hero Major General John Sedgwick of the Union Army who was killed during the battle of Spotsylvania Courthouse in Virginia. After an initial failed attempt at establishing an official county government, the Governor of the State of Kansas appointed three Commissioners to aid in the effort. In April of 1870, the first county officials were elected and the county seat of Wichita was chosen.

Geography

Occupying 1,008 square miles of land in South Central Kansas, Sedgwick County falls within the borders of the Arkansas River Lowlands. It is noted for its extreme flatness, as its highest point is only 1,540 feet above sea level. The County's lowest point, approximately 1,220 feet above sea level, occurs along the southern border where the Arkansas River leaves the County. Sedgwick County's largest city is Wichita, which is located along Interstate 35 with service areas to Interstate 135, U.S. 54, and various other highways.

Population

Sedgwick County is a growing region, currently home to an estimated 513,992 citizens. The County's population has increased 13.1 percent since 2000 and has increased significantly faster than the population of Kansas as a whole (8.1 percent since 2000). According to 2016 census estimates, Sedgwick County surpassed the half-million mark with an estimated 500,900 people in 2011. The population of Sedgwick County is expected to grow to approximately 630,439 by 2064. In addition to a strong growth trend, the *U.S. Census Bureau, 2015 American Community Survey*, reports Sedgwick County is a relatively young community, with 87.3 percent of its population younger than the age of 65. By 2064, however, the number of citizens age 65 and older is expected to increase to 140,817, a 116.4 percent change from 2014 to 2064.

GOVERNMENT

Elected Officials

Sedgwick County is governed by a five-member Board of County Commissioners (BOCC) that meets in regular weekly sessions, with the exception of the last Wednesday of every month. Commissioners are elected according to geographical area (districts) and serve four-year terms with those terms overlapping. The Commissioners are full-time County officials and perform all executive, legislative, and policy-related functions. The Board also governs Sedgwick County Fire District 1, a separate special-purpose local government. The Chairman of the Board is elected by the Commissioners and serves a one-year term, January through December.

In addition to the BOCC, citizens of Sedgwick County elect the following positions:

- County Clerk
- Register of Deeds
- County Treasurer
- Sheriff
- District Attorney
- 18th Judicial District Judges

Appointed Officials

Sedgwick County was recognized by the International City-County Management Association (ICMA) in 1981 as a Council-Manager form of government. Therefore, the Board appoints a professional County Manager to administer most County functions and to implement policy decisions. Tasks of the County Manager range from the management of special projects to the daily functions of the County's nearly 3,000 employees. A Deputy County Manager and three Assistant County Managers aid the County Manager his duties.

The BOCC also appoints the:

- County Counselor
- County Appraiser
- Assistant County Manager for the Department of Public Works, Facilities Maintenance & Project Services

The Kansas Secretary of State is responsible for appointing an Election Commissioner for Sedgwick County.

In addition to the County government, Sedgwick County contains 26 townships, 20 cities, 20 unified school districts, 11 recreation commissions, ten improvement districts, nine tax increment districts, seven cemetery districts, five drainage districts, four watershed districts, two redevelopment districts, two library districts, one fire district, one groundwater district, and one hospital district. 15 of the unified school districts, two cemetery districts, one library district, one drainage district and five watershed districts, two of the cities, one of the improvement districts, and the hospital district cross the border into another county.

Services

Sedgwick County provides a full range of services to the community. These include public safety (sheriff, emergency medical services, emergency dispatch, emergency management, corrections, and the Regional Forensic Science Center), public works (construction and maintenance of roads, bridges and stormwater drainage systems, noxious weed control, and household hazardous waste disposal), human services (physical and mental health services, support for developmentally and physically disabled populations, and aging assistance), cultural and recreational services (parks, the Sedgwick County Zoo, the INTRUST Bank Arena, and Exploration Place, an interactive science and discovery center), economic development (National Center for Aviation Training), public improvements, planning and zoning, judicial support, youth facilities, elections, and general administrative services. In addition to these activities, the governing body has operating and financial relationships with the Sedgwick County Fire District 1 and the Sedgwick County Public Building Commission.

The annual budget process begins 15 months before the start of each fiscal year, when the Budget Department prepares a revised five-year financial forecast. The financial forecast serves as the foundation for planning and control, projecting revenues and expenditures for the next five years and comparing the prior year's projections with actual results. The Budget Department receives input from the

Capital Improvement Program Committee. This committee ranks projects with significant multi-year benefits, such as buildings and infrastructure. Nine months before the start of the new fiscal year, the Budget Department prepares and distributes a base budget for all County Divisions. Division managers identify the service implications of the base budget and, if necessary, submit requests for additional funding or staff. Two months later, the Board of County Commissioners holds budget review sessions to discuss service levels, resource allocations, and funding strategies for the upcoming year. The Budget Department then submits a proposed budget to the County Manager. The County Manager reviews and, as appropriate, revises the proposed budget and then, six months before the new year, submits a recommended budget to the Board of County Commissioners. The Commissioners hold public hearings to receive input from citizens. The budget is adopted approximately five months before the start of the new fiscal year and is submitted to the State of Kansas in compliance with State statutes.

The legal level of budgetary control is at the individual fund level, and County policy provides authority for intra-fund modifications of the budget. The budget is prepared by fund, function, cost center and superior commitment item. Legal appropriated annual budgets are statutorily required for most, but not all, operations. County practice is to adopt budgets for all funds. Budget to actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which a legal appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the General Fund, this comparison is presented on page A-71 as part of the required supplementary information. For governmental funds other than the General Fund with legal appropriated annual budgets, this comparison is presented in the governmental funds subsection, beginning on page B-16.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

Sedgwick County is a regional economic center with manufacturing, health care service, and retail trade as primary industries. The economic information contained in this letter was drawn from publications of the Center for Economic Development and Business Research (CEDBR) at Wichita State University, and from the U.S. Department of Labor. The Wichita metropolitan statistical area (MSA) is comprised of Sedgwick, Butler, Harvey, Kingman and Sumner counties in Kansas.

Employment/Income

The United States Department of Labor reported that the average 2017 labor force for the Wichita MSA was 309,338 residents, a slight decrease of 0.2 percent from 2016. The Center for Economic Development and Business Research at Wichita State University reports as of December 2017 the labor force for the Wichita MSA at 307,987. Of those who are eligible for employment, approximately 96.6 percent (297,521) were employed in 2017. According to the American Community Survey, as posted on the Center for Economic Development and Business Research at Wichita State University's website, the 2017 median income was \$52,068 for households in Sedgwick County, up from \$51,424 in 2016 and slightly up from \$51,059 in 2015.

Property Values/Tax Payers

Similar to other jurisdictions, Sedgwick County has continued to address modest growth in property valuations by making operational changes. Prior to the national recession, assessed property valuations grew by an average of 5.5 percent annually between 1999 and 2009. Since that time, assessed valuations were below 1.0 percent for three years (2010 to 2012), and fell in value for the 2013 budget by 0.7 percent. In 2016, there was an increase to 1.4 percent, and assessed value increased to 2.8 percent in 2017. Assessed value increased by 3.3 percent in 2018. In Sedgwick County, residential property accounts for the largest percentage (61.3 percent) of the total assessed value of real property. The second largest is commercial property, comprising 35.4 percent of the County's total assessed value of real property. The large percentage of residential property shows that individuals and families recognize the County as a growing community where they can purchase a home and establish roots, while the large portion of commercial property shows that the County's business environment is also favorable. Another

economic indicator is the total assessed value of the largest five taxpayers compared to the total assessed valuation of the County. A concentrated property tax base can be detrimental to a community in times of economic downturn, especially if a jurisdiction's largest taxpayers are in the same industry. Sedgwick County's largest five taxpayers comprised 7.83 percent of the County's total assessed value in 2017.

Cost of Living/Housing

The current overall cost of living in Wichita is below the national average of 100 on the Overall Cost of Living Index. Compared to Oklahoma City, Oklahoma (84.6), Omaha, Nebraska (91.8), Dallas, Texas (100.4), and Kansas City, Missouri-Kansas (93.1), the overall cost of living for area residents (91.8) is comparable to other area communities. As of Dec 2017, the median home sales price in Wichita for new and existing homes was \$145,000.

Manufacturing

In the Wichita MSA, manufacturing employment accounts for 17% of all jobs.

Highlights of the manufacturing sector are as follows:

- Spirit AeroSytems announced a major expansion that includes the addition of 1,000 jobs and capital investments totaling \$1 billion over the next five years.
- Yingling Aviation plans to build a 23,000 square foot hangar and increase its Wichita workforce by 25 percent.
- Cargill Meat Solutions is building a new \$60 million headquarters in downtown Wichita in a real estate development that is helping the continued revitalization of the City's core area. Cargill employs 850 people in Wichita.
- Cargill began construction on a state-of-the-art \$90 million biodiesel plant. The plant is set to open in January of 2019. The 42,000 square foot facility will employ approximately 35 full-time employees.
- Hexagon Manufacturing Intelligence leased 3,000 square feet of space in Wichita State's experiential
 engineering building. The lease is an extension of a five-year partnership with National Institute for
 Aviation Research (NIAR).
- Figeac Aero Group signed a supply contract with Spirit AeroSystems to provide sub-assemblies on multiple aircraft; this is expected to push hiring above the 200 new jobs forecast of the next eight years.
- ICM, an ethanol producer, announced a \$175 million advanced bio-refinery in the City of Colwich. When completed, the plant will produce 70 million gallons of ethanol per year. The plant is expected to produce 50 permanent full-time jobs.

Health Care Service

Health care jobs remain the highest paying occupations in Kansas. Nine of the 10 highest paid occupations in the Wichita area are related to Health care.

- Ascension Via Christi St. Joseph Hospital began construction in December to add a psychiatric observation unit. The \$50 million renovation project is slated to be finished in late 2018.
- Wesley Children's Hospital emergency will undergo a \$2 million project to increase the number of pediatric emergency room beds to 14. The renovations began late summer of 2017 and expect to take 12-18 months.
- Via Christi Clinic began construction of a 15,000 square foot facility in Derby. The clinic will integrate
 primary care and physical therapy and allow Via Christi to double it family medicine and pediatric
 providers.
- Wesley completed the \$3 million remodel of it birth care center.

COUNTY BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL FORECAST

Financial Plan

Sedgwick County continues to demonstrate a strong financial position. The mission of Sedgwick County is to provide quality public services to our community so everyone can pursue freedom and prosperity in a safe, secure, and healthy environment. We accomplish this by maintaining focus on the County's vision to strive to be a value driven, regional leader seeking innovative opportunities and collaborative partnerships to deliver quality public services. This is accomplished by adherence to the County values of; service to community, ethical behavior, accountability, good stewardship, wellness of community, integrity, effective communication both internally and externally and fostering an environment of competency and continuous learning.

The County uses a five-year financial forecast to evaluate current and projected fiscal conditions and to guide policy and programmatic decisions. The financial forecast is a management tool that projects operating results based on current and anticipated economic conditions and identifies revenue and expenditure trends that may have an immediate or long-term effect on the County's financial condition. The financial forecast assists in making decisions that meet the County's objectives of fiscal discipline and delivery of essential community services. Additionally, it serves as an early warning signal of the possibility of future deficits, allowing time for reasoned consideration of alternative actions to avoid deficits.

Over the next five years, the County faces a number of challenges. The financial forecast shows an anticipated operating surplus in the General Fund in 2018 due to a planned reduction of capital improvement projects. The forecast projects deficits in 2019, 2020, and 2021 due to planned upgrades of the County's CAD/RMS system and facility, road and bridge projects that will be cash funded. Other funds that receive ad valorem tax funding are forecasted to experience operating deficits during the same period as their fund balances are reduced from present unnecessarily high levels. Other funds, particularly grant funds, are also projected to experience operating deficits. The projections in the financial forecast reflect the impacts of actions by management to maintain prudent but not unnecessarily high fund balances, by the Kansas Legislature to reduce county funding, and the slow growth of the local economy.

Major initiatives of the County include the following:

- The County funded a \$1.8 million renovation of the entrance C to the Intrust Bank Arena as part of hosting first and second round games of the NCAA Men's Division I Basketball Tournament in the County owned, Intrust Bank Arena.
- Development of a County administrative building to free up space in the Main Courthouse for the 18th Judicial District Court and District Attorney. There is increasing demand for services and resources in these areas, and space constrictions create additional challenges.
- The continued occupancy of the County owned Ronald Reagan building, moving county functions into owned space and eliminating leased space.
- As stated in the 2016 CAFR, Sedgwick County has published its strategic plan that clearly articulates the county government's mission, vision and values, and strategic goals. Individual departments completed their respective strategic plan and goals that synchronize with the County's overall strategic plan and nest under the overarching County mission.

Financial Management

In addition to the five-year financial forecast, the County develops a Capital Improvement Program (CIP) with the goal of facilitating area-wide economic development by updating the County's roads, bridges, and drainage systems, as well as maintaining its facilities. The five-year CIP is used as a planning tool that specifies the capital spending budget for the current year and projects it for the four following years. Capital spending for 2017 totaled \$32,806,639, including projects for road improvements, infrastructure, equipment, and continued upgrades to County owned and leased buildings. Planned capital spending for 2018 totals \$58,895,490, and total projected spending in the five-year capital improvement program that extends through 2022 is \$158,818,167. The most recent five-year CIP is comprised of the following: \$35.95 million for facilities and drainage, \$23.29 million for bridges and \$99.58 million for roads. Typically, a large portion of CIP funding is allocated to road projects, but the effect is inflated in the current CIP due largely to \$32.4 million in State and Federal funding for the interchange project at Interstate 235 and U.S. Highway 54, whereas the County's contribution for this project is \$3.6 million in the current CIP. The CIP is funded on a year-by-year basis from various funding sources, including annual operating revenues from property tax and sales tax, or by issuing bonds and making debt service payments over a period of years.

During 2017, as authorized by a comprehensive written investment policy, idle County funds were invested in certificates of deposit, obligations of the U.S. Treasury, government agency securities, repurchase agreements, money market funds, and the State of Kansas Municipal Investment Pool. Investments had a maximum maturity of four years. The weighted average maturity was 306 days and the average yield to maturity was 1.01%. The fair value of investments totaled \$487,765,908 at December 31, 2017.

Sedgwick County maintains a debt management policy designed to set guidelines for management and control of debt financing by the County. Many demands are placed upon the County to provide services; therefore, it is necessary to ensure the use of debt to finance projects does not outrun the County's legal and fiscal capability to repay the debt.

Sedgwick County is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act of 1996 and Title 2 US Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Single audits are intended to eliminate duplication of audit effort by providing for only one audit entity-wide, specifically designed to meet the needs of all interested parties. Although individual federal grantor agencies may still arrange for additional audit work if they consider it necessary for their purposes, the law requires that any additional work be built upon the single audit.

The County's financial management policies may be viewed at the County Finance Division's website, http://www.sedgwickcounty.org/finance.

As a recipient of Federal and State financial assistance, the County is also responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to assure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management. As a part of the County's single audit, described earlier, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, including that portion related to Federal financial assistance programs, and to evaluate the County's compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Sedgwick County for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016. This was the 36th consecutive year that the County has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Sedgwick County also received GFOA's Award for Distinguished Budget Presentation for its 2017 annual appropriated budget document. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, a government must publish a document that meets program criteria as a policy document, operations guide, financial plan, and communications medium. The award is valid for a period of one year only. Sedgwick County has received the award for 34 consecutive years.

For the twelfth time, Sedgwick County received GFOA's Popular Annual Financial Reporting (PAFR) Award for 2016. GFOA's PAFR award program encourages governments to publish concise annual financial reports specifically designed to be readily accessible and easily understandable to the general public. This award is valid for one year only.

Acknowledgements

Preparation of this report required the cooperation and dedicated efforts of many County personnel outside the Division of Finance, and of the independent auditors, BKD, L.L.P. I sincerely appreciate this significant support. The citizens of Sedgwick County are extraordinarily well served by all members of the Division of Finance who contributed to this annual financial report of the County's financial results in their daily work throughout the year and their individual fiscal year-end tasks.

In particular, I want to applaud the efforts of the Accounting Staff, whose service to the County is invaluable. I express special appreciation to the Board of County Commissioners and County Manager Mike Scholes for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of Sedgwick County's finances.

Respectfully.

Lindsay Poe Rousseau Chief Financial Officer



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Sedgwick County Kansas

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2016

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

SEDGWICK COUNTY, KANSAS PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS March 30, 2018

Elected Positions	Name	Date of Appointment
Commissioner, 1 st District	David M. Unruh	January 13, 2003
Commissioner, 2 nd District	Michael O'Donnell, II	January 8, 2017
Commissioner, 3 rd District	David T. Dennis	January 8, 2017
Commissioner, 4th District	Richard Ranzau	January 9, 2011
Commissioner, 5 th District	James M. Howell	January 11, 2015
Administrative Judge, 18th Judicial District	James Fleetwood	January 12, 2009
District Attorney	Marc Bennett	January 13, 2013
County Clerk	Kelly B. Arnold	January 11, 2009
Register of Deeds	Tonya Buckingham	January 29, 2016
County Sheriff	Jeffrey Easter	December 16, 2012
County Treasurer	Linda Kizzire	January 9, 2011

Appointed Positions	Name	Date of Appointment
County Manager	Mike Scholes	November 07, 2015
Deputy County Manager	Tom Stolz	June 1, 2017
Assistant County Manager, Public Services	Tim Kaufman	July 24, 2016
Assistant County Manager, Public Works	David Spears	July 01, 1985
Assistant County Manager, Public Safety, Code		
Enforcement and Emergency Management	Russell Leeds	September 25, 2017
Chief Financial Officer	Lindsay Poe Rousseau	February 15, 2017
County Counselor	Eric Yost	September 14, 2015
County Appraiser	Mike Borchard	December 15, 2004
Chief Information Officer	Wes Ellington	January 23, 2016
Director of Health Division	Adrienne Byrne	May 18, 2014
Chief Human Resources Officer	Eileen McNichol	July 07, 2014
Director, Metropolitan Area Planning Department	Dale Miller	October 16, 2015
Director, Metropolitan Area Building and Construction		
Department	Chris W. Labrum	June 05, 2017

Safe & Secure Communities Linda Kizzire SEDGWICK COUNTY, KS Treasurer County **Effective Government** Cultural Experiences Elected/Appointed Human Services & Communications & Engagement LEGEND Organization Tonya Buckingham Register of Deeds Assistant to the Manager Christi Ingram Kelly Arnold County Clerk County Manager **Board of County** Commissioners CITIZENS **Board of Health** Mike Scholes Fire Board Operations Jeff Easter Detention Sheriff Support County Counselor **Eric Yost** Marc Bennett District Attorney Michael Borchard Appraiser Commissioner Tabitha Lehman Secretary Election of State **ORGANIZATIONAL CHART** MAPD • 18th Judicial District Other Agencies (County Employees in Court Trustee) Extension

Deputy County Manager Tom Stolz

• Division of Information,
• Division of Finance
Technology & Support Services • Division of Human Resources • Division of Finance

Assistant County Manager

Assistant County Manager

County Engineer Department of

David Spears

- Courthouse Police
 - Performance Measures Strategic Planning

Internal Performance Auditor

Government Rel/Lobbyist

Policy Development

Emergency Management

Code Enforcement &

Facilities Maintenance &

Public Works,

χi

Project Services

Department of Russell Leeds

Public Safety,

County Manager's Office Liaison to:

- · Chan 9

 Emergency Communications Emergency Medical Services

Corrections

Environmental Resources

Hazardous Waste

Household

Emergency Management

Office of the Medical

Department of Labor Fechnical College

Public Bldg. Commission

Arena Naming Rights Partners

Corporate Communications Manageı

Media relations/news releases/ • Graphic design/Video/ press conferences

• Metropolitan Area Building & Construction Department

Wichita Area Metropolita

Facilities Maintenance

 Storm Drainage Project Services

Noxious Weeds

Regional Forensic

Science Center Fire District 1

Wichita Area Builders

- Speeches/talking points Events Employee communications External communications
 - Social media
 - Community relations



Assistant County Manage Tim Kaufman

Department of Public Services

community so everyone can pursue

of Sedgwick County is to provide

he mission

quality public services to our

freedom and prosperity in a safe, secure, and healthy environment

- Aging
- Community Developmental Disability Organization • COMCARE
- Exploration Place Health Services
 - Parks
 - •Z00

to deliver quality public services

seeking innovative opportunities

Sedgwick County strives to be a

he vision

and collaborative partnerships value driven, regional leader

> Human Services Grants Community Programs

alues

- S Service to community
 - E Ethical behavior

D - Duty to be accountable

- W Wellness of community G - Good stewardship
 - I Integrity in all we do
- both internally and externally K – Knowledge -Fostering an C - Communicate effectively environment of competency

& continuous learning

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Financial Section







Independent Auditor's Report

Board of County Commissioners Sedgwick County, Kansas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Sedgwick County, Kansas (the County), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Board of County Commissioners Sedgwick County, Kansas Page 2

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of December 31, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison, pension, and other postemployment benefit information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, introductory and statistical sections as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules of supplementary information are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Board of County Commissioners Sedgwick County, Kansas Page 3

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 30, 2018, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BKD, LLP

Wichita, Kansas March 30, 2018

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of Sedgwick County, Kansas, we offer you this discussion and analysis of the financial activities of Sedgwick County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017. This information is designed to identify and explain significant financial issues, changes in Sedgwick County's financial position and deviations from budget. We encourage you to consider this information in conjunction with the letter of transmittal that precedes this narrative, the financial statements, and the notes to the financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- Total net position of Sedgwick County decreased \$6.7 million to \$498.2 million. The governmental funds decreased \$2.4 million, and the Arena fund, our only enterprise fund, decreased \$4.3 million.
- Of this total, (\$34.1) million is reported as unrestricted net position, a decrease from the prior year of \$4.5 million.
- 2017 expenses were \$332.6 million, an increase of \$13.1 million.
- Program revenues were \$119.8 million, an increase of \$3.5 million, primarily due to an increase in Metropolitan Area Building and Construction department revenues. The County is now the managing partner and is receiving all of the revenue rather than the City of Wichita. The increase is offset some by a decrease of \$1.9 million, due to the Sedgwick County Zoo completing the Elephant Barn exhibit at the end of 2016. Per the operating agreement between The Sedgwick County Zoological Society and Sedgwick County, the County will provide monies for the acquisition and construction of the initial physical facilities located at the Zoo.
- Investment earnings increased \$1.5 million to \$8.0 million.

Overview of the Financial Statements

Management's discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to Sedgwick County's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements consist of three components: [1] government-wide financial statements, [2] fund financial statements, and [3] notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other information in addition to the basic financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements provide financial information about the County as a whole, including its component units.

The fund financial statements focus on the County's operations in more detail than government-wide financial statements. The financial statements presented for governmental funds report on the County's general government services and proprietary funds report on the activities the County operates like private-sector businesses.

The basic financial section also includes notes that more fully explain the information in the government-wide and fund financial statements; the notes provide more detailed data essential to a full understanding of the data presented in the financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages A-31 through A-70 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements provide readers with a broad overview of Sedgwick County's finances. All current year revenues and expenses are included, regardless of whether related cash has been received or paid. This reporting method produces a view of financial activities and position similar to that presented by most private-sector businesses.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of Sedgwick County's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*, which is one method to measure the County's financial condition. An increase or decrease in the County's net position from one year to the next indicates whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The government-wide financial statements report functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue (governmental activities) separately from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). Governmental activities of the County include general government, public safety, public works, health and welfare, culture and recreation, and economic development. The County has a single business-type activity, the Arena Fund, which is used to account for the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses associated with INTRUST Bank Arena.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the primary government but also two blended component units, Sedgwick County Fire District 1 and Public Building Commission.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages A-15 through A-17 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Sedgwick County, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Fund financial statements focus on individual parts of the County, reporting the operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. Fund financial statements focus on the most significant funds within the County. The County's funds are divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds include most of the basic services provided by the County and account for essentially the same functions as reported in the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Unlike the government-wide financial statements, the fund financial statements focus on how money flows in and out of the funds during the fiscal year and spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. This information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

Sedgwick County maintains thirty-two individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds *balance sheet* and in the governmental funds *statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances* for the General Fund, Federal/State Assistance Fund, Public Building Commission Fund, Debt Service Fund, and Debt Proceeds Fund, all of which are reported as major funds. Information on the remaining nonmajor governmental funds is combined into a single, aggregated column. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the Governmental Funds subsection.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for the General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget. The basic governmental funds financial statements and reconciliations to the government-wide financial statements can be found on pages A-18 through A-24 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

Sedgwick County maintains two different types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The County reports a single enterprise fund to account for the Arena complex. Additional information regarding the INTRUST Bank Arena is provided in the combining schedule in the Enterprise Fund subsection.

Internal service funds are used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among Sedgwick County's various functions. The County utilizes internal service funds to account for its fleet of vehicles, employee health, dental and life insurance, worker's compensation activity, and risk management. The four internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated column in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the Internal Service Funds subsection. Because activity of the internal service funds predominately benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they are included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages A-26 through A-28 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to report activities whereby the County acts as a trustee or fiduciary to hold resources for the benefit of parties outside the government. The accrual basis of accounting is used for fiduciary funds and is similar to the accounting used for proprietary funds. The government-wide statements exclude fiduciary fund activities and balances, because these assets are restricted in purpose and cannot be used by the County to finance its operations. The County must ensure that assets reported in fiduciary funds are used for their intended purpose.

The County's fiduciary funds are classified as agency funds. These four funds account for tax collection and distribution, and for other clearing and fee collections. Individual fund detail is included in the form of *combining statements* in the Agency Funds subsection.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on page A-29 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional narrative and financial information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page A-31 of this report.

Other Required Supplementary Information

This section is found on pages A-71 through A-74 and shows a comparison of the original and final General Fund budget to actual results and reconciliation between budgetary fund balance and GAAP. Information on the County's defined benefit pensions and funding for postemployment benefits other than pensions is also shown.

Other Information

Other information includes combining financial statements for nonmajor governmental, enterprise, internal service, and fiduciary funds. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages B-1 through D-4 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Net Position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. Assets of the primary government exceeded liabilities by \$498.2 million at the end of 2017.

Sedgwick County, Kansas Net Position As of December 31, 2017 With Comparatives as of December 31, 2016 (Millions of dollars)

Activities Activities Activities Total Primary Government Assets: 2017 2016 2017 2016 2017 2016 Current and other assets \$442.0 \$450.3 \$10.4 \$12.5 \$452.4 \$462.8 Capital assets 440.2 446.3 146.0 148.2 586.2 594.5 Total assets 882.2 896.6 156.4 160.7 1,038.6 1,057.3 Deferred Outflows: Deferred refunding 0.3 0.4 - - 0.3 0.4 Deferred outflows - pensions 26.4 31.1 - - 26.4 31.1 Total deferred outflows 26.7 31.5 - - 26.7 31.5 Liabilities: Long-term liabilities 354.2 374.2 - - 354.2 374.2 Other liabilities 56.3 58.1 .1 - 56.4 58.1 Total liabilities 149.2 144.6 <th></th> <th></th> <th>nmental</th> <th colspan="2">Business-Type</th> <th></th> <th></th>			nmental	Business-Type			
Assets: Current and other assets \$442.0 \$450.3 \$10.4 \$12.5 \$452.4 \$462.8 Capital assets 440.2 446.3 146.0 148.2 586.2 594.5 Total assets 882.2 896.6 156.4 160.7 1,038.6 1,057.3 Deferred Outflows: Deferred refunding 0.3 0.4 0.3 0.4 Deferred outflows - pensions 26.4 31.1 - 26.7 26.7 31.5		Activ	/ities		<u>rities</u>	Total Primary	Government
Current and other assets \$442.0 \$450.3 \$10.4 \$12.5 \$452.4 \$462.8 Capital assets 440.2 446.3 146.0 148.2 586.2 594.5 Total assets 882.2 896.6 156.4 160.7 1,038.6 1,057.3 Deferred Outflows: Deferred refunding 0.3 0.4 - - 0.3 0.4 Deferred outflows - 26.4 31.1 - - 26.4 31.1 Total deferred outflows 26.7 31.5 - - 26.7 31.5 Liabilities: Long-term liabilities 354.2 374.2 - - 354.2 374.2 Other liabilities 56.3 58.1 .1 - 56.4 58.1 Total liabilities 410.5 432.3 .1 - 149.2 144.6 Deferred revenues 149.2 144.6 - - - 7.3 6.9 Total deferred		2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Capital assets 440.2 446.3 146.0 148.2 586.2 594.5 Total assets 882.2 896.6 156.4 160.7 1,038.6 1,057.3 Deferred Outflows: Deferred refunding 0.3 0.4 - - 0.3 0.4 Deferred outflows - pensions 26.4 31.1 - - 26.4 31.1 Total deferred outflows 26.7 31.5 - - 26.7 31.5 Liabilities: Long-term liabilities 354.2 374.2 - - 26.7 31.5 Colspan="8">Colspan="8">Total liabilities 56.3 58.1 .1 - 56.4 58.1 Total liabilities 410.5 432.3 .1 - 410.6 432.3 Deferred Inflows: Deferred arevenues 149.2 144.6 - - 149.2 144.6 Deferred inflows - pensions 7.3 6.9 - - <	Assets:						
Total assets 882.2 896.6 156.4 160.7 1,038.6 1,057.3 Deferred Outflows: Deferred refunding Deferred outflows — pensions pensions 26.4 0.3 0.4 - - 0.3 0.4 Deferred outflows — pensions pensions 26.4 31.1 - - 26.4 31.1 Total deferred outflows 26.7 31.5 - - 26.4 31.1 Liabilities: Long-term liabilities 354.2 374.2 - - 354.2 374.2 Other liabilities 56.3 58.1 .1 - 56.4 58.1 Total liabilities 410.5 432.3 .1 - 410.6 432.3 Deferred Inflows: Deferred revenues 149.2 144.6 - - 149.2 144.6 Deferred inflows -pensions 7.3 6.9 - - 7.3 6.9 Total deferred inflows 156.5 151.5 - - 156.5 151.5	Current and other assets	\$442.0	\$450.3	\$ 10.4	\$ 12.5	\$452.4	\$462.8
Deferred Outflows: Deferred refunding 0.3 0.4 - - 0.3 0.4	Capital assets	440.2	446.3	146.0	148.2	586.2	594.5
Deferred refunding Deferred outflows — pensions 26.4 31.1 - - 26.4 31.1 Total deferred outflows 26.7 31.5 - - 26.4 31.1 Total deferred outflows 26.7 31.5 - - 26.7 31.5 Liabilities: Long-term liabilities 354.2 374.2 - - 354.2 374.2 Other liabilities 56.3 58.1 .1 - 56.4 58.1 Total liabilities 410.5 432.3 .1 - 410.6 432.3 Deferred Inflows: Deferred revenues 149.2 144.6 - - 149.2 144.6 Deferred inflows -pensions 7.3 6.9 - - 7.3 6.9 Total deferred inflows 156.5 151.5 - - 156.5 151.5 Net position: Net investment in capital assets 309.4 329.3 146.0 148.2 455.4 477.5 Restricted <t< td=""><td>Total assets</td><td>882.2</td><td>896.6</td><td>156.4</td><td>160.7</td><td>1,038.6</td><td>1,057.3</td></t<>	Total assets	882.2	896.6	156.4	160.7	1,038.6	1,057.3
Deferred refunding Deferred outflows — pensions 26.4 31.1 - - 26.4 31.1 Total deferred outflows 26.7 31.5 - - 26.4 31.1 Total deferred outflows 26.7 31.5 - - 26.7 31.5 Liabilities: Long-term liabilities 354.2 374.2 - - 354.2 374.2 Other liabilities 56.3 58.1 .1 - 56.4 58.1 Total liabilities 410.5 432.3 .1 - 410.6 432.3 Deferred Inflows: Deferred revenues 149.2 144.6 - - 149.2 144.6 Deferred inflows -pensions 7.3 6.9 - - 7.3 6.9 Total deferred inflows 156.5 151.5 - - 156.5 151.5 Net position: Net investment in capital assets 309.4 329.3 146.0 148.2 455.4 477.5 Restricted <t< td=""><td>Deferred Outflows:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Deferred Outflows:						
Deferred outflows – pensions 26.4 31.1 - - 26.4 31.1 Total deferred outflows 26.7 31.5 - - 26.7 31.5 Liabilities: Long-term liabilities 354.2 374.2 - - 354.2 374.2 Other liabilities 56.3 58.1 .1 - 56.4 58.1 Total liabilities 410.5 432.3 .1 - 410.6 432.3 Deferred Inflows: Deferred revenues 149.2 144.6 - - 149.2 144.6 Deferred inflows -pensions 7.3 6.9 - - 7.3 6.9 Total deferred inflows 156.5 151.5 - - 156.5 151.5 Net position: Net investment in capital assets 309.4 329.3 146.0 148.2 455.4 477.5 Restricted 73.8 50.5 3.1 6.6 76.9 57.1 Unrestricted (deficit) (41.3)		0.3	0.4	_	_	0.3	0.4
pensions 26.4 31.1 - - 26.4 31.1 Total deferred outflows 26.7 31.5 - - 26.7 31.5 Liabilities: Long-term liabilities 354.2 374.2 - - 354.2 374.2 Other liabilities 56.3 58.1 .1 - 56.4 58.1 Total liabilities 410.5 432.3 .1 - 410.6 432.3 Deferred Inflows: Deferred revenues 149.2 144.6 - - - 149.2 144.6 Deferred inflows -pensions 7.3 6.9 - - - 7.3 6.9 Total deferred inflows 156.5 151.5 - - 156.5 151.5 Net position: Net investment in capital assets 309.4 329.3 146.0 148.2 455.4 477.5 Restricted 73.8 50.5 3.1 6.6 76.9 57.1 <	<u> </u>	0.0	0			0.0	0
Total deferred outflows 26.7 31.5 - - 26.7 31.5 Liabilities: Long-term liabilities 354.2 374.2 - - 354.2 374.2 Other liabilities 56.3 58.1 .1 - 56.4 58.1 Total liabilities 410.5 432.3 .1 - 410.6 432.3 Deferred Inflows: Deferred revenues 149.2 144.6 - - 149.2 144.6 Deferred inflows -pensions 7.3 6.9 - - 7.3 6.9 Total deferred inflows 156.5 151.5 - - 156.5 151.5 Net position: Net investment in capital assets 309.4 329.3 146.0 148.2 455.4 477.5 Restricted 73.8 50.5 3.1 6.6 76.9 57.1 Unrestricted (deficit) (41.3) (35.5) 7.2 5.9 (34.1) (29.6)	pensions	26.4	31.1	-	-	26.4	31.1
Long-term liabilities 354.2 374.2 - - 354.2 374.2 Other liabilities 56.3 58.1 .1 - 56.4 58.1 Total liabilities 410.5 432.3 .1 - 410.6 432.3 Deferred Inflows: Deferred revenues 149.2 144.6 - - 149.2 144.6 Deferred inflows -pensions 7.3 6.9 - - 7.3 6.9 Total deferred inflows 156.5 151.5 - - 156.5 151.5 Net position: Net investment in capital assets 309.4 329.3 146.0 148.2 455.4 477.5 Restricted 73.8 50.5 3.1 6.6 76.9 57.1 Unrestricted (deficit) (41.3) (35.5) 7.2 5.9 (34.1) (29.6)	•	26.7	31.5			26.7	
Long-term liabilities 354.2 374.2 - - 354.2 374.2 Other liabilities 56.3 58.1 .1 - 56.4 58.1 Total liabilities 410.5 432.3 .1 - 410.6 432.3 Deferred Inflows: Deferred revenues 149.2 144.6 - - 149.2 144.6 Deferred inflows -pensions 7.3 6.9 - - 7.3 6.9 Total deferred inflows 156.5 151.5 - - 156.5 151.5 Net position: Net investment in capital assets 309.4 329.3 146.0 148.2 455.4 477.5 Restricted 73.8 50.5 3.1 6.6 76.9 57.1 Unrestricted (deficit) (41.3) (35.5) 7.2 5.9 (34.1) (29.6)							
Other liabilities 56.3 58.1 .1 - 56.4 58.1 Total liabilities 410.5 432.3 .1 - 410.6 432.3 Deferred Inflows: Deferred revenues 149.2 144.6 - - 149.2 144.6 Deferred inflows -pensions 7.3 6.9 - - 7.3 6.9 Total deferred inflows 156.5 151.5 - - 156.5 151.5 Net position: Net investment in capital assets 309.4 329.3 146.0 148.2 455.4 477.5 Restricted 73.8 50.5 3.1 6.6 76.9 57.1 Unrestricted (deficit) (41.3) (35.5) 7.2 5.9 (34.1) (29.6)	Liabilities:						
Total liabilities 410.5 432.3 .1 - 410.6 432.3 Deferred Inflows: Deferred revenues 149.2 144.6 - - 149.2 144.6 Deferred inflows -pensions 7.3 6.9 - - 7.3 6.9 Total deferred inflows 156.5 151.5 - - 156.5 151.5 Net position: Net investment in capital assets 309.4 329.3 146.0 148.2 455.4 477.5 Restricted 73.8 50.5 3.1 6.6 76.9 57.1 Unrestricted (deficit) (41.3) (35.5) 7.2 5.9 (34.1) (29.6)	Long-term liabilities	354.2	374.2	-	-	354.2	374.2
Deferred Inflows: Deferred revenues 149.2 144.6 - - 149.2 144.6 Deferred inflows -pensions 7.3 6.9 - - 7.3 6.9 Total deferred inflows 156.5 151.5 - - 156.5 151.5 Net position: Net investment in capital assets 309.4 329.3 146.0 148.2 455.4 477.5 Restricted 73.8 50.5 3.1 6.6 76.9 57.1 Unrestricted (deficit) (41.3) (35.5) 7.2 5.9 (34.1) (29.6)	Other liabilities	56.3	58.1			56.4	
Deferred revenues 149.2 144.6 - - 149.2 144.6 Deferred inflows -pensions 7.3 6.9 - - - 7.3 6.9 Total deferred inflows 156.5 151.5 - - - 156.5 151.5 Net position: Net investment in capital assets 309.4 329.3 146.0 148.2 455.4 477.5 Restricted 73.8 50.5 3.1 6.6 76.9 57.1 Unrestricted (deficit) (41.3) (35.5) 7.2 5.9 (34.1) (29.6)	Total liabilities	410.5	432.3	1		410.6	432.3
Deferred revenues 149.2 144.6 - - 149.2 144.6 Deferred inflows -pensions 7.3 6.9 - - - 7.3 6.9 Total deferred inflows 156.5 151.5 - - - 156.5 151.5 Net position: Net investment in capital assets 309.4 329.3 146.0 148.2 455.4 477.5 Restricted 73.8 50.5 3.1 6.6 76.9 57.1 Unrestricted (deficit) (41.3) (35.5) 7.2 5.9 (34.1) (29.6)							
Deferred inflows -pensions 7.3 6.9 - - 7.3 6.9 Total deferred inflows 156.5 151.5 - - - 156.5 151.5 Net position: Net investment in capital assets 309.4 329.3 146.0 148.2 455.4 477.5 Restricted 73.8 50.5 3.1 6.6 76.9 57.1 Unrestricted (deficit) (41.3) (35.5) 7.2 5.9 (34.1) (29.6)	Deferred Inflows:						
Total deferred inflows 156.5 151.5 - - 156.5 151.5 Net position: Net investment in capital assets 309.4 329.3 146.0 148.2 455.4 477.5 Restricted 73.8 50.5 3.1 6.6 76.9 57.1 Unrestricted (deficit) (41.3) (35.5) 7.2 5.9 (34.1) (29.6)	Deferred revenues	149.2	144.6	-	-	149.2	144.6
Net position: Net investment in capital assets 309.4 329.3 146.0 148.2 455.4 477.5 Restricted 73.8 50.5 3.1 6.6 76.9 57.1 Unrestricted (deficit) (41.3) (35.5) 7.2 5.9 (34.1) (29.6)	Deferred inflows -pensions	7.3	6.9	-	-	7.3	6.9
Net investment in capital assets 309.4 329.3 146.0 148.2 455.4 477.5 Restricted 73.8 50.5 3.1 6.6 76.9 57.1 Unrestricted (deficit) (41.3) (35.5) 7.2 5.9 (34.1) (29.6)	Total deferred inflows	156.5	151.5			156.5	151.5
Net investment in capital assets 309.4 329.3 146.0 148.2 455.4 477.5 Restricted 73.8 50.5 3.1 6.6 76.9 57.1 Unrestricted (deficit) (41.3) (35.5) 7.2 5.9 (34.1) (29.6)	Net position:						
capital assets 309.4 329.3 146.0 148.2 455.4 477.5 Restricted 73.8 50.5 3.1 6.6 76.9 57.1 Unrestricted (deficit) (41.3) (35.5) 7.2 5.9 (34.1) (29.6)	•						
Restricted 73.8 50.5 3.1 6.6 76.9 57.1 Unrestricted (deficit) (41.3) (35.5) 7.2 5.9 (34.1) (29.6)		309.4	329.3	146.0	148.2	455.4	477.5
Unrestricted (deficit) (41.3) (35.5) 7.2 5.9 (34.1) (29.6)	•				_		_
<u> </u>	Total net position	\$341.9	\$344.3	\$156.3	\$160.7	\$498.2	\$505.0

The largest portion of the County's net position (91.4 percent) is invested in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery and equipment) less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. Sedgwick County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. Restricted net position represents 15.4 percent of net position and is resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of (\$34.1) million is *unrestricted* (deficit) net position.

GASB Statements Nos. 68 and 71 were implemented during 2015, requiring the County to record its proportionate share of the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS) collective net pension

liability. For 2017, this accounts for the majority of the changes in long-term liabilities due in more than one year and unrestricted net position, as well as a decrease to \$26.4 million to deferred outflows – pensions and an increase to \$7.3 million in deferred inflows – pension. For additional information, please refer to Note IV.F. Beginning on page A-62.

Change in Net Position

The County's net position for governmental activities decreased \$2.4 million or 0.69 percent. Net position of the County's business-type activities decreased \$4.3 million representing a decrease of 2.8 percent during 2017. Overall, net position decreased \$6.7 million. Changes in net position were as follows:

Sedgwick County, Kansas Change in Net Position Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2017 With Comparatives for the Year Ended December 31, 2016 (Millions of dollars)

Total

				To	tal	
	Governmental		Busines	s-Type	Prim	narv
	Activities		Activ		Government	
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Revenues						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 73.1	\$ 65.5	\$ 1.2	\$ 0.6	\$ 74.3	\$ 66.1
Operating grants and contributions	42.3	44.9	-	-	42.3	44.9
Capital grants and contributions General revenues:	3.1	5.3	-	-	3.1	5.3
Property taxes	166.8	162.8	-	-	166.8	162.8
Sales taxes	28.1	28.9	-	-	28.1	28.9
Other taxes	3.3	3.4	-	-	3.3	3.4
Investment earnings	8.0	6.4	-	-	8.0	6.4
Extraordinary item	-	(0.5)	-	-	-	(0.5)
Gain on sale of capital assets	-	` _	-	-	-	. ,
Total revenues	324.7	316.7	1.2	0.6	325.9	317.3
Expenses						
General government	52.5	47.5	_	_	52.5	47.5
Public safety	149.5	144.4	_	_	149.5	144.4
Public works	36.2	35.2	-	_	36.2	35.2
Health and welfare	52.9	53.3	-	_	52.9	53.3
Culture and recreation	12.7	12.4	-	_	12.7	12.4
Economic development	16.3	14.2	-	-	16.3	14.2
Interest on long-term debt	7.0	7.2	-	-	7.0	7.2
Arena	_	_	5.5	5.2	5.5	5.2
Total expenses	327.1	314.2	5.5	5.2	332.6	319.4
. ,	·					
Increase (decrease) in net position	(2.4)	2.5	(4.3)	(4.6)	(6.7)	(2.1)
Net position, beginning	344.3	341.8	160.6	165.3	504.9	507.1
Net position, ending	\$341.9	\$344.3	\$156.3	\$160.7	\$498.2	\$505.0

Charges for services in governmental activities increased \$7.6 million in 2017. This increase is primarily because the County is now the managing partner for the Metropolitan Area Building and Construction Department and the County now receives all of the revenues, rather than the City of Wichita. Capital grants and contributions decreased \$2.2 million. In 2016, the Sedgwick County Zoo contributed \$2.3 million in capital assets as compared to \$0.4 million in 2017, due to the new elephant barn exhibit. Operating grants and contributions decreased \$2.6 million from 2016 to 2017. This can be attributed to COMCARE DCF revenue was down approx. \$1.0 million and Aging Title III and KDADS revenue was

reduced by approx. \$0.9 million. Property tax collections increased \$4.0 million, due to an increase in ad valorem tax collections.

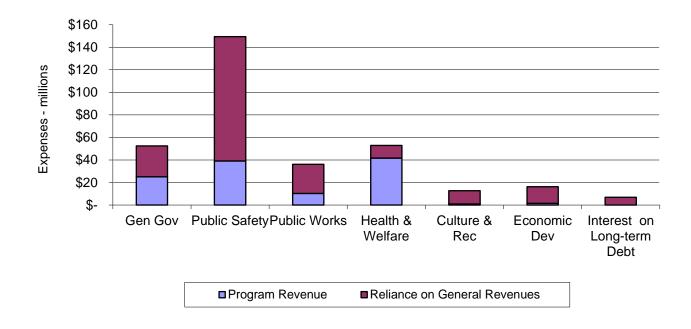
Expenses of governmental activities increased \$12.9 million. General government expenses increased \$5.0 million, 10.5%. Health and welfare expenses decreased \$0.4 million or 0.8%. Culture and recreation expenses increased \$0.3 million or 2.4%. Economic development expenses increased \$2.1 million or 14.8%. Public safety expenses increased \$5.1 million, 3.5%.

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities incurred \$327,089,817 in expenses during 2017. The following list breaks this expense down into percentage by function with the corresponding dollar amount:

0	Public safety	45.7%	\$149,481,681
0	Health and welfare	16.2%	52,924,647
0	General government	16.1%	52,508,805
0	Public works	11.1%	36,196,087
0	Economic development	5.0%	16,269,689
0	Culture and recreation	3.9%	12,752,767
0	Interest on long-term debt	2.0%	6,956,141
	Total governmental activities	s expenses	<u>\$327,089,817</u>

The following chart shows total expenses for each function of governmental activities. The chart also shows total program revenue for each function along with total reliance on general revenues. General revenues are principally taxes and investment earnings.



As reflected in the chart, no function of government is self-supporting. For that reason, there is need for taxes to be levied and collected in order to provide services to the community. The following list shows each function of government, the percentage of reliance on general revenues of the county to fund the function, and the corresponding dollar amount of general revenue and program revenues used to fund the function:

			General Revenues	Program Revenues
0	Interest on long-term debt	100.0%	\$ 6,956,141	\$ -
0	Economic development	90.6%	14,737,411	1,532,278
0	Culture and recreation	93.1%	11,873,236	879,531
0	Public works	71.6%	25,926,764	10,269,323
0	Public safety	73.7%	110,331,333	39,150,348
0	General government	52.1%	27,460,509	25,048,296
0	Health and welfare	20.9%	<u>11,184,542</u>	41,740,105
	Total reliance on general reve	enues	\$208,469,936	\$118,619,881

Business-type Activity

Sedgwick County has one business-type activity, the Arena fund. Net position for fiscal year 2017 decreased by \$4.3 million to \$156.3 million. Of that \$156.3 million, \$146.0 million is invested in capital assets. The decrease can be attributed to depreciation, which was \$4.5 million.

County Funds Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, Sedgwick County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term cash inflows and outflows during the fiscal year and balances of spendable resources at year-end. This information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. Unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the County's net resources available for future spending.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$165.0 million, a decrease of \$13.8 million since the beginning of the year. The following table shows how fund balance changed in the major and other governmental funds.

Fund	Beginning Fund Balance	Ending Fund Balance	Change in Fund Balance
General	\$ 63,008,119	\$ 66,172,422	\$ 3,164,303
Federal/State Assistance	23,117,749	22,987,128	(130,621)
Public Building Commission	9,718,608	2,355,876	(7,362,732)
Debt Service	3,271,361	2,864,538	(406,823)
Debt Proceeds	33,545,832	31,668,650	(1,877,182)
Other Governmental	46,191,693	39,003,922	(7,187,771)
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 178,853,362	\$ 165,052,536	\$(13,800,826)
Debt Service Debt Proceeds Other Governmental	3,271,361 33,545,832 46,191,693	2,864,538 31,668,650 39,003,922	(406,823) (1,877,182) (7,187,771)

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of Sedgwick County. Ending fund balance in the General Fund increased \$3.2 million, compared to a decrease of \$2.0 million a year ago.

Revenues of the General Fund increased \$8.5 million, to \$164.9 million, in 2017. A variety of miscellaneous revenues categorized as "other revenues" had an increase of \$0.9 million. Property tax increased \$5.3 million from 2016. Intergovernmental revenues decreased \$2.9 million from 2016. Licenses and permits increased 7.1 million from 2016.

General Fund expenditures increased \$5.8 million, to \$150.8 million. The increase primarily can be attributed to an increase in employee pay and increased workers' compensation changes due to an increase in rates. General government expenditures increased \$3.3 million, attributable to the increases in employee pay and new voting machine equipment purchased for the Elections Office. Health and welfare, and cultural and recreation increased \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million respectively. Public safety expenses increased \$2.5 million from 2016.

As a measure of the General Fund's financial position, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 26.4% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 43.9%. In other words, readily available resources as of December 31 were sufficient to pay for services for three months.

The Federal/State Assistance Fund is a special revenue fund that accounts for programs that receive grant funding. The Federal/State Assistance Fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$23.0 million which is \$0.1 million less than 2016. Revenues decreased \$5.1 million over the prior year, to \$51.2 million. The category of 'other revenues' decreased \$4.8 million. The decrease can be attributed to the ending Affordable Airfares program. Charges for service decreased \$1.0 million from 2016 to 2017. Within this category, Medicaid fees decreased \$0.8 million. Federal/State Assistance Fund expenditures decreased \$2.6 million. Economic development expenditures decreased \$2.0 million, due to the Affordable Airfares program ending. Public safety expenses decreased \$0.3 million from 2016.

The Public Building Commission (PBC) fund is a special revenue fund to account for revenues and expenditures derived from direct financing leases. The PBC fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$2.4 million, which is a decrease of \$7.4 million from 2016. During the year, the County paid \$6.4 million to Wichita State University (WSU) for construction of an Experiential Engineering facility. The facility was financed with lease-revenue bonds sold by the PBC in 2014; the fund balance primarily consists of money that will be spent on principal and interest payments, which began in 2017. The PBC and WSU have entered into a lease for the facility.

Debt Service fund balance decreased by \$0.4 million due mostly to a \$0.3 million decrease in special assessments.

The Debt Proceeds Fund is a capital projects fund that receives proceeds from general obligation bond issues and other long-term financing sources. During 2017, the County did not issue any new debt. \$1.2 million was transferred to capital projects funds to pay for current projects. A portion of transfers out to capital projects funds included \$0.5 million for the acquisition and renovation of a building that will house Metropolitan Area Building and Construction Department, along with other various departments. Another \$0.7 million was used unspent bond proceeds that were transferred out to make debt service payments.

Proprietary Funds

Sedgwick County's proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The Arena Fund represents the activity of the INTRUST Bank Arena. The facility is operated by a private company; the County incurs expenses only for certain capital improvements or major repairs and depreciation, and receives as revenue only a share of profits earned by the operator, if any, and naming rights fees. The Arena Fund had an operating loss of \$4.3 million. The loss can be attributed to \$4.5 million in depreciation expense.

Internal service funds account for the County's fleet operation as well as insurance, including workers compensation, health, life, dental, property, and liability. Fleet operations show a decrease in 2017 of \$0.6 million, to \$23.2 million. The workers' compensation expenses exceeded charges and the fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$3.9 million. In the Risk Management Fund, Sedgwick County expended \$580,463 for property and liability insurance during 2017 and also paid \$317,429 in claims for various items including, but not limited to, storm damage to County property and vehicle damages. The Health, Dental and Life Insurance Reserve Fund accounts for employee benefits. The County uses a self-funded insurance model for health insurance and dental insurance. The fund had a loss of \$1.0 million during 2017 decreasing net position to \$5.7 million at the end of the year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The County did not amend the budget during fiscal year 2017, although appropriations were shifted between line items in the General Fund.

Actual revenue was \$2,513,076, or 1.4%, above both the original and final budgets. Seven of ten major revenue sources ended the year above budget. Licenses and permits were \$2,712,752 above budget; this is primarily due to the Metropolitan Area Building and Construction Department moving from a City of Wichita department to a Sedgwick County department. Other revenue was \$1,431,637 above budget.

Combined the other three major revenues were below budget \$2.7 million. Charges for services were under budget by \$1,306,642. Sales tax revenue was \$1,378,129 below budget. Property tax collections were \$3,279 below budget.

General Fund expenditures totaled \$155.8 million, and were 13.3% less than the final budget. Expenditures for personnel services were less than the final budgets by \$5.4 million and \$4.7 million, respectively. Contractual services ended the year \$18.4 million lower than the final budget. The County budgets a contingency for disaster recovery each year, which is included in contractual services. Much of the discrepancy between budgeted and actual contractual expenditures is due to the fact that the county was not required to use the disaster contingency account. Overall budgetary fund balance in the General Fund increased \$4.8 million in 2017.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Sedgwick County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2017, totaled \$586,250,214 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, roads, bridges, improvements, machinery and equipment, software, and the INTRUST Bank Arena.

Major capital asset events during the 2017 fiscal year included the following:

 Construction in progress decreased from \$35.0 million at the end of 2016 to \$21.1 million at the end of 2017. \$10.6 million of the decrease comes from the completion of the Sedgwick County Zoo elephant exhibit.

Capital Assets
December 31, 2017
(Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities Activities	
Land	\$ 23,813,066	\$ 13,038,358	\$ 36,851,424
Buildings and improvements	204,486,210	132,218,918	336,705,128
Improvements other than buildings	14,308,167	-	14,308,167
Machinery and equipment	21,281,979	790,486	22,072,465
Infrastructure	155,215,381	-	155,215,381
Construction in progress	21,097,649	-	21,097,649
Total	\$ 440,202,452	\$ 146,047,762	\$ 586,250,214

Additional information regarding capital assets can be found in Note III. C, beginning on page A-49.

Long-term Debt

At the end of 2017, Sedgwick County had total general obligation bonds outstanding of \$48.4 million. This amount includes \$2.0 million of special assessment bonds. The County's long-term obligations also include revenue bonds totaling \$126.3 million. All outstanding debt at the end of the year was associated with governmental activities and is backed by the full faith and taxing power of Sedgwick County with the exception of the Public Building Commission 2014-3 and 2014-4 issuance, which is backed by lease revenue from Wichita State University.

During 2017, Sedgwick County did not issue debt. In 2018, the County issued \$3,682,621 of General Obligation Bonds, Series A, 2018. The proceeds of the 2018A General Obligation Bonds will be used for the purpose of providing permanent financing for the acquisition and improvement of the Ronald Reagan building. The 2018A bonds will be paid over twenty years with the final maturity of August 1, 2038.

Outstanding general obligation bonds of the County and lease revenue bonds of the PBC are rated "AA+" by Standard & Poor's Rating Services, a division of the McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc. ("S&P") and "Aaa" by Moody's Investors Service ("Moody's").

Additional information about the County's long-term debt can be found in Note III. E, beginning on page A-51 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- The unemployment rate in the Wichita MSA stood at 3.4% at the end of 2017, as compared to 4.4% at the end of 2016.
- The 2017 County property tax levy funds the 2018 budget. The 2017 property tax (mill levy) rate is 29.393.
- Wichita is known as the "air capital of the world" because it houses major facilities of three leading aircraft manufacturers: Textron Aviation (which produces Cessna and Beechcraft airplanes), Spirit AeroSystems, and Bombardier Learjet, as well as many other aviation parts suppliers.
- The cost of living index in Wichita is a moderate 91.8, almost 8.2% below the national urban area average of 100.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability for the funds it receives.

Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Chief Financial Officer, Sedgwick County Division of Finance, 525 N. Main, Suite 823, Wichita, Kansas 67203.

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SEDGWICK COUNTY, KANSAS

Statement of Net Position December 31, 2017

	Primary Government			
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	
Assets				
Cash, including investments	\$ 153,221,307	\$ 6,588,113	\$ 159,809,420	
Receivables, net	254,078,277	595,414	254,673,691	
Due from other agencies	2,691,627	-	2,691,627	
Inventories, at cost Prepaid items	698,846 2,329,793	=	698,846 2,329,793	
Restricted assets:	2,329,793	-	2,329,793	
Cash, including investments	28,947,264	3,243,556	32,190,820	
Capital assets:	20,547,204	3,243,330	32,130,020	
Land and construction in progress	44,910,715	13,038,358	57,949,073	
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	395,291,737	133,009,404	528,301,141	
Total assets	882,169,566	156,474,845	1,038,644,411	
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred refunding	277,119	=	277,119	
Deferred outflows-pensions	26,391,376		26,391,376	
Total deferred outflows of resources	26,668,495	- _	26,668,495	
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	1,790,627	129,527	1,920,154	
Accrued wages	4,048,980	-	4,048,980	
Accrued interest payable	2,931,099	-	2,931,099	
Unearned revenue	45,681,759	-	45,681,759	
Due from other entities	960,702	=	960,702	
Advance - grants	836,695	=	836,695	
Noncurrent liabilities:	00.004.070		00.004.070	
Due within one year	22,624,679	-	22,624,679	
Due in more than one year	331,545,540		331,545,540	
Total liabilities	410,420,081	129,527	410,549,608	
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Deferred property tax revenue	149,226,824	-	149,226,824	
Deferred inflows-pensions	7,282,031		7,282,031	
Total deferred inflows of resources	156,508,855	<u> </u>	156,508,855	
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	309,371,709	=	309,371,709	
Invested in capital assets	-	146,047,762	146,047,762	
Restricted for:				
Capital improvements	9,231,752	-	9,231,752	
Capital improvements and operations	- 04 005 447	3,114,029	3,114,029	
Debt service	31,385,447	-	31,385,447	
Federal/State assistance Economic development	11,101,403 4,013,952	-	11,101,403 4,013,952	
Equipment and technology improvements	4,013,952 1,164,115	- -	4,013,952 1,164,115	
Fire protection	5,337,897	• •	5,337,897	
Court operations	3,095,444	- -	3,095,444	
Other purposes	8,463,323	_	8,463,323	
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(41,255,917)	7,183,527	(34,072,390)	
Total net position	\$ 341,909,125	\$ 156,345,318	\$ 498,254,443	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement

SEDGWICK COUNTY, KANSAS

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

		Program Revenues					
					Operating		Capital
		(Charges for		Grants and		Grants and
	 Expenses		Services	C	ontributions		Contributions
Primary government:							
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 52,508,805	\$	24,879,696	\$	168,600	\$	-
Public safety	149,481,681		25,057,768		14,092,580		-
Public works	36,196,087		2,037,175		5,519,877		2,712,271
Health and welfare	52,924,647		20,301,262		21,438,843		-
Cultural and recreation	12,752,767		463,752		_		415,779
Economic development	16,269,689		376,000		1,156,278		-
Interest on long-term debt	6,956,141		· -		· · ·		-
Total governmental activities	327,089,817		73,115,653		42,376,178		3,128,050
Business-type activities:							
Arena	5,472,682		1,150,086		-		-
Total business-type activities	5,472,682		1,150,086		-		-
Total primary government	\$ 332,562,499	\$	74,265,739	\$	42,376,178	\$	3,128,050

General revenues: Property taxes Sales taxes Other taxes Investment earnings

Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net position, beginning of year

Net position, end of period

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

			es in iver rusition	
			ary Government	
(Governmental	В	usiness-Type	
	Activities		Activities	Total
\$	(27,460,509)	\$	-	\$ (27,460,509)
	(110,331,333)		-	(110,331,333)
	(25,926,764)		-	(25,926,764)
	(11,184,542)		-	(11,184,542)
	(11,873,236)		-	(11,873,236)
	(14,737,411)		-	(14,737,411)
	(6,956,141)		-	(6,956,141)
	(208,469,936)		-	(208,469,936)
	<u> </u>			
	-		(4,322,596)	(4,322,596)
	-		(4,322,596)	(4,322,596)
\$	(208,469,936)	\$	(4,322,596)	\$ (212,792,532)
	166,801,051		-	166,801,051
	28,073,924		-	28,073,924
	3,279,473		-	3,279,473
	7,972,100		-	7,972,100
	206,126,548		-	 206,126,548
	(2,343,388)		(4,322,596)	(6,665,984)
	344,252,513		160,667,914	 504,920,427
\$	341,909,125	\$	156,345,318	\$ 498,254,443

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2017

	Federal/Stat General Fund Assistance F		ederal/State sistance Fund			
Assets: Cash, including investments	\$	57,434,783	\$	21,822,943	\$	18,184
Restricted investment	•	-	•		•	2,337,692
Advance receivable		5,410,167		-		-
Due from other funds		-		-		-
Due from other agencies		421,061		1,628,529		-
Accounts receivable		364,572		1,086,981		-
Property tax receivable		102,268,251		-		-
Sales tax receivable Interest receivable		2,593,712 694,730		-		-
Prepaid items		2,329,793		_		-
Lease receivable		-		_		90,108,843
Notes receivable		936,044		-		-
Special assessments receivable:						
Noncurrent		-		-		-
Delinquent (including interest)		-		-		-
Inventories, at cost				77,846		
Total assets	\$	172,453,113	\$	24,616,299	\$	92,464,719
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	609,261	\$	184,601	\$	-
Accrued wages	•	2,356,242	•	700,610	*	-
Advance - grants		92,805		743,890		-
Due to other funds		-		-		-
Advance payable		-		-		-
Due to other entities		954,132		70		
Total liabilities		4,012,440		1,629,171		
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Deferred property tax revenue Unavailable revenue - accounts receivable		102,268,251		-		-
Deferred lease receivable		-		-		90,108,843
Unavailable revenue - special assessments						<u>-</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources		102,268,251		<u>-</u> .		90,108,843
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable:						
Inventories		-		77,846		-
Advance receivable		5,410,167		-		-
Notes receivable		936,044		-		-
Prepaid items		2,329,793		-		-
Restricted:						
General Government		2,071,538		-		-
Debt Service		-		-		18,184
Public Works		220,137		2,485,690		-
Public Works Health and Welfare		-		8,342,022		-
Culture and Recreation		-		0,042,022		-
Economic Development		- -		4,368,461		2,337,692
Capital Outlay		-		.,550,401		_,557,552
Committed:						
Capital Outlay		-		-		-
Health and Welfare		-		741,876		-
Assigned:						
General Government		15,250,691		-		-
Public Safety		121,416		818,097		-
Public Works		400		-		-
Health and Welfare		1,555		6,153,136		-
Culture and Recreation		2,556		-		-
Capital Outlay		-		-		-
Unassigned		39,828,125				
Total fund balance		66,172,422		22,987,128		2,355,876
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources and fund balances	\$	172,453,113	\$	24,616,299	\$	92,464,719

Debt Service Fund		De	bt Proceeds Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
\$	2,833,724	\$	4,563,218	\$	41,835,587	\$	128,508,439	
Ψ	2,033,724	Ψ	26,609,572	Ψ	-1,000,007	Ψ	28,947,264	
	_		-		_		5,410,167	
	_		495,860		_		495,860	
	_		-		642,037		2,691,627	
	30,814				1,643,582		3,125,949	
	11,917,131		_		35,041,442		149,226,824	
			_		2,593,713		5,187,425	
	_		-		-		694,730	
	-		-		_		2,329,793	
	-		-		_		90,108,843	
	-		-		-		936,044	
	2,931,343		-		-		2,931,343	
	1,867,119		-		-		1,867,119	
			<u> </u>		440,557		518,403	
\$	19,580,131	\$	31,668,650	\$	82,196,918	\$	422,979,830	
\$	_	\$	_	\$	805,291	\$	1,599,153	
•	-	7	-	~	948,172	+	4,005,024	
	_		-		-		836,695	
	_		-		495,860		495,860	
	_		-		5,410,167		5,410,167	
	-		-		6,500		960,702	
					7,665,990		13,307,601	
					.,,			
	11,917,131		-		35,041,442		149,226,824	
	-		-		485,564		485,564 90,108,843	
	4,798,462				<u> </u>		4,798,462	
	16,715,593				35,527,006		244,619,693	
	-		-		440,557		518,403	
	-		-		-		5,410,167	
	-		-		-		936,044	
	-		-		-		2,329,793	
	-		-		2,040,299		4,111,837	
	2,864,538		26,609,572		25,790		29,518,084	
	-		-		11,112,418		13,818,245	
	-		-		3,093,696		3,093,696	
	-		-		1,306,256		9,648,278	
	_		-		58,053		58,053	
	_		_		9,500		6,715,653	
	-		5,059,078		9,231,752		14,290,830	
	-		-		6,243,159		6,243,159	
	-		-		-		741,876	
	-		-		-		15,250,691	
	-		-		826,865		1,766,378	
	-		-		439,400		439,800	
	-		-		-		6,154,691	
	-		-		-		2,556	
	-		-		4,831,905		4,831,905	
					(655,728)		39,172,397	
	2,864,538		31,668,650		39,003,922		165,052,536	

Reconciliation of the Statement of Net Position to the Balance Sheet for Governmental Funds December 31, 2017

otal fund balances of governmental funds		\$ 165,052,536
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial		
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The		
cost of the assets is \$775,475,955 and the accumulated depreciation		
is \$348,065,057, excluding internal service fund capital assets.		427,410,898
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the		
costs of certain activities, such as insurance and fleet		
management to individual funds. The assets and liabilities		
of internal service funds are included in governmental		
activities in the statement of net position.		34,309,135
Certain accounts receivable resulting from charges for services are not		
considered available to liquidate liabilities of the current period, and are		
therefore deferred in the funds. However, they are recognized as revenue		
in the entity-wide statements as soon as the related improvement has		
been completed or the related service has been provided.		
Special assessments	\$ 4,798,462	
Principal portion of lease receivable	44,427,084	
Miscellaneous other	 485,564	49,711,110
Other deferred outflows of resources are not due and payable in the		
current period and therefore are not reported in the funds		
Deferred refunding	\$ 277,119	
Deferred outflows - pensions	 26,391,376	26,668,495
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period		
and are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt		
is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as		
an expenditure when due. All liabilities, both current and long-term,		
are reported in the statement of net position. Long-term liabilities		
at year-end consist of:		
Bonds payable	\$ (48,415,000)	
Bond premium	(7,260,566)	
Revenue bonds payable	(126,290,000)	
Capital lease payable	(1,124,819)	
Compensated absences	(6,150,000)	
Net pension liability	(141,282,887)	
Other postemployment benefits other than pensions	(20,506,647)	
Accrued interest payable	 (2,931,099)	(353,961,018)
Other deferred inflows of resources do not increase net position until		
a future period and therefore are not reported in the funds		
Deferred inflows - pensions		 (7,282,031)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 341,909,125

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Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

		General Fund		Federal/State Assistance Fund		Public Building Commission	
Revenues		seneral Fund		Funa		ommission	
Property taxes	\$	115,452,832	\$		\$		
Emergency telephone services taxes	Ψ	115,452,652	φ	-	φ	-	
Sales taxes		15,634,528		-		-	
Special assessments		15,034,526		-		-	
Other taxes		324,026		- 11,234		-	
Intergovernmental		1,048,298		30,858,804		-	
Charges for services		14,967,846		19,888,210		637,917	
Uses of money and property		4,802,882		12,722		1,819,000	
Fines and forfeits						1,019,000	
		89,765		77,579		-	
Licenses and permits Other		7,918,393		224 452		-	
Total revenues		4,631,145		324,452	-	- 0.450.047	
Total revenues		164,869,715		51,173,001		2,456,917	
Expenditures							
Current:							
General government		37,588,652		-		-	
Public safety		90,961,533		10,172,348		-	
Public works		1,839,230		-		-	
Health and welfare		8,597,730		40,843,884		-	
Cultural and recreation		9,427,758		-		-	
Economic development		2,428,563		1,188,225		6,409,828	
Debt service:							
Principal		-		-		1,440,000	
Interest and fiscal charges		-		-		1,969,821	
Capital outlay		-		-		-	
Total expenditures		150,843,466		52,204,457		9,819,649	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		14,026,249		(1,031,456)		(7,362,732)	
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers from other funds		477,058		900,835		_	
Transfers to other funds		(11,339,004)		-		_	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(10,861,946)		900,835			
		(10,001,010)					
Net change in fund balance		3,164,303		(130,621)		(7,362,732)	
Fund balances, beginning of year		63,008,119		23,117,749		9,718,608	
Fund balances, end of period	\$	66,172,422	\$	22,987,128	\$	2,355,876	

 Debt Service Fund						Total overnmental Funds
\$ 13,310,693	\$	_	\$	38,037,526	\$	166,801,051
		-		2,886,438	-	2,886,438
-		-		12,439,396		28,073,924
629,541		-		-		629,541
-		-		57,775		393,035
150,456		-		13,176,548		45,234,106
633,811		-		23,298,692		59,426,476
-		296,589		96,578		7,027,771
-		-		-		167,344
-		-		56,434		7,974,827
-		-		772,229		5,727,826
14,724,501		296,589		90,821,616		324,342,339
-		-		5,201,946		42,790,598
-		-		42,785,691		143,919,572
-		-		11,629,436		13,468,666
-		-		5,217,022		54,658,636
-		-		17,974		9,445,732
-		-		7,624,392		17,651,008
13,620,000		-		589,143		15,649,143
4,678,814		943,350		34,641		7,626,626
-		-		32,806,639		32,806,639
18,298,814		943,350		105,906,884		338,016,620
 (3,574,313)		(646,761)		(15,085,268)		(13,674,281)
3,167,490		-		13,761,049		18,306,432
<u>-</u>		(1,230,421)		(5,863,552)		(18,432,977)
 3,167,490		(1,230,421)		7,897,497		(126,545)
(406,823)		(1,877,182)		(7,187,771)		(13,800,826)
 3,271,361		33,545,832		46,191,693		178,853,362
\$ 2,864,538	\$	31,668,650	\$	39,003,922	\$	165,052,536

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Net change in fund balances - tot	al governmental funds
-----------------------------------	-----------------------

\$ (112	000),826)
D (10.	OUL	,,020,

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those capitalized assets is allocated over estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital outlays in the current period.

Capital outlays capitalized \$ 18,172,094 Loss on disposal of assets (718,282) Depreciation expense (22,146,873)

415,779

Payments received on certain receivables are recognized as revenue when received in the fund.

Contributed capital assets are recognized as revenues on the statement of activities

1,545,149

(4,693,061)

Repayment of bond principal and other long-term obligations is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.

However, in the statement of net position, revenue is recognized as earned.

 Bonds payable
 \$ 8,325,000

 Revenue bond payable
 6,735,000

 Capital lease payable
 589,143

15,649,143

Bond costs - governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when the debt is issued, where as these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities

1,139,901

In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, interest expenditures are not reported until due.

346,342

250,000

In the statement of activities, other postemployment benefits is measured by the annual required contribution, as adjusted, instead of by the amount paid.

(1,048,531)

Payment of pension contributions is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but reduces the net pension liability in the statement of net position. Additionally, the effect of changes in deferred inflows and deferred outflows for pensions are only recorded in the statement of activities.

(1,163,040)

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet management and insurance to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.

(984,244)

Change in net position of governmental activities

(2,343,388)

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Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2017

	Business-type Activity - Enterprise Fund		(Governmental Activities - Internal
		Arena Fund		ervice Funds
<u>Assets</u>				
Current assets:				
Cash, including investments	\$	6,588,113	\$	24,712,868
Accounts receivable		595,414		-
Inventories, at cost		-		180,443
Restricted assets:				
Cash, including investments		3,243,556		
Total current assets		10,427,083		24,893,311
Noncurrent assets:				
Capital assets:				
Land		13,038,358		40,580
Buildings and improvements		165,830,314		8,319,354
Machinery and equipment		6,828,643		30,045,867
Less accumulated depreciation		(39,649,553)		(25,614,247)
Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		146,047,762		12,791,554
Total assets	\$	156,474,845	\$	37,684,865
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	129,527	\$	191,474
Accrued wages		-		43,956
Estimated claims costs payable		<u>-</u>		2,755,000
Total current liabilities		129,527		2,990,430
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Estimated claims costs payable		-		385,300
Total liabilities		129,527		3,375,730
Net position				
Investment in capital assets		146,047,762		12,791,554
Restricted for capital improvements and operations		3,114,029		-
Unrestricted		7,183,527		21,517,581
Total net position		156,345,318		34,309,135
Total liabilities and net position	\$	156,474,845	\$	37,684,865

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Business-type Activity - Enterprise Fund Arena Fund			Governmental Activities - Internal		
				ervice Funds		
Operating revenues:			_			
Charges for services	\$	1,030,548	\$	41,490,910		
Other revenue		119,538		193,947		
Total operating revenues		1,150,086	-	41,684,857		
Operating expenses:						
Salaries and benefits		-		1,700,576		
Contractual services		486,021		2,658,070		
Utilities		-		76,320		
Supplies and fuel		-		2,620,693		
Administrative charges		-		173,460		
Depreciation expense		4,522,596		2,870,925		
Claims expense		-		32,431,186		
Other expense		464,065		3,556		
Total operating expenses		5,472,682		42,534,786		
Operating income (loss)		(4,322,596)		(849,929)		
Nonoperating revenues:						
Investment income		-		128,571		
Gain (loss) on sale of assets		-		(389,431)		
Total nonoperating revenues		<u>-</u>		(260,860)		
Income (loss) before transfers		(4,322,596)		(1,110,789)		
Transfers:						
Transfers from other funds		-		771,455		
Transfers to other funds		<u>-</u>		(644,910)		
Change in net position		(4,322,596)		(984,244)		
Net position, beginning of year		160,667,914		35,293,379		
Net position, end of period	\$	156,345,318	\$	34,309,135		

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

		Business-type Activity - nterprise Fund Arena Fund	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds		
Cash flows from operating activities					
Receipts from customers	\$	729,672	\$	55,870	
Receipts from interfund services provided		, -		41,491,438	
Other operating revenues		-		138,077	
Payments to suppliers for goods and services		(820,559)		(38,483,699)	
Payments to employees for services		-		(1,692,432)	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(90,887)		1,509,254	
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities					
Transfers from other funds		-		771,455	
Transfers to other funds		-		(644,910)	
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		<u>-</u>		126,545	
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		134,549	
Purchases and construction of capital assets		(2,422,591)		(1,530,750)	
Net cash used in capital and					
related financing activities		(2,422,591)		(1,396,201)	
Cash flows from investing activities					
Interest on investments		-		128,571	
Net cash provided by investing activities		-		128,571	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(2,513,478)		368,169	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the year		12,345,147		24,344,699	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year	\$	9,831,669	\$	24,712,868	
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash					
provided by (used in) operating activities					
Operating loss	\$	(4,322,596)	\$	(849,929)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash					
provided by (used in) operating activities:					
Depreciation expense		4,522,596		2,870,925	
Decrease in prepaid expenses		-		8,144	
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable		(420,414)		528	
Increase in inventories		-		(26,948)	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		129,527		(502,266)	
Increase in estimated claims payable	_	(00.0==)	_	8,800	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(90,887)	\$	1,509,254	

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Agency Funds December 31, 2017

	Agency Funds		
Assets			
Cash, including investments	\$	345,440,980	
Property tax levied		231,634,715	
Total assets	\$	577,075,695	
	<u></u>		
Liabilities			
Accrued liabilities	\$	17,401,917	
Due to other governmental units		559,673,778	
Total liabilities	\$	577,075,695	

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2017

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2017

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

Sedgwick County (County) is organized under the laws of the State of Kansas (Kansas or State) and is governed by an elected five-member board. As required by generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), these financial statements present the primary government and its component units, entities for which the County is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations.

Blended Component Units - Sedgwick County Fire District 1 (Fire District) is governed by the Sedgwick County Board of County Commissioners, acting as a separate governing body. The Fire District is a separate taxing entity by applicable Kansas statutes, providing fire protection services to certain areas of the County. The costs of providing such service, including retirement of long-term debt, are provided from property taxes assessed to property owners in the benefit district. The Fire District general obligation bonds payable are general obligation debt of the Fire District and are secured by the full faith and credit of the Fire District. For financial reporting, the financial activities of the Fire District are accounted for within the special revenue funds, debt service funds, and capital projects funds within the County's financial statements. The blending method is used because the Fire District's governing body is identical to the County's governing board and because the County's finance staff and resources will be used to create and oversee the Fire District's lease purchase agreements.

The Sedgwick County Public Building Commission (SCPBC) was established to benefit the County and other governmental entities and is governed by a separate five-member board. The Sedgwick County Board of County Commissioners appoints all five members of the SCPBC Board and is able to impose its will on the SCPBC. The SCPBC has the authority to issue revenue bonds to finance the cost of acquiring and/or constructing land and facilities operated for a public purpose by a governmental entity. The SCPBC finances the debt service of the revenue bonds by leasing the land and facilities to the governmental entity that operates it. The operating governmental entity guarantees the rentals under the SCPBC lease. The SCPBC has no power to levy taxes, and revenue bonds issued by the SCPBC are not included in any legal debt limitations of the operating governmental entity. The SCPBC is considered a blended component unit due to a majority of the total debt outstanding for SCPBC being expected to be repaid entirely with the resources of the County. For financial reporting, the financial activities of the SCPBC are accounted for within the special revenue funds within the County's financial statements.

Separate audited financial statements are not prepared for the Sedgwick County Fire District or the SCPBC.

<u>Related Organizations</u> - The County Manager and Board of County Commissioners are also responsible for appointing ten of the eleven members of the board of the Sedgwick County Technical Education and Training Authority. However, the County's accountability for this organization does not extend beyond making the appointments. The Sedgwick County Technical Education and Training Authority is the official governing body of the Wichita Area Technical College.

The Sedgwick County Zoological Society, Inc. (Society) and Sedgwick County Board of County commissioners entered into an agreement on August 18, 1967, which employs the Society as an agent of the County to plan, establish, manage, operate, and develop zoological gardens and exhibits. Sedgwick County provides monies annually for the maintenance and operation of the facility. Such expenditures are financed within the general fund, the capital reserve fund, and the park and recreation fund of Sedgwick County.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2017

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report financial information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. However, interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include [1] charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and [2] grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are presented for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Fund Financial Statement Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements, except for agency funds, which have no measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Special assessments are recognized as revenue when levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period as available. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due and pension and OPEB liabilities are only recognized to the extent the liability is normally expected to be liquidated with expendable available resources.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2017

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Fund Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

Property taxes are budgeted to finance the subsequent year's operations and, consequently, are not susceptible to accrual. Sales taxes collected and held by merchants and/or the State at year-end on behalf of the County are recognized as revenue. Licenses, fees, fines, forfeitures, charges for services, and other revenues are generally not susceptible to accrual and are recorded when received in cash.

Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met. Unrestricted aid is reported as revenue in the fiscal year during which the entitlement is received.

The County's fiduciary funds consist of agency funds. Agency funds, unlike all other types of funds, report only assets and liabilities and use the accrual basis of accounting to recognize receivables and payables.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

- □ The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- ☐ The Federal/State Assistance Fund is a special revenue fund established to account for revenues and expenditures derived from Federal and State grant sources.
- □ The *Public Building Commission Fund* is a blended component unit (special revenue fund) established to account for revenues and expenditures derived from direct financing leases.
- □ The *Debt Service Fund* accounts for the servicing of general long-term debt, including special assessment debt that is secured by the full faith and credit of the County, not being financed by proprietary funds.
- □ The *Debt Proceeds Fund* accounts for the receipt of proceeds from general obligation bonds and transfers to capital projects for financing the costs of improvements.

The County reports the following major proprietary fund:

The Arena Fund is a major fund and the only enterprise fund of the County, accounting for activities of the County-owned downtown arena.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

- Nonmajor special revenue funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than for debt service or capital projects) that are restricted or committed for specified purposes.
- Nonmajor capital projects funds account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities or improvements (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2017

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C.	Measurement Focus,	Basis of	Accounting a	and Fund	Financial	Statement	Presentation	(continued)

- □ Internal service funds account for fleet management, health, dental and life insurance reserves, workers' compensation reserves, and risk management reserves that provide services to other departments on a cost-reimbursement basis.
- Agency funds are used to report resources held by the County in a custodial capacity for tax collections and related distributions to other governments, as well as amounts held as fiduciary resources for remittance to individuals, private organizations or other governments through established clearing/other fee collection accounts.

Expenditures are grouped by function. The following are descriptions of the County's functions:

- □ General government includes legislative, executive, financial administration, law, personnel administration, elections, facility operations, information technology, and planning & zoning functions.
- Public safety includes public safety administration, law enforcement, corrections, protective inspection, fire protection, EMS, emergency communications, civil preparedness and judicial functions.
- Public works includes road & bridges, storm drainage, waste disposal, weed control, and environmental resources functions.
- Health and welfare includes mental health, public health, aging assistance, general assistance, and animal control functions.
- Cultural and recreation includes parks, fairs & livestock, museums, and zoo functions.
- □ *Economic development* includes education, economic development, economic opportunity, and urban redevelopment & housing functions.
- Debt service includes payment of principal, interest and debt issuance cost.
- □ Capital Outlay includes construction of buildings, roads and major asset purchase.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include: [1] charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, [2] operating grants and contributions, and [3] capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's enterprise fund are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. For internal service funds, operating revenues and expenses relate to goods or services provided to other funds. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2017

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position

1. Deposits and Investments

The County maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds of the primary government. The pool has the general characteristics of demand deposit accounts, in that each fund may deposit additional cash at any time and also, effectively, may withdraw cash at any time without prior notice or penalty. The pooled cash is invested to the extent available in authorized investments. Each fund type's portion of the pool is displayed on the financial statements as "cash, including investments."

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the County considers investments of the proprietary fund types to be cash equivalents if such investments have original maturities of three months or less.

The County's investment policy and Kansas law (K.S.A. 12-1675 – 12-1677) allow monies not otherwise regulated by statute to be invested in:

- Temporary notes of Sedgwick County;
- Time deposits, open accounts, or certificates of deposits with maturities of not more than four years;
- Repurchase agreements with commercial banks, or State or federally chartered savings and loan associations that have offices in Sedgwick County;
- United States treasury bills or notes with maturities not exceeding four years;
- U.S. government agency securities with a maturity of not more than four years;
- The municipal investment pool fund operated by the Kansas State Treasurer. This pool is not an SEC registered pool. The Pooled Money Investment Board (PMIB) provides the regulatory oversight for this pool. The fair value of the PMIB investments approximates the value of pool shares; and,
- A municipal investment pool established through the trust department of commercial banks that have offices in Sedgwick County.

In addition to the preceding authorized investments, the County's investment policy and Kansas law (K.S.A. 10-131) allow investment of proceeds of bonds and temporary notes in the following:

- U.S. government and agency obligations;
- Time deposits with banks and trust companies in Sedgwick County:
- FNMA, FHLB, and FHLMC obligations;
- Collateralized repurchase agreements;
- Investment agreements with financial institutions, including broker/dealers whose obligations are rated in one of the three highest rating categories by either Moody's or Standard & Poor's;
- Mutual funds whose portfolio consists entirely of obligations of the U.S. government, U.S. government agencies, FNMA, FHLB, and FHLMC; and
- Certain Kansas municipal bonds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2017

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

- D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position (continued)
 - 1. Deposits and Investments (continued)

During 2017, the County invested in certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool, U.S. government and agency obligations, and mutual funds whose portfolio consists entirely of obligations of the U.S. government.

Unless specifically required under applicable Kansas statutes or other restrictions, earnings from investments are allocated based on average available cash balances, and the remaining earnings are allocated to the General Fund. Investments are carried at fair value.

2. Receivables

<u>Interfund receivables</u> - Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a nonspendable fund balance in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

<u>Property tax receivables</u> – In accordance with Kansas statutes, property taxes levied during the current year are revenue sources to be used to finance the budget of the ensuing year. Taxes are assessed on a calendar year basis and are levied and become a lien on the property on November 1 of each year. The County Treasurer is the tax collection agent for all entities within the County. Property owners have the option of paying one-half or the full amount of the taxes levied on or before December 20 during the year levied, with the balance to be paid on or before May 10 of the ensuing year. Kansas statutes prohibit the County Treasurer from distributing taxes collected in the year levied prior to January 1 of the ensuing year.

Consequently, for revenue recognition purposes, the taxes levied during the current year are not due and receivable until the ensuing year. At December 31, such taxes are a lien on the property and are recorded as taxes receivable, net of anticipated delinquencies, with a corresponding amount recorded as deferred inflows of resources in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. It is not practicable to apportion delinquent taxes at the end of the year, and further, those amounts are not material in relationship to the basic financial statements.

<u>Special assessments receivable</u> – As required by Kansas statutes, projects financed in part by special assessments are financed through the issuance of general obligation bonds that are secured by the full faith and credit of the County and are retired from the Debt Service Fund. Further, Kansas statutes permit levying additional general ad valorem property taxes in the Debt Service Fund to finance delinquent special assessments receivable. Consequently, special assessments receivable are accounted for within the Debt Service Fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2017

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position (continued)

2. Receivables (continued)

Special assessment taxes are levied over a 10 or 15-year period, and the County may foreclose on liens against property benefited by special assessments when delinquent assessments are two years in arrears. In the fund financial statements, the special assessment taxes levied are a lien on the property and are recorded as special assessments receivable in the Debt Service Fund, with a corresponding amount recorded as deferred inflows of resources in the fund financial statements at December 31.

<u>Note receivable</u> – Sedgwick County agreed to loan the Sedgwick County Zoological Society, Inc. up to \$2,400,000 for a 10-year term beginning April 1, 2007. The loan funds capital improvements for the Zoo at an initial rate of 5.23%, adjusted annually. At December 31, 2017 the note balance was \$936,044. Starting in 2014, there is a moratorium for five years. During that time, the Zoo, will not be required to make payments on the loan. The rate will reset April 1, 2018.

3. Inventories

Inventories of the governmental funds are valued at cost as determined by the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. The consumption method is used to account for these inventories. Under the consumption method, inventories purchased are recorded as an asset and expenditure recognition is deferred until the inventories are actually consumed. Reported inventories in governmental funds are equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance, which indicates they are unavailable for appropriation, even though they are a component of reported assets. Inventories of proprietary funds are valued at cost determined on the moving weighted average method.

4. Prepaid Items - Land Lease

Effective January 1, 2007, the County, through the SCPBC, entered into a 50-year lease as lessee with the Wichita Airport Authority of the City of Wichita, Kansas for land at Jabara Airport for construction of the National Center for Aviation Training. The cost of the prepaid item is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased. The County originally paid \$3,263,206 in advance rental payments, of which \$2,329,793 remains at December 31, 2017. At the end of the 50-year term, title to the facilities contracted by the County reverts to the lessor, unless sooner transferred under provisions of the lease.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, including property, plant, equipment, software, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Property, plant, and infrastructure assets with initial individual costs that exceed \$50,000 and estimated useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period are recorded as capital assets. Equipment and software is capitalized when the initial cost exceeds \$10,000 and its useful life extends beyond a single reporting period.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2017

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position (continued)

5. Capital Assets (continued)

Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, software, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	40-50
Bridges	40
Drainage systems	30
Roads	30
Building improvements	20
Heavy equipment	10
Improvements other than buildings	10
Leasehold improvements	10
Office furniture and equipment	5
Operating equipment	3-5
Software	5
Vehicles	3

6. Compensated Absences

It is the County's policy to permit employees to accumulate a maximum of 160 hours of vacation. Upon termination or resignation from service to the County, employees are entitled to payment for all accrued vacation earned prior to termination or resignation.

All employees on permanent status earn sick leave at the rate of one calendar day per month with no maximum accumulation. Upon retirement, any employee who has accumulated 800 hours of sick leave is entitled to 240 hours of pay at the employee's current rate of salary. No allowance for unused sick leave is paid upon termination or resignation.

All leave pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide statements and a liability for these amounts is reported.

7. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. In the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2017

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position (continued)

7. Long-Term Obligations (continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds, are reported as debt service expenditures.

8. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS) and additions to/deductions from KPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by KPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

9. Net Position/Fund Balance Classifications

In the government-wide statements, net position is classified into three components:

- Net investment in capital assets consisting of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, leases, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisitions, construction, or improvements of those assets. If no debt is attributable to the capital assets, net position is reported as "invested in capital assets."
- Restricted net position consisting of net position with constraints placed on their use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The County first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.
- Unrestricted net position All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

As prescribed by GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, governmental fund balance classifications are based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance in five different classifications:

 Nonspendable - Amounts legally or contractually required to be maintained or are not in spendable form. Such constraint is binding until the legal requirement is repealed or the amounts become spendable.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2017

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

- D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position (continued)
 - 9. Net Position/Fund Balance Classifications (continued)
 - Restricted Amounts with externally imposed constraints, such as those mandated by creditors, grantors, and contributors, or laws and regulations. Such constraint is binding unless modified or rescinded by the applicable external body, laws, or regulations.
 - Committed Amounts with a purpose formally imposed by resolution by the Board of County Commissioners, binding unless modified or rescinded by the Board of County Commissioners.
 - Assigned Comprises of amounts intended to be used by the County for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by (1) the County's Board or (2) a body or official to whom the County's Board has delegated the authority to. The Board has delegated authority to the County Manager or Department Heads to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes as prescribed by the County's Fund Balance and Cash policy.
 - Unassigned All amounts not included in the other fund balance classifications. The general fund shall be the only fund to report positive unassigned fund balance. All other governmental funds may report negative unassigned fund balance.

In circumstances when expenditure is made for a purpose which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, fund balance is depleted in the order of restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

The County's fund balance policy states that the General Fund will be managed in such a way as to maintain a minimum unrestricted fund balance on the last calendar quarter equal to twenty percent of budgeted annual expenditures and transfers out.

10. Deferred Inflows of Resources/Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position and fund balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future reporting period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. The County has two items that qualify for reporting in this category in the government-wide statement of net position, deferred charge on refunding and deferred outflows for pensions. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. See Note IV. F. for more information on the deferred outflows for pensions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2017

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

- D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position (continued)
 - 10. Deferred Inflows of Resources/Deferred Outflows of Resources (continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and fund balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future reporting period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has three types of items: unavailable revenue, deferred revenue, and deferred inflows for pensions that qualify for reporting in this category. Unavailable revenue, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from two sources: accounts receivable and special assessments. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. Deferred revenues are reported in both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet for property tax receivable and in the governmental funds balance sheet for lease receivable. Property taxes are not recognized as revenue until the period for which they are levied. Principal on the lease receivable is not available until future periods, so is deferred in the funds. The third item, deferred inflows for pensions, is reported on the government-wide statement of net position. See Note IV. F. for more information on this deferred inflow.

11. Estimates

Preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires making estimates and assumptions that affect [1] the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources, [2] disclosures, such as contingencies, and [3] the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures or expenses included in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

II. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. Budgetary Information

Kansas statutes require an annual operating budget be legally adopted for the general fund and debt service funds. Legally adopted budgets are also required for special revenue funds, internal service funds and enterprise funds, unless specifically exempted by statute. The statutes provide for the following sequence and timetable of the legal annual operating budget:

- Preparation of the budget for the succeeding calendar year on or before August 1.
- Publication in local newspaper of the proposed budget and notice of public hearing on the budget on or before August 5.
- Public hearing on or before August 15, but at least 10 days after publication of notice of hearing.
- Adoption of the final budget on or before August 25.

The County has the following levels of budget control:

The legal level of control is established at the fund level by Kansas statutes.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2017

II. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (continued)

A. Budgetary Information (continued)

- County resolution places level of control at the object class (i.e., personnel services, contractual, commodities, etc.). This allows management to transfer amounts between object classes within a fund, subject to County policy.
- As allowed by Kansas statute, the governing body can increase the fund level expenditures by amending the budget. An amendment may only be made for previously unbudgeted increases in revenue other than ad valorem taxes. A notice of public hearing to amend the budget must be published in the local newspaper. At least 10 days after the publication, the hearing may be held and the governing body may amend the budget at that time.

There were no budget amendments in 2017.

All unencumbered appropriations (legal budget expenditure authority) lapse at year-end, except for capital projects fund appropriations, which are carried forward until such time as the project is completed or terminated. Encumbered appropriations are not appropriated in the ensuing year's budget, but are carried forward until liquidated or cancelled.

A legal operating budget is not required for capital projects funds, the debt proceeds fund, the County's single enterprise fund, or the following special revenue funds and internal service funds:

Non-Budgeted Special Revenue Funds

Federal and State Assistance Programs
Public Building Commission
Fire District Research and Development
Auto License
Prosecuting Attorney Training
Technology
Court Alcohol/Drug Safety Action Program
District Court Trustee Operations
Township Dissolution

Non-Budgeted Internal Service Funds

Fleet Management Health/Dental/Life Insurance Reserve Workers' Compensation Reserve Risk Management Reserve

B. Deficit Fund Equity

The Building and Equipment Fund and the Street, Bridge and Other Fund had a fund balance deficit of \$243,835 and \$411,893, respectively, as of December 31, 2017. These deficits will be recovered through transfers from the Debt Proceeds Fund.

III. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Deposits and Investments

Sedgwick County has adopted a formal investment policy. Primary objectives of investment activities are, in order of priority: safety, liquidity and yield. The standard of care to be used by investment officials is the "prudent person" investment rule and is applied to management of the entire portfolio. This rule states "Investments shall be made with judgment and care, under circumstances then prevailing, which persons of prudence, discretion and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the probable safety of their capital as well the probable income to be derived."

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2017

III. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

A. Deposits and Investments (continued)

At December 31, 2017, the County had the following investments:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Modified Duration (in years)	Percent of Total Pooled Funds ²
U.S. Treasury coupon securities	\$ 47,919,511	0.608	9.32
U.S. Agency coupon securities	166,406,051	2.084	32.35
Repurchase agreements	86,473,108	=	16.81
Kansas Municipal Investment Pool ¹	51,032,456	-	9.92
Mutual funds	1,079,322	=	0.21
Subtotal general operating portfolio	352,910,448		
Assets held by trustee:			
U.S. Treasury coupon securities	26,609,572	-	5.17
State & Local Govt. securities	2,337,692	-	0.45
Subtotal assets held by trustee	28,947,264		74.23
Total Investments	\$ 381,857,712		
Portfolio modified duration		.809	

¹Interest rate risk for the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool is based on the weighted average maturity of the pool. As of December 31, 2017 the weighted average maturity of the pool was 26 days.

Custodial credit risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure or failure of the investment counterparty, the County's deposits may not be returned to the County, or the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County has \$14,804,882 of treasury and agency coupons securities that are held by the investment counterparty.

The County requires that all investment transactions be settled delivery versus payment with an independent third party safekeeping agent under contract with the County. The County's investment policy requires compliance within the provisions of state law for the collateralization of all deposits and allowable securities are further limited to:

- Direct obligations of, or obligations insured by, the U.S. government or any agency thereof.
- Obligations and securities of U.S. government-sponsored corporations that, under federal law, may be accepted as security for public funds.
- Bonds of any Kansas municipality that have been refunded and are secured by U.S. obligations.
- Bonds of the State of Kansas.
- General obligation bonds of any Kansas municipality.
- Temporary notes of Sedgwick County, Kansas.
- Surety bond of a surety corporation authorized to do business in Kansas in an amount equal to the amount on deposit.

²Percentage is based off of pooled funds including certificates of deposit. Certificates of deposit is 25.77%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2017

III. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

A. Deposits and Investments (continued)

Peak period collateral agreements are not accepted by the County. Kansas law requires the fair value of collateral pledged to be equal to or greater than the entity's deposits. The County's investment policy requires the fair value of collateral to be at least 102% of the total deposits. As of December 31, 2017, the market value of assets pledged to the County as collateral complied with the investment policy.

Interest rate risk

Through its investment policy, the County manages its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates by requiring that maturities be staggered in a way that avoids undue concentration of assets in a specific maturity sector, and that the investment portfolio remain sufficiently liquid to meet all operating requirements which might reasonably be anticipated. Additionally, Kansas law and the investment policy limits investments to a maximum stated maturity of four years.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Kansas law limits the types of investments that can be made by Sedgwick County. The County's investment policy imposes limitations beyond those of the State of Kansas. In accordance with the County's investment policy, the County minimizes credit risk by pre-qualifying financial institutions, brokers/dealers, intermediaries and advisors, as well as diversifying the portfolio so that potential losses on individual securities will be minimized. On December 31, 2017, the County's securities underlying repurchase agreements and investments consisting of U.S. agency obligations not directly guaranteed by the U.S. government included only instruments rated Aaa by Moody's and AA+ by Standard & Poor's. The County also holds investments with the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool, which was not rated for 2017. Mutual funds utilized by the County were rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's at December 31, 2017.

Concentration of credit risk

The investment policy of the County limits the amount of investments that can be placed with a single financial institution to no more than 60% of the total value of time deposits in the portfolio. The following maximum limits, by instrument, are also established for the County's total investment portfolio:

Investment Type	Maximum Percentage Of Portfolio
Repurchase agreements	15
Collateralized time and demand deposits	100
U.S. Treasury notes and bills	80
U.S. government agency obligations	80
Kansas Municipal Investment Pool	25
Bank Trust Department municipal pools	15
Temporary notes	10

In addition, the limit on repurchase agreements and investments with the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool may not exceed 75% of the portfolio for a maximum of 45 days during each of the May and December tax collection seasons. Finally, investments established for bond proceeds are limited by instrument as a percentage of the County's total portfolio value. Invested amounts are not to exceed 20% for mutual funds and 10% for general obligation bonds of Kansas municipalities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2017

III. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

A. Deposits and Investments (continued)

At December 31, 2017 the County held \$63.5 million, or 13.1%, of its portfolio in investments issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank, \$8.9 million, or 1.8%, in investments were issued by the Federal Farm Credit Bank, \$54.5 million, or 11.1%, in investments were issued by Federal Home Loan Mortgage Loan Corp., and investments totaling \$41.2 million, or 8.3%, were held with the Federal National Mortgage Association.

A reconciliation of cash and investments as shown on the basic financial statements follows:

Cash, including investments, Statement of Net Position	\$ 159,809,420
Restricted cash, including investments, Statement of Net Position	32,190,820
Cash, including investments, Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	345,440,980
Total	\$ 537,441,220

The above total is comprised of:

Deposits	\$ 155,583,508
Total Investments	381,857,712
Total	\$ 537,441,220

Fair Value Investments

Generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. GAAP establishes a fair value hierarchy which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The standard describes three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

- **Level 1** Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for an identical asset or liability that a government can access at the measurement date
- **Level 2** Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.
- **Level 3** Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2017

III. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

A. Deposits and Investments (continued)

The following table presents the fair value measurements of assets and liabilities recognized in the accompanying statement of net position/balance sheets measured at fair value on a recurring basis and the level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at December 31, 2017:

Fair Value Measurements Using

			Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets		Significant Other Observable Inputs		Significant Unobservabl Inputs	
		12/31/2017		(Level 1)		(Level 2)	(Level 3)	
Investments								
U.S. treasury securities	\$	47,919,511	\$	47,919,511	\$	-	\$	-
U.S. agency securities		166,406,051		-		166,406,051		-
Repurchase agreements		86,473,108		86,473,108		-		-
Kansas Municipal Investment Pool		51,032,456		51,032,456		-		-
Collateralized deposits		132,500,000		132,500,000		-		-
Mutual Funds		1,079,322		1,079,322				-
Subtotal general operating portfolio		485,410,448		319,004,397		166,406,051		-
Assets held by trustee:								
U.S. treasury securities		26,609,572		26,609,572		-		-
State & Local Govt. securities		2,337,692		2,337,692		-		-
Subtotal assets held by trustee		28,947,264		28,947,264		-	-	-
Total investments	\$	514,357,712	\$	347,951,661	\$	166,406,051	\$	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2017

III. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

B. Receivables

Amounts are aggregated into a single accounts receivable line for certain funds and aggregated columns. Below is the detail of receivables for the general, fed/state assistance, PBC, debt service, nonmajor governmental, internal service and Arena funds in the aggregate as of December 31, 2017:

Receivables	Accounts Receivable	Property Taxes Receivable	Sales Taxes Receivable	Interest Receivable	Lease Receivable	Notes Receivable	Special Assessment Receivable	Total
Occupation I	4 004 570	* 400 000 054	A 0 500 740	0.004 700	•	0.000.044	•	# 400 057 000
General Fund	\$ 364,572	\$ 102,268,251	\$ 2,593,712	\$ 694,730	\$ -	\$ 936,044	\$ -	\$ 106,857,309
Fed/State Assistance Fund	1,086,981	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,086,981
Public Building Commission	-	-	-	-	90,108,843	-	-	90,108,843
Debt Service Fund	30,814	11,917,131	-	-	-	-	4,798,462	16,746,407
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	1,643,582	35,041,442	2,593,713	-	-	-	-	39,278,737
Internal Service Fund	-	-		-			-	
Total Governmental Activities	3,125,949	149,226,824	5,187,425	694,730	90,108,843	936,044	4,798,462	254,078,277
Arena	595,414	-	-	-	-	-	-	595,414
Total Business-Type Activities	595,414	-					-	595,414
Total Net Receivables	\$3,721,363	\$ 149,226,824	\$ 5,187,425	\$ 694,730	\$90,108,843	\$ 936,044	\$ 4,798,462	\$254,673,691

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2017

III. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

C. Capital Assets

Capital assets activity of the primary government, which includes the internal service funds, for the year ended December 31, 2017, was as follows:

Construction in progress 34,818,568 9,451,289 (23,172,208) 21,097,649 Total capital assets, not being depreciated 59,429,664 9,953,459 (24,472,408) 44,910,715 Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements 338,731,650 4,756,258 (16,781) 343,471,127 Leasehold improvements 2,234,871 - - 2,234,871 Improvements other than buildings 38,615,601 1,309,269 (174,567) 39,750,303 Machinery and equipment 89,653,463 8,464,494 (3,936,017) 94,181,940 Infrastructure 269,781,246 20,107,554 (556,000) 289,332,800 Total capital assets being depreciated 739,016,831 34,637,575 (4,683,365) 768,971,041 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements (129,627,231) (9,368,439) 10,753 (138,984,917) Leasehold improvements (2,234,871) - - (2,234,871) Improvements other than buildings (23,482,646) (2,086,341) 126,851 (25,442,136) Mach			December 31, 2016		Increa	ases		Decreases	D	ecember 31, 2017
Construction in progress 34,818,568 9,451,289 (23,172,208) 21,097,649 (24,472,408) 44,910,715 (24,472,408) 44,910,715 (24,472,408) 44,910,715 (24,472,408) (24,4									_	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Capital assets being depreciated: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Capital assets, being depreciated: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Capital assets, being depreciated: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Capital assets, being depreciated: Capital assets, being depreciated: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Capital assets, being depreciated: Capital assets, being depreciated: Capital assets, on the being depreciated: Capital assets,	Land	\$	24,611,096		\$ 5	502,170	\$		\$	23,813,066
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements 338,731,650 4,756,258 (16,781) 343,471,127 Leasehold improvements 2,234,871 1,309,269 (174,567) 39,750,303 Machinery and equipment 89,653,463 8,464,494 (3,936,017) 94,181,940 Infrastructure 269,781,246 20,107,554 (556,000) 289,332,800 Total capital assets being depreciated 739,016,831 34,637,575 (4,683,365) 768,971,041 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements (129,627,231) (9,368,439) 10,753 (138,984,917) Leasehold improvements (70,894,907) (5,206,046) 3,200,182 (72,899,961) Infrastructure (125,863,761) (8,365,972) 103,314 (134,117,419) Total accumulated depreciated (352,102,606) (25,017,798) 3,441,100 (373,679,304) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 386,914,225 9,619,777 (1,242,265) 395,291,737 Governmental activities capital assets, net \$446,343,889 \$19,573,236 \$(25,714,673) \$440,202,452 Business-type activities:										21,097,649
Buildings and improvements 338,731,650 4,756,258 (16,781) 343,471,127	Total capital assets, not being depreciated	-	59,429,664		9,9	953,459		(24,472,408)		44,910,715
Leasehold improvements	Capital assets, being depreciated:							(40 = 0.4)		
Machinery and equipment 89,653,463 8,464,494 (3,936,017) 94,181,940					4,	756,258		(16,781)		
Machinery and equipment Infrastructure 89,653,463 (20,107,554 (556,000) (258,332,800) 34,181,940 (556,000) (258,332,800) 289,332,800 (556,000) (258,971,041) Total capital assets being depreciated 739,016,831 34,637,575 (4,683,365) 768,971,041 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements (129,627,231) (9,368,439) 10,753 (138,984,917) (2,234,871) (2,266,311) (26,851) (28,89,961) (134,117,419) (23,482,646) (2,086,341) 126,851 (25,244,2136) (23,482,646) (2,086,341) 126,851 (25,244,2136) (3,200,182) (72,899,961) (154,174,174,179) (134,117,419) (335,2102,606) (25,017,798) 3,441,100 (373,679,304) (3,212,862) 3,95,291,737 (3,262,623) (3,262,623) (3,262,623) (3,262,623) <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>4.</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>- (474 FG7)</td> <td></td> <td>, ,</td>					4.	-		- (474 FG7)		, ,
Total capital assets being depreciated 269,781,246 20,107,554 (556,000) 289,332,800 768,971,041								,		
Total capital assets being depreciated 739,016,831 34,637,575 (4,683,365) 768,971,041 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements (2,234,871) Leasehold improvements (2,234,871) Leasehold improvements (2,234,871) Improvements other than buildings (23,482,646) (2,086,341) 126,851 (25,442,136) Machinery and equipment (70,894,097) (5,206,046) 3,200,182 (72,899,961) Infrastructure (125,863,761) (8,356,972) 103,314 (134,117,419) Total accumulated depreciation (352,102,606) (25,017,798) 3,441,100 (373,679,304) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 386,914,225 9,619,777 (1,242,265) 395,291,737 Governmental activities capital assets, net \$446,343,889 \$19,573,236 \$(25,714,673) \$440,202,452 Business-type activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land \$13,038,358 \$ - \$ - \$ 13,038,358 Construction in progress 155,089 - (155,089) - (155,089) Total capital assets, not being depreciated: Buildings and improvements 6,610,580 218,063 - 6,828,643 Total capital assets being depreciated 170,081,277 2,577,680 - 172,658,957 Less accumulated depreciation (29,298,530) (4,312,866) - (33,611,396) Machinery and equipment (5,828,427) (209,730) - (6,038,157) Total accumulated depreciation net 134,954,320 (1,944,916) - 133,009,404								,		
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements (129,627,231) (9,368,439) 10,753 (138,984,917) Leasehold improvements (2,234,871) -							-			
Buildings and improvements (129,627,231) (9,368,439) 10,753 (138,984,917) Leasehold improvements (2,234,871) - (2,234,871) Improvements other than buildings (23,482,646) (2,096,341) 126,851 (25,442,136) Machinery and equipment (70,894,097) (5,206,046) 3,200,182 (72,899,961) Infrastructure (125,863,761) (8,356,972) 103,314 (134,117,419) Total accumulated depreciated, net 386,914,225 9,619,777 (1,242,265) 395,291,737 Governmental activities capital assets, net \$446,343,889 \$19,573,236 \$(25,714,673) \$440,202,452 Business-type activities: 2016 December 31, 2016 Decreases 2017 Business-type activities: 2016 Decreases 15,5089 - \$13,038,358 - \$13,038,358 - \$13,038,358 - \$13,038,358 - \$13,038,358 - \$13,038,358 - \$13,038,358 - \$13,038,358 - \$13,038,358 - \$13,038,358 - \$15,089	Total capital assets being depreciated	_	739,010,031	_	54,0	337,373	_	(4,000,000)	_	700,371,041
Leasehold improvements (2,234,871) - (2,234,871) Improvements other than buildings (23,482,646) (2,086,341) 126,851 (25,442,136) Machinery and equipment (70,894,097) (5,206,046) 3,200,182 (72,899,961) Infrastructure (125,863,761) (8,356,972) 103,314 (134,117,419) Total accumulated depreciation (352,102,606) (25,017,798) 3,441,100 (373,679,304) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 386,914,225 9,619,777 (1,242,265) 395,291,737 Governmental activities capital assets, net 446,343,889 \$19,573,236 \$(25,714,673) \$440,202,452 Business-type activities:			(129 627 231)		(9.3	68 439)		10 753		(138 984 917)
Improvements other than buildings (23,482,646) (2,086,341) 126,851 (25,442,136) Machinery and equipment (70,894,097) (5,206,046) 3,200,182 (72,899,630) (125,017,798) (103,314 (134,117,419) (134,			, ,		(0,0	-		10,700		,
Machinery and equipment Infrastructure (70,894,097) (125,863,761) (5,206,046) (8,350,972) 3,200,182 (134,117,419) (72,899,961) (103,314 (134,117,419) Total accumulated depreciation (352,102,606) (25,017,798) 3,441,100 (373,679,304) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 386,914,225 9,619,777 (1,242,265) 395,291,737 Governmental activities capital assets, net \$446,343,889 \$19,573,236 \$(25,714,673) \$440,202,452 Business-type activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land \$13,038,358 - \$- \$13,038,358 Capital assets, not being depreciated 13,193,447 - (155,089) - Total capital assets, not being depreciated: 13,193,447 - (155,089) 13,038,358 Capital assets, being depreciated: 13,193,447 - (155,089) 13,038,358 Capital assets, not being depreciated: 13,193,447 - (155,089) 13,038,358 Capital assets, being depreciated: 163,470,697 2,359,617 - 165,830,314 Machinery and equipment 6,610,580 218,063 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>, , ,</td> <td></td> <td>(2.0</td> <td>86.341)</td> <td></td> <td>126.851</td> <td></td> <td>, , ,</td>			, , ,		(2.0	86.341)		126.851		, , ,
Infrastructure										
Total accumulated depreciation (352,102,606) (25,017,798) 3,441,100 (373,679,304) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 386,914,225 9,619,777 (1,242,265) 395,291,737 Governmental activities capital assets, net \$ 446,343,889 \$ 19,573,236 \$ (25,714,673) \$ 440,202,452 Business-type activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land \$ 13,038,358 - - \$ 13,038,358 Construction in progress 155,089 - (155,089) - Total capital assets, not being depreciated 13,193,447 - (155,089) 13,038,358 Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements 163,470,697 2,359,617 - 165,830,314 Machinery and equipment 6,610,580 218,063 - 6,828,643 Total capital assets being depreciated 170,081,277 2,577,680 - 172,658,957 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements (29,298,530) (4,312,866) - (33,611,396) Machiner										
December 31, 2016 Increases Decreases Decrease	Total accumulated depreciation	_		_			_			
Business-type activities: December 31, 2016 Increases Decreases December 31, 2017 Capital assets, not being depreciated: 13,038,358 - \$ - \$ 13,038,358 - \$ 13,038,358	Total capital assets being depreciated, net	_	386,914,225		9,6	619,777		(1,242,265)		395,291,737
Business-type activities: 2016 Increases Decreases 2017 Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land \$ 13,038,358 - \$ - \$ 13,038,358 Construction in progress 155,089 - (155,089) - Total capital assets, not being depreciated 13,193,447 - (155,089) 13,038,358 Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements 163,470,697 2,359,617 - 165,830,314 Machinery and equipment 6,610,580 218,063 - 6,828,643 Total capital assets being depreciated 170,081,277 2,577,680 - 172,658,957 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements (29,298,530) (4,312,866) - (33,611,396) Machinery and equipment (5,828,427) (209,730) - (6,038,157) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 134,954,320 (1,944,916) - 133,009,404	Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	446,343,889	\$	19,	573,236	\$	(25,714,673)	\$	440,202,452
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land \$ 13,038,358 - \$ - \$ 13,038,358 Construction in progress 155,089 - (155,089) - Total capital assets, not being depreciated 13,193,447 - (155,089) 13,038,358 Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements 163,470,697 2,359,617 - 165,830,314 Machinery and equipment 6,610,580 218,063 - 6,828,643 Total capital assets being depreciated 170,081,277 2,577,680 - 172,658,957 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements (29,298,530) (4,312,866) - (33,611,396) Machinery and equipment (5,828,427) (209,730) - (6,038,157) Total accumulated depreciation (35,126,957) (4,522,596) - (39,649,553) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 134,954,320 (1,944,916) - 133,009,404		D	,		Increa	ses		Decreases	De	
Land \$ 13,038,358 - \$ - \$ 13,038,358 Construction in progress 155,089 - (155,089) - Total capital assets, not being depreciated 13,193,447 - (155,089) 13,038,358 Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements 163,470,697 2,359,617 - 165,830,314 Machinery and equipment 6,610,580 218,063 - 6,828,643 Total capital assets being depreciated 170,081,277 2,577,680 - 172,658,957 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements (29,298,530) (4,312,866) - (33,611,396) Machinery and equipment (5,828,427) (209,730) - (6,038,157) Total accumulated depreciation (35,126,957) (4,522,596) - (39,649,553) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 134,954,320 (1,944,916) - 133,009,404										
Construction in progress 155,089 - (155,089) - Total capital assets, not being depreciated 13,193,447 - (155,089) 13,038,358 Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements 163,470,697 2,359,617 - 165,830,314 Machinery and equipment 6,610,580 218,063 - 6,828,643 Total capital assets being depreciated 170,081,277 2,577,680 - 172,658,957 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements (29,298,530) (4,312,866) - (33,611,396) Machinery and equipment (5,828,427) (209,730) - (6,038,157) Total accumulated depreciation (35,126,957) (4,522,596) - (39,649,553) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 134,954,320 (1,944,916) - 133,009,404										
Total capital assets, not being depreciated 13,193,447 - (155,089) 13,038,358 Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements 163,470,697 2,359,617 - 165,830,314 Machinery and equipment 6,610,580 218,063 - 6,828,643 Total capital assets being depreciated 170,081,277 2,577,680 - 172,658,957 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements (29,298,530) (4,312,866) - (33,611,396) Machinery and equipment (5,828,427) (209,730) - (6,038,157) Total accumulated depreciation (35,126,957) (4,522,596) - (39,649,553) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 134,954,320 (1,944,916) - 133,009,404		\$		\$		-	\$	-	\$	13,038,358
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements 163,470,697 2,359,617 - 165,830,314 Machinery and equipment 6,610,580 218,063 - 6,828,643 Total capital assets being depreciated 170,081,277 2,577,680 - 172,658,957 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements (29,298,530) (4,312,866) - (33,611,396) Machinery and equipment (5,828,427) (209,730) - (6,038,157) Total accumulated depreciation (35,126,957) (4,522,596) - (39,649,553) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 134,954,320 (1,944,916) - 133,009,404										-
Buildings and improvements 163,470,697 2,359,617 - 165,830,314 Machinery and equipment 6,610,580 218,063 - 6,828,643 Total capital assets being depreciated 170,081,277 2,577,680 - 172,658,957 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements (29,298,530) (4,312,866) - (33,611,396) Machinery and equipment (5,828,427) (209,730) - (6,038,157) Total accumulated depreciation (35,126,957) (4,522,596) - (39,649,553) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 134,954,320 (1,944,916) - 133,009,404	, ,	_	13,193,447				_	(155,089)	_	13,038,358
Machinery and equipment 6,610,580 218,063 - 6,828,643 Total capital assets being depreciated 170,081,277 2,577,680 - 172,658,957 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements (29,298,530) (4,312,866) - (33,611,396) Machinery and equipment (5,828,427) (209,730) - (6,038,157) Total accumulated depreciation (35,126,957) (4,522,596) - (39,649,553) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 134,954,320 (1,944,916) - 133,009,404	Capital assets, being depreciated:		163 470 607		23	50 617		_		165 830 314
Total capital assets being depreciated 170,081,277 2,577,680 - 172,658,957 Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements (29,298,530) (4,312,866) - (33,611,396) Machinery and equipment (5,828,427) (209,730) - (6,038,157) Total accumulated depreciation (35,126,957) (4,522,596) - (39,649,553) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 134,954,320 (1,944,916) - 133,009,404					,			_		
Buildings and improvements (29,298,530) (4,312,866) - (33,611,396) Machinery and equipment (5,828,427) (209,730) - (6,038,157) Total accumulated depreciation (35,126,957) (4,522,596) - (39,649,553) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 134,954,320 (1,944,916) - 133,009,404										
Buildings and improvements (29,298,530) (4,312,866) - (33,611,396) Machinery and equipment (5,828,427) (209,730) - (6,038,157) Total accumulated depreciation (35,126,957) (4,522,596) - (39,649,553) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 134,954,320 (1,944,916) - 133,009,404	Loss accumulated depreciation for:									
Machinery and equipment (5,828,427) (209,730) - (6,038,157) Total accumulated depreciation (35,126,957) (4,522,596) - (39,649,553) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 134,954,320 (1,944,916) - 133,009,404			(29 298 530)		(∆ 31	2 866)		=		(33 611 306)
Total accumulated depreciation (35,126,957) (4,522,596) - (39,649,553) Total capital assets being depreciated, net 134,954,320 (1,944,916) - 133,009,404								_		
				_				-		
Business-type activities capital assets, net <u>\$ 148,147,767</u> <u>\$ (1,944,916)</u> <u>\$ (155,089)</u> <u>\$ 146,047,762</u>	Total capital assets being depreciated, net		134,954,320		(1,94	4,916)		<u>-</u>		133,009,404
	Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	148,147,767	\$	(1,94	4,916 <u>)</u>	\$	(155,089)	\$	146,047,762

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2017

III. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

C. Capital Assets (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government, as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 2,770,695
Public safety	6,227,674
Public works, including depreciation of general	
infrastructure assets	8,620,991
Health and welfare	153,041
Cultural and recreation	3,273,301
Economic development, conserve/natural resources	1,101,171
Capital assets held by the government's internal service	
funds are charged to the various functions based on their	
usage of the assets	 2,870,925
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	\$ 25,017,798
Business-type activities:	
Arena fund	\$ 4,522,596

Construction Commitments

The County had outstanding construction commitments for various capital projects and improvements totaling \$7,562,188 at December 31, 2017. This amount is reflected as an encumbrance, which is a part of the fund balance in the Capital Projects Funds, including the Building and Equipment Fund, Street, Bridge and Other Fund, Sales Tax Road and Bridge Fund, Road and Bridge Equipment Fund, and the Capital Improvement Fund. These commitments will be funded through special assessments, general obligation bonds, local sales tax, intergovernmental revenue and existing local resources.

D. Operating Leases

The County has entered into a lease agreement as lessor with Wichita State University for space at the National Center for Aviation Training on the aviation technical education campus (note I.D.4). In 2018, the lease agreement changed, see page A-70, subsequent events note. The future minimum rental income on this lease at December 31, 2017 is as follows:

Year ending		
December 31	Govern	mental Activities
2018	\$	800,000
2019		800,000
2020		800,000
2021		800,000
2022		800,000
2023 – 2027		4,000,000
2028 – 2030		2,400,000
Totals	\$	10,400,000

The lease has a term of 20 years. The County is responsible for a majority of utility payments and the lessee is responsible for insurance expenses associated with the property.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2017

III. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

E. Long-Term Debt

Crossover Refunding Bonds

For reporting purposes, under a crossover advance refunding bond issue, the original issue (refunded bonds) is not considered defeased until they are retired. As with advance refunding bond issues, the proceeds of the crossover advance refunding bonds are placed into an escrow account. However, unlike other types of advance refundings, the escrow account in a crossover advance refunding transaction is not immediately dedicated to debt service principal and interest payments on the refunded debt. Instead, the resources in the escrow account are used temporarily to meet debt service requirements on the refunding bonds. Only at a later date when debt is called or matures, known as the "crossover date" are the resources in the escrow account dedicated exclusively to the payment of principal and interest on the refunded debt. Crossover refunding does not result in the defeasance of debt prior to the crossover date. The County has recorded in the appropriate financial statements the outstanding debt of both the refunding and the refunded issues which are not considered defeased.

On September 15, 2014, the Sedgwick County Public Building Commission issued \$25,745,000 in revenue bonds at a premium of \$2,823,335 for a crossover refunding. The bonds have a true interest cost of 2.3 percent. The crossover refunding portion includes \$26,065,000 of Series 2008-1 Bonds with an average interest rate of 5.1 percent.

The crossover date on this refunding issue is August 1, 2018.

The County refunded these bonds to reduce its total debt service payments over a period of 14 years and will realize a net savings of \$3,076,572 with a present value savings of \$2,510,739.

At December 31, 2017, \$26,065,000 of crossover refunding bonds have not been called.

General Obligation Bonds

Sedgwick County issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities, roads, bridges, storm water drainage systems and also to refund past debt issuances. All general obligation bonds have been issued for governmental activities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of Sedgwick County. These bonds generally are issued as 20-year serial bonds with a level repayment schedule.

General obligation bonds outstanding at December 31, 2017 are as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rate	Amount
Governmental Activities – Road and Bridge	2.00 - 5.65%	\$ 13,979,624
Governmental Activities – Facilities	2.00 - 5.65%	11,332,376
Governmental Activities – Refunding	2.00 - 5.65%	21,145,000
Total general obligation bonds outstanding		\$ 46,457,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2017

III. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

E. Long-Term Debt (continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

		Governmental Activitie	es
Year ending	Detectoral	Internal	Tatala
December 31	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Totals
2018	\$ 8,261,000	\$ 1,839,960	\$ 10,100,960
2019	4,952,000	1,521,605	6,473,605
2020	4,732,000	1,326,045	6,058,045
2021	4,642,000	1,116,734	5,758,734
2022	4,158,000	908,301	5,066,301
2023 - 2027	11,871,000	2,655,636	14,526,636
2028 - 2032	6,466,000	835,605	7,301,605
2033 - 2037	1,375,000	85,319	1,460,319
Totals	\$ 46,457,000	\$ 10,289,205	\$ 56,746,205

Sedgwick County also issues special assessment debt. Prior to 2002, the County issued special assessment debt to provide funds for the construction of sewer systems and streets for residential and commercial development. The County sold the sewer system to the City of Wichita on April 1, 2001 and now only issues special assessment debt to provide funds for the construction of streets. Special assessment bonds will be repaid from amounts levied against the property owners benefited by the construction. In the event that a deficiency exists because of unpaid or delinquent special assessments at the time a debt service payment is due, the County will provide resources to cover the deficiency until other resources, for example, foreclosure proceeds, are received. These bonds are issued as 15-year serial bonds with a level repayment schedule. Special assessment bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rate	Amount
Governmental activities – Street and Sewer	2.00 - 5.20%	\$ 1,958,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for special assessment bonds are as follows:

		Governmental Activitie	S .
Year ending December 31	Principal	Interest	Totals
2018	\$ 239,000	\$ 83,863	\$ 322,863
2019	253,000	74,538	327,538
2020	258,000	66,489	324,489
2021	288,000	55,423	343,423
2022	212,000	42,728	254.728
2023 – 2027	704,000	71,049	775,049
2028 – 2032	4,000	160	4,160
Totals	\$ 1,958,000	\$ 394,248	\$ 2,352,248

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2017

III. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

E. Long-Term Debt (continued)

Sedgwick County Public Building Commission Revenue Bonds

The Sedgwick County Public Building Commission (SCPBC) is a blended component unit of Sedgwick County. The SCPBC has the authority to issue revenue bonds to finance the cost of acquiring and/or constructing land and facilities operated for a public purpose by a governmental entity. The SCPBC finances the debt service of the revenue bonds by leasing the land and facilities to the governmental entity, which operates it. The operating governmental entity guarantees the rentals under the SCPBC lease. The SCPBC has no power to levy taxes and revenue bonds issued by the SCPBC are not included in any legal debt limitations of Sedgwick County. SCPBC bonds do not constitute a debt or pledge the full faith and credit of Sedgwick County, except to the extent the lease agreement constitutes an unconditional obligation of the County. The County is the operating governmental entity on eight of the eleven issues outstanding (as indicated with a "*") with repayment schedules ranging from 5 to 20 years with one exception. The WSU Experiential Engineering 2014-3 is paid over 40 years to keep annual debt service under \$2,500,000. The current bonds outstanding are as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rate	Amount
*#Technical Education Complex 2008-1	4.00 - 5.25%	\$ 28,060,000
*Public Safety Facilities & Equipment 2011-1	2.00 - 4.00%	9,410,000
*Juvenile Justice 2012-1 Refunding	2.00 - 3.00%	7,955,000
*Juvenile Justice Complex 2014-1 Refunding	1.00 - 5.00%	5,625,000
*Technical Education Complex 2014-2 Refunding	1.75 – 5.00%	25,745,000
^WSU Experiential Engineering (Tax Exempt) 2014-3	1.50 - 5.00%	38,895,000
^WSU Experiential Engineering 2014-4	1.95 - 3.90%	6,050,000
*Exploration Place Series 2015-1 Refunding	5.00%	4,550,000
Total		\$ 126,290,000

^{^:} These bond issues do not constitute an unconditional obligation of the County.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for revenue bonds are as follows:

		Component Unit - SCPBC						
Year ending								
December 31	Principal	Interest	Totals					
2018	\$ 5,730,000	\$ 5,150,744	\$ 10,880,744					
2019	8,055,000	4,961,885	13,016,885					
2020	8,325,000	4,704,351	13,029,351					
2021	8,690,000	4,363,268	13,053,268					
2022	9,000,000	4,017,513	13,017,513					
2023 - 2027	38,530,000	14,917,015	53,447,015					
2028 - 2032	13,515,000	8,849,751	22,364,751					
2033 - 2037	5,065,000	7,306,339	12,371,339					
2038 - 2042	6,415,000	5,908,422	12,323,422					
2043 - 2047	8,155,000	4,141,725	12,296,725					
2048 - 2052	10,120,000	2,142,875	12,262,875					
2053 - 2058	4,690,000	204,400	4,894,400					
Totals	\$ 126,290,000	\$ 66,668,287	\$ 192,958,287					

^{#: \$26.065} million of this bond issue has been crossover refunded as a result of the proceeds from the 2014-2 issue. Funds have been placed into an escrow account to be used on the crossover dates. See page A-51 for additional information.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2017

III. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

E. Long-Term Debt (continued)

SCPBC Revenue Bonds - WSU Experiential Engineering 2014-3 & 2014-4

On December 30, 2014, the SCPBC issued revenue bonds for Wichita State University (WSU) to finance the cost of constructing, furnishing, and equipping the first project part of the University's Innovation Campus. The proceeds of the bonds were deposited into an escrow trust account. Concurrent with the debt issuance, the SCPBC entered into a ground lease (as lessee) with the Kansas Board of Regents and a project lease (as lessor) with the Wichita State Board of Trustees. At December 31, 2017, the components of the net investment of this lease consist of:

Lease receivable	\$ 90,108,843
Less unearned income	45,681,759
Net effect on statement of net position	\$ 44,427,084

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for these revenue bonds are as follows:

Year ending			
December 31	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 565,000	\$ 1,928,313	\$ 2,493,313
2019	575,000	1,916,479	2,491,479
2020	585,000	1,902,695	2,487,695
2021	600,000	1,886,686	2,486,686
2022	620,000	1,868,681	2,488,681
2023 - 2027	3,420,000	9,007,440	12,427,440
2028 - 2032	4,135,000	8,273,464	12,408,464
2033 - 2037	5,065,000	7,306,339	12,371,339
2038 - 2042	6,415,000	5,908,422	12,323,422
2043 - 2047	8,155,000	4,141,725	12,296,725
2048 - 2052	10,120,000	2,142,875	12,262,875
2053 - 2058	4,690,000	204,400	4,894,400
Total	\$ 44.945.000	\$ 46,487,518	\$ 91,432,518
i otai	Ψ 11,540,000	Ψ 10, 101,010	♥ 01,402,010

Fire District Lease Agreements

In 2011, 2014, and 2016 the County entered into three lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of major equipment for the Fire District. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes, and therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. The assets acquired through the capital leases are as follows:

	 vernmental Activities
Asset:	
Machinery and equipment	\$ 4,727,984
Less: accumulated depreciation	2,719,649
Total	\$ 2,008,335

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2017

III. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

E. Long-Term Debt (continued)

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of the minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2017, were as follows:

Year ending	Governmental		
December 31	А	ctivities	
2018	\$	302,557	
2019		231,060	
2020		231,060	
2021		231,060	
2022		145,749	
2023		30,219	
Total minimum lease payments		1,171,705	
Less: amount representing interest		46,886	
Total	\$	1,124,819	

Changes in Noncurrent Liabilities

Internal Service Funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities of the Internal Service Funds are included as part of the totals for governmental activities. At year-end, claims payable totaling \$3,140,300 are included in the amounts below. Claims are generally liquidated by the appropriate Internal Service Fund. The net pension liability will be liquidated primarily through KPERS employer contributions made primarily from the governmental funds. Generally, compensated absences and other postemployment benefits are liquidated by the General Fund. Noncurrent liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2017, is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions Reductions		Ending Balance	Due Within One Year		
Governmental activities:	_						
Bonds payable:							
General obligation bonds	\$ 54,548,000	\$	-	\$	8,091,000	\$ 46,457,000	\$ 8,261,000
Revenue bonds	133,025,000		-		6,735,000	126,290,000	5,730,000
Special assessment debt with							
government commitment	 2,192,000				234,000	1,958,000	239,000
Total bonds payable	189,765,000		-		15,060,000	174,705,000	14,230,000
Capital lease payable	1,713,962		_		589,143	1,124,819	289,679
Claims payable	3,131,500	27	808,706		27,799,906	3,140,300	2,755,000
			•				2,755,000
Other postemployment benefits	19,458,116		,714,872		666,341	20,506,647	-
Compensated absences	 6,400,000	6	,166,143		6,416,143	6,150,000	5,350,000
Governmental activities	 220,468,578	35	,689,721		50,531,533	205,626,766	22,624,679
Premium	 8,509,062				1,248,496	7,260,566	
Noncurrent liabilities	\$ 228,977,640	\$ 35	,689,721	\$	51,780,029	\$ 212,887,332	\$ 22,624,679
		Net p	ension liab	ility		141,282,887	
		Total	noncurren	t liabilit	ies	\$ 354,170,219	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2017

III. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

E. Long-Term Debt (continued)

Conduit Debt

The County has issued Economic Development revenue bonds not directly obligated by the County. The County has issued these bonds individually and jointly with surrounding counties. The total amount outstanding at December 31, 2017 was \$21,725,000 for the Industrial Revenue Bonds and \$478,198 for the Single Family Mortgage Revenue Bonds. These bonds do not constitute an indebtedness or pledge of the faith and credit of the responsible entities or the County.

F. Interfund Transfers

A summary of interfund transfers is as follows:

	Transfers in:										
	Ge	neral Fund		ederal/State Assistance Funds	S	Debt Service Fund	(Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Internal Service Fund	<u>s</u>	Totals
Transfers out:											
General Fund	\$	-	\$	676,223	\$	1,695,826	\$	8,195,500	771,455	\$	11,339,004
Debt Proceed Fund Nonmajor Governmental		-		-		739,360		491,061	-		1,230,421
Funds		477,058		224,612		732,304		4,429,578	-		5,863,552
Internal Service Funds			_		_		_	644,910			644,910
Total	\$	477,058	\$	900,835	\$	3,167,490	\$	13,761,049	771,455	\$	19,077,887

Transfers are used to [1] move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, [2] move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the Debt Service Fund as debt service payments become due, and [3] use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

G. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Interfund balances result from the time lag between the dates that [1] interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, [2] transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and [3] payments between funds are made. Interfund payables at year-end relate to amounts spent in certain capital projects funds that have yet to be repaid from long-term financing from the Debt Proceeds Fund.

A summary of interfund receivables and payables at December 31, 2017 is as follows:

	Interfund Receivable	Interfund Pavable
	INCCCIVADIC	- i ayabic
Debt Proceeds Fund	\$ 495,860	\$ -
Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds:		
Building and Equipment Fund	-	83,967
Street, Bridge and Other Fund	-	411,893
	\$ 495,860	\$ 495,860

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2017

III. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

G. Interfund Receivables and Payables (continued)

During 2003, 2013, and 2014 interfund loans were made between the General Fund and the Capital Improvement Fund to provide for the funding of Department of Corrections Adult Residential Facility and Fire Stations 34, 35, and 36. These advance receivables and payables as of December 31, 2017 are supported by note agreements specifying payment dates and interest amounts and are as follows:

	Receivables	Payables			
General Fund Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund:	\$ 5,410,167	\$ -			
Capital Improvement Fund	-	5,410,167			
	\$ 5,410,167	\$ 5,410,167			

IV. Other Information

A. Risk Management

The County's property and casualty insurance coverage consists of both a self-insurance program and insurance policies purchased from various insurance carriers. The overall cost of insurance coverage has increased significantly the past three years. There have not been any settlements in excess of insurance coverage during any of the prior three fiscal years. Exposure to various risks associated with weather related incidents such as wind, hail, and storm damage is covered by a property insurance policy.

Risks associated with the operation of the INTRUST Bank Arena include loss related to theft, damage or destruction of assets, and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance. Settlements from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past three years.

<u>Health/Dental/Life Insurance Reserve Fund</u> The County has a self-funded insurance fund for health claims. Claims for county employees are administered through a third party administrator for the County's self-insured plan. Premiums are paid by employer and employee contributions into an internal service fund and are available to pay claims and costs of an administrative service agreement. An excess insurance policy covers individual claims in excess of \$500,000. Incurred but not reported claims of \$2,000,000 have been accrued as a liability. In 2017, \$26,855,172 was paid as claims. The outstanding claims liability is calculated from historical data and future expectations. This includes an estimated liability for known claims as well as an estimated liability for claims incurred but not reported.

<u>Workers' Compensation Reserve Fund</u> The County provides workers' compensation benefits through a self-insured plan that has been approved by the State of Kansas. Workers' compensation claims are administered by Risk Management, with the assistance of a contract attorney. Funding (premiums) for this self insurance plan is allocated to County departments. Premiums are determined by a formula that uses both paid claims and the actual number of claims. The County does maintain reserves and pays all expenses for this plan from the Workers' Compensation Reserve Fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2017

IV. Other Information (continued)

A. Risk Management (continued)

Risk Management Reserve Fund The Risk Management Reserve Fund was established for the purpose of providing a contingency fund to pay self-insured claims, retentions and deductibles, and to provide an additional source of funding for the self-insured law enforcement liability, general liability, and public official's liability. Property insurance is also maintained with a commercial insurer and provides a self-insured retention of \$100,000 for each claim. In 2017, \$317,429 was paid as claims.

The following is a summary of the changes in the unpaid claims liability:

	Workers' mpensation	 ealth/Dental fe Insurance
January 1, 2016 liability balances	\$ 1,082,100	1,900,000
Claims and changes in estimates	937,383	23,906,886
Claim payments	 (887,983)	(23,806,886)
December 31, 2016 liability balances	 1,131,500	\$ 2,000,000
Claims and changes in estimates	953,534	26,855,172
Claim payments	(944,734)	(26,855,172)
December 31, 2017 liability balances	\$ 1,140,300	\$ 2,000,000

Net position available for self-insurance expenses and future catastrophic losses are as follows:

Health/Dental/Life Insurance Reserve Fund	\$ 5,712,826
Workers' Compensation Reserve Fund	3,924,107
Risk Management Reserve Fund	1,467,195

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2017

IV. Other Information (continued)

B. Commitments

Encumbrances - The County uses encumbrances to control expenditure commitments for the year and to enhance cash management. Encumbrances represent commitments related to executed contracts not yet performed and purchase orders not yet filled. Commitments for such expenditure of monies are encumbered to reserve a portion of applicable appropriations. Encumbrances still open at year end are not accounted for as expenditures and liabilities but, rather, as restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance. As of December 31, 2017 the County's governmental funds had a total of \$8.2 million in encumbrances, which were reported as following:

						Other		Total
			Fed	eral/State	Go	vernmental	Go	vernmental
	Gener	al	As	sistance		Funds		Funds
Restricted:						_		_
General government	\$	-	\$	-	\$	18,228	\$	18,228
Public safety		-		6,527		97,497		104,024
Health and welfare		-		28,621		357		28,978
Public Works		-		-		29,081		29,081
Economic development		-		3,391		-		3,391
Capital Outlay								
Road improvements		-		-		3,927,063		3,927,063
Preventive maintenance		-		-		313,953		313,953
Bridge improvements		-		-		1,412,606		1,412,606
Building improvements		-		-		304,030		304,030
Committed:								
Public safety		-		40,668		20,901		61,569
Capital Outlay								
Building improvements		-		-		707,357		707,357
Bridge improvements		-		-		27,801		27,801
Drainage Improvements		-		-		29,451		29,451
Equipment Reserve		-		-		665,945		665,945
Road improvements		-		-		158,482		158,482
Sedgwick County park improvements		-		-		15,500		15,500
Assigned:								
General government	254,	398		-		-		254,398
Public safety	121,	416		-		-		121,416
Public works		400		-		-		400
Health and welfare	1,	555		17,560		-		19,115
Culture and recreation	2,	556		-				2,556
Total	\$ 380,	325	\$	96,767	\$	7,728,252	\$	8,205,344

C. Contingent Liabilities

The County is a defendant in various legal actions pending or in process for tax appeals, property damage, and miscellaneous claims. The ultimate liability that might result from the final resolution of the above matters is not presently determinable. Management and the County's counsel are of the opinion that the final outcome of the cases will not have an adverse material effect on the County's financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2017

IV. Other Information (continued)

D. Tax Abatements

There are currently two programs being utilized in Sedgwick County that offer tax abatements for economic development purposes. Both operate by granting an exemption on part or all of a property's assessed, or taxable, valuation.

Economic Development Exemptions (EDX)

Article 11, Section 13 of the Kansas Constitution gives counties and cities the authority to exempt from ad valorem taxation all or any portion of the valuation of buildings, land or other improvements used to facilitate business expansion and new employment creation. Such economic development exemptions may be in effect for up to ten years.

Exempt Industrial Revenue Bonds (IRB)

Kansas Statutes Annotated 79-213 et.seq. establish procedures by which the taxable value of real or personal property being financed by industrial revenue bonds may be wholly or partially exempt. In Sedgwick County, IRB exemptions granted by the County and several of the cities are currently in effect. The table below shows taxes that are foregone by the County government and the County Fire District for both EDX & IRB abatements whether issued by the County or by another municipal government that reduce County revenues.

Economic Development Tax Abatements Abated Taxes

Location of Exempt Property	Sedgwick County	Sedgwick County Fire District	Total
	,	IRB	
County	\$1,428,563	 \$879,143	\$2,307,706
Cities	\$1,719,166	\$413,237	\$2,132,403
Total IRB	\$3,147,729	\$1,292,380	\$4,440,109
	<u>.</u>	<u>EDX</u>	
County	\$0	\$0	\$0
Cities	\$353,262	\$1,921	\$355,183
Total EDX	\$353,262	\$1,921	\$355,183
Total Abatements	\$3,500,991	\$1,294,301	\$4,795,292

The abated taxes reflect the amounts that would have been levied on behalf of the County and the County Fire District on the 2016 tax roll to fund expenditures during calendar year 2017 were it not for the tax exemption.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2017

IV. Other Information (continued)

E. Pending Governmental Accounting Standards

GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, replaces the requirements of GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions and requires governments to report a liability on the face of the financial statements for the other postemployment benefits (OPEB) that they provide. Statement No. 75 requires governments in all types of OPEB plans to present more extensive note disclosures and required supplementary information (RSI) about their OPEB benefits. Among the new note disclosures is a description of the effect on the reported OPEB liability of using a discount rate and a healthcare cost trend rate that are one percentage point higher and one percentage point lower than assumed by the government. The new RSI includes a schedule showing the causes of increases and decreases in the OPEB liability and a schedule comparing a government's actual OPEB contributions to its contribution requirements. The provisions of this statement are effective for financial statements for the County's fiscal year ending December 31, 2018.

GASB Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations, addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (ARO). This statement establishes criteria for determining the timing and pattern of recognition of a liability and a corresponding deferred outflow of resources for asset retirement obligations. This statement requires that recognition occurs when the liability is both incurred and reasonably estimable, and it also requires the measurement of an ARO be based on the best estimate of the current value of outlays expected to be incurred. This statement also requires disclosure about the nature of a government's AROs, the methods and assumptions used for the estimated of the liabilities, and the estimated remaining useful life of the associated tangible capital asset. The provisions of this statement are effective for financial statements for the County's fiscal year ending December 31, 2019.

GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. An activity meeting the criteria should be reported in a fiduciary fund in the basic financial statements. Governments with activities meeting the criteria should present a statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. An exception to that requirement is provided for a business-type activity that normally expects to hold custodial assets for three months or less. The requirements of this Statement will enhance consistency and comparability by establishing specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities and clarifying whether and how business-type activities should report their fiduciary activities. The provisions of this statement are effective for financial statements for the County's fiscal year ending December 31, 2019.

GASB Statement No. 85, Omnibus 2017, addresses practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits. The provisions of this statement are effective for financial statements for the County's fiscal year ending December 31, 2018.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2017

IV. Other Information (continued)

E. Pending Governmental Accounting Standards (continued)

GASB Statement No. 86, Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues, establishes accounting and financial reporting guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources (resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt), are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. When debt is defeased in substance, the debt, cash, and other monetary assets placed in trust are no longer reported in the financial statements. But governments are required to disclose information in the notes to the financial statements about debt that has been defeased in substance. Statement 86 also provides guidance relating to prepaid insurance on debt that is extinguished. When governments extinguish debt, whether through a legal extinguishment or through an in substance defeasance, this statement will require that any remaining prepaid insurance related to the extinguished debt be included in the net carrying amount of that debt for the purpose of calculating the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the debt. The provisions of this statement are effective for financial statements for the County's fiscal year ending December 31, 2018.

GASB Statement No. 87, Leases, establishes a single approach to accounting for and reporting leases by state and local governments. The standard addresses the reporting for governments that are lessors or lessees. GASB 87 is effective for financial statements for the County's fiscal year ending December 31, 2020.

F. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description. The County participates in the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS) and the Kansas Police and Firemen's Retirement System (KP&F). Both are part of a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan as provided by K.S.A. 74-4901, et. seq. Kansas law establishes and amends benefit provisions. KPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. KPERS' financial statements are included in its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the KPERS website at http://www.kpers.org or by writing to KPERS (611 South Kansas, Suite 100, Topeka, KS 66603) or by calling 1-888-275-5737.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2017

IV. Other Information (continued)

F. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

Benefits provided. KPERS and KP&F provide retirement benefits, life insurance, disability income benefits, and death benefits. Benefits are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly. Member employees (except Police and Firemen) with ten or more years of credited service, may retire as early as age 55 (Police and Firemen may be age 50 with 20 years of credited service), with an actuarially reduced monthly benefit. Normal retirement is at age 65, age 62 with ten years of credited service, or whenever an employee's combined age and years of credited service equal 85 "points" (Police and Firemen's normal retirement ages are age 60 with 15 years of credited service, age 55 with 20 years, age 50 with 25 years, or any age with 36 years of service).

Monthly retirement benefits are based on a statutory formula that includes final average salary and years of service. When ending employment, member employees may withdraw their contributions from their individual accounts, including interest. Member employees who withdraw their accumulated contributions lose all rights and privileges of membership. The accumulated contributions and interest are deposited into, and disbursed from, the membership accumulated reserve fund as established by K.S.A. 74-4922.

Member employees choose one of seven payment options for their monthly retirement benefits. At retirement a member employee may receive a lump-sum payment of up to 50% of the actuarial present value of the member employee's lifetime benefit. His or her monthly retirement benefit is then permanently reduced based on the amount of the lump-sum. Benefit increases, including ad hoc post-retirement benefit increases, must be passed into law by the Kansas Legislature. Benefit increases are under the authority of the Legislature and the Governor of the State of Kansas.

The 2012 Legislature made changes affecting new hires, current member employees and employers. A new KPERS 3 cash balance retirement plan for new hires, starting January 1, 2015, was created. Normal retirement age for KPERS 3 is 65 with five years of service or 60 years of age with 30 years of service. Early retirement is available at age 55 with ten years of service, with a reduced benefit. Monthly benefit options are an annuity benefit based on the account balance at retirement.

For all pension coverage groups, the retirement benefits are disbursed from the retirement benefit payment reserve fund as established by K.S.A. 74-4922.

Contributions. K.S.A. 74-4919 and K.S.A. 74-49,210 establish the KPERS member-employee contributions rates. KPERS has multiple benefit structures and contribution rates depending on whether the employee is a KPERS 1, KPERS 2, or KPERS 3 member. KPERS 1 members are active and contributing members hired before July 1, 2009. KPERS 2 members were first employed in a covered position on or after July 1, 2009, and KPERS 3 members were first employed in a covered position on or after January 1, 2015. Effective January 1, 2015, Kansas law established the KPERS member-employee contribution rate at 6% of covered salary for KPERS 1, KPERS 2, and KPERS 3 members. K.S.A. 74-4975 establishes the Police and Firemen (KP&F) member-employee contribution rate at 7.15% of covered salary. Member contributions are withheld by their employer and paid to KPERS according to the provisions of Section 414(h) of the Internal Revenue Code.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2017

IV. Other Information (continued)

F. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

State law provides that the employer contribution rates for KPERS 1, KPERS 2, KPERS 3, and KP&F be determined based on the results of each annual actuarial valuation. KPERS is funded on an actuarial reserve basis. Kansas law sets a limitation on annual increases in the employer contribution rates. The actuarially determined employer contribution rate and the statutory contribution rate was 8.46% for KPERS and 19.03% for KP&F for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$8,284,779 for KPERS and \$6,262,222 for KP&F for the year ended December 31, 2017.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

Although KPERS administers one cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, separate (sub) actuarial valuations are prepared to determine the actuarial determined contribution rate by group. Following this method, the measurement of the collective net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense are determined separately for each group of the plan. The County participates in the local (KPERS) group and the Police and Firemen (KP&F) group.

At December 31, 2017, the County reported a liability of \$78,873,375 for KPERS and \$62,409,512 for KP&F for its proportionate share of the KPERS' collective net pension liability. The collective net pension liability was measured by KPERS as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the collective net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2016, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2017. The County's proportion of the collective net pension liability was based on the ratio of the County's actual contributions to KPERS and KP&F, relative to the total employer and nonemployer contributions of the KPERS and KP&F for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. The contributions used exclude contributions made for prior service, excess benefits and irregular payments. At June 30, 2017, the County's proportion and change from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016 were as follows:

	•	sion liability as of ember 31, 2017	Proportion as of June 30, 2017	Increase (Decrease) in proportion from June 30, 2016
KPERS (local)	\$	78,873,375	5.445%	0.101%
KP&F		62,409,512	6.655%	(0.080%)
	\$	141,282,887		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2017

IV. Other Information (continued)

F. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

For the year ended December 31, 2017, the County recognized pension expense of \$7,441,410 for KPERS and \$8,240,314 for KP&F. At December 31, 2017, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

KPERS		red Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	381,478	\$	(2,727,277)	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		2,474,126		-	
Changes in proportion		2,024,772		(1,988,295)	
Changes of assumptions County contributions subsequent to		4,247,655		(576,756)	
measurement date		4,296,580			
Total	\$	13,424,611	\$	(5,292,328)	

KP&F	red Outflows of Resources	 red Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 3,016,951	\$ (466,853)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion	2,311,987 124,212	- (1,243,953)
Changes of assumptions County contributions subsequent to	4,357,954	(278,897)
measurement date	 3,155,661	
Total	\$ 12,966,765	\$ (1,989,703)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2017

IV. Other Information (continued)

F. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

The \$7,452,241 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending December 31, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as increases (decreases) to pension expense as follows:

KPERS

Year ending December 31:	Ou	Net Deferred afflows and Inflows of Resources
2018	\$	(255,829)
2019		2,852,197
2020		1,772,936
2021		(884,961)
2022		351,360
	\$	3,835,703

KP&F

	Ou	Net Deferred atflows and Inflows
Year ending December 31:		of Resources
2018	\$	1,313,877
2019		3,679,124
2020		2,312,186
2021		101,298
2022		414,916
	\$	7,821,401

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability for KPERS in the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75% (3% in prior year)
Salary increases	3.50% to 12.00%, including price
	inflation (4% to 16% in prior year)
Investment Rate of Return	7.75% compounded annually, net of
	investment expense, including price
	inflation (8% in prior year)

Mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Mortality Tables, with age setbacks and age set forwards as well as other adjustments based on different membership groups. Future mortality improvements are anticipated using Scale MP-2016. For the prior year, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 combined mortality table for males or females as appropriate.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study conducted for period January 1, 2013 through December 31, 2015. The experience study is dated November 18, 2016.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2017

IV. Other Information (continued)

F. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of the most recent experience study, dated November 18, 2016, as provided by KPERS' investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global equity	47%	6.80%
Fixed income	13	1.25
Yield driven	8	6.55
Real return	11	1.71
Real estate	11	5.05
Alternatives	8	9.85
Short-term investments	2	(0.25)
Total	100%	

Discount rate. The discount rate used by KPERS to measure the total pension liability was 7.75% (8% in prior year). The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was based on member and employer contributions. The local groups do not necessarily contribute the full actuarial determined rate. Based on legislation passed in 1993, the employer contribution rates certified by the KPERS' Board of Trustees for this group may not increase by more than the statutory cap. The statutory cap for Fiscal Year 2017 was 1.2%. Based on those assumptions, the pension plans fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.75%)	Current Discount Rate (7.75%)	1% Increase (8.75%)
County's KPERS proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 113,594,898	\$ 78,873,375	\$ 49,604,489
County's KP&F proportionate share of the net pension liability	88,536,881	62,409,512	40,537,170
	\$ 202,131,779	\$141,282,887	\$ 90,141,659

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued KPERS financial report.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2017

IV. Other Information (continued)

G. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions

<u>Plan description</u>. The County sponsors a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan that provides healthcare benefits, including medical, dental and vision, to retirees. Retiree health coverage is provided for under K.S.A. 12-5040. Employees who retire with at least 10 years of cumulative service with the County and commence retirement or disability benefits under the Kansas Public Employee Retirement System (KPERS) are eligible for benefits. The funding policy of the County is to pay premiums as they come due through the Health/Dental/Life Insurance Reserve internal service fund.

County retirees pay the same premiums charged to COBRA participants for medical, dental and vision coverage. The COBRA rates being paid by retirees for benefits are typically lower than those for individual health insurance policies. The difference between these two amounts is the implicit rate subsidy, which is considered other post-employment benefits (OPEB) under Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 45 (GASB Statement 45).

Retirees and spouses have the same benefit as active employees. Retiree coverage terminates either when the retiree becomes covered under another employer health plan, or when the retiree reaches the Medicare eligibility age which is currently age 65. Spousal coverage is available until the retiree becomes covered under another employer health plan, attains Medicare eligibility age, or dies.

<u>Funding policy</u>. The contribution requirements of plan members and the County are established and may be amended by the County Commission. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. County retirees pay 100% of their healthcare premiums; the County is not required to share costs of retiree premiums.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2017

IV. Other Information (continued)

G. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (continued)

<u>Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation</u>. The County's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following tables show the components of the primary government OPEB cost for 2017:

Annual OPEB Cost and Obligation for 2017	Amount
Annual required contribution (ARC) Interest on Net OPEB Obligation Adjustment to the ARC	\$ 1,777,861 681,034 (744,023)
Annual OPEB cost (expense) Contributions made	 1,714,872 (666,341)
Increase in net OPEB obligation Net OPEB obligation—beginning of year	 1,048,531 19,458,116
Net OPEB obligation—end of year	\$ 20,506,647
Employer Contribution for 2017	Amount
Age-approximating premiums paid on behalf of retirees Retiree contribution	\$ 1,203,073 (536,732)
Net employer contribution	\$ 666,341

Schedule of Employer Contributions

centage
tributed
2.0%
6.2%
8.9%

<u>Funded Status and Funding Progress.</u> As of January 1, 2017, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was not funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$17.2 million, and there was no actuarial value of assets, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$17.2 million. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$116.7 million, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 14.7 percent. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2017

IV. Other Information (continued)

G. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (continued)

information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the January 1, 2017 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 2.50 percent inflation rate implicitly included in the 3.5 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is a blended rate of the expected long-term investment return on the County's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date, and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 7.5 percent initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 4.5 percent after nine years. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2017, was thirty years.

<u>Plan Report.</u> The plan does not issue a stand-alone audited GAAP-basis report.

H. Subsequent Events

On January 10, 2018 the County approved a change to the sublease agreement for space at the National Center for Aviation Training (NCAT) on the aviation technical education campus. The sublease was originally between the County and the Wichita Area Technical College (WATC), but was amended to be between the County and Wichita State University (WSU) because of the affiliation between WSU and WATC that was approved by the Kansas Legislature in 2017. A separate sublease that had been with WSU for limited space at the NCAT facility was also incorporated into the amended sublease.

On March 28, 2018, the County issued \$3,682,621 of General Obligation Bonds, Series A, 2018. The proceeds of the 2018A General Obligation Bonds will be used for the purpose of providing permanent financing for the acquisition and improvement of the Ronald Reagan building. The 2018A bonds will be paid over twenty years with the final maturity of August 1, 2038.

On February 27, 2018, the County approved the issuance of \$2,850,000 of General Obligation Bonds Series 2018B to provide funds for various bridge projects. The official closing date of the issuance is expected to be in third quarter of 2018.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2017

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual – Budgetary Basis General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive/
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues				
Property taxes	\$ 115,456,111	\$ 115,456,111	\$ 115,452,832	\$ (3,279)
Sales taxes	29,496,813	29,496,813	28,118,684	(1,378,129)
Other taxes	271,148	271,148	324,026	52,878
Intergovernmental	1,471,193	1,471,193	1,561,187	89,994
Charges for services	16,686,727	16,686,727	15,380,085	(1,306,642)
Uses of money and property	4,650,609	4,650,609	5,421,101	770,492
Fines and forfeits	62,791	62,791	89,765	26,974
Licenses and permits	5,205,641	5,205,641	7,918,393	2,712,752
Reimbursed expenditures	5,338,805	5,338,805	5,455,204	116,399
Other	2,806,148	2,806,148	4,237,785	1,431,637
Total revenues	181,445,986	181,445,986	183,959,062	2,513,076
Expenditures				
Current:				
Personnel services	114,251,192	113,605,235	108,875,775	4,729,460
Contractual services	61,821,687	58,225,611	39,834,283	18,391,328
Commodities	5,535,191	7,634,374	6,950,687	683,687
Capital outlay	3,492,198	214,174	147,183	66,991
Debt service: Principal	_	-	_	_
Interest	-	_	_	_
Total debt service				
Total expenditures	185,100,268	179,679,394	155,807,928	23,871,466
Revenues over expenditures	(3,654,282)	1,766,592	28,151,134	26,384,542
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers from other funds	-	-	477,058	477,058
Transfers to other funds	(19,229,040)	(24,649,914)	(23,800,780)	849,134
Total other financing sources (uses)	(19,229,040)	(24,649,914)	(23,323,722)	1,326,192
Net change in fund balances	(22,883,322)	(22,883,322)	4,827,412	27,710,734
Fund balances, beginning of year	22,883,322	22,883,322	61,857,743	38,974,421
Fund balances, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 66,685,155	\$ 66,685,155

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2017

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (continued)

Budget / GAAP Reconciliation

All legal operating budgets are prepared using the modified cash basis of accounting, modified further by the encumbrance method of accounting. Revenues are recognized when cash is received. Expenditures include disbursements, accounts payable, and encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments for future payments and are supported by a document evidencing the commitment, such as a purchase order or contract. Accordingly, the data presented in the budgetary comparison statements differs from the data presented in the financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP. The following schedule provides reconciliation from GAAP basis to budgetary basis for the General Fund.

	Dece	111061 31, 2017
Fund balance, budgetary basis	\$	66,685,155
Current year encumbrances		380,325
Fair value adjustment of investments		(2,355,460)
Accrued revenues		1,483,059
Accrued expenditures		(20,657)
Fund balance, GAAP basis	\$	66,172,422

Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability Kansas Public Employees Retirement System Last Five Fiscal Years*

December 31 2017

	2017	2016	 2015	 2014	2013
County's proportion of the collective net pension liability:					
KPERS (local group)	5.445%	5.344%	5.525%	5.403%	5.475%
KP&F (police & firemen)	6.655%	6.735%	6.858%	6.825%	6.879%
County's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 141,282,887	\$ 145,221,592	\$ 122,343,954	\$ 111,262,101	\$ 139,254,285
County's covered-employee payroll ^	\$ 134,047,537	\$ 127,025,880	\$ 127,247,391	\$ 122,530,074	\$ 122,135,423
County's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll	1.053976001	1.143244133	0.961465324	0.908039124	1.140162957
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	67.12%	65.10%	64.95%	66.60%	59.94%

Changes in assumptions related to inflation, salary increases, investment rate of return, mortality, and discount rate were made since the prior measurement date.

^{*} GASB 68 requires presentation of ten years. As of December 31, 2017, only five years of information is available.

[^] Covered payroll is measured as of the measurement date ending June 30.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2017

Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

Schedule of County's Contributions
Kansas Public Employees Retirement System
Last Five Fiscal Years*

	 2017	 2016	 2015	2014		2013
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 14,547,001	\$ 18,215,161	\$ 16,216,371	\$	14,137,345	\$ 12,199,406
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	 (14,547,001)	(18,215,161)	(16,216,371)		(14,137,345)	(12,199,406)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 	\$	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>
County's covered-employee payroll ^	\$ 131,611,804	\$ 126,822,618	\$ 127,537,022	\$	124,775,254	\$ 122,097,547
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	11.05%	14.36%	12.72%		11.33%	9.99%

^{*} GASB 68 requires presentation of ten years. As of December 31, 2017, only five years of information is available.

Changes in benefit terms for KPERS. In the state fiscal year 2014, the KP&F group had a change in benefit terms. The Legislature increased this group's employee contributions to 7.15 percent and eliminated the reduction of employee contributions to 2.0 percent after 32 years of service. In addition, the maximum retirement benefit increased to 90 percent of final average salary (reached at 36 years of service). Before this change, the maximum retirement benefit was limited to 80 percent of final average salary (reached at 32 years of service).

Effective January 1, 2014, KPERS 1 member's employee contribution rate increased to 5.0 percent and then on January 1, 2015, increased to 6.0 percent, with an increase in benefit multiplier to 1.85 percent for future years of service. For KPERS 2 members retiring after July 1, 2012, the cost of living adjustment (COLA) is eliminated, but members will receive a 1.85 percent multiplier for all years of service.

January 1, 2015, the KPERS 3 cash balance plan became effective. Members enrolled in this plan were first employed in a KPERS covered position on or after January 1, 2015, or KPERS 1 or KPERS 2 members who left employment before vesting and returned to employment on or after January 1, 2015. The retirement benefit is an annuity based on the account balance at retirement.

[^]Covered payroll is measured as of the fiscal year end December 31.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2017

Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions

Schedule of Funding Progress

		Actuarial	3	3		UAAL as a
Actuarial	Actuarial	Accrued	Unfunded			Percentage
Valuation	Value of	Liability	AAL	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Date	Assets	(AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
01/01/2013	-	27,567,411	27,567,411	-	111,026,155	24.8%
01/01/2015	-	21,379,829	21,379,826	-	117,796,647	18.1%
01/01/2017	-	17,167,274	17,167,274	-	116,717,554	14.7%

Note 1 Significant Factors Affecting Trends in Actuarial Information

Changes in the Actuarial Accrued Liability for the valuation completed at January 1, 2017 are primarily due to:

- The disability, turnover and retirement rates were updated where applicable to be based on the latest available rates from KPERS/KP&F.
- The assumed mortality was updated to reflect the Society of Actuaries Adjusted RPH-2014 Adjusted to 2006 Total Dataset Headcount-weighted Mortality with MP-2017 Full Generational Improvement.
- The assumed trend rates and per capita costs were updated as part of the ongoing valuation analysis.

Governmental Funds

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of designated revenue sources that are used to finance specified activities as required by law or administrative regulation. The following nonmajor Special Revenue Funds are reported:

Wichita State University Program Development

Comprehensive Community Care

Emergency Medical Services

Aging Services

Public Works Highways

Noxious Weeds

Solid Waste

Special Parks and Recreation

Emergency Telephone Services

Court Trustee Operations

Special Alcohol and Drug Programs

Auto License

Court Alcohol/Drug Safety

Action Program

Prosecuting Attorney Training

Technology

Fire District Operating

Fire District Research and Development

Township Dissolution

Nonmajor Debt Service Fund

Debt Service Funds are used to account for the proceeds of designated revenue sources that are used to finance general obligation debt. The following nonmajor Debt Service Fund is reported:

Fire District Bond and Interest

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for capital improvements (except those financed by proprietary funds) that are financed from the County's general obligation bond issues, special assessments and certain Federal grants. The following nonmajor Capital Projects Funds are reported:

Building and Equipment Fire District Special Equipment

Street, Bridge and Other Capital Improvements

Sales Tax Road and Bridge

Road and Bridge Equipment

Highway Improvement

Equipment Reserve

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017





Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2017

	Re	Special venue Funds	e District ot Service	Pre	Capital ojects Funds		Totals
Assets:				-		-	
Cash, including investments	\$	18,579,766	\$ 25,790	\$	23,230,031	\$	41,835,587
Due from other agencies		403,105	-		238,932		642,037
Accounts receivable		1,643,582	-		-		1,643,582
Property tax receivable		35,041,442	-		-		35,041,442
Sales tax receivable		-	-		2,593,713		2,593,713
Inventories, at cost		440,557	 -		-		440,557
Total assets	\$	56,108,452	\$ 25,790	\$	26,062,676	\$	82,196,918
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	309,259	\$ -	\$	496,032	\$	805,291
Accrued wages		938,643	-		9,529		948,172
Due to other funds		-	-		495,860		495,860
Advance payable		-	-		5,410,167		5,410,167
Due to other entities		6,500	 		<u> </u>		6,500
Total liabilities		1,254,402	 		6,411,588		7,665,990
Deferred Inflows of Resources:							
Deferred property tax revenue		35,041,442	-		-		35,041,442
Unavailable revenue - accounts receivable		485,564	 				485,564
Total deferred inflows of resources		35,527,006	 				35,527,006
Fund balances:							
Nonspendable:							
Inventories		440,557	-		-		440,557
Restricted:							
General Government		2,040,299	-		-		2,040,299
Debt Service		-	25,790		-		25,790
Public Safety		11,112,418			-		11,112,418
Public Works		3,093,696	-		-		3,093,696
Health and Welfare		1,306,256	-		-		1,306,256
Culture and Recreation		58,053	-		-		58,053
Economic Development		9,500	-		-		9,500
Capital Outlay		· <u>-</u>	-		9,231,752		9,231,752
Committed:							
Capital Outlay		_	-		6,243,159		6,243,159
Assigned:							
Public Works		439,400	-		-		439,400
Public Safety		826,865	-		-		826,865
Capital Outlay		,	-		4,831,905		4,831,905
Unassigned		_	_		(655,728)		(655,728)
Total fund balance		19,327,044	25,790		19,651,088		39,003,922
Total liabilities deferred inflame of							
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	56,108,452	\$ 25,790	\$	26,062,676	\$	82,196,918
		· ·	 		<u> </u>		

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Special Revenue Funds December 31, 2017

	w	ichita State						
	ı	Jniversity			E	mergency		
		Program	Cor	mprehensive		Medical		Aging
	De	evelopment	Con	nmunity Care		Services		Services
Assets:								
Cash, including investments	\$	9,500	\$	985,858	\$	167,884	\$	424,033
Due from other agencies		-		-		-		-
Accounts receivable		-		-		1,497,858		-
Property tax receivable		6,817,581		2,245,256		4,113,274		2,240,712
Inventories, at cost				-		440,557		
Total assets	\$	6,827,081	\$	3,231,114	\$	6,219,573	\$	2,664,745
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable		-		64,520		37,560		233
Accrued wages		-		25,378		315,753		13,504
Due to other entities		-		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>
				00.000		050.010		10.707
Total liabilities		-		89,898		353,313		13,737
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Deferred property tax revenue		6,817,581		2,245,256		4,113,274		2,240,712
Unavailable revenue - accounts receivable				-		485,564		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		6,817,581		2,245,256		4,598,838		2,240,712
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Inventories		-		-		440,557		-
Restricted:								
General Government		-		-		-		-
Public Safety		-		-		-		-
Public Works		-		-		-		-
Health and Welfare		-		895,960		-		410,296
Culture and Recreation		-		-		-		-
Economic Development		9,500		-		_		-
Assigned:								
Public Works		-		-		_		_
Public Safety		-		-		826,865		_
Total fund balance		9,500		895,960		1,267,422		410,296
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
resources and fund balances	\$	6,827,081	\$	3,231,114	\$	6,219,573	\$	2,664,745
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Public Works Highways Veeds 2 484 953 \$ 212 965			s	olid Waste	-	cial Parks Recreation	7	mergency elephone Services	Court Trustee Operations		
\$ 2,484,953	\$	212,965	\$	1,006,633	\$	58,053	\$	2,649,036	\$	2,635,763	
-		100		- 196		-		-		403,105	
3,540,597		295,428		-		-		-		-	
\$ 6,025,550	\$	508,493	\$	1,006,829	\$	58,053	\$	2,649,036	\$	3,038,868	
25.242		220		4.047				44 507		20, 222	
25,343 114,566		238 5,741		1,247 18,116		-		11,537 -		20,232 81,566	
 6,500		-		-		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		-	
 146,409		5,979		19,363				11,537		101,798	
3,540,597		295,428		-		-		- -		-	
3,540,597		295,428		-				-		-	
_		_		_		_		_		_	
-		-		-		-		2,637,499		2,937,070	
2,269,742		-		823,954		-		-,,		-,,	
-		-		-		-		-		-	
-		-		-		58,053 -		-		-	
68,802		207,086		163,512		-		-		-	
 2,338,544		207,086		987,466		58,053		2,637,499		2,937,070	
\$ 6,025,550	\$	508,493	\$	1,006,829	\$	58,053	\$	2,649,036	\$	3,038,868	

(Continued)

Combining Balance Sheet (continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Special Revenue Funds December 31, 2017

						Court		
	Special	Alcohol			Alc	ohol/Drug	Pro	secuting
	-	Drug				ety Action		ttorney
		rams	Aut	o License		Program		raining
Assets		,	_					
Cash, including investments	\$	-	\$	839,590	\$	158,374	\$	41,578
Due from other agencies		-		-		-		-
Accounts receivable		-		-		-		-
Property tax receivable		-		-		-		-
Inventories, at cost						<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Total assets	\$		\$	839,590	\$	158,374	\$	41,578
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable		_		91,966		_		-
Accrued wages		_		63,977		-		-
Due to other entities		-		· -		-		-
			-	_				
Total liabilities				155,943				-
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Deferred property tax revenue		-		-		-		-
Unavailable revenue - accounts receivable						-		<u>-</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources				<u> </u>				
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Inventories		-		-		-		-
Restricted:								
General Government		-		683,647		-		-
Public Safety		-		-		158,374		41,578
Public Works		-		_		-		-
Health and Welfare		-		_		-		-
Culture and Recreation		-		_		-		-
Economic Development		-		_		-		-
Assigned:								
Public Works		-		_		-		-
Public Safety		-		_		-		-
Total fund balance		-		683,647		158,374		41,578
Total liabilities deferred inflows of								
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$		\$	839,590	\$	158,374	\$	41,578
resources and rund paidlices	Ψ		Ψ	039,390	Ψ	100,314	Ψ	41,070

				Fire	e District				
		F	ire District	Res	earch and	To	ownship		
Te	echnology		Operating	Dev	elopment		ssolution		Totals
\$	1,171,314	\$	5,514,257	\$	27,438	\$	192,537	\$	18,579,766
·	-	Ť	-	•	-	•	-	·	403,105
	-		145,428		-		-		1,643,582
	-		15,788,594		-		-		35,041,442
									440,557
\$	1,171,314	\$	21,448,279	\$	27,438	\$	192,537	\$	56,108,452
	186		56,197		-		-		309,259
	7,013		293,029		-		-		938,643
	-		-				-		6,500
	7,199		349,226				<u>-</u>		1,254,402
	-		15,788,594		-		-		35,041,442
			<u> </u>				-		485,564
			15,788,594		<u> </u>				35,527,006
	-		-		-		-		440,557
	1,164,115		_		_		192,537		2,040,299
	-		5,310,459		27,438		-		11,112,418
	-		-		-		-		3,093,696
	-		-		-		-		1,306,256
	-		-		-		-		58,053
	-		-		-		-		9,500
	_		_		_		_		439,400
	-		_		-		-		826,865
	1,164,115		5,310,459		27,438		192,537		19,327,044
\$	1,171,314	\$	21,448,279	\$	27,438	\$	192,537	\$	56,108,452

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds December 31, 2017

	uilding and quipment	eet, Bridge nd Other	Sales Tax d and Bridge	I and Bridge quipment
Assets Cash, including investments Due from other agencies Sales tax receivable	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ 6,679,740 238,932 2,593,713	\$ 161,625 - -
Total assets	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 9,512,385	\$ 161,625
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued wages Due to other funds Advance payable Total liabilities	\$ 159,868 - 83,967 - 243,835	\$ 411,893 411,893	\$ 271,104 9,529 - - - 280,633	\$ - - - -
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenue - accounts receivable Total deferred inflows of resources	 <u>-</u>	<u>.</u>	<u>-</u>	 <u> </u>
Fund balances: Restricted: Capital Outlay Committed: Capital Outlay Assigned: Capital Outlay Unassigned	- - (243,835)	- - - (411,893)	9,231,752	- - 161,625 -
Total fund balance	(243,835)	 (411,893)	9,231,752	161,625
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 	\$ _	\$ 9,512,385	\$ 161,625

	lighway rovement	Im	Capital nprovements	E	Equipment Reserve		re District Special quipment		Totals
\$	45,623	\$	11,718,217	\$	4,056,164	\$	568,662	\$	23,230,031
*	-	Ψ		Ψ	-,000,.0.	Ψ	-	Ψ	238,932
									2,593,713
\$	45,623	\$	11,718,217	\$	4,056,164	\$	568,662	\$	26,062,676
\$	-	\$	64,891	\$	169	\$	-	\$	496,032
	-		-		-		-		9,529
	-		-		-		-		495,860
			5,410,167		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		5,410,167
			5,475,058		169				6,411,588
	<u>-</u>								<u>-</u>
			<u>-</u>		-				<u>-</u>
	-		-		-		-		9,231,752
	-		6,243,159		-		-		6,243,159
	45,623		-		4,055,995		568,662		4,831,905
	-						-		(655,728)
-	45,623		6,243,159	_	4,055,995		568,662		19,651,088
\$	45,623	\$	11,718,217	\$	4,056,164	\$	568,662	\$	26,062,676

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Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Special Revenue Funds	Fire District Debt Service	Capital Projects Funds	Totals	
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 38,037,526	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 38,037,526	
Emergency telephone services taxes	2,886,438	· <u>-</u>	· -	2,886,438	
Sales taxes		-	12,439,396	12,439,396	
Other taxes	57,775	-	-	57,775	
Intergovernmental	9,652,169	-	3,524,379	13,176,548	
Charges for services	23,298,692	-	-	23,298,692	
Uses of money and property	91,179	-	5,399	96,578	
Licenses and permits	56,434	-	-	56,434	
Other	61,496	<u> </u>	710,733	772,229	
Total revenues	74,141,709	. <u> </u>	16,679,907	90,821,616	
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government	5,201,946	-	-	5,201,946	
Public safety	42,785,691	-	-	42,785,691	
Public works	11,629,436	-	-	11,629,436	
Health and welfare	5,217,022	-	-	5,217,022	
Culture and recreation	17,974	-	-	17,974	
Economic development	7,624,392	-	-	7,624,392	
Debt service:					
Principal	589,143	-	-	589,143	
Interest and fiscal charges	34,641	-	-	34,641	
Capital outlay		<u> </u>	32,806,639	32,806,639	
Total expenditures	73,100,245	<u> </u>	32,806,639	105,906,884	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	1,041,464	·	(16,126,732)	(15,085,268)	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers from other funds	996,693	-	12,764,356	13,761,049	
Transfers to other funds	(5,295,602)		(567,950)	(5,863,552)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(4,298,909)	· <u>-</u>	12,196,406	7,897,497	
Net change in fund balances	(3,257,445)	-	(3,930,326)	(7,187,771)	
Fund balances, beginning of year	22,584,489	25,790	23,581,414	46,191,693	
Fund balances, end of period	\$ 19,327,044	\$ 25,790	\$ 19,651,088	\$ 39,003,922	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Wichita State University Program Development		nprehensive Imunity Care	Emergency Medical Services		Aging Services		
Revenues								
Property taxes	\$	7,624,392	\$ 2,995,636	\$	1,647,505	\$	2,681,949	
Emergency telephone services taxes		-	-		-		-	
Other taxes		-			-		-	
Intergovernmental		-	174,444		-		-	
Charges for services		-	-		14,476,148	-		
Uses of money and property		-	-		-		-	
Licenses and permits Other		<u>-</u>	 5		1,892	6		
Total revenues		7,624,392	 3,170,085		16,125,545		2,681,955	
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government		-	-		-		-	
Public safety		-	-		18,499,942		-	
Public works		-	-		-		-	
Health and welfare		-	2,941,791		-		2,275,231	
Culture and recreation		-	-		-		-	
Economic development		7,624,392	-		-		-	
Debt service:								
Principal		-	-		-		-	
Interest		-	-				-	
Total expenditures		7,624,392	2,941,791	18,499,942		2,275,231		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures			 228,294		(2,374,397)		406,724	
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers from other funds		-	-		971,078		-	
Transfers to other funds		-	-		(2,861,628)		(187,047)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	 -		(1,890,550)		(187,047)	
Net change in fund balances		-	228,294		(4,264,947)		219,677	
Fund balances, beginning of year		9,500	 667,666		5,532,369		190,619	
Fund balances, end of period	\$	9,500	\$ 895,960	\$	1,267,422	\$	410,296	

Public Works Highways		s Noxious Weeds		Solid Waste		Special Parks and Recreation		Emergency Telephone Services		Court Trustee Operations	
\$	5,288,486	\$	320,673	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-
	-		-		-		-		2,886,438		-
	4,816,612		-		6,000		20,210		-		4,620,638
	25,476		110,838		1,346,895		-				846,292
	20,470		-		-		_		3,975		040,232
	12,550		_		37,634		_		-		-
	28,352				663				75		10,539
	10,171,476		431,511		1,391,192		20,210		2,890,488		5,477,469
	-		-		-		-		2,257,558		5,791,317
	9,573,385		500,481		1,555,570		_		-		-
	-				-		-		_		-
	-		-		-		17,974		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	<u> </u>		-		- _		-		<u>-</u> _		<u> </u>
	9,573,385		500,481	-	1,555,570		17,974		2,257,558	-	5,791,317
	598,091		(68,970)		(164,378)		2,236		632,930		(313,848)
	-		-		-		25,615		-		-
	(1,000,000)		<u> </u>		(80,269)		-		(652,035)		-
	(1,000,000)				(80,269)		25,615		(652,035)		-
	(401,909)		(68,970)		(244,647)		27,851		(19,105)		(313,848)
	2,740,453		276,056		1,232,113		30,202		2,656,604		3,250,918
\$	2,338,544	\$	207,086	\$	987,466	\$	58,053	\$	2,637,499	\$	2,937,070

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (continued) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Special Alco and Drug Programs	l	Auto License	Alce Safe	Court phol/Drug ety Action rogram	A	secuting torney raining
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Emergency telephone services taxes		-	-		-		-
Other taxes	37,	565	-		-		-
Intergovernmental		-	34,475		-		-
Charges for services		-	4,768,656		7,721		31,459
Uses of money and property		-	-		-		-
Licenses and permits		-	-		-		-
Other			18,353		-		-
Total revenues	37,	565	4,821,484		7,721		31,459
Expenditures							
Current:							
General government		-	4,171,830		-		-
Public safety		-	-		4		33,847
Public works		-	-		-		-
Health and welfare		-	-		-		-
Culture and recreation		-	-		-		-
Economic development		-	-		-		-
Debt service:							
Principal		-	-		-		-
Interest		<u> </u>	-		-		
Total expenditures			4,171,830		4		33,847
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	37,	565	649,654		7,717		(2,388)
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers from other funds		-	-		-		-
Transfers to other funds		565)	(434,228)				
Total other financing sources (uses)	(37,	565)	(434,228)		-		-
Net change in fund balances		-	215,426		7,717		(2,388)
Fund balances, beginning of year			468,221		150,657		43,966
Fund balances, end of period	\$		\$ 683,647	\$	158,374	\$	41,578

T(echnology	Fire District nology Operating					wnship solution	Totals		
\$	-	\$	17,478,885	\$	-	\$	-	\$	38,037,526	
	-		-		-		-		2,886,438	
	-		-		-		-		57,775	
	-		-		-		-		9,652,169	
	893,532		791,675		-		-	- 23,29		
	9,507		77,451		246		-	- 9		
	-		6,250		-		-		56,434	
	-		1,106		505		<u> </u>	61,496		
	903,039		18,355,367		751		<u>-</u>		74,141,709	
	4 000 440								5 004 040	
	1,030,116		40 202 022		-		-		5,201,946	
	-		16,203,023		-		-		42,785,691 11,629,436	
	-		-		-		-		5,217,022	
	_		_		-		-		17,974	
	-		_		-	-			7,624,392	
	-		589,143		-		-		589,143	
			34,641				<u>-</u>		34,641	
	1,030,116		16,826,807						73,100,245	
	(127,077)		1,528,560		751				1,041,464	
	-		_		_		_		996,693	
	(42,830)		_		-		-		(5,295,602)	
	(42,830)		-		-	-	-		(4,298,909)	
	(169,907)		1,528,560		751		-		(3,257,445)	
	1,334,022		3,781,899		26,687		192,537		22,584,489	
\$	1,164,115	\$	5,310,459	\$	27,438	\$	192,537	\$	19,327,044	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Building and Equipment	Street, Bridge and Other	Sales Tax Road and Bridge	Road and Bridge Equipment
Revenues				
Sales taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,439,396	\$ -
Intergovernmental	-	-	2,795,418	-
Uses of money and property	-	-	-	-
Other revenue	50,017		305,634	
Total revenues	50,017		15,540,448	
Expenditures				
Capital outlay	1,619,899	899,809	17,495,760	
Total expenditures	1,619,899	899,809	17,495,760	
(Deficiency) of revenues				
(under) expenditures	(1,569,882)	(899,809)	(1,955,312)	
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers from other funds	1,937,300	491,061	1,566,667	_
Transfers to other funds		<u> </u>		
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,937,300	491,061	1,566,667	
Net change in fund balances	367,418	(408,748)	(388,645)	-
Fund balances (deficits), beginning of year	(611,253)	(3,145)	9,620,397	161,625
Fund balances (deficits), end of period	\$ (243,835)	\$ (411,893)	\$ 9,231,752	\$ 161,625

ighway Capital rovement Improvements		E	quipment Reserve	:	e District Special Juipment	 Totals	
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 12,439,396
-		728,961		-		-	3,524,379
-		-		-		5,399	5,399
 		355,082		-			 710,733
 		1,084,043				5,399	 16,679,907
_		8,021,293		4,562,928		206,950	32,806,639
 	-	0,021,200		4,002,020		200,300	 02,000,000
 		8,021,293		4,562,928		206,950	 32,806,639
<u>-</u>		(6,937,250)		(4,562,928)		(201,551)	 (16,126,732)
_		8,001,868		767,460		-	12,764,356
 -		(567,950)		-		-	 (567,950)
 		7,433,918		767,460			12,196,406
-		496,668		(3,795,468)		(201,551)	(3,930,326)
 45,623		5,746,491		7,851,463		770,213	 23,581,414
\$ 45,623	\$	6,243,159	\$	4,055,995	\$	568,662	\$ 19,651,088

Schedule of Budgetary Accounts Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis (Non-GAAP)

Special Revenue Fund: Wichita State University Program Development For the year ended December 31, 2017

	 Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Variance with Final Budget Positive/ (Negative)		
Revenues	 							
Taxes	\$ 7,633,167	\$	7,633,167	\$	7,624,392	\$	(8,775)	
Other	 300,000		300,000		-		(300,000)	
Total revenues	 7,933,167		7,933,167		7,624,392		(308,775)	
Expenditures								
Current:								
Contractual services	 7,933,167		7,933,167		7,624,392		308,775	
Total expenditures	 7,933,167		7,933,167		7,624,392		308,775	
Net change in fund balances	 							
Fund balances, beginning of year	 				9,500		9,500	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 	\$		\$	9,500	\$	9,500	

Schedule of Budgetary Accounts Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis (Non-GAAP)

Special Revenue Fund: Comprehensive Community Care For the year ended December 31, 2017

				Variance with
	Rudget	ed Amounts	Actual	Final Budget Positive/
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues		- 11101	7411041110	(Hoganio)
Taxes	\$ 2,994,387	\$ 2,994,387	\$ 2,995,636	\$ 1,249
Intergovernmental	174,445	174,445	174,444	(2)
Other	-	-	5	5
Total revenues	3,168,832	3,168,832	3,170,085	1,253
Expenditures				
Current:				
Personnel services	1,593,399	1,593,399	1,292,326	301,073
Contractual services	1,593,846	1,591,846	1,533,128	58,718
Commodities	116,773	118,773	117,784	989
Total expenditures	3,304,018	3,304,018	2,943,238	360,780
Net change in fund balances	(135,186	(135,186)	226,846	362,032
Fund balances, beginning of year	135,186	135,186	692,506	557,320
Fund balances, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 919,352	\$ 919,352

Schedule of Budgetary Accounts Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis (Non-GAAP)

Special Revenue Fund: Emergency Medical Services For the year ended December 31, 2017

Budgeted Amounts						Actual	ariance with inal Budget Positive/	
	-	Original		Final		Amounts	(Negative)	
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	1,645,860	\$	1,645,860	\$	1,647,505	\$ 1,645	
Charges for services		16,604,381		16,604,381		14,747,226	(1,857,155)	
Reimbursed expenditures		165		165		42	(123)	
Other		944		944		1,850	 906	
Total revenues		18,251,350		18,251,350	_	16,396,623	 (1,854,727)	
Expenditures								
Current:								
Personnel services		14,922,551		14,922,551		14,292,983	629,568	
Contractual services		3,176,592		3,101,571		2,773,097	328,474	
Commodities		1,161,619		1,234,617		1,195,679	38,938	
Capital outlay		1,656,799		193,023		193,023	 -	
Total expenditures		20,917,561		19,451,762		18,454,782	 996,980	
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(2,666,211)		(1,200,412)		(2,058,159)	 (857,747)	
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers to other funds		(1,395,829)		(2,861,628)		(2,861,628)	-	
Transfers from other funds		- (4.005.000)		(0.004.000)		971,078	 (971,078)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,395,829)		(2,861,628)		(1,890,550)	 (971,078)	
Net change in fund balances		(4,062,040)		(4,062,040)		(3,948,709)	113,331	
Fund balances, beginning of year		4,062,040		4,062,040		4,048,707	 (13,333)	
Fund balances, end of year	\$	_	\$		\$	99,998	\$ 99,998	

Schedule of Budgetary Accounts Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis (Non-GAAP)

Special Revenue Fund: Aging Services For the year ended December 31, 2017

							iance with
		Budgeted	Amoi	ınts	Actual		al Budget Positive/
		Original	7 (1110)	Final	Amounts		legative)
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	2,683,892	\$	2,683,892	\$ 2,681,949	\$	(1,943)
Other				-	6		6
Total revenues	-	2,683,892		2,683,892	 2,681,955	-	(1,937)
Expenditures							
Current:							
Personnel services		680,449		680,449	618,831		61,618
Contractual services		1,777,108		1,737,588	1,606,491		131,097
Commodities		12,800		52,320	50,246		2,074
Total expenditures		2,470,357		2,470,357	 2,275,568		194,789
Revenues over (under) expenditures		213,535		213,535	 406,387		192,852
Other financing (uses)							
Transfers to other funds		(187,047)		(187,047)	(187,047)		
Total other financing (uses)		(187,047)		(187,047)	 (187,047)		-
Net change in fund balances		26,488		26,488	219,340		192,852
Fund balances, beginning of year		(26,488)		(26,488)	 201,616		228,104
Fund balances, end of year	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-	\$ 420,956	\$	420,956

Schedule of Budgetary Accounts Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis (Non-GAAP)

Special Revenue Fund: Public Works Highways For the year ended December 31, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			
Revenues			Amounts	(Negative)
Taxes	\$ 5,291,376	\$ 5,291,376	\$ 5,288,486	\$ (2,890)
Intergovernmental	4,479,994	4,479,994	4,816,612	336,618
Charges for services	48,301	48,301	25,476	(22,825)
Licenses and permits	5,469	5,469	12,550	7,081
Reimbursed expenditures	6,418	6,418	8,454	2,036
Other	9,300	9,300	19,898	10,598
Total revenues	9,840,858	9,840,858	10,171,476	330,618
Expenditures				
Current:				
Personnel services	6,115,598	6,115,598	5,658,068	457,530
Contractual services	3,928,845	3,928,745	3,724,369	204,376
Commodities	315,780	315,880	190,468	125,412
Total expenditures	10,360,223	10,360,223	9,572,905	787,318
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(519,365)	(519,365)	598,571	1,117,936
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers to other funds	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)	(1,000,000)	-
Transfers from other funds	192,537	192,537		(192,537)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(807,463)	(807,463)	(1,000,000)	(192,537)
Net change in fund balances	(1,326,828)	(1,326,828)	(401,429)	925,399
Fund balances, beginning of year	1,326,828	1,326,828	2,844,879	1,518,051
Fund balances, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,443,450	\$ 2,443,450

Schedule of Budgetary Accounts Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis (Non-GAAP)

Special Revenue Fund: Noxious Weeds

For the year ended December 31, 2017

		Budgeted	Атош		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive/		
		Original	Final		Amounts		(Negative)	
Revenues		Original		I IIIai	Amounts		(Negative)	
Taxes	\$	321,256	\$	321,256	\$	320,673	\$	(583)
Charges for services	Ψ	114,260	Ψ	114,260	Ψ	110,838	Ψ	(3,422)
Total revenues	-	435,516		435,516		431,511		
Total revenues	-	435,516		435,516		431,311		(4,005)
Expenditures								
Current:								
Personnel services		312,168		312,730		310,024		2,706
Contractual services		102,080		101,518		96,888		4,630
Commodities		100,129		100,129		94,088		6,041
Total expenditures		514,377		514,377		501,000		13,377
Net change in fund balances		(78,861)		(78,861)		(69,489)		9,372
Fund balances, beginning of year		78,861		78,861		281,782		202,921
Fund balances, end of year	\$		\$		\$	212,293	\$	212,293

Schedule of Budgetary Accounts Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis (Non-GAAP)

Special Revenue Fund: Solid Waste For the year ended December 31, 2017

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive/	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
Revenues	<u> </u>		7 tillounto	(regaire)	
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,000	\$ 6,000	
Charges for services	1,316,426	1,316,426	1,346,895	30,469	
Licenses and permits	57,643	57,643	37,634	(20,009)	
Reimbursed expenditures	-	-	221	221	
Other	2,299	2,299	442	(1,857)	
Total revenues	1,376,368	1,376,368	1,391,192	14,824	
Expenditures					
Current:					
Personnel services	872,995	874,471	794,647	79,824	
Contractual services	848,991	827,515	691,453	136,062	
Commodities	68,862	88,862	68,616	20,246	
Total expenditures	1,790,848	1,790,848	1,554,716	236,132	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(414,480)	(414,480)	(163,524)	250,956	
Other financing (uses)					
Transfers to other funds	(80,269)	(80,269)	(80,269)		
Total other financing (uses)	(80,269)	(80,269)	(80,269)		
Net change in fund balances	(494,749)	(494,749)	(243,793)	250,956	
Fund balances, beginning of year	494,749	494,749	1,241,199	746,450	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 997,406	\$ 997,406	

Schedule of Budgetary Accounts Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis (Non-GAAP)

Special Revenue Fund: Special Parks and Recreation For the year ended December 31, 2017

	Budgeted	Amou	nts		Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive/
	 Driginal	Final		Amounts		(Negative)	
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ 32,373	\$	32,373	\$	20,210	\$	(12,163)
Total revenues	 32,373		32,373		20,210		(12,163)
Expenditures							
Current:							
Contractual services	32,373		5,966		4,289		1,677
Commodities	 -		26,407		13,685		12,722
Total expenditures	 32,373		32,373		17,974		14,399
Revenues over (under) expenditures	 				2,236		2,236
Other financing sources							
Transfers from other funds	 -				25,615		25,615
Total other financing sources	 -				25,615		25,615
Net change in fund balances	-		-		27,851		27,851
Fund balances, beginning of year	 				30,202		30,202
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 	\$		\$	58,053	\$	58,053

Schedule of Budgetary Accounts Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis (Non-GAAP)

Special Revenue Fund: Emergency Telephone Services For the year ended December 31, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts							Variance with Final Budget Positive/		
		Original	7 (111)	Final		Actual Amounts		Negative)		
Revenues						7 arrio arrio		rtoganro		
Taxes	\$	3,228,198	\$	3,228,198	\$	2,886,438	\$	(341,760)		
Uses of money and property	•	1,425	•	1,425	•	3,975	*	2,550		
Other		, -		, - -		75		75		
Total revenues		3,229,623		3,229,623		2,890,488		(339,135)		
Expenditures										
Current:										
Contractual services		2,547,588		2,542,588		2,423,517		119,071		
Commodities		30,000		35,000		33,600		1,400		
Total expenditures		2,577,588		2,577,588		2,457,117		120,471		
Revenues over (under) expenditures		652,035		652,035	_	433,371		(218,664)		
Other financing (uses)										
Transfers to other funds		(652,035)		(652,035)		(652,035)		-		
Total other financing (uses)		(652,035)		(652,035)		(652,035)		<u> </u>		
Net change in fund balances		-		-		(218,664)		(218,664)		
Fund balances, beginning of year						2,480,178		2,480,178		
Fund balances, end of year	\$		\$		\$	2,261,514	\$	2,261,514		

Schedule of Budgetary Accounts Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis (Non-GAAP)

Special Revenue Fund: Special Alcohol and Drug Programs For the year ended December 31, 2017

	 Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Variance with Final Budget Positive/ (Negative)		
Revenues	 <u> </u>						<u> </u>	
Taxes	\$ 55,486	\$	55,486	\$	37,565	\$	(17,921)	
Total revenues	 55,486		55,486		37,565		(17,921)	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	 55,486		55,486		37,565		(17,921)	
Other financing (uses) Transfers to other funds Total other financing (uses)	 (55,486) (55,486)		(55,486) (55,486)		(37,565) (37,565)		17,921 17,921	
Net change in fund balances	-		-		-		-	
Fund balances, beginning of year	 							
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 	\$	-	\$		\$		

Schedule of Budgetary Accounts Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis (Non-GAAP)

Special Revenue Fund: Fire District Operating For the year ended December 31, 2017

				Variance with
	Rudgeted	Amounts	Actual	Final Budget Positive/
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues			7 11110 01110	(110941110)
Taxes	\$ 17,286,734	\$ 17,286,734	\$ 17,478,885	\$ 192,151
Charges for services	329,769	329,769	791,675	461,906
Uses of money and property	3,511	3,511	77,451	73,940
Licenses and permits	5,640	5,640	6,250	610
Reimbursed expenditures	7,974	7,974	-	(7,974)
Other	12,853	12,853	1,106	(11,747)
Total revenues	17,646,481	17,646,481	18,355,367	708,886
Expenditures				
Current:				
Personnel services	13,907,846	13,908,046	13,568,060	339,986
Contractual services	1,983,417	1,878,306	1,662,442	215,864
Commodities	781,121	832,759	783,806	48,953
Capital outlay	280,082	333,355	195,344	138,011
Debt service:				
Principal	1,112,282	1,112,282	589,143	523,139
Interest			34,641	(34,641)
Total expenditures	18,064,748	18,064,748	16,833,436	1,231,312
Net change in fund balances	(418,267)	(418,267)	1,521,931	1,940,198
Fund balances, beginning of year	418,267	418,267	4,022,992	3,604,725
Fund balances, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,544,923	\$ 5,544,923

Schedule of Budgetary Accounts Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis (Non-GAAP)

Debt Service Fund: County Bond and Interest For the year ended December 31, 2017

	 Budgeted Original	l Amou	unts Final	Actual Amounts	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive/ Negative)
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 14,085,644	\$	14,085,644	\$ 13,940,234	\$	(145,410)
Intergovernmental	239,649		239,649	119,643		(120,006)
Charges for services	664,161		664,161	633,811		(30,350)
Other	 3,115		3,115	-		(3,115)
Total revenues	 14,992,569		14,992,569	14,693,688		(298,881)
Expenditures						
Current:						
Contractual services	20,000		20,000	1,650		18,350
Debt service:						
Principal	13,620,042		13,620,042	13,620,000		42
Interest and fiscal charges	4,677,164		4,677,164	4,677,164		_
Total expenditures	 18,317,206		18,317,206	18,298,814		18,392
Revenues over (under) expenditures	 (3,324,637)		(3,324,637)	(3,605,126)		(280,489)
Other financing sources						
Transfers from other funds	3,182,294		3,182,294	3,167,490		(14,804)
Total other financing sources	3,182,294		3,182,294	3,167,490		(14,804)
Net change in fund balances	(142,343)		(142,343)	(437,636)		(295,293)
Fund balances, beginning of year	 142,343		142,343	 3,251,195		3,108,852
Fund balances, end of year	\$ -	\$		\$ 2,813,559	\$	2,813,559

Schedule of Budgetary Accounts Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis (Non-GAAP)

Debt Service Fund: Fire District Bond and Interest For the year ended December 31, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual mounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive/ (Negative)	
Revenues						•	
Taxes	\$		\$		\$ _	\$	
Total revenues		-					-
Net change in fund balances					 <u>-</u>		
Fund balances, beginning of year					 25,790		25,790
Fund balances, end of year	\$		\$		\$ 25,790	\$	25,790

Internal Service Funds

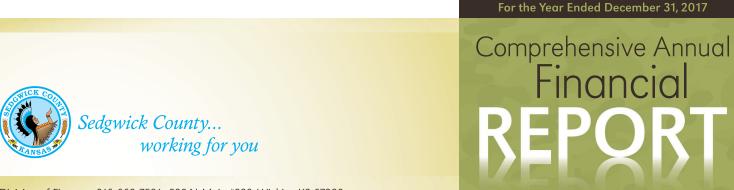
Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing and administration of general services provided to various departments of the County.

Fleet Management - provides and maintains vehicles and equipment for County departments.

Health/Dental/Life Insurance Reserve - provides for the payment of claims, judgments and expenses for health care and dental services.

Workers' Compensation Reserve - provides for the payment of workers' compensation claims and related costs.

Risk Management Reserve - provides the County reimbursement for insurable losses not otherwise insured.



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Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds December 31, 2017

	Fleet Management		Health/Dental/ Life Insurance Reserve		Co	Workers' mpensation Reserve
<u>Assets</u>						
Current assets:						
Cash, including investments	\$	10,299,863	\$	7,864,318	\$	5,076,357
Inventories, at cost		180,443		-		=
Total current assets		10,480,306		7,864,318		5,076,357
Noncurrent assets:						
Capital assets:						
Land		40,580		-		-
Buildings and improvements		8,319,354		-		-
Machinery and equipment		29,984,635		-		=
Less accumulated depreciation		(25,555,604)		-		=
Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		12,788,965		-		-
Total assets	\$	23,269,271	\$	7,864,318	\$	5,076,357
<u>Liabilities</u>						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	43,770	\$	144,365	\$	3,189
Accrued wages		20,494		7,127		8,761
Estimated claims costs payable		-		2,000,000		755,000
Total current liabilities		64,264		2,151,492		766,950
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Estimated claims costs payable		-		-		385,300
Total liabilities		64,264	-	2,151,492		1,152,250
Net position						
Investment in capital assets		12,788,965		-		=
Unrestricted		10,416,042		5,712,826		3,924,107
Total net position		23,205,007		5,712,826		3,924,107
Total liabilities and net position	\$	23,269,271	\$	7,864,318	\$	5,076,357

Ma	Risk anagement Reserve	 Totals
\$	1,472,330	\$ 24,712,868 180,443
	1,472,330	24,893,311
	-	40,580
	-	8,319,354
	61,232	30,045,867
	(58,643)	 (25,614,247)
	2,589	 12,791,554
\$	1,474,919	\$ 37,684,865
\$	150 7,574	\$ 191,474 43,956
		 2,755,000
	7,724	2,990,430
	<u>-</u>	385,300
	7,724	 3,375,730
	2,589	12,791,554
	1,464,606	 21,517,581
	1,467,195	 34,309,135
\$	1,474,919	\$ 37,684,865

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	_ M	Fleet lanagement	ealth/Dental/ fe Insurance Reserve	Co	Workers' mpensation Reserve	
Operating revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	7,350,547	\$ 32,087,880	\$	2,052,483	
Other revenue		46,206	 78,371	-	13,500	
Total operating revenues		7,396,753	 32,166,251		2,065,983	
Operating expenses:						
Salaries and benefits		952,040	290,425		265,199	
Contractual services		407,822	1,599,874		69,911	
Utilities		76,245	-		-	
Supplies and fuel		2,580,441	28,997		123	
Administrative charges		173,460	· <u>-</u>		-	
Depreciation		2,849,844	-		-	
Claims expense		-	31,322,071		791,686	
Other		3,556	_		-	
Total operating expenses		7,043,408	33,241,367		1,126,919	
Operating income (loss)		353,345	(1,075,116)		939,064	
Nonoperating revenues:						
Investment income		-	76,820		40,762	
Gain (loss) on sale of assets		(303,453)	-		-	
Total nonoperating revenues		(303,453)	76,820		40,762	
Income (loss) before transfers		49,892	(998,296)		979,826	
Transfers						
Transfers from other funds		-	-		-	
Transfers to other funds		(644,910)	 -		-	
Change in net position		(595,018)	(998,296)		979,826	
Net position, beginning of year		23,800,025	 6,711,122		2,944,281	
Net position, end of period	\$	23,205,007	\$ 5,712,826	\$	3,924,107	

Risk Management Reserve	Totals	
\$	- \$ 41,490,91	0
55,87	0 193,94	1 7
55,87	0 41,684,85	57
192,91	2 1,700,57	76
580,46		
7:	5 76,32	20
11,13	2,620,69	93
	- 173,46	06
21,08	1 2,870,92	25
317,42	32,431,18	36
	- 3,55	6
1,123,09	2 42,534,78	36
(1,067,22	(849,92	<u>29)</u>
10,98	9 128,57	71
(85,97	3) (389,43	31)
(74,98	9) (260,86	30)
(1,142,21	1) (1,110,78	39)
771,45		
	(644,91	0)
(370,75	6) (984,24	14)
1,837,95		,
1,007,00		<u> </u>
\$ 1,467,19	5 \$ 34,309,13	35

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the year ended December 31, 2017

	М	Fleet anagement	alth/Dental/Life rance Reserve	Co	Worker's mpensation Reserve
Cash flows from operating activities					
Receipts from customers	\$	_	\$ _	\$	-
Receipts from interfund services provided		7,351,075	32,087,880	·	2,052,483
Other operating revenues		46,206	78,371		13,500
Payments to suppliers for goods and services		(3,272,204)	(33,180,506)		(996,131)
Payments to employees for services		(952,040)	(290,425)		(265,199)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		3,173,037	(1,304,680)		804,653
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities					
Transfers from other funds		_	-		-
Transfers to other funds		(644,910)	_		-
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		(0.1.,0.10)			
		(644,910)	 <u> </u>		
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		134,549	_		-
Purchases of capital assets		(1,530,750)	_		-
Net cash used in capital and related	-	(, , ,			
financing activities		(1,396,201)	 		
Cash flows from investing activities					
Interest on investments		<u>-</u>	 76,820		40,762
Net cash provided by investing activities			76,820		40,762
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		1,131,926	(1,227,860)		845,415
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		9,167,937	 9,092,178		4,230,942
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	10,299,863	\$ 7,864,318	\$	5,076,357
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net					
cash provided by (used in) operating activities					
Operating income (loss)	\$	353,345	\$ (1,075,116)	\$	939,064
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to			, , , ,		
net cash provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation expense		2,849,844	-		-
Increase in prepaid expenses		-	_		-
Increase in accounts receivable		528	_		-
Increase in inventories		(26,948)	_		-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(3,732)	(229,564)		(143,211)
Increase in estimated claims payable		(3,. 32)	(====,===1)		8,800
Total adjustments		2,819,692	(229,564)		(134,411)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	3,173,037	\$ (1,304,680)	\$	804,653

Risk	Risk Management		T
	Reserve		Totals
\$	55,870	\$	55,870
	-		41,491,438
	-		138,077
	(1,034,858)		(38,483,699)
	(184,768)		(1,692,432)
	(1,163,756)		1,509,254
	(1,100,100)		.,000,20.
	771,455		771,455
	-		(644,910)
	771,455		126,545
			·
	-		134,549
	_		(1,530,750)
	-		(1,396,201)
			() /
	10,989		128,571
	10,989		128,571
	<u> </u>		
	(381,312)		368,169
	1,853,642		24,344,699
-	1,000,042	-	24,044,000
\$	1,472,330	\$	24,712,868
\$	(1,067,222)	\$	(849,929)
	21,081		2,870,925
	8,144		8,144
	0,144		•
	-		528
	(405 750)		(26,948)
	(125,759)		(502,266)
			8,800
	(96,534)		2,359,183
\$	(1,163,756)	\$	1,509,254

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Agency Funds

Agency Funds account for resources received and held by the County as agent which are to be expended as directed by the party for which the County is acting as agent.

County Treasurer

Payroll

18th Judicial District Court

Sheriff Inmate Trust Fund





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Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities All Agency Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Balance January 1, 2017	Additions	Deductions	Balance December 31, 2017
TOTALS - ALL AGENCY FUNDS				
Assets Cash Accounts receivable	\$ 344,532,377	\$ 2,688,111,733	\$ (2,687,203,130) -	\$ 345,440,980
Property tax levied	214,913,042	566,338,540	(549,616,867)	231,634,715
Total assets	\$ 559,445,419	\$ 3,254,450,273	\$ (3,236,819,997)	\$ 577,075,695
Liabilities Accrued liabilities Due to other governmental units	\$ 16,493,314 542,952,105	\$ 2,688,111,733 566,338,540	\$ (2,687,203,130) (549,616,867)	\$ 17,401,917 559,673,778
Total liabilities	\$ 559,445,419	\$ 3,254,450,273	\$ (3,236,819,997)	\$ 577,075,695
COUNTY TREASURER	Balance January 1, 2017	Additions	Deductions	Balance December 31, 2017
Assets Cash Accounts receivable Property tax levied	\$ 335,420,904 - 214,913,042	\$ 2,515,894,075 566,338,540	\$ (2,512,127,477) - (549,616,867)	\$ 339,187,502 - 231,634,715
Total assets	\$ 550,333,946	\$ 3,082,232,615	\$ (3,061,744,344)	\$ 570,822,217
Liabilities Accrued liabilities Due to other governmental units	\$ 7,381,841 542,952,105	\$ 2,515,894,075 566,338,540	\$ (2,512,127,477) (549,616,867)	\$ 11,148,439 559,673,778
Total liabilities	\$ 550,333,946	\$ 3,082,232,615	\$ (3,061,744,344)	\$ 570,822,217

	Balance January 1, 2017	Additions	Deductions	Balance December 31, 2017
PAYROLL				
Assets				
Cash	\$ 1,564,182	\$ 140,932,608	\$ (142,069,505)	\$ 427,285
Accounts receivable	-	-	-	-
Total assets	\$ 1,564,182	\$ 140,932,608	\$ (142,069,505)	\$ 427,285
Liabilities				
Accrued liabilities	\$ 1,564,182	\$ 140,932,608	\$ (142,069,505)	\$ 427,285
Total liabilities	\$ 1,564,182	\$ 140,932,608	\$ (142,069,505)	\$ 427,285
18TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT	Balance January 1, 2017	Additions	Deductions	Balance December 31, 2017
Assets				
Cash	\$ 7,478,589	\$ 30,912,190	\$ (32,785,367)	\$ 5,605,412
Total assets	\$ 7,478,589	\$ 30,912,190	\$ (32,785,367)	\$ 5,605,412
Liabilities				
Accrued liabilities	\$ 7,478,589	\$ 30,912,190	\$ (32,785,367)	\$ 5,605,412
Total liabilities	\$ 7,478,589	\$ 30,912,190	\$ (32,785,367)	\$ 5,605,412
				(Continued)

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities All Agency Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Balance January 1, 2017 Additions			Additions	Deductions	Balance December 31, 2017		
SHERIFF INMATE TRUST FUND	·				_			
Assets								
Cash	\$	68,702	\$	372,860	\$ (220,781)	\$	220,781	
Accounts receivable		-		-	-		-	
Total assets	\$	68,702	\$	372,860	\$ (220,781.00)	\$	220,781	
Liabilities								
Accrued liabilities	\$	68,702	\$	372,860	\$ (220,781.00)	\$	220,781	
Total liabilities	\$	68,702	\$	372,860	\$ (220,781.00)	\$	220,781	

Statistical Section

The statistical section includes schedules showing ten-year financial trends as extracted from current and prior years' financial reports and other supplemental information relevant to the County. The statistical schedules reflect demographic and economic data, financial trends and the fiscal capacity of the County.





STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of Sedgwick County's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the County's overall financial health.

Table of Contents	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	E-3
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the County's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	E- 8
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	E - 12
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place.	E - 16
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the County's financial report relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.	E - 19

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial report for the relevant year.

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SEDGWICK COUNTY, KANSAS NET POSITION BY COMPONENT Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

					Fiscal Year					
	2008	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	2011	2012	<u>2013</u>	2014	2015	<u>2016</u>	2017
Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted	\$ 204,548,962 150,861,408	\$ 240,044,637 129,664,044	\$ 268,738,532	\$ 282,471,201 61,027,411	\$ 294,690,938 56,123,063	\$ 298,113,489 57,021,635	\$ 310,035,285 59,952,665	\$ 320,464,675 55,946,964	\$ 329,243,600 50,528,123	\$ 309,371,709
Unrestricted Total governmental activities net position	74,229,923 \$ 429,640,293	84,307,304 \$ 454,015,985	77,461,046 \$ 439,318,636	93,115,134 \$ 436,613,746	85,371,059 \$ 436,185,060	85,568,811 \$ 440,703,935	80,894,088 \$ 450,882,038	(34,661,211) \$ 341,750,428	(35,519,210) \$ 344,252,513	(41,255,917) \$ 341,909,125
Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 110,766,423 101,769,649 384,616	\$ 183,396,054 21,188,982 10,791	\$ 182,094,430 13,780,015 1,371,399	\$ 173,139,907 11,631,039 166,572	\$ 165,857,656 10,619,276 2,599,671	\$ 160,701,886 9,977,266 3,745,044	\$ 155,902,064 9,196,893 4,340,525	\$ 152,003,174 8,247,858 5,072,058	\$ 148,147,767 6,615,262 5,904,885	\$ 146,047,762 3,114,029 7,183,527
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 212,920,688	\$ 204,595,827	\$ 197,245,844	\$ 184,937,518	\$ 179,076,603	\$ 174,424,196	\$ 169,439,482	\$ 165,323,090	\$ 160,667,914	\$ 156,345,318
Primary government Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total primary government net position	\$ 315,315,385 252,631,057 74,614,539 \$ 642,560,981	\$ 423,440,691 150,853,026 84,318,095 \$ 658,611,812	\$ 450,832,962 106,899,073 78,832,445 \$ 636,564,480	\$ 455,611,108 72,658,450 93,281,706 \$ 621,551,264	\$ 460,548,594 66,742,339 87,970,730 \$ 615,261,663	\$ 458,815,375 66,998,901 89,313,855 \$ 615,128,131	\$ 465,937,349 69,149,558 85,234,613 \$ 620,321,520	\$ 472,467,849 64,194,822 (29,589,153) \$ 507,073,518	\$ 477,391,367 57,143,385 (29,614,325) \$ 504,920,427	\$ 455,419,471 76,907,362 (34,072,390) \$ 498,254,443

The County's 2008 net position have been restated by \$12,605,321 to increase the value of capital assets in prior years. Certain construction in progress costs for road, bridge and building improvements should have been recorded in

The County's 2012 net position have been restated by \$770,961 to eliminate bond cost that was amortized in prior years.

The County's 2013 net position have been restated by \$306,499 to include premiums, discount and deferred revenue of the Public Building Commission.

The County's 2015 net position have been restated by \$128,333,166 to include net pension liability.

SEDGWICK COUNTY, KANSAS CHANGES IN NET POSITION Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

			(4,795,573)					511,960		•
	(534,989)	(608,964)	(229,164)		•	•		•		•
				•					(543,217)	
Total governmental activities	200,800,709	193,091,422	181,826,912	186,594,595	189,097,947	191,935,541	193,373,933	198,046,000	200,951,972	206,126,548
			•			•		•	•	•
		(7,182,648)	(3,191,933)	(5,424,428)		173,583				
	534,989	608,964	229,164		•					
Total business-type activities	534,989	(6,573,684)	(2,962,769)	(5,424,428)		173,583				
Total primary govemment	\$ 201,335,698	\$ 186,517,738	\$ 178,864,143	\$ 181,170,167	\$ 189,097,947	\$ 192,109,124	\$ 193,373,933	\$ 198,046,000	\$ 200,951,972	\$ 206,126,548
ange in Net Position Governmental activities Business-twoe activities	\$ 42,584,692 (319,851)	\$ 24,375,692 (8,324,861)	\$ (14,697,349)	\$ (2,704,890) (12,308,326)	\$ 342,275 (5,860,915)	\$ 4,825,374 (4,652,407)	\$ 10,178,103	\$ 19,201,556 (4,116,392)	\$ 2,502,085 (4,655,176)	\$ (2,343,388)

Total primary government

SEDGWICK COUNTY, KANSAS FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

			Fiscal Year					
	<u>2008</u>	2009	2010					
General Fund Reserved Unreserved	\$ 6,081,736 60,289,793	\$ 6,439,464 62,369,959	\$ 5,480,843 60,871,094					
Total general fund	\$ 66,371,529	\$ 68,809,423	\$ 66,351,937					
All Other Governmental Funds Reserved Unreserved Designated	56,468,812	40,306,524	23,543,417					
Special revenue funds Capital projects funds Undesignated	8,025,265 46,683,969	7,303,953 37,306,220	9,469,114 12,448,839					
Special revenue funds Capital projects funds	44,192,815 (24,551,310)	43,354,555 (6,663,343)	37,889,024 13,593,302					
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 130,819,551	\$ 121,607,909	\$ 96,943,696					
	2011*	2012	<u>2013</u>	2014	2015	2016		2017
General Fund Nonspendable Restricted	\$ 4,788,374 2,292,205	\$ 4,469,663	\$ 7,041,238	\$ 9,560,858	\$ 9,272,182	\$ 8,977,327	,327 \$	8,676,004
Assigned Unassigned	14,853,724 44,295,545	13,216,543 48,366,230	12,634,724 47,164,833	15,540,068 38,225,843	16,057,287 39,680,121	12,265,769 41,765,023	,769 ,023	15,376,618 39,828,125
Total general fund	\$ 66,229,848	\$ 66,052,436	\$ 66,840,795	\$ 68,626,769	\$ 65,009,590	\$ 63,008,119	\$ 119	66,172,422
All Other Governmental Funds Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned	\$ 1,123,491 71,086,679 14,543,401 20,385,544 (2,006,662)	\$ 1,020,014 84,089,630 10,863,452 13,824,536 (2,688,735)	\$ 843,430 75,127,288 9,943,967 14,034,940 (2,208,780)	\$ 444,259 151,771,314 8,193,709 14,010,003 (6,545,056)	\$ 567,326 132,094,838 8,428,869 13,517,004 (822,095)	\$ 530,417 89,417,200 11,134,933 15,377,091 (614,398)	530,417 \$,417,200 ,134,933 ,377,091 (614,398)	518,403 78,963,001 6,985,035 13,069,403 (655,728)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 105,132,453	\$ 107,108,897	\$ 97,740,845	\$ 167,874,229	\$ 153,785,942	\$ 115,845,243	,243 \$	98,880,114

* In 2011, the County implemented GASB Statement No. 54 under which governmental fund balances are reported as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned compared to the past categories of reserved and unreserved.

SEDGWICK COUNTY, KANSAS CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Dollars in Thousands)

					Fisca	Fiscal Year				
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Revenues										
Taxes	\$ 184,933	\$ 185,948	\$ 182,093	\$ 180,938	\$ 184,420	\$ 186,591	\$ 188,670	\$ 191,772	\$ 195,072	\$ 198,154
Special assessments	3,528	3,615	3,196	3,359	2,375	1,955	1,617	1,301	919	630
Intergovernmental	50,245	53,060	51,426	47.014	44,647	45,482	46.276	50,454	47,323	45,234
Charges for services	68.337	65 648	59 753	66 922	62 599	62 257	63,029	65,890	63.631	59 426
	16,337	7.240	747	5 474	4 352	5 223	03,000	20,000	6038	2,000
Good of money and property Fines and forfeits	458	361	1,74	460	1,302	3,22,0	, t, c,	2,120	28,0	167
	9 6	5 6	002	00 4	., 7	0 4	557	217	202	10.0
Licenses and permits	6/0	256	000	240	,	961	771	82	100	7,970
Keimbursed expenditures	11,026	16,383			•				9,304	5,728
Other	1,831	3,721	13,495	10,287	11,728	7,186	17,396	7,434	'	•
Total revenues	337,259	336,508	315,498	315,000	311,940	309,527	321,842	322,329	324,298	324,342
Expenditures										
General government	48,089	45,283	44,398	43,723	44,564	37,953	36,329	36,367	38,834	42,790
Public safetv	122,499	131,426	139,386	133,111	130.477	133,750	138,131	142,612	139,425	143,919
Public works	14.980	14.462	15,326	14.613	13.442	13,649	13.944	13.874	12.769	13.468
Health and welfare	66.688	67.811	67.918	67.487	60.151	58.328	58.261	59.844	55.094	54.659
Culture and recreation	8 206	9536	9 284	8 9 1 9	8 621	8.301	8 771	14 482	9 282	9 446
Footomic development	17.616	12,612	16 294	13 394	13.836	18,869	19 391	25 961	45 471	17.651
Debt service	2		101		5			50.5	5	3
Principal	12.403	14.251	14.113	14.071	14.989	20.954	16.312	22.842	24.419	15.649
Interest and fiscal charges	5,964	7.125	7.347	6.910	7.208	6,768	6,355	8.082	8.337	7.627
Debt issuance costs	390	268	340	452	340	195	858	280	-	
Capital outlay	34 381	53 598	42 665	201	26.081	28.042	34 745	282	30 583	32 807
Total expenditures	۳.	356.372	357 071	329,02	319 709	326,809	333,097	353 119	364 215	338 016
Excess of revenues over (under)										
expenditures	6,043	(19,864)	(41,573)	(14,007)	(7,769)	(17,282)	(11,255)	(30,790)	(39,917)	(13,674)
Other financing sources (uses)										
Transfers from other funds	39,580	47,685	54,143	27,356	13,955	23,879	18,976	15,602	20,756	18,306
Transfers to other funds	(41,291)	(49,315)	(22,080)	(27,929)	(14,937)	(24,766)	(19,976)	(17,010)	(20,630)	(18,433)
Premium from issuance of revenue bonds	•	•	•	•	•	•	2,765	•	•	•
Premium from issuance of refunding bonds	•	•	•	•	•	•	3,318	1,046	•	•
Premium from issuance of general obligation bonds	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	259	•	•
Extraordinary item	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	(543)	
Sale of general capital assets			•		•		•	1,382	•	•
Issuance of refunding bonds		•	•	•	•	•	31,875	8,060	•	
Issuance of revenue bonds	•	•	•	•	•	•	44,945	•	•	•
Issuance of general obligation bonds	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	9,230	•	•
Issuance of capital lease	•	4,376	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Proceeds from Capital Lease		•	1,793	1,273	•	•	1,271	•	391	•
Debt premium	748	1,099	2,190	1,064	1,224	1,214	•	•	•	•
Debt issuance	43,830	27,485	28,320	26,680	23,795	14,665		•	•	•
Payment to refunded bond	•	•	•	(6,370)	•	•	•	(5,785)	•	•
Payment to refunding bond escrow agent	•	(18,240)	(16,915)		(14,469)	(6,290)	•		•	•
Total other financing sources (uses)	42,867	13,090	14,451	22,074	9,568	8,702	83,174	13,084	(26)	(127)
Net change in fund balances	\$ 48,910	\$ (6,774)	\$ (27,122)	\$ 8,067	\$ 1,799	\$ (8,580)	\$ 71,919	\$ (17,706)	\$ (39,943)	\$ (13,801)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital	į	i	į		i	į	i	į		į
expenditures	%8.9	%9.7	%2'9	%8.9	7.4%	%0.6	7.5%	9.5%	9.4%	7.3%

¹ Percentage has been updated from prior year report.

SEDGWICK COUNTY, KANSAS ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUES OF TAXABLE TANGIBLE PROPERTY Including Motor Vehicles, Last Ten Fiscal Years

SEDGWICK COUNTY PRIMARY GOVERNMENT (Dollars in Thousands)

	Total	Direct	Tax Rate ³	30.377	29.868	29.359	29.428	29.446	29.377	29.478	29.383	29.393	29.393
		Assessed/	Actual Ratio	15.67%	15.55%	15.54%	15.51%	15.54%	15.56%	15.46%	15.51%	15.49%	15.27%
al ¹		Estimated	Actual Value	30,395,099	30,774,698	30,937,459	31,100,364	30,885,295	31,120,379	31,703,833	32,087,628	33,026,895	34,519,016
Total		Assessed	Value	4,762,172	4,786,715	4,806,471	4,823,494	4,800,422	4,842,853	4,902,796	4,977,905	5,115,459	5,270,939
Property ⁵		Estimated	Actual Value	4,741,103	4,526,469	4,379,156	4,330,616	4,369,975	4,434,274	4,463,330	4,427,781	4,500,910	4,935,193
Personal Property ⁵		Assessed	Value	1,082,535	1,027,863	994,685	986,674	995,806	1,009,300	989,209	1,003,376	1,019,388	1,035,677
operty		Estimated	Actual Value	25,653,996	26,248,229	26,558,303	26,769,748	26,515,320	26,686,105	27,240,503	27,659,847	28,525,984	29,583,823
Real Property		Assessed	Value	3,679,637	3,758,852	3,811,787	3,836,821	3,804,616	3,833,553	3,913,588	3,974,529	4,096,071	4,235,262
		Fiscal	Year ^{2,4}	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017

SEDGWICK COUNTY FIRE DISTRICT 1 (Dollars in Thousands)

Real F	Real Property	Personal Property ⁵	roperty ⁵	Total	al ¹		
	Estimated	Assessed	Estimated	Assessed	Estimated	Assessed/	Total Direct
	Actual Value	Value	Actual Value	Value	Actual Value	Actual Ratio	Tax Rate ³
_	3,882,393	270,080	1,141,461	820,895	5,023,854	16.34%	18.501
571,200	4	236,221	1,030,927	807,421	5,691,946	14.19%	18.447
586,829	4	275,346	1,158,260	862,175	5,306,355	16.25%	18.336
33,522	•	283,376	1,182,125	916,898	5,483,214	16.72%	18.397
_	4,163,066	295,874	1,236,184	885,015	5,399,250	16.39%	18.398
2	4,344,936	301,604	1,258,648	896,171	5,603,584	15.99%	18.348
611,796	4,347,654	303,078	1,267,844	914,875	5,615,498	16.29%	18.367
6	4,411,878	305,207	1,270,196	923,656	5,682,074	16.26%	18.371
338,936	4,569,487	312,177	1,297,088	951,112	5,866,575	16.21%	18.414
69,773	4,789,488	321,881	1,481,541	991,654	6,271,029	15.81%	18.392

¹ Represents the equalized valuation of tangible property, including motor vehicles

Source: Sedgwick County Clerk

² Taxes levied support the subsequent year's budget, e.g., 2016 taxes levied finance 2017 spending

³ Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value

⁴ 2009, 2010 and 2011 amounts have been updated from previous Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports

 $^{^{5}}$ Beginning in 2015 values exclude watercraft and 16M/20M motor vehicles

SEDGWICK COUNTY, KANSAS PROPERTY TAX RATES DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS Last Ten Years (rate per \$1,000 of assessed value)

					Year Taxes Are Payable	re Payable					
County Direct Rates	ΩI	2008	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	2011	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	2014	2015	<u>2016</u>	2017
General	છ	21.958 \$	23.615 \$	22.005 \$	21.516 \$	22.003 \$	21.790 \$	21.915 \$	22.249 \$	22.814	\$ 22.528
Road and bridge		1.408	1.506	1.178	1.042	1.256	1.194	1.093	1.129	1.026	0.780
Mental health		0.704	0.607	0.714	0.624	0.460	0.584	0.613	0.585	0.590	0.495
Noxious weeds		960.0	0.081	0.089	0.091	0.106	0.084	0.081	0.088	0.059	0.065
Emergency medical services		1.049	0.904	0.706	0.427	0.896	0.688	0.577	0.603	0.277	906.0
Aging		0.573	0.561	0.608	0.601	0.564	0.539	0.497	0.560	0.523	0.494
WSU program development		1.500	1.500	1.502	1.500	1.500	1.500	1.500	1.500	1.500	1.500
Debt service		3.089	1.094	2.557	3.627	2.661	2.998	3.202	2.669	2.604	2.625
Total direct rate		30.377	29.868	29.359	29.428	29.446	29.377	29.478	29.383	29.393	29.393
Fire District Rates		18.501	18.447	18.336	18.397	18.398	18.348	18.367	18.371	18.414	18.392
City Rates											
Andale		41.894	42.492	42.361	42.511	44.025	46.893	44.016	41.862	48.575	52.218
Bentley		45.033	53.545	53.633	53.690	53.762	53.761	53.736	53.629	58.571	59.601
Cheney		56.605	56.842	55.116	55.126	58.381	57.808	57.833	60.740	808.09	60.753
Clearwater		43.661	41.767	46.000	49.943	49.897	49.873	53.993	53.999	56.061	56.144
Colwich		42.227	53.784	33.328	40.054	40.230	41.988	46.041	47.911	52.347	56.589
Derby		47.756	47.773	47.818	47.340	47.153	47.054	47.148	47.009	48.021	48.075
Eastborough		62.241	58.351	57.944	59.999	62.073	64.597	64.597	64.664	63.637	63.637
Garden Plain		49.863	49.509	49.347	50.075	49.119	49.058	48.964	48.874	48.855	50.856
Goddard		16.426	18.789	27.146	28.114	28.048	33.057	33.085	31.164	31.228	33.230
Haysville		48.408	48.425	48.421	48.436	48.425	48.672	48.609	48.646	48.618	48.500
Kechi		23.954	33.857	33.774	33.676	33.714	33.706	33.866	33.699	36.727	36.726
Maize		43.022	42.427	43.323	43.132	42.868	43.270	43.036	43.030	43.059	43.117
Mount Hope		51.008	50.945	51.332	51.251	51.002	50.460	50.636	54.612	56.072	55.933
Mulvane		53.359	53.414	53.753	52.759	46.531	41.923	42.406	42.262	44.247	44.304
Sedgwick		51.033	51.316	65.055	65.420	66.475	63.272	63.273	62.783	64.299	74.977
Valley Center		48.367	48.516	48.448	51.172	53.630	53.630	55.443	55.446	55.640	54.951
Viola		14.200	14.087	14.677	19.662	20.019	21.360	21.202	22.181	25.526	26.185
Wichita		32.056	32.142	32.272	32.359	32.471	32.509	32.652	32.686	32.625	32.667
Bel Aire		34.908	35.970	39.050	46.118	46.162	45.695	45.730	46.246	45.726	45.719
Park City		37.450	37.332	37.395	37.792	39.607	39.890	40.051	40.111	40.224	41.325
Townships	Ö.	.088-19.167	.073-21.737	.010-23.745	1.630-24.029	1.613-24.009	1.677-24.077	1.663-22.726	1.722-23.243	2.088-21.321	2.075-21.632
School Districts	45.4	42.413-65.327	44.194-66.534	42.809-70.835	43.481-70.072	43.433-70.409	46.067-69.816	38.164-66.358	41.667-66.599	42.000-65.341	42.644-67.592
Cemetery Districts	•	.194-1.771	.133-2.006	.132-2.006	0.136-2.913	0.141-2.932	0.141-2.928	0.139-2.826	0.141-2.891	0.136-2.844	0.277-2.807
Drainage Districts		.872-2.997	.888-2.972	.898-2.712	0.923-2.749	0.940-2.734	0.942-2.707	0.974-2.582	1.007-2.435	0.994-2.395	0.999-2.369
Improvement Districts	1.0	1.000-17.091	0.967-17.043	.978-12.077	0.000-16.102	0.000-16.195	0.000-17.694	0.000-17.525	0.000-17.368	0.911-11.053	0.914-12.130
Other Districts	1.0	1.013-20.101	1.987-19.808	1.137-22.804	1.138-19.357	0.509-19.504	0.489-19.151	0.483-19.073	0.451-19.032	0.000-18.647	1.253-3.327

Source: Sedgwick County Tax Administration System Sedgwick County Clerks Website 2017 Ad Valorem Tax Levies

SEDGWICK COUNTY, KANSAS PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		Fiscal Year 2017	710		Fiscal Year 2008	800
	Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total County Taxable Assessed Value	Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total County Taxable Assessed Value
Kansas Gas & Electric - A Westar Co.	\$ 128,394,062	_	2.83%	\$ 78,798,917	7	1.87%
Spirit Aerosystems, Inc.	104,777,736	7	2.31%	83,392,475	_	1.98%
Beechcraft Corp 1	43,446,124	ო	%96.0	•	ı	
Cessna Aircraft	42,535,946	4	0.94%	30,050,329	7	0.71%
The Boeing Company	35,635,552	2	%62'0	47,073,931	ო	1.12%
Walmart/Sam's	29,672,251	9	0.65%	•	ı	
Kansas Gas Service - A Division of OneGas	26,225,849	7	0.58%	22,892,028	80	0.54%
Simon Property Group LP/ Towne West Square LLC	25,175,808	∞	0.56%	31,131,602	9	0.74%
City of Wichita	21,468,741	O	0.47%		ı	
Southwestern Bell Telephone	17,149,419	10	0.38%	40,656,789	4	%96:0
Wesley Medical Center, LLC		ı		32,852,959	2	0.78%
Hawker Beechcraft Corp		ı		15,573,891	0	0.37%
Raytheon Aircraft Company		ı		14,609,855	10	0.35%
u	\$ 474,481,488		10.47%	\$ 397,032,776		9.42%

¹ Formerly Raytheon Aircraft and Hawker Beechcraft Corp.

Source: Sedgwick County Clerk

GENERAL PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS SEDGWICK COUNTY, KANSAS Last Ten Fiscal Years

SEDGWICK COUNTY PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

	ons to Date	Percentage of	Adjusted Levy		100.00%	100.00%	98.92%	%92.76	98.03%	98.75%	98.58%	99.13%	98.78%	%92'.26
	Total Collections to Date		Amount		128,308,124	129,946,192	126,572,433	126,621,024	127,714,060	127,714,927	127,829,919	129,565,372	129,907,409	132,021,791
	Collections	in Subsequent	Years ³		3,733,046	4,244,455	2,609,634	2,519,507	2,364,298	2,585,502	2,321,886	1,917,108	1,285,795	Not Applicable
ithin the	of the Levy	Percentage of	Original Levy		96.76%	92.97%	95.71%	%20.96	96.41%	96.84%	96.81%	97.50%	%99'.26	%69′26
Collected within the	Fiscal Year of the Levy		Amount ²		124,575,078	125,701,736	123,962,799	124,101,517	125,349,762	125,129,425	125,508,033	127,648,264	128,621,614	132,021,791
	•	Total	Adjusted Levy		128,306,737	129,948,606	127,956,386	129,525,884	130,285,255	129,325,060	129,666,083	130,706,297	131,509,603	135,052,538
			Adjustments	1 1	(440,767)	(1,035,315)	(1,565,747)	343,543	269,245	108,339	26,690	(215,999)	(195,108)	(94,878)
Taxes Levied	for the	Fiscal Year	(Original Levy)		128,747,504	130,983,921	129,522,134	129,182,341	130,016,010	129,216,721	129,639,393	130,922,296	131,704,711	135,147,416
		Тах	Year ¹		2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016

SEDGWICK COUNTY FIRE DISTRICT 1

	to Date	Percentage of	Adjusted Levy	700	88.72%	100.00%	98.58%	%69.66	%68.66	99.74%	99.41%	99.40%	99.12%	%98.36%
	Total Collections to Date		Amount /	1	12,917,328	13,420,611	13,604,461	14,115,036	14,349,368	14,609,109	14,673,997	14,922,917	15,061,451	15,488,312
	Collections	in Subsequent	Years ³	000	231,273	324,407	231,320	257,174	176,707	226,513	189,496	183,715	109,951	Not Applicable
thin the	the Levy	Percentage of	Original Levy	7007	97.46%	96.43%	96.48%	97.01%	97.05%	%02.76	97.49%	97.39%	%06'26	98.24%
Collected within the	Fiscal Year of the Levy		Amount ²	0000	12,680,055	13,096,204	13,373,141	13,857,862	14,172,661	14,382,596	14,484,501	14,739,202	14,951,500	15,488,312
	!	Total	Adjusted Levy		12,953,186	13,420,877	13,801,015	14,158,302	14,437,826	14,647,532	14,761,294	15,013,404	15,195,768	15,746,168
			Adjustments	(i	(569,95)	(160,583)	(60,613)	(127,003)	(166,083)	(74,201)	(96,016)	(120,732)	(77,053)	(20,373)
Taxes Levied	for the	Fiscal Year	(Original Levy)	70000	13,009,881	13,581,460	13,861,628	14,285,305	14,603,909	14,721,733	14,857,310	15,134,136	15,272,821	15,766,541
		Тах	Year 1	1	7007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016

¹ Taxes levied support the subsequent year's budget, e.g., 2016 taxes financed 2017 spending ² Net of refunding warrants ³ Excludes interest penalties

Source: Sedgwick County Treasurer Tax Abstract

SEDGWICK COUNTY, KANSAS RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Per	Capita ²	363	355	354	370	360	337	467	445	391	356
	Percentage	of Personal	Income ²	%6:0	0.8%	%6.0	%6.0	0.8%	0.7%	1.0%	%6.0	0.8%	0.7%
	Total	Primary	Government	176,285,226	175,655,685	176,930,504	185,323,779	181,620,346	170,474,803	237,708,818	226,970,740	199,988,023	183,090,384
		Premium	(Discount)	,	•	2,190,020	3,071,677	3,977,145	5,410,248	10,865,354	11,464,461	8,509,062	7,260,566
		Capital	Leases	1,932,286	1,595,100	2,955,239	3,633,318	2,908,377	2,264,555	2,718,464	1,996,279	1,713,961	1,124,818
tivities	KDOT	Revolving	Loan	2.937.940	7,175,585	6,845,245	6,528,784	6,199,824					
Governmental Activities		Special	Assessments	12.540.000	7,855,000	7,257,249	5,415,000	4,345,000	3,667,949	3,343,000	2,820,000	2,192,000	1,958,000
	Public	Building	Commission	88,685,000	83,850,000	79,600,000	87,875,000	83,575,000	83,670,000	153,825,000	146,290,000	133,025,000	126,290,000
	General	Obligation	Bonds	70,190,000	75,180,000	78,082,751	78,800,000	80,615,000	75,462,051	66,957,000	64,400,000	54,548,000	46,457,000
		Fiscal	Year	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017

Details regarding the county's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements

¹ Information added to table in 2017

² Population and personal income data can be found in Schedules E-15 These ratios are calculated using personal income for the prior calendar year Personal income and population data has been updated since previous report

SEDGWICK COUNTY, KANSAS RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Per Capita ²	303	297	296	317	297	298	348	333	304	279
	Percentage of Actual Value of Taxable	Property ³	0.48%	0.48%	0.48%	0.51%	0.48%	0.48%	0.56%	0.53%	0.47%	0.42%
	Percentage of Personal	Income ²	0.77%	%69.0	0.74%	0.82%	0.67%	0.64%	0.74%	0.67%	0.62%	0.57%
g		Total	147,265,204	146,893,813	147,778,891	159,004,563	149,538,064	150,631,468	177,103,941	169,970,580	155,651,519	143,254,706
General Bond Debt Outstanding	Less: Amounts Restricted to	Repaying Principal	(11,609,796)	(12,136,187)	(9,903,860)	(7,670,437)	(14,651,936)	(8,500,583)	(43,678,059)	(40,719,420)	(31,921,481)	(29,492,294)
Ger	General	Obligation Debt 1	158,875,000	159,030,000	157,682,751	166,675,000	164,190,000	159,132,051	220,782,000	210,690,000	187,573,000	172,747,000
		Fiscal Year	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017

¹ Includes General Obligation and Public Building Commission debt; excludes Fire District 1, special assessment debt, KDOT revolving loan and capital leases

² Population and personal income data can be found in Schedule E-15 These ratios are calculated using personal income for the prior calendar year

Personal income and population data has been updated since previous report

 $^{^{\}rm 3}$ Property value data can be found in Schedule E-7

SEDGWICK COUNTY, KANSAS LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollars in Thousands)

Ţ									Ĭ
	2008	<u>2009</u>	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	<u>2016</u>
Statutory debt capacity: Equalized assessed valuation of taxable tangible property	\$ 4,218,727	\$ 4,245,447	\$ 4,244,709	\$ 4,312,927	\$ 4,286,965	\$ 4,301,085	\$ 4,348,562	\$ 4,410,040	\$ 4,531,486
Estimated tangible valuation of motor vehicles	543,445	537,340	537,340	523,812	523,435	538,413	549,522	567,865	583,973
Estimated tangible valuation for computation of bonded indebtedness limitations	\$ 4,762,172	\$ 4,782,787	\$ 4,782,049	\$ 4,836,739	\$ 4,810,400	\$ 4,839,498	\$ 4,898,084	\$ 4,977,905	\$ 5,115,459
Debt limit (3% of total valuation)	\$ 142,865	\$ 143,484	\$ 143,461	\$ 145,102	\$ 144,312	\$ 145,185	\$ 146,943	\$ 149,337	\$ 153,464
Amount of debt applicable to limit Total bonded indebtedness Less exempt issues	174,353 (130,957)	174,061 (133,779)	171,785 (130,303)	178,619 (133,462)	174,735 (141,906)	162,800 (128,319)	224,125 (197,118)	213,510 (186,522 <u>)</u>	189,765 (166,900)
Total net debt applicable to limit	43,396	40,282	41,482	45,157	32,829	34,481	27,007	26,988	22,865
Legal debt margin	\$ 99,469	\$ 103,202	\$ 101,979	\$ 99,945	\$ 111,483	\$ 110,704	\$ 119,935	\$ 122,349	\$ 130,599
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	30.38%	28.07%	28.92%	31.12%	22.75%	23.75%	18.38%	18.07%	14.90%

SEDGWICK COUNTY, KANSAS PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE

Special Assessments Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Dollars in Thousands)

	Special			
Fiscal	Assessment			
Year	Collections	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2008	3,528	1,710	635	1.50
2009	3,615	1,785	559	1.54
2010	3,196	1,295	338	1.96
2011	3,359	1,182	245	2.35
2012	2,375	1,070	200	1.87
2013	1,955	655	163	2.39
2014	1,617	325	140	3.48
2015	1,108	328	131	2.42
2016	919	228	108	2.73
2017	630	234	90	1.94

Details regarding the county's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements

THE SPECIAL TAX LEVY - HISTORICAL COVERAGES Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Balance	
			Available for	
	Actual Special	Existing Bond	University	Debt Service
	Tax Levy	Debt Service	Program	Coverage
Calendar Year	Revenue 1	Requirements ²	Expenditures 3	Ratio 4
2008	6,798,738	1,587,603	5,211,135	4.28
2009	7,076,919	1,585,852	5,491,067	4.46
2010	7,031,298	1,586,478	5,444,820	4.43
2011	7,027,579	1,590,202	5,437,377	4.42
2012	7,120,438	1,586,895	5,533,543	4.49
2013	7,162,443	1,580,363	5,582,080	4.53
2014	7,223,079	1,476,008	5,747,071	4.89
2015	7,322,161	1,478,125	5,844,036	4.95
2016	7,449,554	1,476,250	5,973,304	5.05
2017	7,624,392	3,766,586	3,857,806	2.02

¹ Total Proceeds from the Special Tax Levy

² Debt service requirements for the existing bonds paid from such proceeds

³ Balance available to be distributed to the Board of Trustees of Wichita State University for University program expenditures

⁴ Debt service coverage ratio for the existing bonds paid from such proceeds

SEDGWICK COUNTY, KANSAS DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Unemployment	Rate 4	4.3%	8.7%	8.8%	8.0%	7.0%	6.4%	2.6%	4.0%	4.4%	3.4%
	Public School	Enrollment ³	89,248	90,467	91,071	91,302	92,273	92,988	93,502	93,672	93,254	93,748
	Per Capita	Personal Income ^{2, 5}	44,042	40,285	39,071	44,348	46,997	47,586	50,078	49,267	49,213	Not Available
Personal Income 2,5	(thousands	of dollars)	21,407,778	19,941,205	19,509,118	22,213,695	23,683,947	24,085,292	25,472,816	25,143,719	25,197,029	Not Available
ш.	Increase	%		1.84	0.87	0.32	0.61	0.44	0.50	0.33	0.32	0.39
		Population 1,5	486,077	495,006	499,320	200,900	503,945	506,141	508,666	510,360	511,995	513,992
		Year	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017

Notes:

¹ 2017 Population is estimated. Population for 2007-2016 is from the U.S. Census Bureau.

² U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

³ Kansas State Department of Education

⁴ Kansas Department of Labor

⁵ Prior years amounts have been updated to reflect the most recent information from the U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

SEDGWICK COUNTY, KANSAS PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		Fiscal Year 2017			Fiscal Year 2008	6
			Percentage of Total Wichita			Percentage of Total Wichita
	Employees	Rank	MSA 1	Employees	Rank	MSA 1
Spirit AeroSystems, Inc.	10,700	F	3.47%	10,900	2	3.41%
Textron Aviation	008'6	2	3.02%		•	
McConnell Air Force Base	6,807	က	2.21%		•	
Wichita Public Schools USD #259	5,489	4	1.78%	5,391	4	1.69%
Via Christi Health	4,654	2	1.51%	4,809	2	1.50%
State of Kansas	4,494	9	1.46%	4,094	9	1.28%
Koch Industries Inc.	3,240	7	1.05%		•	
City of Wichita	2,831	80	0.92%	3,103	7	0.97%
U.S. Government	2,673	6	0.87%	2,524	10	0.79%
Sedgwick County	2,550	10	0.83%	2,762	о	%98.0
Cessna Aircraft Company				11,300	_	3.53%
Hawker Beechcraft				6,767	က	2.12%
Boeing IDS Wichita		ı		3,005	∞	0.94%
	52,738		17.12%	54,655		17.09%

¹ Includes Sedgwick, Butler, Harvey, Kingman and Sumner counties for 2017. Data for 2008 includes Sedgwick, Butler, Harvey and Sumner counties.

Source: Wichita Business Journal and Kansas Department of Labor

SEDGWICK COUNTY, KANSAS FULL-TIME COUNTY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Full-time Employees as of	as of December 31				
Function/Program	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	2014	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	2017
General government	446	477	475	446	429	409	422	386	404	410
Public safety	1,509	1,549	1,542	1,476	1,420	1,438	1,406	1,413	1,404	1,429
Public works	126	132	124	111	115	116	116	130	129	125
Health and welfare	593	614	610	222	529	209	522	489	476	479
Culture and recreation	128	127	112	105	96	94	96	103	66	106
Economic development	+	12	12	13	9	9	9	က	3	-
	2,813	2,911	2,875	2,708	2,595	2,572	2,568	2,524	2,515	2,550

Source: Sedgwick County finance department as of December 31, 2017

SEDGWICK COUNTY, KANSAS OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
General government										
Number of registered voters	246,928	252,101	259,888	261,038	274,369	271,013	275,499	274,961	294,138	292,029
Number of taxable real estate parcels	210,889	217,134	217,684	212,725	212,765	212,744	212,917	213,261	212,851	213,810
Documents filed with register of deeds	84,578	83,406	75,458	68,485	78,147	82,749	69,651	76,939	77,642	75,504
Real estate records processed	68,456	78,725	62,700	53,957	46,893	77,608	64,450	74,132	56,606	74,665
Average monthly investment portfolio (in millions)	\$ 413.3	\$ 378.0	\$ 317.5	\$ 299.2	\$ 297.4	\$ 290.0	\$ 284.1	\$ 269.5	\$ 276.4	\$ 273.4
Average number of bids per purchase	4.7	5.0	4.4	6.5	7.1	6.2	8.8	9.1	8.4	9.4
Public safety										
Average monthly number of incoming 911 calls	35,170	38,627	36,635	37,145	39,502	40,328	40,901	47,304	49,009	44,158
Average monthly number of EMS responses	4,000	4,150	4,401	4,520	4,714	4,836	5,051	5,337	5,182	5,171
Number of residential structural fires per 100,000 households	256	280	161	74	88	70	91	167	214	189
Average monthly number of medical responses by Fire	288	248	292	206	330	378	415	462	423	408
Average daily population, juveniles in detention	109	106	113	110	09	22	62	64	22	52
Average daily population in custody of Sheriff	1,533	1,645	1,561	1,502	1,442	1,418	1,359	1,406	1,373	1,448
Percent of autopsy reports filed within 90 days	62	22	69	88	69	75	78	74	63	98
Public works										
Miles of road improved	113	61	92	121	172	163	46	186	122	144
Miles of road maintained	622	617	617	929	617	009	603	603	603	265
Household hazardous waste tonnage disposed (in tons)	489	521	594	653	664	580	929	298	571	650
Health and welfare										
Number of mental health program clients	12,253	11,934	12,483	12,126	12,299	12,344	12,559	12,940	13,476	13,572
Number of Individuals eligible for developmental disability	2.0	C	0	0	0	0	0	, c	0	Ç
Selvices	2,102	7,203	7,210	2,33	2,410	7,407	2,330		7,092	176'7
Number of health clinic patient encounters	178,812	188,205	174,841	164,037	176,230	153,529	155,316	_	147,358	141,722
Number of immunizations provided	26,015	27,327	23,588	33,586	24,453	23,080	22,734	.,	25,763	19,809
Number of tuberculosis encounters	6,357	4,742	4,205	3,061	2,731	2,806	2,741	3,819	3,050	3,033
Culture and recreation										
Number of events per year at Intrust Bank Arena	*	*	109	63	70	80	100	107	102	87
Annual attendance at Intrust Bank Arena events	*	*	492,532	391,801	349,612	411,121	298,825	439,767	371,280	338,190
Number of events per year at Kansas Pavilions	122	110	22	39	*	*	*	*	*	*
Annual attendance at Kansas Pavilions events	543,519	500,801	202,922	203,800	*	*	*	*	*	*
Annual attendance at Sedgwick County Zoo	584,076	654,494	548,919	553,098	515,634	511,306	527,981	581,773	710,629	581,227
Annual attendance at Sedgwick County Park	1,131,339	1,060,267	966,792	1,028,339	872,349	922,713	959,101	944,320	1,000,806	1,021,314
Economic development Total value of merchandise moving through foreign trade										
zone (in millions)	\$ 20.3	\$ 25.7	\$ 1,159.0	\$ 1,698.7	\$ 36.4	\$ 297.4	\$ 226.0	\$ 91.9	\$ 103.4	\$ 79.3
Average monthly number of Sec. 8 housing clients	318	306	294	297	244	230	214	193	155	144

^{*} Information not available.

Source: County operating departments

SEDGWICK COUNTY, KANSAS CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal Year	Year				
Function/Program	2008	2009	<u>2010</u>	2011	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	2014	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	2017
General government										
Auto License buildings	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Total fleet vehicles	464	473	464	469	468	466	462	462	464	468
Public safety										
Adult detention facility capacity	1,145	1,158	1,158	1,158	1,158	1,158	1,158	1,158	1,158	1,158
Fire stations	80	တ	တ	o	6	o	o	o	6	6
EMS posts	41	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Public Safety vehicles	278	291	294	290	288	274	278	279	279	280
Public works										
Bridges maintained	645	639	593	593	601	583	582	593	598	298
Miles of roads maintained	622	617	617	929	009	009	603	603	601	009
Culture and recreation										
Sedgwick County Park acreage	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400
Lake Afton Park acreage ¹	720	720	720	720	720	720	720	720	720	720

¹ Prior years have been updated from prior reports.

Source: County budget department and individual county departments