



2020 Comprehensive Annual FINANCIAL REPORT For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT of

THE COUNTY OF SEDGWICK, KANSAS

for the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Prepared by:
DIVISION OF FINANCE
Lindsay Poe Rousseau, Chief Financial Officer
Brent Shelton, Deputy Chief Financial Officer
Hope Hernandez, Director of Accounting

COUNTY OF SEDGWICK, KANSAS BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

2020

Chairman Peter F. Meitzner

Chair Pro-Tem Lacey D. Cruse

Commissioner Michael O'Donnell, II

Commissioner David T. Dennis

Commissioner
James M. Howell

County Manager Thomas J. Stolz

2021

Chairman
Peter F. Meitzner

Chair Pro-Tem Lacey D. Cruse

Commissioner Sarah Lopez

Commissioner David T. Dennis

Commissioner James M. Howell

County Manager Thomas J. Stolz

NON-DISCRIMINATION STATEMENT

Sedgwick County does not discriminate on the basis of handicapped status in the admission to, or treatment of, or employment in, its programs or activities. The Affirmative Action Officer has been designated to coordinate the non-discrimination requirements contained in Section 51.55 of the Revenue Sharing Regulations. The Coordinator may be contacted in the Sedgwick County Office of Affirmative Action, 510 North Main, Wichita, Kansas, 67203. Phone (316) 660-7058.

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

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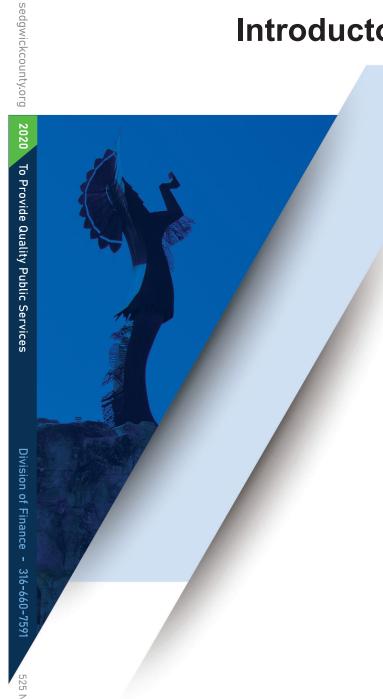
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Introductory Section







County Manager's Office

525 N. Main, Suite 343, Wichita, KS 67203 - www.sedgwickcounty.org - TEL: 316-660-9393

May 21, 2021

Board of County Commissioners Sedgwick County Courthouse 525 N. Main Wichita. KS 67203-2703

Dear Commissioners:

The administration is pleased to present to you the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the County of Sedgwick, Kansas for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020. This document is a review of what occurred financially last year. In that respect, it is a report card of our ability to manage our financial resources. This report indicates we are in sound financial shape.

This document can also be used as a means to inform you and the citizens regarding our financial condition as you struggle with the difficult choices of delivery of services. It provides a foundation of information that will help us all make informed decisions.

This report, along with management of our finances, is the fine work of Chief Financial Officer Lindsay Poe Rousseau, Deputy Chief Financial Officer Brent Shelton, Accounting Director Hope Hernandez, and the Accounting team of Brandi Baily, Mandy Estes, Lynn Newby, Rebecca Wadsworth and Ammi Walters.

Sincerely,

Tom Stolz

County Manager



Division of Finance

525 N. Main, Suite 823, Wichita, KS 67203 - www.sedgwickcounty.org - TEL: 316-660-7591 - FAX: 316-383-7729

May 21, 2021

To the Honorable Chair of the Board, Members of the Board of County Commissioners, and Citizens of Sedgwick County:

Good financial management requires that we provide full disclosure of the results of the County's fiscal activities each year, and that we obtain independent verification of the accuracy of our financial statements. Additionally, Kansas statutes call for an annual audit of all funds of the County by independent certified public accountants. Pursuant to these requirements, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of Sedgwick County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020. The County is responsible for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures. I believe that the information presented in this report is accurate in all material aspects, that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the County as measured by the financial activity of the various funds, and that all disclosures necessary for readers to gain an understanding of the County's financial affairs have been included.

The firm of BKD, L.L.P. audited the County's financial statements. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatement. Sedgwick County has implemented a control environment that has been built into, not onto, its business practices. The objective of this control environment is to provide reasonable assurance that its financial statements are free of material misstatements. The cost of providing absolute assurance far exceeds the potential benefits derived from absolute assurance. The independent audit involves examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there is a reasonable basis for rendering unmodified opinions that the statements are presented in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, (GAAP) and fairly present the financial position of the County. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

PROFILE OF SEDGWICK COUNTY

History

Originally a camping ground of the Osage and Wichita Indian tribes, Sedgwick County, Kansas, is thought to be a place of discovery for such explorers as Francisco Coronado and Kit Carson. The earliest European settler to the region was M. DuTissenet, a Frenchman operating under the direction of the governor of Louisiana, in 1719. DuTissenet brought with him soldiers, traders, and hunters who soon populated and transformed the region from prairie to a land of opportunity.

Sedgwick County was officially established nearly 150 years later on February 26, 1867, and bears the name of Civil War hero Major General John Sedgwick of the Union Army who was killed during the battle of Spotsylvania Courthouse in Virginia. After an initial failed attempt at establishing an official county government, the Governor of the State of Kansas appointed three Commissioners to aid in the effort. In April 1870, the first county officials were elected and the county seat of Wichita was chosen.

Geography

Occupying 1,008 square miles of land in south central Kansas, Sedgwick County falls within the borders of the Arkansas River Lowlands. It is noted for its extreme flatness, as its highest point is only 1,540 feet above sea level. The County's lowest point, approximately 1,220 feet above sea level, occurs along the southern border where the Arkansas River leaves the county. Sedgwick County's largest city is Wichita, which is located along Interstate 35 with service areas to Interstate 135, U.S. 54, and various other highways.

Population

Sedgwick County is in a growing region, currently home to an estimated 517,290 citizens. The County's population has increased 3.7 percent since 2010 census, and has increased faster than the population of Kansas as a whole (2.7 percent since the 2010 census). The population of Sedgwick County is expected to grow to approximately 630,439 by 2064. In addition to a strong growth trend, the *U.S. Census Bureau*, 2017 American Community Survey, reports Sedgwick County is a relatively young community, with 89 percent of its population younger than the age of 65 with a median age of 35.5 years.

GOVERNMENT

Elected Officials

Sedgwick County is governed by a five-member Board of County Commissioners (BOCC) that meets in regular weekly sessions, with the exception of the last Wednesday of every month. Commissioners are elected according to geographical area (districts) and serve four-year terms with those terms overlapping. The Commissioners are full-time County officials and perform all executive, legislative, and policy-related functions. The Board also governs Sedgwick County Fire District 1, a separate special-purpose local government. The Chair of the Board is elected by the Commissioners and serves a one-year term, January through December.

In addition to the BOCC, citizens of Sedgwick County elect the following positions:

- County Clerk
- · Register of Deeds
- County Treasurer
- Sheriff

- District Attorney
- 18th Judicial District Judges

Appointed Officials

Sedgwick County was recognized by the International City-County Management Association (ICMA) in 1981 as a Council-Manager form of government. Therefore, the Board appoints a professional County Manager to administer most County functions and to implement policy decisions. Tasks of the County Manager range from the management of special projects to the daily functions of the County's nearly 3,000 employees. A Deputy County Manager and two Assistant County Managers aid the County Manager in his duties.

The BOCC also appoints the:

- County Counselor
- County Appraiser
- County Engineer

The Kansas Secretary of State is responsible for appointing an Election Commissioner for Sedgwick County.

In addition to the County government, Sedgwick County contains 26 townships, 20 cities, 20 unified school districts, 11 recreation commissions, 12 improvement districts, nine tax increment districts, eight cemetery districts, five drainage districts, six watershed districts, two redevelopment districts, two library districts, one fire district, one groundwater district, and one hospital district. 15 of the unified school districts, nine recreation districts, one library district, one drainage district; two of the cities, one of the improvement districts, and the hospital district cross the border into another county.

Services

Sedgwick County provides a full range of services to the community. These include public safety (sheriff, emergency medical services, emergency dispatch, emergency management, corrections, and the Regional Forensic Science Center), public works (construction and maintenance of roads, bridges and stormwater drainage systems, noxious weed control, and household hazardous waste disposal), human services (physical and mental health services, support for developmentally and physically disabled populations, and aging assistance), cultural and recreational services (parks, the Sedgwick County Zoo, INTRUST Bank Arena, and Exploration Place), economic development (National Center for Aviation Training), public improvements, planning and zoning, judicial support, youth facilities, elections, and general administrative services. In addition to these activities, the governing body has operating and financial relationships with the Sedgwick County Fire District 1 and the Sedgwick County Public Building Commission.

The annual budget process begins 12 months before the start of each fiscal year, when the Budget Department prepares a five-year financial forecast. The financial forecast serves as the foundation for planning and control, projecting revenues and expenditures for the next five years and comparing the prior year's projections with actual results. The Budget Department receives input from the Capital Improvement Program Committee. This Committee ranks projects with significant multi-year benefits, such as buildings, drainage, and infrastructure. It also receives input from the Technology Review Board, a team that evaluates new and replacement of technology that connects to the County's network. Ten months before the start of the new fiscal year, the Budget Department prepares and distributes a base budget for all County departments. Department managers identify the service implications of the base budget and, if necessary, submit requests for additional funding or staff. Three months later, the BOCC holds budget review sessions to discuss service levels, resource allocations, and funding strategies for the upcoming year. The County Manager prepares a proposed budget in conjunction with his Budget Team and Budget Department staff. He presents this recommended budget to the Commission about five months before the new year. The Commissioners hold public hearings to receive input from citizens.

The budget is adopted approximately three to four months before the start of the new fiscal year and is submitted to the County Clerk in compliance with State statutes.

The legal level of budgetary control is at the individual fund level, and County policy provides authority for intra-fund modifications of the budget. The budget is prepared by fund, function, cost center and superior commitment item. Legally appropriated annual budgets are statutorily required for most, but not all, operations. Budget to actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which a legal appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the General Fund, this comparison is presented on page A-73 as part of the required supplementary information. For governmental funds other than the General Fund with legal appropriated annual budgets, this comparison is presented in the governmental funds subsection, beginning on page B-16.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

Sedgwick County is a regional economic center with manufacturing, health care service, and retail trade as primary industries. The economic information contained in this letter was drawn from publications of the Center for Economic Development and Business Research (CEDBR) at Wichita State University, and from the U.S. Department of Labor. The Wichita metropolitan statistical area (MSA) is comprised of Sedgwick, Butler, Harvey, Kingman and Sumner counties in Kansas.

Employment/Income

The Center for Economic Development and Business Research (CEDBR) at Wichita State University reports the labor force for the Wichita MSA at 315,051 as of December 2020 a 1.1% increase from December 2019. Of those who are eligible for employment, approximately 95.7 percent (301,566) were employed in 2020. According to the US Census Bureau the 2020 median income was \$56,524 for households in Sedgwick County, up from \$54,974 in 2019.

Property Values/Tax Payers

Similar to other jurisdictions, Sedgwick County has continued to address modest growth in property valuations by making operational changes. Prior to the national recession, assessed property valuations grew by an average of 5.5 percent annually between 1999 and 2009. Since that time, assessed valuations were below 1.0 percent for three years (2010 to 2012), and fell in value for the 2013 budget by 0.7 percent. In 2016, there was an increase to 1.4 percent. In 2017, there was an increase of 2.8 percent, and assessed value increased to 3.3 percent in 2018. The assessed valuation for 2019 is 3.9 percent. The assessed valuation for 2020 is 4.61 percent. In Sedgwick County, residential property accounts for the largest percentage (62.4 percent) of the total assessed value of real property. The second largest is commercial property, comprising 34.4 percent of the County's total assessed value of real property. The large percentage of residential property shows that individuals and families recognize the County as a growing community where they can purchase a home and establish roots, while the large portion of commercial property shows that the County's business environment is also favorable. Another economic indicator is the total assessed value of the five largest taxpayers compared to the total assessed valuation of the County. A concentrated property tax base can be detrimental to a community in times of economic downturn, especially if a jurisdiction's largest taxpayers are in the same industry. Sedgwick County's largest five taxpayers comprised 7.72 percent of the County's total assessed value in 2020.

Cost of Living/Housing

The current overall cost of living in Wichita is below the national average of 100 on the "Overall Cost of Living Index". Compared to Oklahoma City, Oklahoma (86.0), Omaha, Nebraska (92.3), Dallas, Texas (108.2), and Kansas City, Missouri-Kansas (95.8), the overall cost of living for area residents (91.1) is

close to other area communities. For 2020, the median home sales price in Wichita for new and existing homes was \$177,000.

COUNTY BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL FORECAST

Financial Forecast

Sedgwick County continues to demonstrate a strong financial position. The County uses a five-year financial forecast to evaluate current and projected fiscal conditions and to guide policy and programmatic decisions. The financial forecast is a management tool that projects operating results based on current and anticipated economic conditions and identifies revenue and expenditure trends that may have an immediate or long-term effect on the County's financial condition. The financial forecast assists in making decisions that meet the County's objectives of fiscal discipline and delivery of essential community services. Additionally, it serves as an early warning signal of the possibility of future deficits, allowing time for reasoned consideration of alternative actions to avoid deficits.

Over the next five years, the County faces a number of challenges but is generally positioned to meet them financially. With the worldwide pandemic that began affecting Sedgwick County in March 2020, the County faces even greater fiscal pressure as a recession is almost certain, though the depth and duration is unknown. As this report demonstrates, the County has substantial reserves and a demonstrated history of making financial course corrections when needed to balance the budget. The health of the reserves will allow the County to make deliberate and strategic decisions. The County is closely monitoring revenue collections and expenses going into the next financial forecast update. The most recent update had anticipated an operating surplus in the General Fund in 2020 due to improved assessed value growth and modest improvement in the local economy. Other funds that receive ad valorem tax funding had been forecasted to experience operating deficits during the same period due to an intentional draw down of fund balance to targeted levels. Other funds, particularly grant funds, were projected to experience a mix of operating surpluses and deficits. These financial forecast projections will certainly be impacted, but it is anticipated that Federal relief through stimulus bills, efforts by local leaders to mitigate the impact of the pandemic, and actions by management to limit spending will mitigate the impact. The County's objective remains to maintain prudent fund balances.

Major initiatives of the County include the following:

- Community recovery from the effects of the worldwide pandemic associated with the novel coronavirus, referred to as COVID-19
- Aligning compensation with market peers and local employers to provide a competitive employment environment to attract and retain a diverse and high performance workforce
- Maintaining budget balance while also meeting space needs for core government functions, like public safety and elections
- Investment in the mental health and substance use community response to improve access to care and reduce demands on the public safety system
- Planned replacement of the County's portable/mobile radios across the organization
- Upgrade to the County's enterprise data system with human resource implementation in 2021 and financial implementation in 2023

In addition to the five-year financial forecast, the County develops a Capital Improvement Program (CIP) with the goal of facilitating area-wide economic development by updating the County's roads, bridges, and drainage systems, as well as maintaining its facilities. The five-year CIP is used as a planning tool that specifies the capital spending budget for the current year and projects it for the four following years. Capital spending for 2020 totaled \$24,469,337.23, including projects for road improvements, infrastructure, equipment, and continued upgrades to County owned and leased buildings. Planned capital spending for 2021 totals \$22,236,145 and total projected spending in the five-year capital

improvement program that extends through 2025 is \$152,771,602. The most recent five-year CIP is comprised of the following: \$50,014,602 for facilities and drainage, \$76,075,000 for roads, and \$26,682,000 for bridges. The CIP is funded on a year-by-year basis from various funding sources, including annual operating revenues from property tax and sales tax, or by issuing bonds and making debt service payments over a period of years.

During 2020, as authorized by a comprehensive written investment policy, idle County funds were invested in certificates of deposit, obligations of the U.S. Treasury, government agency securities, repurchase agreements, money market funds, and the State of Kansas Municipal Investment Pool. Investments had a maximum maturity of four years. The weighted average maturity was 295 days and the average yield to maturity was 0.15%. The fair value of investments totaled \$635,834,751 at December 31, 2020.

Sedgwick County maintains a debt management policy designed to set guidelines for management and control of debt financing by the County. Many demands are placed upon the County to provide services; therefore, it is necessary to ensure the use of debt to finance projects does not outrun the County's legal and fiscal capability to repay the debt.

Sedgwick County is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act of 1996 and Title 2 US Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Single audits are intended to eliminate duplication of audit effort by providing for only one audit entity-wide, specifically designed to meet the needs of all interested parties. Although individual federal grantor agencies may still arrange for additional audit work if they consider it necessary for their purposes, the law requires that any additional work be built upon the single audit.

The County's financial management policies may be viewed at the County Finance Division's website, http://www.sedgwickcounty.org/finance.

As a recipient of Federal and State financial assistance, the County is also responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to assure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. Because the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits to be derived, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute assurance, the financial statements are free of any material misstatements. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management. As a part of the County's single audit, described earlier, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, including that portion related to Federal financial assistance programs, and to evaluate the County's compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Sedgwick County for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019. This was the 39th consecutive year that the County has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Sedgwick County also received GFOA's Award for Distinguished Budget Presentation for its 2019 annual appropriated budget document. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, a

government must publish a document that meets program criteria as a policy document, operations guide, financial plan, and communications medium. The award is valid for a period of one year only. Sedgwick County has received the award for 38 consecutive years.

For the 15th time, Sedgwick County received GFOA's Popular Annual Financial Reporting (PAFR) Award for 2019 GFOA's PAFR award program encourages governments to publish concise annual financial reports specifically designed to be readily accessible and easily understandable to the general public. This award is valid for one year only.

Acknowledgements

Preparation of this report required the cooperation and dedicated efforts of many County personnel outside the Division of Finance, and of the independent auditors, BKD, L.L.P. I sincerely appreciate this significant support. The citizens of Sedgwick County are extraordinarily well served by all members of the Division of Finance who contributed to this annual financial report of the County's financial results in their daily work throughout the year and their individual fiscal year-end tasks.

In particular, I want to applaud the efforts of the Accounting Staff, whose service to the County is invaluable. I express special appreciation to the Board of County Commissioners for their continued support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of Sedgwick County's finances.

Respectfully,

Lindsay Poe Rousseau Chief Financial Officer

Lindsay Poe Roussean



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

County of Sedgwick Kansas

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2019

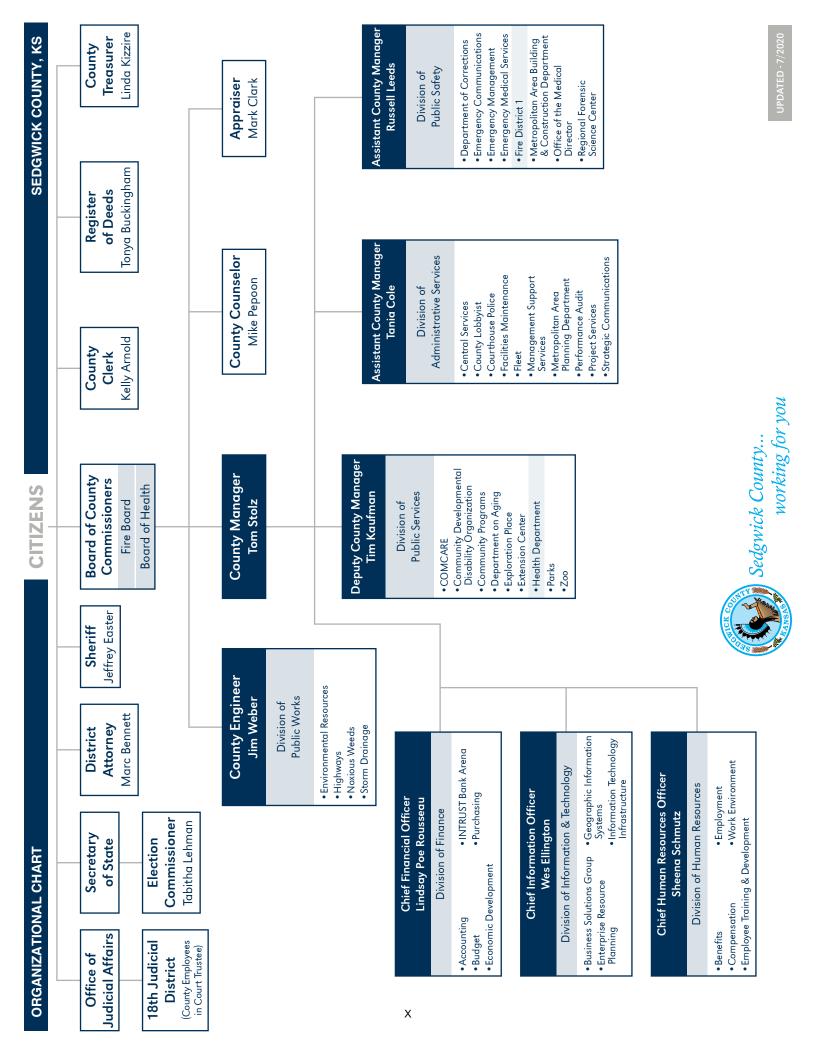
Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

SEDGWICK COUNTY, KANSAS PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS December 31, 2020

Elected Positions	Name	Date of Appointment
Commissioner, 1 st District	Peter F. Meitzner	January 13, 2019
Commissioner, 2 nd District	Michael O'Donnell, II	January 8,2017
Commissioner, 3 rd District	David T. Dennis	January 8, 2017
Commissioner, 4 th District	Lacey D. Cruse	January 13, 2019
Commissioner, 5 th District	James M. Howell	January 11, 2015
Administrative Judge, 18 th Judicial District	Jeffrey Goering	June 30, 2019
District Attorney	Marc Bennett	January 13, 2013
County Clerk	Kelly B. Arnold	January 11, 2009
Register of Deeds	Tonya Buckingham	January 29, 2016
County Sheriff	Jeffrey Easter	December 16, 2012
County Treasurer	Linda Kizzire	January 9, 2011

Appointed Positions	Name	Date of Appointment
County Manager	Thomas J. Stolz	February 20, 2019
Deputy County Manager, Public Services	Tim Kaufman	July 24, 2016
Assistant County Manager, Administrative Services	Tania Cole	April 3, 2019
Assistant County Manager, Public Safety	Russell Leeds	September 25, 2017
Chief Financial Officer	Lindsay Poe Rousseau	February 15, 2017
County Counselor	Michael Pepoon	November 16, 2018
County Appraiser	Mark Clark	February 12, 2020
County Engineer	James Weber	July 22, 2020
Chief Information Officer	Wes Ellington	January 23, 2016
Director of Health Department	Adrienne Byrne	May 18, 2014
Chief Human Resources Officer	Sheena Schmutz	November 26, 2018
Director, Metropolitan Area Planning Department	Scott Wadle	March 23, 2020
Director, Metropolitan Area Building and Construction Department	Chris W. Labrum	June 5, 2017





Financial Section

Financial Section







Independent Auditor's Report

Board of County Commissioners Sedgwick County Wichita, Kansas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Sedgwick County, Kansas (the County), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Board of County Commissioners Sedgwick County Page 2

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison, pension, and other postemployment benefit information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, introductory and statistical sections and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Board of County Commissioners Sedgwick County Page 3

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 21, 2021, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Wichita, Kansas May 21, 2021

BKD, LLP

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of Sedgwick County, Kansas, we offer you this discussion and analysis of the financial activities of Sedgwick County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020. This information is designed to identify and explain significant financial issues, changes in Sedgwick County's financial position and deviations from budget. We encourage you to consider this information in conjunction with the letter of transmittal that precedes this narrative, the financial statements, and the notes to the financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the novel coronavirus, COVID-19, a pandemic. On March 27, 2020, the Federal Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act was signed into law. The Act provided \$2 trillion in economic relief funding and allocated \$150 billion of that to state, local, and tribal governments through Title V of the Act, called the Coronavirus Relief Fund (CRF). Sedgwick County received \$99.6 million in direct allocation, which was allocated to various programs: County COVID-19 response; economic revitalization efforts; public health and social service agency support; K-12 schools; and cities headquartered within Sedgwick County.
- Total net position of Sedgwick County increased \$37 million to \$531.4 million. The governmental funds increased \$42.9 million, and the Arena fund, our only enterprise fund, decreased \$5.9 million.
- Of this total, \$10.5 million is reported as unrestricted net position, an increase from the prior year of \$25.7 million.
- 2020 expenses were \$395.4 million, an increase of \$48.7 million.
- Program revenues were \$202.9 million, an increase of \$79.7 million.
- Investment earnings decreased \$4.2 million to \$9.5 million.

Overview of the Financial Statements

Management's discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to Sedgwick County's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements consist of three components: [1] government-wide financial statements, [2] fund financial statements, and [3] notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other information in addition to the basic financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements provide financial information about the County as a whole, including its component units.

The fund financial statements focus on the County's operations in more detail than government-wide financial statements. The financial statements presented for governmental funds report on the County's general government services and proprietary funds report on the activities the County operates like private-sector businesses.

The basic financial section also includes notes that explain in more detail the information in the government-wide and fund financial statements; the notes provide more detailed data essential to a full understanding of the data presented in the financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages A-31 through A-72 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* provide readers with a broad overview of Sedgwick County's finances. All current year revenues and expenses are included, regardless of whether related cash has been received or paid. This reporting method produces a view of financial activities and position similar to that presented by most private-sector businesses.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of Sedgwick County's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*, which is one method to measure the County's financial condition. An increase or decrease in the County's net position from one year to the next indicates whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The government-wide financial statements report functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue (governmental activities) separately from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). Governmental activities of the County include general government, public safety, public works, health and welfare, culture and recreation, and community development. The County has a single business-type activity, the Arena Fund, which is used to account for the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses associated with INTRUST Bank Arena.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the primary government but also two blended component units, Sedgwick County Fire District 1 and Public Building Commission.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages A-15 through A-17 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Sedgwick County, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Fund financial statements focus on individual parts of the County, reporting the operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. Fund financial statements focus on the most significant funds within the County. The County's funds are divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds include most of the basic services provided by the County and account for essentially the same functions as reported in the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Unlike the government-wide financial statements, the fund financial statements focus on how money flows in and out of the funds during the fiscal year and spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. This information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

Sedgwick County maintains thirty-two individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds *balance sheet* and in the governmental funds *statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances* for the General Fund, Federal/State Assistance Fund, Public Building Commission Fund, Debt Service Fund, and Debt Proceeds Fund, all of which are reported as major funds. Information on the remaining nonmajor governmental funds is combined into a single, aggregated column. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the Governmental Funds subsection.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for the General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget. The basic governmental funds financial statements and reconciliations to the government-wide financial statements can be found on pages A-18 through A-24 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

Sedgwick County maintains two different types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The County reports a single enterprise fund to account for the Arena complex. Additional information regarding the INTRUST Bank Arena is provided in the combining schedule in the Enterprise Fund subsection.

Internal service funds are used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among Sedgwick County's various functions. The County utilizes internal service funds to account for its fleet of vehicles, employee health, dental and life insurance, worker's compensation activity, and risk management. The four internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated column in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the Internal Service Funds subsection. Because activity of the internal service funds predominately benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they are included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages A-26 through A-28 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to report activities whereby the County acts as a trustee or fiduciary to hold resources for the benefit of parties outside the government. The accrual basis of accounting is used for fiduciary funds and is similar to the accounting used for proprietary funds. The government-wide statements exclude fiduciary fund activities and balances, because these assets are restricted in purpose and cannot be used by the County to finance its operations. The County must ensure that assets reported in fiduciary funds are used for their intended purpose.

The County has four fiduciary funds classified as custodial funds. These four funds account for tax collection and distribution, and for other clearing and fee collections. Individual fund detail is included in the form of *combining statements* in the Custodial Funds subsection. Additionally, the County reports its 457 Plan as a pension (and other employee benefits) trust fund in accordance with GASB 84.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on page A-29 through A-30 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional narrative and financial information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page A-31 of this report.

Other Required Supplementary Information

This section is found on pages A-73 through A-76 and shows a comparison of the original and final General Fund budget to actual results and reconciliation between budgetary fund balance and GAAP. Information on the County's defined benefit pensions and postemployment benefits other than pensions is also shown.

Other Information

Other information includes combining financial statements for nonmajor governmental, enterprise, internal service, and fiduciary funds. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages B-1 through D-3 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Net Position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. Assets and deferred outflows of resources of the primary government exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$531.4 million at the end of 2020.

Sedgwick County, Kansas Net Position As of December 31, 2020 With Comparatives as of December 31, 2019 (Millions of dollars)

		nmental ⁄ities	Business-Type Activities		Total Primary Government	
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
Assets:						
Current and other assets	\$525.9	\$454.5	\$3.7	\$7.7	\$529.6	\$462.2
Capital assets	426.9	419.1	137.5	138.9	564.4	558.0
Total assets	952.8	873.6	141.2	146.6	1,094.0	1,020.2
Deferred Outflows:						
Deferred refunding	0.1	0.1	-	-	0.1	0.1
Deferred outflows – other						
postemployment benefits Deferred outflows –	3.3	1.4			3.3	1.4
pensions	41.4	21.5	-	-	41.4	21.5
Total deferred outflows	44.8	23.0			44.8	23.0
Liabilities:						
Long-term liabilities	344.2	321.4			344.2	321.4
Other liabilities	86.5	57.4	0.5	0.1	87.0	57.5
Total liabilities	430.7	378.8	0.5	0.1	431.2	378.9
Total liabilities	430.1	370.0	0.5	0.1	401.2	370.9
Deferred Inflows:						
Deferred property tax	400.0	400.7			400.0	400.7
revenues	169.3	162.7	-	-	169.3	162.7
Deferred inflows –other	4.0	4.0			4.0	4.0
postemployment benefits Deferred inflows -	1.6	1.8	-	-	1.6	1.8
pensions	5.3	5.4	_	_	5.3	5.4
Total deferred inflows	176.2	169.9	_		176.2	169.9
Net position:						
Net investment in						
capital assets	339.0	326.9	137.5	138.9	476.5	465.8
Restricted	44.4	43.7			44.4	43.7
Unrestricted (deficit)	7.3	(22.8)	3.2	7.7	10.5	(15.1)
Total net position	390.7	\$347.8	140.7	\$146.6	531.4	\$494.4

The largest portion of the County's net position (90 percent) is invested in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery and equipment) less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. Sedgwick County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in capital assets is reported net of

related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. Restricted net position represents 8.4 percent of net position and is resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$10.5 million is *unrestricted net position*.

Change in Net Position

The County's net position for governmental activities increased \$42.9 million or 12.3 percent. Net position of the County's business-type activities decreased \$5.9 million representing a decrease of 4.0 percent during 2020. Overall, net position increased \$37.0 million. Changes in net position were as follows:

Sedgwick County, Kansas Change in Net Position Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2020 With Comparatives for the Year Ended December 31, 2019 (Millions of dollars)

	(millions of dollars)					otal
	Governmental		Rusines	Business-Type		nary
		Activities		Activities		nment
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
Revenues						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$64.8	\$71.2	\$0.6	\$0.9	\$65.4	\$ 72.1
Operating grants and contributions	128.4	47.0	-	-	128.4	47.0
Capital grants and contributions General revenues:	9.1	4.0	-	-	9.1	4.0
Property taxes	185.6	178.7	-	-	185.6	178.7
Sales taxes	30.7	30.4	-	-	30.7	30.4
Other taxes	3.6	3.6	-	-	3.6	3.6
Investment earnings	9.6	13.8	-	-	9.6	13.8
Gain (loss) on sale of capital	-	-	-	-	-	-
assets						
Total revenues	431.8	348.7	0.6	0.9	432.4	349.6
F						
Expenses	100.0	FC 0			100.0	FC 0
General government	109.9 163.4	56.0 163.5	-	-	109.9 163.4	56.0 163.5
Public safety Public works	27.1	31.7	-	-	27.1	31.7
Health and welfare	56.3	56.9	-	-	56.3	56.9
Culture and recreation	15.3	15.7	-	-	15.3	15.7
Community development	11.9	11.8	-	-	11.9	11.8
Interest on long-term debt	5.0	5.2	_	_	5.0	5.2
interest on long-term debt	3.0	5.2	_	_	5.0	5.2
Arena	-	-	6.5	5.9	6.5	5.9
Total expenses	388.9	340.8	6.5	5.9	395.4	346.7
Increase (decrease) in net position	42.9	8.0	(5.9)	(5.0)	37.0	3.0
Net position, beginning	347.8	339.8	146.6	151.6	494.4	491.4
Net position, ending	\$390.7	\$347.8	\$140.7	\$146.6	\$531.4	\$494.4

Charges for services in governmental activities decreased \$6.4 million in 2020. Capital grants and contributions increased \$5.1 million. Operating grants and contributions increased \$81.4 million. This increase is primarily due to the CARES funding that the County received in 2020 in response to the COVID

pandemic. Property tax collections increased \$6.9 million; The County's assessed valuation grew 4.5% for 2020 budget year.

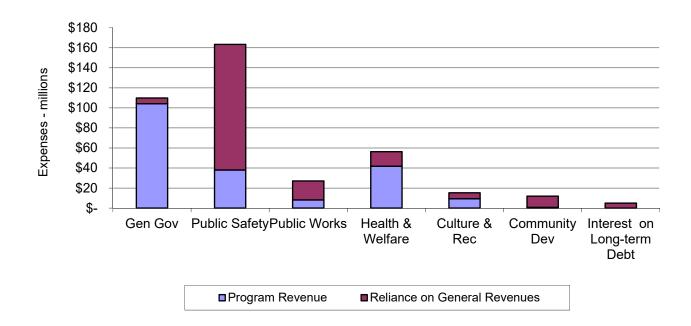
Expenses of governmental activities increased \$48.1 million. General government expenses increased \$53.9 million, 96.3%. Health and welfare expenses decreased \$0.6 million or 1.05%. Culture and recreation expenses decreased \$0.4 million or 2.5%. Community development expenses increased \$0.1 million or 0.8%. Public safety expenses decreased \$0.1 million, 0.06%.

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities incurred \$388,933,401 in expenses during 2020. The following list breaks this expense down into percentage by function with the corresponding dollar amount:

0	Public safety	42.0%	\$163,393,621
0	General Government	28.2%	109,933,474
0	Health and welfare	14.5%	56,349,711
0	Public works	7.0%	27,094,579
0	Culture and recreation	3.9%	15,268,317
0	Community development	3.1%	11,933,184
0	Interest on long-term debt	1.3%	4,960,515
	Total governmental activities	s expenses	<u>\$388,933,401</u>

The following chart shows total expenses for each function of governmental activities. The chart also shows total program revenue for each function along with total reliance on general revenues. General revenues are principally taxes and investment earnings.



As reflected in the chart, no function of government is self-supporting. For that reason, there is need for taxes to be levied and collected in order to provide services to the community. The following list shows each function of government, the percentage of reliance on general revenues of the county to fund the function, and the corresponding dollar amount of general revenue and program revenues used to fund the function:

			General Revenues	Program Revenues
0	Interest on long-term debt	100.0%	\$ 4,960,515	\$ -
0	Community development	93.8%	11,189,408	743,776
0	Culture and recreation	38.6%	5,896,761	9,371,556
0	Public works	70.0%	19,552,219	8,126,168
0	Public safety	76.7%	124,770,121	38,039,692
0	General government	5.2%	5,694,688	104,238,786
0	Health and welfare	25.9%	14,598,442	41,751,269
	Total reliance on general reve	enues	\$186,662,214	\$202,271,247

Business-type Activity

Sedgwick County has one business-type activity, the Arena fund. Net position for fiscal year 2020 decreased by \$5.9 million to \$140.7 million. Of that \$140.7 million, \$137.5 million is invested in capital assets. The decrease can be attributed to depreciation, which was \$5.1 million.

County Funds Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, Sedgwick County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term cash inflows and outflows during the fiscal year and balances of spendable resources at year-end. This information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. Unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the County's net resources available for future spending.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$193.1 million, an increase of \$29.7 million since the beginning of the year. The following table shows how fund balance changed in the major and other governmental funds.

Fund _	Beginning Fund Balance	Ending Fund Balance	Change in Fund Balance
General	\$ 71,704,036	\$ 93,919,861	\$ 22,215,825
Federal/State Assistance	22,173,240	28,885,773	6,712,533
Public Building Commission	1,240,069	1,459,052	218,983
Debt Service	2,152,796	1,031,856	(1,120,940)
Debt Proceeds	12,543,487	7,238,797	(5,304,690)
Other Governmental	53,590,437	60,607,298	7,016,861
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 163,404,065	\$ 193,142,637	\$29,738,572

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of Sedgwick County. Ending fund balance in the General Fund increased \$22.2 million, compared to an increase of \$4.8 million a year ago.

Revenues of the General Fund increased \$3.8 million, to \$178.4 million, in 2020. Property tax increased \$8.7 million from 2019, primarily due to assessed valuations grew 4.5% for 2020 budget year. Licenses and permits decreased 0.3 million from 2019.

General Fund expenditures increased \$2.4 million, to \$166.2 million. The increase primarily can be attributed to the expenditures necessary from the COVID 19 pandemic.

As a measure of the General Fund's financial position, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 41% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 56.5%. In other words, readily available resources as of December 31 were sufficient to pay for services for three months.

The Federal/State Assistance Fund is a special revenue fund that accounts for programs that receive grant funding. The Federal/State Assistance Fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$28.9 million which is \$6.7 million more than 2019. Revenues increased \$76.9 million over the prior year, to \$131.2 million. The category of 'other revenues' decreased \$.08 million. Charges for service decreased \$5 million from 2019. In 2020 COMCARE saw a decrease in clients due to the COVID-19 pandemic, this resulted in a drop of \$5.5 million in charges for service. Intergovernmental revenues increased \$82 million from 2019. This increase is primarily due to funds received in response to the COVID pandemic, the County was a direct and pass through recipient of Coronavirus Relief Funds (CRF) totaling \$111 million (\$29 million deferred).

Federal/State Assistance Fund expenditures increased \$49.2 million. Public safety expenses decreased \$0.7 million from 2019.

The Sedgwick County Public Building Commission (SCPBC) fund is a special revenue fund to account for revenues and expenditures derived from direct financing leases. The SCPBC fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$1.4 million, which is a decrease of \$.2 million from 2019.

Debt Service fund balance decreased by \$1.1 million due to paying off the GO portion of 2010A early.

The Debt Proceeds Fund is a capital projects fund that receives proceeds from general obligation bond issues and other long-term financing sources. During 2020, the fund received \$4.5 million in proceeds from debt issuance. Proceeds were used to pay for new bridge projects, special assessments, and the refunding of the GO Portion of the 2010A Bond Issue.

Proprietary Funds

Sedgwick County's proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The Arena Fund represents the activity of the INTRUST Bank Arena. The facility is operated by a private company; the County incurs expenses only for certain capital improvements or major repairs and depreciation, and receives as revenue only a share of profits earned by the operator, if any, and naming rights fees. The Arena Fund had an operating loss of \$5.9 million. The loss can be attributed to \$5.1 million in depreciation expense.

Internal service funds account for the County's fleet operation as well as insurance, including workers compensation, health, life, dental, property, and liability. Fleet operations show an increase in 2020 of \$1.7 million, to \$24.0 million. The workers' compensation expenses exceeded charges and the fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$3.0 million. In the Risk Management Fund, Sedgwick County expended \$1,264,914 for property and liability insurance during 2020 and also paid \$892,139 in claims for various items including, but not limited to, storm damage to County property and vehicle damages. The Health, Dental and Life Insurance Reserve Fund accounts for employee benefits. The County uses a self-funded insurance model for health insurance and dental insurance. The fund had a gain of \$1.9 million during 2020 increasing net position to \$6.2 million at the end of the year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The County did not amend the budget during fiscal year 2020, although appropriations were shifted between line items in the General Fund.

Actual revenue was \$2,300,596, or 1.14%, below both the original and final budgets. Seven of ten major revenue sources ended the year below budget. Charges for services were \$2,489,597 below budget. Reimbursed expenditures were \$690,455 below budget. Other revenues were \$735,110 below budget. Sales tax and other taxes were \$324,753 below budget. Intergovernmental revenue was \$345,817 below budget. Licenses and permits were \$825,219 below budget.

Combined the other three major revenues were above budget \$3.1 million. Uses of money and property were above budget by \$2.5 million. Fines and forfeits were above budget by \$93,114. Property taxes was above budget by \$495,279.

General Fund expenditures totaled \$170.7 million, and were 17% less than the final budget. Expenditures for personnel services were less than the final budget by \$9.8 million. Contractual services ended the year \$22.6 million lower than the final budget. The County budgets a contingency for disaster recovery each year, which is included in contractual services. Much of the discrepancy between budgeted and actual contractual expenditures is due to the fact that the county was not required to use the disaster contingency account. Overall budgetary fund balance in the General Fund increased \$24.5 million in 2020.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Sedgwick County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2020, totaled \$564,404,613 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, roads, bridges, improvements, machinery and equipment, software, and the INTRUST Bank Arena.

Capital Assets December 31, 2020 (Net of Depreciation)

	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
Land	\$ 27,982,042	\$ 13,038,358	\$ 41,020,400
Buildings and improvements	184,408,806	120,633,700	305,042,506
Improvements other than buildings	10,108,482	-	10,108,482
Machinery and equipment	22,991,275	1,472,642	24,463,917
Infrastructure	145,013,408	-	145,013,408
Construction in progress	36,407,259	2,348,641	38,755,900
Total	\$ 426,911,272	\$ 137,493,341	\$ 564,404,613

Additional information regarding capital assets can be found in Note III. C, beginning on page A-49.

Long-term Debt

At the end of 2020, Sedgwick County had total general obligation bonds outstanding of \$49.72 million. This amount includes \$1.9 million of special assessment bonds. The County's long-term obligations also include revenue bonds totaling \$82.4 million. All outstanding debt at the end of the year was associated with governmental activities and is backed by the full faith and taxing power of Sedgwick County with the exception of the Public Building Commission 2014-3 and 2014-4 issuance, which is backed by lease revenue from Wichita State University.

In 2020, the County issued 44,105,000 of General Obligation Bonds for various road and bridge projects and building renovations. On November 20, 2020 Sedgwick County refunded the General Obligation portion of the 2010A bond issue in the amount 1,600,000.00 plus 24,770 in accrued interest in order to decrease the remaining interest rate range from 4.750% - 5.650% to 1.000% - 3.500%.

Outstanding general obligation bonds of the County and lease revenue bonds of the SCPBC are rated "AA+" by Standard & Poor's Rating Services, a division of the McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc. ("S&P") and "Aaa" by Moody's Investors Service ("Moody's").

Additional information about the County's long-term debt can be found in Note III. E, beginning on page A-51 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- The unemployment rate in the Wichita MSA stood at 4.3% at the end of 2020, a 1.1% change from 3.2% at the end of 2019.
- The 2020 County property tax levy funds the 2021 budget. The 2020 property tax (mill levy) rate is 29.359.
- Wichita is known as the "air capital of the world" because it houses major facilities of three leading aircraft manufacturers: Textron Aviation (which produces Cessna and Beechcraft airplanes), Spirit AeroSystems, and Bombardier Learjet, as well as many other aviation parts suppliers.
- The cost of living index in Wichita is a moderate 91.1 almost 9.0% below the national urban area average of 100.
- Community recovery from the effects of the worldwide pandemic associated with the novel coronavirus, referred to as COVID-19.
- Maintaining budget balance while also meeting space needs for core government functions, like public safety and elections.
- Aligning compensation with market peers and local employers to provide a competitive employment environment to attract and retain a diverse and high performance workforce.
- Investment in the mental health and substance use community response to improve access to care and reduce demands on the public safety system.
- Planned replacement of the County's portable/mobile radios across the organization.
- Upgrade to the County's enterprise data system with human resource implementation in 2021 and financial implementation in 2023.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability for the funds it receives.

Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Chief Financial Officer, Sedgwick County Division of Finance, 525 N. Main, Suite 823, Wichita, Kansas 67203.

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Statement of Net Position December 31, 2020

	Primary Government		
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Assets		A 0.075.000	
Cash, including investments	\$ 251,749,615	\$ 3,675,223	\$ 255,424,838
Receivables, net	266,106,441	-	266,106,441
Due from other agencies	3,670,858	-	3,670,858
Inventories, at cost	848,651	-	848,651
Prepaid items	2,099,975	-	2,099,975
Restricted assets:	4 440 060		1 110 060
Cash, including investments Capital assets:	1,440,868	-	1,440,868
Land and construction in progress	64,389,301	15,386,999	79,776,300
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	362,521,971	122,106,342	484,628,313
Other capital assets, het of depreciation	302,321,971	122,100,542	404,020,313
Total assets	952,827,680	141,168,564	1,093,996,244
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred refunding	56,448	-	56,448
Deferred outflows-other postemployment benefits	3,294,166	-	3,294,166
Deferred outflows-pensions	41,459,868		41,459,868
Total deferred outflows of resources	44,810,482	-	44,810,482
Liabilities	5.040.000	454 774	0.000.000
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	5,643,232	454,774	6,098,006
Accrued wages	7,719,174	-	7,719,174
Accrued interest payable	2,085,629	-	2,085,629
Unearned revenue	39,950,350	-	39,950,350
Due to other entities	248,997	-	248,997
Advance - grants	30,890,247	-	30,890,247
Noncurrent liabilities:	22,225,426		22 225 426
Due within one year		-	22,225,426
Due in more than one year	321,947,610		321,947,610
Total liabilities	430,710,665	454,774	431,165,439
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Deferred property tax revenue	169,300,110	-	169,300,110
Deferred inflows-other postemployement benefits	1,596,635	-	1,596,635
Deferred inflows-pensions	5,329,307		5,329,307
Total deferred inflows of resources	176,226,052		176,226,052
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	338,966,153	_	338,966,153
Invested in capital assets	-	137,493,341	137,493,341
Restricted for:		,,	,,
Capital improvements	14,846,849	-	14,846,849
Debt service	2,563,454	_	2,563,454
Federal/State assistance	5,401,632	-	5,401,632
Community Development	2,874,744	_	2,874,744
Equipment and technology improvements	1,461,789	-	1,461,789
Fire protection	6,666,974	-	6,666,974
Court operations	2,435,544	-	2,435,544
Other purposes	8,168,581	-	8,168,581
Unrestricted	7,315,725	3,220,449	10,536,174
Total net position	\$ 390,701,445	\$ 140,713,790	\$ 531,415,235

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

			Program Revenues						
	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		
Primary government:									
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$	109,933,474	\$	23,181,293	\$	81,057,493	\$	-	
Public safety		163,393,621		24,456,481		13,583,211		-	
Public works		27,094,579		2,635,643		5,130,220		360,305	
Health and welfare		56,349,711		13,877,056		27,874,213		-	
Cultural and recreation		15,268,317		608,070		-		8,763,486	
Community development		11,933,184		5,686		738,090		-	
Interest on long-term debt		4,960,515		-		-		-	
Total governmental activities		388,933,401	_	64,764,229		128,383,227		9,123,791	
Business-type activities:									
Arena		6,518,660		622,719		_		-	
Total business-type activities		6,518,660		622,719					
Total primary government	\$	395,452,061	\$	65,386,948	\$	128,383,227	\$	9,123,791	

General revenues: Property taxes

Sales taxes

Other taxes

Investment earnings

Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net position, beginning of year

Net position, end of year

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

			ary Government			
_	Governmental		usiness-Type			
•	Activities		Activities	Total		
	Activities		Activities		าบเลา	
\$	(5,694,688)	\$	-	\$	(5,694,688)	
	(125,353,929)		-		(125,353,929)	
	(18,968,411)		-		(18,968,411)	
	(14,598,442)		-		(14,598,442)	
	(5,896,761)		-		(5,896,761)	
	(11,189,408)		-		(11,189,408)	
	(4,960,515)		-		(4,960,515)	
	(186,662,154)		-		(186,662,154)	
			(5.005.044)		(5.005.044)	
	-		(5,895,941)		(5,895,941)	
	<u>-</u>		(5,895,941)		(5,895,941)	
	(186,662,154)		(5,895,941)		(192,558,095)	
	(, , - ,		(-,,-,	-	(- ,,,	
	-			-		
	185,622,713		-		185,622,713	
	30,735,040		-		30,735,040	
	3,636,160		-		3,636,160	
	9,548,184		<u>-</u>		9,548,184	
	229,542,097		-		229,542,097	
	42,879,943		(5,895,941)		36,984,002	
	247 924 502		146 600 724		404 424 222	
	347,821,502		146,609,731		494,431,233	
\$	390,701,445	\$	140,713,790	\$	531,415,235	

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2020

	General Fund	Federal/State Assistance Fund		Public Building Commission Fund	
Assets:					
Cash, including investments	\$ 89,390,919	\$ 62,504,658	\$	18,184	
Restricted investment	-	-		1,440,868	
Advance receivable	4,130,371	-			
Due from other funds	-	-			
Due from other agencies	664,409	2,596,829			
Accounts receivable	408,059	826,319			
Property tax receivable	117,890,825	-			
Sales tax receivable	2,679,662	-			
Interest receivable	193,892	-			
Prepaid items	2,099,975	-			
Lease receivable	-	-		82,620,35	
Notes receivable	702,033	-			
Special assessments receivable:					
Noncurrent	-	-			
Delinquent (including interest)	-	-			
Inventories, at cost		123,040			
Total assets	\$ 218,160,145	\$ 66,050,846	\$	84,079,402	
	Ψ 210,100,110	ψ σσ,σσσ,σ το	. <u> </u>	01,010,10	
Liabilities:	1 163 887	3 320 501			
Accounts payable	1,163,887	3,320,501			
Accrued wages	4,522,098	1,333,880			
Advance - grants	-	30,890,247			
Due to other funds	-	-			
Advance payable		-			
Due to other entities	167,099	248		-	
Total liabilities	5,853,084	35,544,876		-	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	447.000.005				
Deferred property tax revenue Unavailable revenue - accounts receivable	117,890,825 496,375	1,620,197			
Deferred lease receivable	490,373	1,020,137		82,620,350	
Unavailable revenue - special assessments				02,020,000	
otal deferred inflows of resources	118,387,200	1,620,197		82,620,350	
Fund balances:					
Nonspendable:					
Inventories	\$ -	\$ 123,040	\$		
Advance receivable	4,130,371	_			
Notes receivable	702,033	_			
Prepaid items	2,099,975	_			
Restricted:	2,000,070				
General Government	5,617,491				
Debt Service	3,017,491			18,18	
	-	4 000 007		10,104	
Public Safety	-	1,098,627			
Public Works	-				
Health and Welfare	-	4,120,713			
Culture and Recreation	-	-			
Community Development	-	4,231,868		1,440,868	
Capital Outlay	-	-			
Committed:					
Public Safety	-	11,494			
Capital Outlay	-	-			
Health and Welfare	-	1,806,134			
Assigned:					
General Government	12,970,014	_			
Public Safety	167,906	103,384			
Public Works	57	100,004			
Health and Welfare	39,492	17,372,392			
Culture and Recreation		11,312,392			
	4,675	40.404			
Community Development	-	18,121			
0	-	-			
Capital Outlay					
Jnassigned	68,187,847				
	68,187,847 93,919,861	28,885,773	- —	1,459,052	
Jnassigned		28,885,773	_	1,459,052	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

De	ebt Service Fund	Deb	ot Proceeds Fund	G	Other overnmental Funds	Tota	al Governmental Funds
\$	1,031,856	\$	6,459,326	\$	62,555,355	\$	221,960,298
*	-	•	-	*	-	•	1,440,868
	-		-		-		4,130,371
	-		779,471		-		779,471
	_		_		409,620		3,670,858
	_		-		3,123,099		4,357,477
	11,307,284		-		40,102,001		169,300,110
	-		-		2,679,664		5,359,326
	-		-		-		193,892
	-		-		-		2,099,975
	-		-		-		82,620,350
	-		-		-		702,033
					-		
	1,750,874		-		-		1,750,874
	1,822,379		-		-		1,822,379
	-	-	-		535,047		658,087
\$	15,912,393	\$	7,238,797	\$	109,404,786	\$	500,846,369
	-		-		1,024,920		5,509,308
	-		-		1,809,484		7,665,462
	-		-				30,890,247
	-		-		779,471		779,471
	-		-		4,130,371		4,130,371
				_	81,650		248,997
	<u> </u>				7,825,896		49,223,856
	11,307,284		_		40,102,001		169,300,110
	-		_		869,591		2,986,163
	-		-		-		82,620,350
	3,573,253	-			-		3,573,253
	14,880,537				40,971,592		258,479,876
\$	-	\$	-	\$	535,047	\$	658,087
	-		-		-		4,130,371
	-		-		-		702,033
	-		-		-		2,099,975
	-		-		2,852,312		8,469,803
	1,031,856		-		25,790		1,075,830
	-		-		12,615,513		13,714,140
	-		-		407,718		407,718
	-		-		1,412,615		5,533,328
	-		-		120,712		120,712
	-		-		9,500		5,682,236
	-		7,238,797		14,846,849		22,085,646
	-		_		2,811,227		2,822,721
	_		-		7,612,949		7,612,949
	-		-		-		1,806,134
	-		_		_		12,970,014
	-		-		3,595,089		3,866,379
	_		-		840,042		840,099
	-		-		-		17,411,884
	_		_		_		4,675
	-		-		-		18,121
	-		-		13,713,461		13,713,461
	-		-		(791,526)		67,396,321
	1,031,856		7,238,797	_	60,607,298	_	193,142,637
•	15,912,393	\$	7,238,797	\$	109,404,786	\$	500,846,369

Reconciliation of the Statement of Net Position to the Balance Sheet for Governmental Funds December 31, 2020

Total fund balances of governmental funds	\$ 193,142,637
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial	
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The	
cost of the assets is \$813,951,845 and the accumulated depreciation	
is \$398,142,011, excluding internal service fund capital assets.	415,809,834
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the	
costs of certain activities, such as insurance and fleet	
management to individual funds. The assets and liabilities	
of internal service funds are included in governmental	
activities in the statement of net position.	36,809,483
Certain accounts receivable resulting from charges for services are not	
considered available to pay current period expenditures and are	
therefore deferred in the funds.	
Special assessments 3,573,253	
Principal portion of lease receivable 42,670,000	
Miscellaneous other 2,986,163	49,229,416
Other deferred outflows of resources do not decrease net position	
until a future period and therefore are not reported in the funds	
Deferred refunding 56,448	
Deferred outflows - other postemployment benefits 3,294,166	
Deferred outflows - pensions 41,459,868	44,810,482
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period	
and are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt	
is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as	
an expenditure when due. All liabilities, both current and long-term,	
are reported in the statement of net position. Long-term liabilities	
at year-end consist of:	
Bonds payable (49,720,000)	
Bond premium (6,275,130)	
Revenue bonds payable (82,370,000)	
Capital lease payable (1,504,503)	
Compensated absences (7,350,000)	
Net pension liability (168,762,539)	
Other postemployment benefits other than pensions (24,106,664)	
Accrued interest payable (2,085,629)	(342,174,465)
Other deferred inflows of resources do not increase net position until	
a future period and therefore are not reported in the funds	
Deferred inflows -OPEB	(1,596,635)
Deferred inflows - pensions	(5,329,307)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 390,701,445

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Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	G	General Fund	-	ederal/State Assistance Fund	olic Building ommission Fund
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$	130,386,774	\$	_	\$ _
Emergency telephone services taxes		-		-	_
Sales taxes		17,031,948		-	-
Special assessments		-		-	-
Other taxes		291,653		1,727	-
Intergovernmental		540,420		116,390,029	-
Charges for services		12,821,587		14,541,801	645,000
Uses of money and property		6,810,969		57,183	2,061,678
Fines and forfeits		174,860		80,334	-
Licenses and permits		7,955,012		-	-
Other		2,363,198		146,047	
Total revenues		178,376,421		131,217,121	 2,706,678
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government		44,011,318		51,413,806	-
Public safety		98,596,365		9,851,524	-
Public works		2,116,764		-	-
Health and welfare		8,197,953		43,194,406	-
Cultural and recreation		11,826,406		-	-
Community Development		1,486,346		750,500	-
Debt service:					
Principal		-		-	585,000
Interest and fiscal charges		-		-	1,902,695
Capital outlay					
Total expenditures		166,235,152		105,210,236	 2,487,695
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures		12,141,269		26,006,885	 218,983
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers from other funds		17,761,736		639,585	-
Transfers to other funds		(7,687,180)		(19,933,937)	-
Premium from issuance of refunding bonds		-		-	-
Premium from issuance of general obligation bonds Issuance of general obligation bonds					-
Total other financing sources (uses)		10,074,556		(19,294,352)	-
Net change in fund balances		22,215,825		6,712,533	218,983
Fund balances, beginning of year		71,704,036		22,173,240	 1,240,069
Fund balances, end of year	\$	93,919,861	\$	28,885,773	\$ 1,459,052

	Debt Service Fund	De	ebt Proceeds Fund	G	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
\$	10,784,246	\$	-	\$	44,451,693	\$	185,622,713
	-		-		3,234,089		3,234,089
	-		-		13,703,092		30,735,040
	524,606		-		-		524,606
	-		-		108,691		402,071
	48,774		-		9,892,947		126,872,170
	-		-		25,829,681		53,838,069
	-		27,114		74,802		9,031,746
	-		-		-		255,194
	-		-		79,836		8,034,848
	-				480,047		2,989,292
	11,357,626		27,114		97,854,878		421,539,838
			0.4.00.4		5 574 000		404 000 000
	-		94,084		5,571,690		101,090,898
	-		-		46,355,354		154,803,243
	-		-		11,883,715		14,000,479
	-		-		5,735,451		57,127,810
	-		-		12,379		11,838,785
	-		-		8,487,913		10,724,759
	11,710,000		1,600,000		441,934		14,336,934
	3,541,327		24,770		38,446		5,507,238
			<u>-</u>		26,415,956		26,415,956
	15,251,327		1,718,854		104,942,838		395,846,102
	(3,893,701)		(1,691,740)		(7,087,960)		25,693,736
	2,772,761		-		17,275,108		38,449,190
	-		(8,560,762)		(3,170,287)		(39,352,166)
	-		178,895		-		178,895
	-		223,917		-		223,917
	2 772 761		4,545,000		14 104 921		4,545,000
-	2,772,761	-	(3,612,950)		14,104,821		4,044,836
	(1,120,940)		(5,304,690)		7,016,861		29,738,572
	2,152,796		12,543,487		53,590,437		163,404,065
\$	1,031,856	\$	7,238,797	\$	60,607,298	\$	193,142,637

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 29,738,572

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those capitalized assets is allocated over estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital outlays in the current period.

Capital outlays capitalized 20,054,546

Loss on disposal of assets (41,079)

Depreciation expense (22,228,958)

Contributed capital assets are recognized as revenues on the statement of activities 8,763,486

(2,215,491)

Payments received on certain receivables are recognized as revenue when received in the fund.

However, in the statement of net position, revenue is recognized as earned.

993,582

Repayment of bond principal and other long-term obligations is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.

 Bonds payable
 7,745,000

 Revenue bond payable
 6,150,000

 Capital lease payable
 441,934

14,336,934

Bond and capital lease proceeds provide current financial resources to government funds,
but represent an increase in long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.

Proceeds from bonds

(4,545,000)

Proceeds from bonds
Proceeds from capital lease
(4,545,000)

Bond costs - governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when the debt is issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities

453,754

In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, interest expenditures are not reported until due.

In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned during the year, instead of by the amount paid. (950,000)

Payment of other postemployment benefits (OPEB) contributions is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but reduces the total OPEB liability in the statement of net position.

Additionally, the effect of changes in deferred inflows for OPEB are only recorded in the statement of activities.

(1,436,435)

Payment of pension contributions is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but reduces the net pension liability in the statement of net position. Additionally, the effect of changes in deferred inflows and deferred outflows for pensions are only recorded in the statement of activities.

(8,415,432)

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet management and insurance to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.

6,001,909

Change in net position of governmental activities \$ 42,879,943

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Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2020

	Business-type Activity - Enterprise Fund Arena Fund		Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds		
<u>Assets</u>					
Current assets:					
Cash, including investments	\$	3,675,223	\$	29,789,317	
Inventories, at cost	Ψ	-	Ψ	190,564	
			-	,	
Total current assets		3,675,223		29,979,881	
Noncurrent assets:					
Capital assets:					
Land		13,038,358		40,580	
Buildings and improvements		167,667,758		8,319,354	
Machinery and equipment		8,491,122		33,024,966	
Construction in progress		2,348,641		-	
Less accumulated depreciation		(54,052,538)		(30,283,462)	
Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		137,493,341		11,101,438	
Total assets		141,168,564		41,081,319	
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable		454,774		133,924	
Accrued wages		-		53,712	
Estimated claims costs payable		-		3,322,100	
Total current liabilities		454,774		3,509,736	
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Estimated claims costs payable		-		762,100	
Total liabilities		454,774		4,271,836	
Net position					
Investment in capital assets		137,493,341		11,101,438	
Unrestricted		3,220,449		25,708,045	
Total net position	-	140,713,790		36,809,483	
Total flot position		170,110,100		50,000,400	
Total liabilities and net position	\$	141,168,564	\$	41,081,319	

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Ente	Business-type Activity - Enterprise Fund Arena Fund		Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds	
Operating revenues:		iona i una		TVICE I UIIUS	
Charges for services	\$	590,000	\$	47,130,826	
Other revenue	*	32,719	•	3,831,832	
Total operating revenues		622,719		50,962,658	
On a westing a supragram					
Operating expenses: Salaries and benefits				4 202 005	
		4 0 4 7 0 0 4		1,282,085	
Contractual services		1,047,824		2,786,908	
Utilities		-		57,778	
Supplies and fuel		-		2,666,955	
Administrative charges		-		231,060	
Depreciation expense		5,064,733		2,261,424	
Claims expense Other expense		- 406,103		36,861,880	
Total operating expenses		6,518,660	-	46,148,090	
Total operating expenses		0,310,000		40,140,090	
Operating (loss) income		(5,895,941)		4,814,568	
Nonoperating revenues:					
Investment income		-		52,531	
Gain (loss) on sale of assets		-		231,834	
Total nonoperating revenues				284,365	
(Loss) income loss before transfers		(5,895,941)		5,098,933	
Transfers:					
Transfers from other funds		-		1,500,000	
Transfers to other funds		<u>-</u>		(597,024)	
Change in net position		(5,895,941)		6,001,909	
Net position, beginning of year		146,609,731		30,807,574	
Net position, end of year	\$	140,713,790	\$	36,809,483	

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Er	Business-type Activity - hterprise Fund Arena Fund		overnmental Activities - Internal ervice Funds
Cash flows from operating activities	-	7 11 011 011 011 0		0.7100 1 0.1100
Receipts from customers	\$	1,348,580	\$	2,915,947
Receipts from interfund services provided	•	-	•	47,132,337
Other operating revenues		=		915,885
Payments to suppliers for goods and services		(1,022,904)		(42,306,957)
Payments to employees for services		·		(1,282,085)
Net cash provided by operating activities		325,676		7,375,127
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities				
Transfers from other funds		-		1,500,000
Transfers to other funds		-		(597,024)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		<u> </u>		902,976
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		<u>-</u>		243,185
Purchases and construction of capital assets		(3,618,897)		(3,496,075)
Net cash used in capital and		(0.040.007)		(0.050.000)
related financing activities		(3,618,897)		(3,252,890)
Cash flows from investing activities				
Interest on investments				52,531
Net cash provided by investing activities		-		52,531
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(3,293,221)		5,077,744
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the year		6,968,444		24,711,573
Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year	\$	3,675,223	\$	29,789,317
Reconciliation of operating (loss) income to net cash				
provided by operating activities				
Operating (loss) income	\$	(5,895,941)	\$	4,814,568
Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) income to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation expense		5,064,733		2,261,424
Decrease in accounts receivable		725,861		1,511
Decrease in inventories		-		4,502
Increase in accounts payable		431,023		85,222
Increase in estimated claims payable				207,900
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	325,676	\$	7,375,127

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2020

	Pension (and Other Employee Benefit) Trust Fund - 457(b) Plan	Custodial Funds		
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$	396,524,255	
Investments				
Mutual Funds	66,645,715		-	
Notes receivable from participants	1,143,624		-	
Property tax levied	-		260,556,612	
Total assets	67,789,339		657,080,867	
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	-		53,265,099	
Due to other governmental entities	-		603,359,812	
Total liabilities			656,624,911	
Net Position				
Restricted for Employee Benefits	67,789,339	\$	-	
Restricted for Sheriff Inmates	-		455,956	
Total net position	\$ 67,789,339	\$	455,956	

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Pension (and

	Other Employee Benefit) Trust Fund - 457(b) Plan	Custodial Funds
Additions	. 4044.700	•
Contributions	\$ 4,041,728	\$ -
Property tax collections for other governments	-	1,807,778,893
Motor vehicle tax collections for other governments	-	115,789,416 515,309,177
Finance holdings Inmate deposits	-	3,404,913
State clerk fee	_	2,693,686
Other fees		3,912,123
Fines, penalties and forfeitures	_	2,255,914
Other	-	13,071,486
Investment earnings		
Net increase (decrease) in the fair		
value of investments	8,167,612	-
Interest	1,821,002	
Total investment earnings	9,988,614	-
Less investment expense	(103,494)	
Net investment earnings	9,885,120	
Total additions	13,926,848	2,464,215,608
Deductions:		
Plan fees	32,120	=
Plan withdrawals	2,472,559	-
Payment of property taxes to other governments	-	1,807,778,893
Motor vehicle tax to other governments	-	115,789,416
Finance holdings	-	515,309,177
State court fees	-	2,693,686
Inmate payments	-	3,234,583
Other	<u> </u>	19,239,523
Total deductions	2,504,679	2,464,045,278
Change in net position	11,422,169	170,330
Net position, beginning of year	56,367,170	285,626
Net position, end of year	\$ 67,789,339	\$ 455,956

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

Sedgwick County (County) is organized under the laws of the State of Kansas (Kansas or State) and is governed by an elected five-member board. As required by generally GAAP, these financial statements present the primary government and its component units, entities for which the County is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations.

Blended Component Units - Sedgwick County Fire District 1 (Fire District) is governed by the Sedgwick County Board of County Commissioners (BOCC), acting as a separate governing body. The Fire District is a separate taxing entity by applicable Kansas statutes, providing fire protection services to certain areas of the County. The costs of providing such service, including retirement of long-term debt, are provided from property taxes assessed to property owners in the benefit district. The Fire District general obligation bonds payable are general obligation debt of the Fire District and are secured by the full faith and credit of the Fire District. For financial reporting, the financial activities of the Fire District are accounted for within the special revenue funds, debt service funds, and capital projects funds within the County's financial statements. The blending method is used because the Fire District's governing body is identical to the County's governing board and because the County's finance staff and resources will be used to create and oversee the Fire District's lease purchase agreements.

The Sedgwick County Public Building Commission (SCPBC) was established to benefit the County and other governmental entities and is governed by a separate five-member board. The BOCC appoints all five members of the SCPBC Board and is able to impose its will on the SCPBC. The SCPBC has the authority to issue revenue bonds to finance the cost of acquiring and/or constructing land and facilities operated for a public purpose by a governmental entity. The SCPBC finances the debt service of the revenue bonds by leasing the land and facilities to the governmental entity that operates it. The operating governmental entity guarantees the rentals under the SCPBC lease. The SCPBC has no power to levy taxes, and revenue bonds issued by the SCPBC are not included in any legal debt limitations of the operating governmental entity. The SCPBC is considered a blended component unit due to a majority of the total debt outstanding for SCPBC being expected to be repaid entirely with the resources of the County. For financial reporting, the financial activities of the SCPBC are accounted for within the special revenue funds within the County's financial statements.

Separate audited financial statements are not prepared for the Fire District or the SCPBC.

<u>Related Organizations</u> - The County Manager and BOCC are also responsible for appointing ten of the eleven members of the board of the Sedgwick County Technical Education and Training Authority. However, the County's accountability for this organization does not extend beyond making the appointments. The Sedgwick County Technical Education and Training Authority is the official governing body of the Wichita Area Technical College.

The Sedgwick County Zoological Society, Inc. (Society) and BOCC entered into an agreement on August 18, 1967, which employs the Society as an agent of the County to plan, establish, manage, operate, and develop zoological gardens and exhibits. Sedgwick County provides monies annually for the maintenance and operation of the facility. Such expenditures are financed within the general fund, the capital reserve fund, and the park and recreation fund of Sedgwick County.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report financial information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. However, interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include [1] charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and [2] grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are presented for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Fund Financial Statement Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements, except for custodial funds, which use the economic resources measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Special assessments are recognized as revenue when levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period as available. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due and pension and OPEB liabilities are only recognized to the extent the liability is normally expected to be liquidated with expendable available resources.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Fund Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

Property taxes are budgeted to finance the subsequent year's operations and, consequently, are not susceptible to accrual. Sales taxes collected and held by merchants and/or the State at year-end on behalf of the County are recognized as revenue. Licenses, fees, fines, forfeitures, charges for services, and other revenues are generally not susceptible to accrual and are recorded when received in cash.

Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met. Unrestricted aid is reported as revenue in the fiscal year during which the entitlement is received.

The County's fiduciary funds consist of a pension (and other employee benefit) trust fund and three custodial funds.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

- The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The Federal/State Assistance Fund is a special revenue fund established to account for revenues and expenditures derived from Federal and State grant sources.
- The *Public Building Commission Fund* is a blended component unit (special revenue fund) established to account for revenues and expenditures derived from direct financing leases.
- The *Debt Service Fund* accounts for the servicing of general long-term debt, including special assessment debt that is secured by the full faith and credit of the County, not being financed by proprietary funds.
- The *Debt Proceeds Fund* accounts for the receipt of proceeds from general obligation bonds and transfers to capital projects for financing the costs of improvements.

The County reports the following major proprietary fund:

The Arena Fund is a major fund and the only enterprise fund of the County, accounting for activities of the County-owned downtown arena.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

- Nonmajor special revenue funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than for debt service or capital projects) that are restricted or committed for specified purposes.
- Nonmajor capital projects funds account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities or improvements (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

- C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Fund Financial Statement Presentation (continued)
 - Internal service funds account for fleet management, health, dental and life insurance reserves, workers' compensation reserves, and risk management reserves that provide services to other departments on a cost-reimbursement basis.
 - Pension (and other employee benefit) trust fund is used to account for fiduciary activities of the Sedgwick County, Kansas Section 457(b) Deferred Compensation Plan, which accumulates resources that allows eligible employees to supplement any existing retirement and pension benefits by saving and investing before-tax dollars through a voluntary salary contribution.
 - Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities for tax collections and related distributions to other governments, as well as amounts held for individuals.

Expenditures are grouped by function. The following are descriptions of the County's functions:

- General government includes legislative, executive, financial administration, law, personnel administration, elections, facility operations, information technology, and planning & zoning functions.
- *Public safety* includes public safety administration, law enforcement, corrections, protective inspection, fire protection, ambulance services, emergency communications, civil preparedness and judicial functions.
- *Public works* includes road & bridges, storm drainage, waste disposal, weed control, and environmental resources functions.
- *Health and welfare* includes mental health, public health, aging assistance, general assistance, and animal control functions.
- Cultural and recreation includes parks, fairs & livestock, museums, and zoo functions.
- Community development includes education, economic development, economic opportunity, and urban redevelopment & housing functions.
- Debt service includes payment of principal, interest and debt issuance cost.
- Capital Outlay includes construction of buildings, roads and major asset purchase.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include: [1] charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, [2] operating grants and contributions, and [3] capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's enterprise fund are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. For internal service funds, operating revenues and expenses relate to goods or services provided to other funds. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Fund Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position

1. Deposits and Investments

The County maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds of the primary government. The pool has the general characteristics of demand deposit accounts, in that each fund may deposit additional cash at any time and may withdraw cash at any time without prior notice or penalty. The pooled cash is invested to the extent available in authorized investments. Each fund type's portion of the pool is displayed on the financial statements as "cash, including investments."

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the County considers investments of the proprietary fund types to be cash equivalents if such investments have original maturities of three months or less.

The County's investment policy and Kansas law (K.S.A. 12-1675 – 12-1677) allow monies not otherwise regulated by statute to be invested in:

- Temporary notes of Sedgwick County;
- Time deposits, open accounts, or certificates of deposits with maturities of not more than four years;
- Repurchase agreements with commercial banks, or State or federally chartered savings and loan associations that have offices in Sedgwick County;
- United States treasury bills or notes with maturities not exceeding four years;
- U.S. government agency securities with a maturity of not more than four years;
- The municipal investment pool fund operated by the Kansas State Treasurer. This pool is not an SEC registered pool. The Pooled Money Investment Board (PMIB) provides the regulatory oversight for this pool. The fair value of the PMIB investments approximates the value of pool shares; and,
- A municipal investment pool established through the trust department of commercial banks that have offices in Sedgwick County.

In addition to the preceding authorized investments, the County's investment policy and Kansas law (K.S.A. 10-131) allow investment of proceeds of bonds and temporary notes in the following:

- U.S. government and agency obligations;
- Time deposits with banks and trust companies in Sedgwick County;
- FNMA, FHLB, and FHLMC obligations;
- Collateralized repurchase agreements;
- Investment agreements with financial institutions, including broker/dealers whose obligations are rated in one of the three highest rating categories by either Moody's or Standard & Poor's:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

- D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position (continued)
 - 1. Deposits and Investments (continued)
 - Mutual funds whose portfolio consists entirely of obligations of the U.S. government, U.S. government agencies, FNMA, FHLB, and FHLMC; and
 - Certain Kansas municipal bonds.

During 2020, the County invested in certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool, U.S. government and agency obligations, and mutual funds whose portfolio consists entirely of obligations of the U.S. government.

Unless specifically required under applicable Kansas statutes or other restrictions, earnings from investments are allocated based on average available cash balances, and the remaining earnings are allocated to the General Fund. Investments are carried at fair value.

2. Receivables

<u>Interfund receivables</u> - Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a nonspendable fund balance in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

<u>Property tax receivables</u> – In accordance with Kansas statutes, property taxes levied during the current year are revenue sources to be used to finance the budget of the ensuing year. Taxes are assessed on a calendar year basis and are levied and become a lien on the property on November 1 of each year. The County Treasurer is the tax collection agent for all entities within the County. Property owners have the option of paying one-half or the full amount of the taxes levied on or before December 20 during the year levied, with the balance to be paid on or before May 10 of the ensuing year. Kansas statutes prohibit the County Treasurer from distributing taxes collected in the year levied prior to January 1 of the ensuing year.

Consequently, for revenue recognition purposes, the taxes levied during the current year are not due and receivable until the ensuing year. At December 31, such taxes are a lien on the property and are recorded as taxes receivable, net of anticipated delinquencies, with a corresponding amount recorded as deferred inflows of resources in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. It is not practicable to apportion delinquent taxes at the end of the year, and further, those amounts are not material in relationship to the basic financial statements.

<u>Special assessments receivable</u> – As required by Kansas statutes, projects financed in part by special assessments are financed through the issuance of general obligation bonds that are secured by the full faith and credit of the County and are retired from the Debt Service Fund. Further, Kansas statutes permit levying additional general ad valorem property taxes in the

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position (continued)

2. Receivables (continued)

Debt Service Fund to finance delinquent special assessments receivable. Consequently, special assessments receivable are accounted for within the Debt Service Fund.

Special assessment taxes are levied over a 10 or 15-year period, and the County may foreclose on liens against property benefited by special assessments when delinquent assessments are two years in arrears. In the fund financial statements, the special assessment taxes levied are a lien on the property and are recorded as special assessments receivable in the Debt Service Fund, with a corresponding amount recorded as deferred inflows of resources in the fund financial statements at December 31.

<u>Note receivable</u> – Sedgwick County agreed to loan the Sedgwick County Zoological Society, Inc. (Zoo) up to \$2,400,000 for a 10-year term beginning April 1, 2007. The loan funds capital improvements for the Zoo at an initial rate of 5.23%, adjusted annually. At December 31, 2020 the note balance was \$702,033. Starting in 2014, there was a payment moratorium for five years. During that time, the Zoo, was not required to make payments on the loan. The rate reset to 2.66% on April 1, 2019.

3. Inventories

Inventories of the governmental funds are valued at cost as determined by the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. The consumption method is used to account for these inventories. Under the consumption method, inventories purchased are recorded as an asset and expenditure recognition is deferred until the inventories are actually consumed. Reported inventories in governmental funds are equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance, which indicates they are unavailable for appropriation, even though they are a component of reported assets. Inventories of proprietary funds are valued at cost determined on the moving weighted average method.

4. Prepaid Items – Land Lease

Effective January 1, 2007, the County, through the SCPBC, entered into a 50-year lease as lessee with the Wichita Airport Authority of the City of Wichita, Kansas for land at Jabara Airport for construction of the National Center for Aviation Training. The cost of the prepaid item is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased. The County originally paid \$3,263,206 in advance rental payments, of which \$2,099,975 remains at December 31, 2020. At the end of the 50-year term, title to the facilities contracted by the County reverts to the lessor, unless sooner transferred under provisions of the lease.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, including property, plant, equipment, software, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Property, plant, and infrastructure assets with initial individual costs that exceed \$50,000 and estimated useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period are recorded as capital assets. Equipment and software is capitalized when the initial cost exceeds \$10,000 and its useful life extends beyond a single reporting period.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position(continued)

5. Capital Assets (continued)

Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, software, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	40-50
Bridges	40
Drainage systems	30
Roads	30
Building improvements	20
Heavy equipment	10
Improvements other than buildings	10
Leasehold improvements	10
Office furniture and equipment	5
Operating equipment	3-5
Software	5
Vehicles	3

6. Compensated Absences

It is the County's policy to permit employees to accumulate a maximum of 160 hours of vacation. Upon termination or resignation from service to the County, employees are entitled to payment for all accrued vacation earned prior to termination or resignation.

All employees on permanent status earn sick leave at the rate of one calendar day per month with no maximum accumulation. Upon retirement, any employee who has accumulated 800 hours of sick leave is entitled to 240 hours of pay at the employee's current rate of salary. No allowance for unused sick leave is paid upon termination or resignation.

All leave pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide statements and a liability for these amounts is reported.

7. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. In the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position (continued)

7. Long-Term Obligations (continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds, are reported as debt service expenditures.

8. Pensions and OPEB

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS) and additions to/deductions from KPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by KPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and OPEB expense, have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

9. Net Position/Fund Balance Classifications

In the government-wide statements, net position is classified into three components:

- Net investment in capital assets consisting of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, leases, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisitions, construction, or improvements of those assets. If no debt is attributable to the capital assets, net position is reported as "invested in capital assets."
- Restricted net position consisting of net position with constraints placed on their
 use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or
 regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or
 enabling legislation. The County first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying
 activities.
- Unrestricted net position All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

As prescribed by GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, governmental fund balance classifications are based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

- D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position (continued)
 - 9. Net Position/Fund Balance Classifications (continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance in five different classifications:

- Nonspendable Amounts legally or contractually required to be maintained or are not in spendable form. Such constraint is binding until the legal requirement is repealed or the amounts become spendable.
- Restricted Amounts with externally imposed constraints, such as those mandated by creditors, grantors, and contributors, or laws and regulations. Such constraint is binding unless modified or rescinded by the applicable external body, laws, or regulations.
- Committed Amounts with a purpose formally imposed by resolution by the BOCC, binding unless modified or rescinded by the BOCC.
- Assigned Comprises of amounts intended to be used by the County for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by (1) the BOCC or (2) a body or official to whom the BOCC has delegated the authority to. The BOCC has delegated authority to the County Manager or Department Heads to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes as prescribed by the County's Fund Balance and Cash policy.
- Unassigned All amounts not included in the other fund balance classifications. The general fund shall be the only fund to report positive unassigned fund balance. All other governmental funds may report negative unassigned fund balance.

In circumstances when expenditure is made for a purpose which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, fund balance is depleted in the order of restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

The County's fund balance policy states that the General Fund will be managed in such a way as to maintain a minimum unrestricted fund balance on the last calendar quarter equal to twenty percent of budgeted annual expenditures and transfers out.

10. Deferred Inflows of Resources/Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position and fund balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future reporting period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure/reduction of liability) until then. The County has three items that qualify for reporting in this category in the government-wide statement of net position, deferred charge on refunding, deferred outflows for pensions, and deferred outflows on other postemployment benefits. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

- D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position (continued)
 - 10. Deferred Inflows of Resources/Deferred Outflows of Resources (continued)

the refunded or refunding debt. See Note IV. G for more information on other postemployment benefits.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and fund balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future reporting period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has four types of items: unavailable revenue, deferred revenue, deferred inflows for pensions and deferred inflows for other postemployment benefits, that qualify for reporting in this category. Unavailable revenue, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from two sources: accounts receivable and special assessments. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. Deferred revenues are reported in both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet for property tax receivable and in the governmental funds balance sheet for lease receivable. Property taxes are not recognized as revenue until the period for which they are levied. Principal on the lease receivable is not available until future periods, so is deferred in the funds. The third and fourth items, deferred inflows for pensions and deferred inflows for other postemployment benefits, are reported on the government-wide statement of net position. See Note IV. F. and Note IV. G. for more information on these deferred inflows.

11. Estimates

Preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires making estimates and assumptions that affect [1] the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources, [2] disclosures, such as contingencies, and [3] the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures or expenses included in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

II. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. Budgetary Information

Kansas statutes require an annual operating budget be legally adopted for the general fund and debt service funds. Legally adopted budgets are also required for special revenue funds, internal service funds and enterprise funds, unless specifically exempted by statute. The statutes provide for the following sequence and timetable of the legal annual operating budget:

- Preparation of the budget for the succeeding calendar year on or before August 1.
- Publication in local newspaper of the proposed budget and notice of public hearing on the budget on or before August 5.
- Public hearing on or before August 15, but at least 10 days after publication of notice of hearing.
- Adoption of the final budget on or before August 25.

The County has the following levels of budget control:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

II. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (continued)

A. Budgetary Information (continued)

- The legal level of control is established at the fund level by Kansas statutes.
- County resolution places level of control at the object class (i.e., personnel services, contractual, commodities, etc.). This allows management to transfer amounts between object classes within a fund, subject to County policy.
- As allowed by Kansas statute, the governing body can increase the fund level expenditures by amending the budget. An amendment may only be made for previously unbudgeted increases in revenue other than ad valorem taxes. A notice of public hearing to amend the budget must be published in the local newspaper. At least 10 days after the publication, the hearing may be held and the governing body may amend the budget at that time.

There were no budget amendments in 2020.

All unencumbered appropriations (legal budget expenditure authority) lapse at year-end, except for capital projects fund appropriations, which are carried forward until such time as the project is completed or terminated. Encumbered appropriations are not appropriated in the ensuing year's budget, but are carried forward until liquidated or cancelled.

A legal operating budget is not required for capital projects funds, the debt proceeds fund, the County's single enterprise fund, or the following special revenue funds and internal service funds:

Non-Budgeted Special Revenue Funds

Federal/State Assistance Fund
Public Building Commission Fund
Fire District Research and Development
Auto License
Prosecuting Attorney Training
Technology
Court Alcohol/Drug Safety Action Program
Court Trustee Operations

Non-Budgeted Internal Service Funds

Fleet Management Health/Dental/Life Insurance Reserve Workers' Compensation Reserve Risk Management Reserve

B. Deficit Fund Balance

The Building and Equipment Fund, a nonmajor capital project fund, had a fund balance deficit of \$791,526, as of December 31, 2020. This deficit will be recovered through transfers from the Debt Proceeds Fund.

III. Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Deposits and Investments

Sedgwick County has adopted a formal investment policy. Primary objectives of investment activities are, in order of priority: safety, liquidity and yield. The standard of care to be used by investment officials is the "prudent person" investment rule and is applied to management of the entire portfolio. This rule states "Investments shall be made with judgment and care, under circumstances then prevailing, which persons of prudence, discretion and intelligence exercise in

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

III. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

A. Deposits and Investments (continued)

the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the probable safety of their capital as well the probable income to be derived."

At December 31, 2020, the County had the following investments:

		Modified Duration	Percent of Total Pooled
Investment Type	Fair Value	(in years)	Funds ²
U.S. Agency coupon securities	\$ 192,825,085	1.056	30.23
U.S. Treasury coupon securities	100,272,831	0.333	15.72
Repurchase agreements	148,518,913	-	23.28
Kansas Municipal Investment Pool ¹	95,902,521	-	15.04
Mutual funds	20,817,099	-	3.26
Subtotal general operating portfolio	558,336,449		
Assets held by trustee:			
State & Local Govt. securities	1,440,868	-	0.23
Subtotal assets held by trustee	1,440,868		87.76
Total Investments	\$ 559,777,317		
Portfolio modified duration		0.815	

¹Interest rate risk for the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool is based on the weighted average maturity of the pool. As of December 31, 2020 the weighted average maturity of the pool was 42.7 days.

Custodial credit risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure or failure of the investment counterparty, the County's deposits may not be returned to the County, or the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County does not have any treasury or agency coupon securities that are held by the investment counterparty.

The County requires that all investment transactions be settled delivery versus payment with an independent third-party safekeeping agent under contract with the County. The County's investment policy requires compliance within the provisions of state law for the collateralization of all deposits and allowable securities are further limited to:

- Direct obligations of, or obligations insured by, the U.S. government or any agency thereof.
- Obligations and securities of U.S. government-sponsored corporations that, under federal law, may be accepted as security for public funds.
- Bonds of any Kansas municipality that have been refunded and are secured by U.S. obligations.
- Bonds of the State of Kansas.
- General obligation bonds of any Kansas municipality.
- Temporary notes of Sedgwick County, Kansas.
- Surety bond of a surety corporation authorized to do business in Kansas in an amount equal to the amount on deposit.

²Percentage is based off of pooled funds including certificates of deposit. Certificates of deposit is 12.24%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

III. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

A. Deposits and Investments (continued)

The County does not accept peak period collateral agreements. Kansas law requires the fair value of collateral pledged to be equal to or greater than the entity's deposits. The County's investment policy requires the fair value of collateral to be at least 102% of the total deposits. As of December 31, 2020, the market value of assets pledged to the County as collateral complied with the investment policy.

Interest rate risk

Through its investment policy, the County manages its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates by requiring that maturities be staggered in a way that avoids undue concentration of assets in a specific maturity sector, and that the investment portfolio remain sufficiently liquid to meet all operating requirements which might reasonably be anticipated. Additionally, Kansas law and the investment policy limits investments to a maximum stated maturity of four years.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Kansas law limits the types of investments that can be made by Sedgwick County. The County's investment policy imposes limitations beyond those of the State of Kansas. In accordance with the County's investment policy, the County minimizes credit risk by pre-qualifying financial institutions, brokers/dealers, intermediaries and advisors, as well as diversifying the portfolio so that potential losses on individual securities will be minimized. On December 31, 2020, the County's securities underlying repurchase agreements and investments consisting of U.S. agency obligations not directly guaranteed by the U.S. government included only instruments rated Aaa by Moody's and AA+ by Standard & Poor's. The County also holds investments with the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool, which was not rated for 2020. Mutual funds utilized by the County were rated Aaamf by Moody's and AAAm by Standard & Poor's at December 31, 2020.

Concentration of credit risk

The investment policy of the County limits the amount of investments that can be placed with a single financial institution to no more than 60% of the total value of time deposits in the portfolio. The following maximum limits, by instrument, are also established for the County's total investment portfolio:

	Maximum Percentage
Investment Type	Of Portfolio
Repurchase agreements	15
Collateralized time and demand deposits	100
U.S. Treasury notes and bills	80
U.S. government agency obligations	80
Kansas Municipal Investment Pool	25
Bank Trust Department municipal pools	15
Temporary notes	10

In addition, the limit on repurchase agreements and investments with the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool may not exceed 75% of the portfolio for a maximum of 45 days during each of the May and December tax collection seasons. Finally, investments established for bond proceeds are limited by instrument as a percentage of the County's total portfolio value. Invested amounts are not to exceed 20% for mutual funds and 10% for general obligation bonds of Kansas municipalities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

III. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

A. Deposits and Investments (continued)

At December 31, 2020 the County held \$58.0 million, or 9.10%, of its portfolio in investments issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank, \$36.4 million, or 5.71%, in investments were issued by the Federal Farm Credit Bank, \$33.4 million, or 5.24%, in investments were issued by Federal Home Loan Mortgage Loan Corp., \$65.0 million, or 10.18% in investments were issued with the Federal National Mortgage Association.

A reconciliation of cash and investments as shown on the basic financial statements follows:

Cash, including investments, Statement of Net Position	\$ 255,424,838
Restricted cash, including investments, Statement of Net Position	1,440,868
Cash, including investments, custodial funds	396,524,255
Total	\$ 653,389,961

The above total is comprised of:

Deposits	\$ 93,612,644
Total Investments	559,777,317
Total	\$ 653,389,961

Fair Value Investments

GAAP defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. GAAP establishes a fair value hierarchy, which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The standard describes three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

- **Level 1** Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for an identical asset or liability that a government can access at the measurement date
- **Level 2** Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.
- **Level 3** Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

III. **Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)**

A. Deposits and Investments (continued)

The following table presents the fair value measurements of assets and liabilities recognized in the accompanying statement of net position/balance sheets measured at fair value on a recurring basis and the level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at December 31, 2020:

Fair Value Measurements Using

							•
			ı	ces in Active Markets for ntical Assets		Significant Other Observable Inputs	Significant Unobservable Inputs
		12/31/2020		(Level 1)		(Level 2)	(Level 3)
Investments							
U.S. Agency coupon securities	\$	192,825,085	\$	192,825,085	\$	-	\$ -
U.S. Treasury coupon securities		100,272,831		-		100,272,831	-
Repurchase agreements		148,518,913		148,518,913		-	-
Kansas Municipal Investment Pool		95,902,521		95,902,521		-	-
Collateralized deposits		78,071,219		78,071,219		-	-
Mutual Funds		20,817,099		20,817,099		-	
Subtotal general operating portfolio		636,407,668		536,134,837		100,272,831	-
Assets held by trustee:							
State & Local Govt. securities		1,440,868		1,440,868		-	
Subtotal assets held by trustee		1,440,868		1,440,868		-	-
Total investments, including collateralized							
deposits of \$78,071,219	\$	637,848,536	\$	537,575,705	\$	100,272,831	\$ -
Total investments per pre	vio	us page		\$	į	559,777,31	L7
Collateralized deposits				_\$		78,071,21	19
Total				\$	(537,848,53	36

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

III. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

B. Receivables

Amounts are aggregated into a single accounts receivable line for certain funds and aggregated columns. Below is the detail of receivables for the general, fed/state assistance, SCPBC, debt service, nonmajor governmental, internal service and Arena funds in the aggregate as of December 31, 2020:

Receivables		Accounts eceivable	operty Taxes Receivable		iles Taxes eceivable	nterest ceivable	F	Lease Receivable	Re	Notes ceivable	As	Special sessment eceivable		Total
General Fund	\$	408,059	\$ 117,890,825	\$	2,679,662	\$ 193,892	\$	-	\$	702,033	\$	-	\$	121,874,471
Fed/State Assistance Fund		826,319	-		-	-		-		-		-		826,319
Public Building Commission		-	-		-	-		82,620,350		-		-		82,620,350
Debt Service Fund		-	11,307,284		-	-		-		-		3,573,253		14,880,537
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		3,123,099	40,102,001		2,679,664	-		-		-		-		45,904,764
Internal Service Fund		-	-		-	-		-		-		-		-
Total Governmental Activities		4,357,477	169,300,110		5,359,326	193,892		82,620,350		702,033		3,573,253		266,106,441
Arena		-	-		-	-		-		-		-		-
Total Business-Type Activities	_	-	 -	_	-	 -		-		-	_	-	_	-
Total Net Receivables	\$	4,357,477	\$ 169,300,110	\$	5,359,326	\$ 193,892	\$	82,620,350	\$	702,033	\$	3,573,253	\$	266,106,441

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

III. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

C. Capital Assets

Capital assets activity of the primary government, which includes the internal service funds, for the year ended December 31, 2020, was as follows:

	January 1, 2020	Increases	Decreases	December 31, 2020
Governmental activities:	-			
Capital assets, not being depreciated:			•	
Land	\$ 27,344,138		\$ -	\$ 27,982,042
Construction in progress	21,807,986	15,154,216	(554,943)	36,407,259
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	49,152,124	15,792,120	(554,943)	64,389,301
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	345,891,490	3,682,265	(160,139)	349,413,616
Leasehold improvements	2,234,871	-	-	2,234,871
Improvements other than buildings	40,455,497	463,075	, , ,	40,806,047
Machinery and equipment	87,092,029	, ,	(1,699,889)	94,652,199
Infrastructure	300,169,176			303,840,709
Total capital assets being depreciated	775,843,063	17,076,932	(1,972,553)	790,947,442
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(155,747,164)	(9,386,408)	152,369	(164,981,203)
Leasehold improvements	(2,234,871)	(23,607)	-	(2,258,478)
Improvements other than buildings	(28,629,551)	(2,163,103)	95,089	(30,697,565)
Machinery and equipment	(68,645,032)	(4,688,556)	1,672,664	(71,660,924)
Infrastructure	(150,598,592)		-	(158,827,301)
Total accumulated depreciation	(405,855,210)	(24,490,383)	1,920,122	(428,425,471)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	369,987,853	(7,413,451)	(52,431)	362,521,971
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 419,139,977	\$ 8,378,669	\$ (607,374)	\$ 426,911,272
	January 1,			December 31,
	2020	Increases	Decreases	2020
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 13,038,358	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,038,358
Construction in progress	47,098	2,346,644	(45,101)	2,348,641
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	13,085,456	2,346,644	(45,101)	15,386,999
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	166,725,359	942,399	-	167,667,758
Machinery and equipment	8,116,167	374,955		8,491,122
Total capital assets being depreciated	174,841,526	1,317,354		176,158,880
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(42,516,518)	(4,517,540)	-	(47,034,058)
Machinery and equipment	(6,471,287)	(547,193)		(7,018,480)
Total accumulated depreciation	(48,987,805)	(5,064,733)		(54,052,538
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	125,853,721	(3,747,379)		122,106,342
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 138,939,177	\$ (1,400,735)	\$ (45,101)	\$ 137,493,341

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

III. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

C. Capital Assets (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government, as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	2,957,137
Public safety		6,202,837
Public works, including depreciation of general		
infrastructure assets		8,636,577
Health and welfare		119,666
Cultural and recreation		3,211,570
Community development, conserve/natural resources		1,101,171
Capital assets held by the government's internal service		
funds are charged to the various functions based on their		
usage of the assets		2,261,425
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	_	24,490,383
Business-type activities:		
Arena fund	\$	5,064,733

Construction Commitments

The County had outstanding construction commitments for various capital projects and improvements totaling \$4,604,134 at December 31, 2020. This amount is reflected as an encumbrance, which is a part of the fund balance in the Capital Projects Funds, including the Building and Equipment Fund, Street, Bridge and Other Fund, Sales Tax Road and Bridge Fund, Road and Bridge Equipment Fund, and the Capital Improvement Fund. These commitments will be funded through special assessments, general obligation bonds, local sales tax, intergovernmental revenue and existing local resources.

D. Operating Leases

For 2020 the Bond and Interest Fund levied 1.771 mills, a decrease of 0.999 mills from the 2019 budget.

E. Long-Term Debt

General Obligation Bonds

Sedgwick County issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities, roads, bridges, storm water drainage systems, and to refund past debt issuances. All general obligation bonds have been issued for governmental activities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of Sedgwick County. These bonds generally are issued as 20-year serial bonds with a level repayment schedule.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

III. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

E. Long-Term Debt (continued)

General obligation bonds outstanding at December 31, 2020 are as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rate	Amount
Governmental Activities – Road and Bridge	2.00 - 5.00%	\$15,473,067
Governmental Activities – Facilities	2.00 - 5.00%	15,878,933
Governmental Activities – Refunding	2.00 - 5.00%	11,190,000
Governmental Activities – Comm. Development	4.00 - 5.00%	5,265,000
Total general obligation bonds outstanding		\$ 47,807,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

	Governmental Activities					
Year ending December 31	Principal	Interest	Totals			
2021	\$ 5,887,000					
		\$ 1,814,758	\$ 7,701,758			
2022	5,428,000	1,582,169	7,010,169			
2023	4,257,000	1,341,319	5,598,319			
2024	4,161,000	1,181,066	5,342,066			
2025	3,941,000	1,018,716	4,959,716			
2026-2030	13,853,000	3,104,441	16,957,441			
2031-2035	6,990,000	1,107,388	8,097,388			
2036-2040	3,290,000	234,640	3,524,640			
Totals	\$ 47,807,000	\$ 11,384,497	\$ 59,191,497			

During 2020, Sedgwick County issued general obligation debt in the amount of \$4,105,000 for various road and bridge projects and building renovations. On November 20, 2020 Sedgwick County refunded the general obligation portion of the 2010A bond issue in the amount \$1,600,000 plus \$24,770 in accrued interest in order to decrease the remaining interest rate range from 4.750% - 5.650% to 1.000% - 3.500%.

Sedgwick County also issues special assessment debt. Prior to 2002, the County issued special assessment debt to provide funds for the construction of sewer systems and streets for residential and commercial development. The County sold the sewer system to the City of Wichita on April 1, 2001 and now only issues special assessment debt to provide funds for the construction of streets. Special assessment bonds will be repaid from amounts levied against the property owners benefited by the construction. In the event that a deficiency exists because of unpaid or delinquent special assessments at the time a debt service payment is due, the County will provide resources to cover the deficiency until other resources, for example, foreclosure proceeds, are received. These bonds are issued as 15-year serial bonds with a level repayment schedule. During 2020, Sedgwick County issued \$440,000 in special assessment debt. Special assessment bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rate	Amount
Governmental activities – Street and Sewer	2.00 - 5.20%	\$ 1,913,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

E. Long-Term Debt (continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for special assessment bonds are as follows:

	-	Governmental Activities					
Year ending							
December 31	Principal	Interest	Totals				
2021	\$ 328,000	\$ 74,420	\$ 402,420				
2022	252,000	63,169	315,169				
2023	258,000	52,313	310,313				
2024	269,000	40,774	309,774				
2025	274,000	28,286	302,268				
2026-2030	277,000	51,416	328,416				
2031-2035	255,000	15,510	270,510				
Totals	\$ 1,913,000	\$ 325,887	\$ 2,238,887				

Sedgwick County Public Building Commission Revenue Bonds

The SCPBC is a blended component unit of Sedgwick County. The SCPBC has the authority to issue revenue bonds to finance the cost of acquiring and/or constructing land and facilities operated for a public purpose by a governmental entity. The SCPBC finances the debt service of the revenue bonds by leasing the land and facilities to the governmental entity, which operates it. The operating governmental entity guarantees the rentals under the SCPBC lease. The SCPBC has no power to levy taxes and revenue bonds issued by the SCPBC are not included in any legal debt limitations of Sedgwick County. SCPBC bonds do not constitute a debt or pledge the full faith and credit of Sedgwick County, except to the extent the lease agreement constitutes an unconditional obligation of the County. The County is the operating governmental entity on five of the seven issues outstanding (as indicated with a "*") with repayment schedules ranging from 5 to 20 years with one exception. The WSU Experiential Engineering 2014-3 is paid over 40 years to keep annual debt service under \$2,500,000. The current bonds outstanding are as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rate	Amount
Public Safety Facilities & Equipment 2011-1	2.00 - 4.00%	\$ 7,705,000
Juvenile Justice 2012-1 Refunding	2.00 - 3.00%	4,085,000
Juvenile Justice Complex 2014-1 Refunding	1.00 - 5.00%	3,955,000
Technical Education Complex 2014-2 Refunding	1.75 - 5.00%	21,430,000
^*WSU Experiential Engineering (Tax Exempt) 2014-3	1.50 - 5.00%	38,895,000
^*WSU Experiential Engineering 2014-4	1.95 - 3.90%	4,325,000
*Exploration Place Series 2015-1 Refunding	5.00%	 1,975,000
Total		\$ 82,370,000

^{^:} These bond issues do not constitute an unconditional obligation of the County.

^{*:} Direct borrowings

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

III. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

E. Long-Term Debt (continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for revenue bonds are as follows:

		Component Unit – SCPBC		
Year ending December 31	Principal	Interest	Totals	
2021	6.410.000	\$ 3.249.705	\$ 9,659,	705
2022	6,610,000	3,017,950	9,527,	
2023	5,840,000	2,740,745	8,580,	745
2024	4,625,000	2,517,473	7,142,	473
2025	4,815,000	2,327,904	7,142,	,904
2026-2030	17,040,000	9,696,373	26,736,	373
2031-2035	5,485,000	7,769,689	13,254,	689
2036-2040	5,825,000	6,516,769	12,341,	769
2041-2045	7,425,000	4,878,275	12,303,	275
2046-2050	9,295,000	2,983,575	12,278,	575
2051-2055	9,000,000	797,125	9,797,	125
Totals	\$ 82,370,000	\$ 46,495,582	\$ 128,865,	582

SCPBC Revenue Bonds – WSU Experiential Engineering 2014-3 & 2014-4

On December 30, 2014, the SCPBC issued revenue bonds for Wichita State University (WSU) to finance the cost of constructing, furnishing, and equipping the first project part of the University's Innovation Campus. The proceeds of the bonds were deposited into an escrow trust account. Concurrent with the debt issuance, the SCPBC entered into a ground lease (as lessee) with the Kansas Board of Regents and a project lease (as lessor) with the Wichita State Board of Trustees. At December 31, 2020, the components of the net investment of this lease consist of:

Lease receivable	\$ 82,620,350
Less unearned income	39,950,350
Net effect on statement of net position	\$ 42,670,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for these revenue bonds are as follows:

Year ending			
December 31	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	600,000	1,886,686	2,486,686
2022	620,000	1,868,681	2,488,681
2023	640,000	1,848,826	2,488,826
2024	660,000	1,827,041	2,487,041
2025	680,000	1,803,416	2,483,416
2026-2030	3,820,000	8,593,148	12,413,148
2031-2035	4,655,000	7,736,489	12,391,489
2036-2040	5,825,000	6,516,769	12,341,769
2041-2045	7,425,000	4,878,275	12,303,275
2046-2050	9,295,000	2,983,575	12,278,575
2051-2055	9,000,000	797,125	9,797,125
Total	\$ 43,220,000	\$ 40,740,032	\$ 83,960,032

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

III. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

E. Long-Term Debt (continued)

Direct Borrowings & Direct Placements

In accordance with GASB 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements, which was implemented during the year ended on December 31, 2020, the County is now required to disclose information about direct borrowings and direct placements of debt separately from other debt. The County's outstanding notes from direct borrowings and direct placements related to governmental activities total \$45,195,000. There are no unused lines of credit or assets pledged as collateral for debt at December 31, 2020.

The outstanding notes from direct borrowings relating to the Exploration Place Series 2015-1 Refunding in the amount of \$1,975,000 contain a provision in the original bond agreement from 1997. In the event of a default, outstanding notes from direct borrowings related to the Series 2015-1 Refunding contain (1) a provision if the payment of the principal, premium, or interest are not made when due, INTRUST Bank, N.A. may take whatever action at law or in equity necessary or desirable to collect the rental payments due under the Exploration Place Lease Agreement; (2) a provision if SCPBC defaults in the due and punctual performance of any of the covenants, conditions, agreements, and provisions contained in the Bonds (other than those relating to continuing disclosure requirements) and the default continues for thirty days after written notices specifying such default, INTRUST Bank, N.A. may take whatever action at law or in equity is necessary or desirable to enforce the performance, observance, or compliance by SCPBC with any covenant, condition, or agreement by SCPBC; or (3) an event of default as defined in the lease has occurred, INTRUST Bank, N.A. may take whatever action SCPBC would be entitled to take, and shall take whatever action required of SCPBC pursuant to the lease in order to remedy the event of default.

Fire District Lease Agreements

In 2014, 2016, and 2019 the County entered into the five lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of major equipment for the Fire District. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes, and therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. The assets acquired through the capital leases are as follows:

	Activities		
Asset:	 _		
Machinery and equipment	\$ 6,353,188		
Less: accumulated depreciation	4,299,505		
Total	\$ 2,053,683		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

III. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

E. Long-Term Debt (continued)

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of the minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2020, were as follows:

Year ending	Governmental
December 31	Activities
2021	318,326
2022	395,069
2023	249,321
2024	249,321
2025	249,321
2026	124,660
Total minimum lease payments	1,586,018
Less: amount representing interest	81,516
Total	\$ 1,504,502

Changes in Noncurrent Liabilities

Internal Service Funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities of the Internal Service Funds are included as part of the totals for governmental activities. At year-end, claims payable totaling \$4,084,200 are included in the amounts below. Claims are generally liquidated by the appropriate Internal Service Fund. The net pension liability will be liquidated primarily through KPERS employer contributions made primarily from the governmental funds. Generally, compensated absences and the total other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability are liquidated by the General Fund. Noncurrent liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2020, is as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Additions		Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:							
Bonds payable:							
General obligation bonds	\$ 51,174,000	\$	4,105,000	\$	7,472,000	\$ 47,807,000	\$ 5,887,000
Revenue bonds	88,520,000		-		6,150,000	82,370,000	6,410,000
Special assessment debt with							
government commitment	1,746,000		440,000		273,000	1,913,000	328,000
Total bonds payable	141,440,000		4,545,000		13,895,000	132,090,000	12,625,000
Capital lease payable	1,946,437		-		441,935	1,504,502	218,595
Claims payable	3,876,300		31,013,510		30,805,610	4,084,200	3,322,100
Compensated absences	6,400,000		5,950,000		5,000,000	7,350,000	5,824,389
Governmental activities	153,662,737		41,508,510		50,142,545	145,028,702	21,990,084
Premium/(Discount)	6,784,651		421,192		930,711	6,275,132	
Noncurrent liabilities	\$ 160,447,388	\$ 4	41,929,702	\$	51,073,256	\$ 151,303,834	\$ 21,990,084
		Tot	al OPEB liabi	lity		24,106,664	
		Net pension liability		168,762,539			
				-			
		Tot	al noncurren	ıt liab	ilities	\$ 344,173,037	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

III. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

E. Long-Term Debt (continued)

Conduit Debt

The County has issued Economic Development revenue bonds not directly obligated by the County. The County has issued these bonds individually and jointly with surrounding counties. These bonds do not constitute an indebtedness or pledge of the faith and credit of the responsible entities or the County. The County's Industrial Revenue Bonds were paid in full, and the County had no conduit debt as of December 31, 2020.

F. Interfund Transfers

A summary of interfund transfers is as follows:

	Transfers In:											
	General Fund	Federal/State Assistance Fund				Nonmajor t Proceeds Governmental Fund Funds		Internal Service Funds		Totals		
Transfers out:												
General Fund	\$ -	\$	472,290	\$	1,691,822	\$	-	\$	4,023,067	\$	1,500,000	\$ 7,687,180
Federal/State Assistance Fund	17,229,078		-		-		-		2,704,859		-	19,933,937
Debt Proceed Fund	-		-		350,836		-		8,209,926		-	8,560,762
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	532,658		167,295		730,103		-		1,740,232		-	3,170,287
Internal Service Funds			-		-		-		597,024		-	597,024
Total	\$17,761,736	\$	639,585	\$	2,772,761	\$		\$	17,275,108	\$	1,500,000	\$ 39,949,190

Transfers are used to [1] move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, [2] move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the Debt Service Fund as debt service payments become due, and [3] use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

G. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Interfund balances result from the time lag between the dates that [1] interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, [2] transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and [3] payments between funds are made. Interfund payables at year-end relate to amounts spent in certain capital projects funds that have yet to be repaid from long-term financing from the Debt Proceeds Fund.

A summary of interfund receivables and payables at December 31, 2020 is as follows:

	Interfund	intertuna
	Receivable	Payable
Debt Proceeds Fund	\$ 779,471	\$ -
Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds:		
Building and Equipment Fund	<u>-</u> _	779,471
	\$ 779,471	\$ 779,471

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

III. Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

G. Interfund Receivables and Payables (continued)

During 2013 and 2014 interfund loans were made between the General Fund and the Capital Improvement Fund to provide for the funding of Fire Stations 34, 35, and 36. These advance receivables and payables as of December 31, 2020 are supported by note agreements specifying payment dates and interest amounts and are as follows:

	Advance Receivables	Advance Payables
General Fund Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund:	\$ 4,130,371	\$ -
Capital Improvement Fund	<u>-</u> _	4,130,371
	\$ 4,130,371	\$ 4,130,371

IV. Other Information

A. Risk Management

The County's property and casualty insurance coverage consists of both a self-insurance program and insurance policies purchased from various insurance carriers. The overall cost of insurance coverage has increased significantly the past three years. There have not been any settlements in excess of insurance coverage during any of the prior three fiscal years. Exposure to various risks associated with weather related incidents such as wind, hail, and storm damage is covered by a property insurance policy.

Risks associated with the operation of the INTRUST Bank Arena include loss related to theft, damage or destruction of assets, and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance. Settlements from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past three years.

Health/Dental/Life Insurance Reserve Fund the County has a self-funded insurance fund for health claims. Claims for county employees are administered through a third party administrator for the County's self-insured plan. Premiums are paid by employer and employee contributions into an internal service fund and are available to pay claims and costs of an administrative service agreement. An excess insurance policy covers individual claims in excess of \$500,000. Incurred but not reported claims of \$2,400,000 have been accrued as a liability. In 2020, \$29,108,711 was paid as claims. The outstanding claims liability is calculated from historical data and future expectations. This includes an estimated liability for known claims as well as an estimated liability for claims incurred but not reported.

<u>Workers Compensation</u> the County provides workers' compensation benefits through a self-insured plan that has been approved by the State of Kansas. Workers' compensation claims are administered by Risk Management, with the assistance of a contract attorney. Funding (premiums) for this self-insurance plan is allocated to County departments. Premiums are determined by a formula that uses both paid claims and the actual number of claims. The County does maintain reserves and pays all expenses for this plan from the Workers' Compensation Reserve Fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

IV. Other Information (continued)

A. Risk Management (continued)

Risk Management Reserve Fund the Risk Management Reserve Fund was established for the purpose of providing a contingency fund to pay self-insured claims, retentions and deductibles, and to provide an additional source of funding for the self-insured law enforcement liability, general liability, and public official's liability. Property insurance is maintained with a commercial carrier. Property claims have a \$100,000 deductible per claim, except for wind and hail property claims which have a \$250,000 deductible per claim. In 2020, \$892,139 was paid on claims.

The following is a summary of the changes in the unpaid claims liability:

	Workers' Compensation	Health/Dental Life Insurance
December 31,2018 liability balances 2019 Claims and changes in estimates	\$ 1,650,100 2,004,424	\$ 2,100,000 28,274,091
2019 Claim payments December 31, 2019 liability balances 2020 Claims and changes in estimates	(1,878,224) 1,776,300 1,604,799	(28,274,091) \$ 2,100,000 29,408,711
2020 Claim payments December 31, 2020 liability balances	(1,696,899) \$ 1,684,200	(29,108,711) \$ 2,400,000

Net position available for self-insurance expenses and future catastrophic losses are as follows:

Health/Dental/Life Insurance Reserve Fund	\$ 6,169,752
Workers' Compensation Reserve Fund	3,015,554
Risk Management Reserve Fund	3,603,521

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

IV. Other Information (continued)

B. Commitments

Encumbrances - The County uses encumbrances to control expenditure commitments for the year and to enhance cash management. Encumbrances represent commitments related to executed contracts not yet performed and purchase orders not yet filled. Commitments for such expenditure of monies are encumbered to reserve a portion of applicable appropriations. Encumbrances still open at year end are not accounted for as expenditures and liabilities but, rather, as restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance. As of December 31, 2020, the County's governmental funds had a total of \$14.4 million in encumbrances, which were reported as following:

			Other	Total
		Federal/State	Governmental	Governmental
	General	Assistance	Funds	Funds
Restricted:				
General government	\$ -	\$ 6,673,171	\$ 28,656	\$ 6,701,827
Public safety	32	130,828	1,369,566	1,500,426
Health and welfare	-	1,080,217	142,873	1,223,090
Public works	-	-	94,077	94,077
Capital outlay				
Road improvements	-	-	424,591	424,591
Preventive maintenance	-	-	167,936	167,936
Bridge improvements	-	-	2,110,550	2,110,550
Committed:				
General government	-	-	6,006	6,006
Public safety	-	-	361,149	361,149
Capital Outlay				
Building improvements	-	-	429,147	429,147
Buildings	-	-	6,135	6,135
Drainage improvements	-	-	13,926	13,926
AR & WR Waiting Room Expansion	-	-	189,047	189,047
Outdoor Warning Devices	-	-	45,500	45,500
Assigned:				
General government	337,839	-	-	337,839
Public safety	167,874	-	-	167,874
Capital outlay				
Equipment reserve	-	-	4,425	4,425
Public works	57	-	-	57
Health and welfare	39,492	541,460	-	580,952
Culture and recreation	4,675			4,675
Total	\$ 549,969	\$ 8,425,676	\$ 5,393,584	\$ 14,369,229

C. Contingent Liabilities

The County is a defendant in various legal actions pending or in process for tax appeals, property damage, and miscellaneous claims. The ultimate liability that might result from the final resolution of the above matters is not presently determinable. Management and the County's counsel are of the opinion that the final outcome of the cases will not have an adverse material effect on the County's financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

IV. Other Information (continued)

D. Tax Abatements

There are currently two programs being utilized in Sedgwick County that offer tax abatements for economic development purposes. Both operate by granting an exemption on part or all of a property's assessed, or taxable, valuation.

Economic Development Exemptions (EDX)

Article 11, Section 13 of the Kansas Constitution gives counties and cities the authority to exempt from ad valorem taxation all or any portion of the valuation of buildings, land or other improvements used to facilitate business expansion and new employment creation. Such economic development exemptions may be in effect for up to ten years.

Exempt Industrial Revenue Bonds (IRB)

Kansas Statutes Annotated 79-213 et.seq. establish procedures by which the taxable value of real or personal property being financed by industrial revenue bonds may be wholly or partially exempt. In Sedgwick County, IRB exemptions granted by the County and several of the cities are currently in effect. The table below shows taxes that are foregone by the County government and the Fire District for both EDX & IRB abatements whether issued by the County or by another municipal government that reduce County revenues.

Economic Development Tax Abatements Abated Taxes

Location of Exempt Property	Sed	gwick County	F	ire District	Total		
		girion County		iio Biotiliot		Total	
		IF	RB				
County	\$	2,385,590	\$	1,452,928	\$	3,838,518	
Cities		2,208,609		563,672		2,772,281	
Total IRB	\$	4,594,199	\$	2,016,600	\$	6,610,799	
		El	DX				
County	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	
Cities		274,875		15,284		290,159	
Total EDX	\$	274,875	\$	15,284	\$	290,159	
Total Abatements	\$	4,869,074	\$	2,031,884	\$	6,900,958	

The abated taxes reflect the amounts that would have been levied on behalf of the County and the Fire District on the 2019 tax roll to fund expenditures during calendar year 2020 were it not for the tax exemption.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

IV. Other Information (continued)

E. Pending Governmental Accounting Standards

GASB Statement No. 87, Leases, establishes a single approach to accounting for and reporting leases by state and local governments. The standard addresses the reporting for governments that are lessors or lessees. GASB 87 is effective for financial statements for the County's fiscal year ending December 31, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period, establishes accounting requirements for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. Such interest cost includes all interest that previously was accounted for in accordance with the requirements of paragraphs 5–22 of Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, which are superseded by this Statement. GASB 89 is effective for financial statements for the County's fiscal year ending December 31, 2021.

GASB Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations, establishes a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminates diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. GASB 91 is effective for financial statements for the County's fiscal year ending December 31, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020, the objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. GASB 92 is effective for financial statements for the County based on specific paragraph effective dates specified in the standard.

GASB Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, the objectives of this Statement is to address those and other accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an IBOR. GASB 93 is effective for financial statements for the County's fiscal year ending December 31, 2021.

GASB Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements, the objectives of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). This statement also provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements (APAs). GASB 94 is effective for financial statements for the County's fiscal year ending December 31, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 95, Postponement of Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance, in response to the challenges arising from COVID-19, on May 7, 2020 GASB approved Statement 95, Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance. GASB approved an 18-month postponement for Statement 87, Leases. All statements and implementation guides with a current effective date of reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018, and later have a one-year postponement. This change is effective immediately. Early application is still encouraged. The effective dates on GASBs discussed above have already been adjusted to account for the postponements issued in GASB 95.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

IV. Other Information (continued)

E. Pending Governmental Accounting Standards

GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, the objectives of this Statement it to provide guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). GASB 96 is effective for financial statements for the County's fiscal year ending December 31, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans-an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32, the primary objectives of this Statement are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution OPEB plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. GASB 97 is effective for financial statements for the County's fiscal year ending December 31, 2022, except for portions of paragraphs 4 and 5.

F. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

General Information about the Pension Plans

Plan description. The County participates in the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS) and the Kansas Police and Firemen's Retirement System (KP&F). Both are part of a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan as provided by K.S.A. 74-4901, et. seq. Kansas law establishes and amends benefit provisions. KPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. KPERS' financial statements are included in its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, which can be found on the KPERS website at http://www.kpers.org or by writing to KPERS (611 South Kansas, Suite 100, Topeka, KS 66603) or by calling 1-888-275-5737.

Benefits provided. KPERS and KP&F provide retirement benefits, life insurance, disability income benefits, and death benefits. Benefits are established by statute and may only be changed by the Legislature. Members (except Police and Firemen) with ten or more years of credited service, may retire as early as age 55 (Police and Firemen may be age 50 with 20 years of credited service), with an actuarially reduced monthly benefit. Normal retirement is at age 65, age 62 with ten years of credited service, or whenever an employee's combined age and years of credited service equal 85 "points" (Police and Firemen's normal retirement ages are age 60 with 15 years of credited service, age 55 with 20 years, age 50 with 25 years, or any age with 36 years of service).

Monthly retirement benefits are based on a statutory formula that includes final average salary and years of service. When ending employment, members may withdraw their contributions from their individual accounts, including interest. Member who withdraw their accumulated contributions lose all rights and privileges of membership. For all pension coverage groups, the accumulated contributions and interest are deposited into, and disbursed from, the membership accumulated reserve fund as established by K.S.A. 74-4922.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

IV. Other Information (continued)

F. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

Members choose one of seven payment options for their monthly retirement benefits. At retirement, a member may receive a lump sum payment of up to 50% of the actuarial present value of the members lifetime benefit. His or her monthly retirement benefit is then permanently reduced based on the amount of the lump sum. Benefit increases, including ad hoc post retirement benefit increases, must be passed into law by the Kansas Legislature. Benefit increases are under the authority of the Legislature and the Governor of the State of Kansas.

The 2012 Legislature made changes affecting new hires, current member employees and employers. A new KPERS 3 cash balance retirement plan for new hires, starting January 1, 2015, was created. Normal retirement age for KPERS 3 is 65 with five years of service or 60 years of age with 30 years of service. Early retirement is available at age 55 with ten years of service, with a reduced benefit. Monthly benefit options are an annuity benefit based on the account balance at retirement.

For all pension coverage groups, the retirement benefits are disbursed from the retirement benefit payment reserve fund as established by K.S.A. 74-4922.

Contributions. K.S.A. 74-4919 and K.S.A. 74-49,210 establish the KPERS member-employee contributions rates. KPERS has multiple benefit structures and contribution rates depending on whether the employee is a KPERS 1, KPERS 2, or KPERS 3 member. KPERS 1 members are active and contributing members hired before July 1, 2009. KPERS 2 members were first employed in a covered position on or after July 1, 2009, and KPERS 3 members were first employed in a covered position on or after January 1, 2015. Effective January 1, 2015, Kansas law established the KPERS member-employee contribution rate at 6% of covered salary for KPERS 1, KPERS 2, and KPERS 3 members. K.S.A. 74-4975 establishes the KP&F member-employee contribution rate at 7.15% of covered salary. Member contributions are withheld by their employer and paid to KPERS according to the provisions of Section 414(h) of the Internal Revenue Code.

State law provides that the employer contribution rates for KPERS 1, KPERS 2, KPERS 3, and KP&F be determined based on the results of each annual actuarial valuation. KPERS is funded on an actuarial reserve basis. Kansas law sets a limitation on annual increases in the employer contribution rates. The actuarially determined employer contribution rate and the statutory contribution rate was 8.61% for KPERS and 21.93% for KP&F for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$9,688,972 for KPERS and \$7,432,415 for KP&F for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Although KPERS administers one cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, separate (sub) actuarial valuations are prepared to determine the actuarial determined contribution rate by group. Following this method, the measurement of the collective net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense are determined separately for each group of the plan. The County participates in the local KPERS group and the KP&F group.

At December 31, 2020, the County reported a liability of \$92,419,031 for KPERS and \$76,343,508 for KP&F for its proportionate share of the KPERS' collective net pension liability. The collective net pension liability was measured by KPERS as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

IV. Other Information (continued)

F. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

to calculate the collective net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019, which was rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020. The County's proportion of the collective net pension liability was based on the ratio of the County's actual contributions to KPERS and KP&F, relative to the total employer and nonemployer contributions of the KPERS and KP&F for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The contributions used exclude contributions made for prior service, excess benefits and irregular payments. At June 30, 2020, the County's proportion and change from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019 were as follows:

	•	sion liability as of ember 31, 2020	Proportion as of June 30, 2020	Increase (Decrease) in proportion from June 30, 2019
KPERS (local)	\$	92,419,031	5.331%	(0.055)%
KP&F		76,343,508	6.191%	(0.238%)
	\$	168,762,539		

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the County recognized pension expense of \$11,936,862 for KPERS and \$12,058,118 for KP&F. At December 31, 2020, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

KPERS	 red Outflows of Resources	 red Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,543,118	\$ (1,188,163)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	10,782,999	-
Changes in proportion	567,711	(1,348,103)
Changes of assumptions County contributions subsequent to	5,566,694	-
measurement date	4,343,519	
Total	\$ 22,804,041	\$ (2,536,266)

	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
\$ 2,231,472	\$	-	
7,418,599		-	
-		(2,793,041)	
5,284,711		-	
3,721,045		-	
\$ 18,655,827	\$	(2,793,041)	
F	7,418,599 - 5,284,711 3,721,045	Resources	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

IV. Other Information (continued)

F. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

The \$8,064,564 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending December 31, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as increases (decreases) to pension expense as follows:

KPERS

Year ending December 31:	Ou	Net Deferred tflows and Inflows of Resources
2021	\$	3,116,159
2022		4,328,654
2023		4,414,243
2024		3,916,358
2025		148,842
	\$	15,924,256

KP&F

	Ou	Net Deferred afflows and Inflows
Year ending December 31:		of Resources
2021	\$	3,110,699
2022		3,413,568
2023		3,113,771
2024		2,436,445
2025		67,258
	\$	12,141,741

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability for KPERS in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation Salary increases	2.75% (no change from prior year) 3.25% to 11.75%, including price inflation (a 0.25% decrease from prior year)
Investment Rate of Return	7.50% compounded annually, net of investment expense, including price inflation (a 0.25% decrease from prior year)

Mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Mortality Tables, with age setbacks and age set forwards as well as other adjustments based on different membership groups. Future mortality improvements are anticipated using Scale MP-2016.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

IV. Other Information (continued)

F. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of the most recent experience study, dated January 7, 2020, as provided by KPERS' investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equities	23.50%	5.20%
Non-U.S. Equities	23.50	6.40
Private Equity	8.00	9.50
Private Real Estate	11.00	4.45
Yield Driven	8.00	4.70
Real Return	11.00	3.25
Fixed Income	11.00	1.55
Short-term investments	4.00	0.25
Total	100%	

Discount rate. The discount rate used by KPERS to measure the total pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was based on member and employer contributions. The local groups do not necessarily contribute the full actuarial determined rate. Based on legislation passed in 1993 and subsequent legislation, the employer contribution rates certified by the KPERS' Board of Trustees for this group may not increase by more than the statutory cap. The statutory cap for Fiscal Year 2020 was 1.2%. Based on those assumptions, the pension plans fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.50%)	Current Discount Rate (7.50%)	1% Increase (8.50%)
County's KPERS proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 130,070,566	\$ 92,419,031	\$ 60,763,905
County's KP&F proportionate share of the net pension liability	104,490,768	76,343,508	52,836,521
	\$ 234,561,334	\$ 168,762,539	\$ 113,600,426

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

IV. Other Information (continued)

F. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued KPERS financial report.

G. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions

Plan Description

The County sponsors a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan that provides healthcare benefits, including medical, dental and vision, to retirees. Retiree health coverage is provided for under K.S.A. 12-5040. Employees who retire with at least 10 years of cumulative service with the County and commence retirement or disability benefits under KPERS are eligible for benefits. The funding policy of the County is to pay premiums as they come due through the Health/Dental/Life Insurance Reserve internal service fund. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75. There is no stand-alone financial report for the plan.

Benefits Provided

County retirees pay the same premiums charged to COBRA participants for medical, dental and vision coverage. The COBRA rates being paid by retirees for benefits are typically lower than those for individual health insurance policies. The difference between these two amounts is the implicit rate subsidy, which is considered OPEB.

Retirees and spouses have the same benefit as active employees. Retiree coverage terminates either when the retiree becomes covered under another employer health plan, or when the retiree reaches the Medicare eligibility age, which is currently age 65. Spousal coverage is available until the retiree becomes covered under another employer health plan, attains Medicare eligibility age, or dies.

Funding Policy

The premium requirements of plan members and the County are established and may be amended by the BOCC. The required premium is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. For year ended December 31, 2020, Sedgwick County's benefit payments were \$792,681. County retirees pay 100% of their healthcare premiums; the County is not required to share costs of retiree premiums.

Covered Employees

At December 31, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	198
Active employees	2,487
TOTAL	2,685

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

IV. Other Information (continued)

G. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (continued)

Total OPEB Liability

The County's total OPEB liability of \$24,106,664 was measured as of December 31, 2020, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019, rolled forward to December 31, 2020.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial cost-method	Entry-age
Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	2.50%
Discount rate	1.97%

Healthcare cost trend rates 6.5% for 2020, decreasing by 0.25%

per year to an ultimate rate of 4.5% for

2028 and later years

Retirees share of benefit related costs Retirees and spouses pay 102% of the

group premium rates

Changes in assumptions relate to changing the discount rate from 3.01% to 1.97% and the mortality improvement scale was updated to MP-2020 scale. The total OPEB liability increased \$2.39 million due to the change in discount rate and \$.02 million due to the mortality improvement scale change.

The discount rate was based on the average of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade and Fidelity GO AA-20 Year published yields.

Mortality rates were based on the PUBH-2010 General Employees and Public Safety Mortality and the MP-2020 Improvement Scale.

Disability and retirement rates were based on those utilized for the KPERS-Local and KP&F-Local pension valuations.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2020 valuation were based on an experience analysis of the plans past experience, the actuary's experience with plans of similar size, plan design, retiree contribution level and assumptions used in the County's participation in the corresponding pension plan through KPERS and KP&F, as applicable.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

IV. Other Information (continued)

G. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (continued)

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability
Balance at January 1,2020	\$ 20,571,017
Changes for the year	
Service cost	1,422,927
Interest	605,637
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	2,414,187
Benefit payments	(792,681)
Implicit rate subsidy fulfillment	(114,423)
Net changes	3,535,647
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$ 24,106,664

Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitivity analysis of the OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate and the healthcare cost trend rate. The table below presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (0.97%) or 1 percentage point higher (2.97%) than the current discount rate:

	19	1% Decrease (0.97%)		rent Discount Rate (1.97%)	1% Increase (2.97%)	
Total OPEB liability	\$	26,777,047	\$	24,106,664	\$	21,960,244

The table below presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (5.5% decreasing to 3.5%) or 1 percentage point higher (7.5% decreasing to 5.5%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

			Hea	Ithcare Cost		
	19	% Decrease	Tr	end Rates	19	% Increase
	(5.5% decreasing		(6.5% decreasing to		(7.5	% decreasing
	to 3.5%)		4.5%)			to 5.5%)
Total OPEB liability	\$	20,975,902	\$	24,106,664	\$	28,545,041

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

IV. Other Information (continued)

G. Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (continued)

<u>OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB.</u>

For the year ended December 31, 2020, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$2,343,539. At December 31, 2020, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	870,359
Changes in assumptions		3,294,166		726,276
TOTAL	\$	3,294,166	\$	1,596,635

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31:		
	_	
2021	\$	314,975
2022	\$	314,975
2023	\$	314,975
2024	\$	314,975
2025	\$	314,975
Thereafter		122,656
TOTAL	\$	1,697,531

H. Sedgwick County, Kansas Section 457(b) Deferred Compensation Plan

Plan Description

The County offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. A governmental 457(b) deferred compensation plan (457b Plan) is a retirement savings plan that allows eligible employees to supplement any existing retirement and pension benefits by saving and investing before-tax dollars through a voluntary salary contribution. Contributions and any earnings on contributions are tax-deferred until money is withdrawn. Distributions are subject to ordinary income tax.

The assets of the plan are held in trust, with the County as trustee, for the exclusive benefit of the plan participants and their beneficiaries. The assets cannot be diverted for any other purpose.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

IV. Other Information (continued)

H. Sedgwick County, Kansas Section 457(b) Deferred Compensation Plan (continued)

Investment Policy

The deposits and investments of the 457(b) Plan are held separately from those of other County funds. Participating employees have the ability to invest in multiple mutual funds as investment options along with the ability to use a self-directed brokerage account for access to additional investment options.

Valuation of Investments

All investments in the 457(b) Plan are measured and reported at fair value and recorded as of the trade date. Fair value is based on quoted market prices at December 31, 2020. The following table presents the fair value measurements of assets and liabilities recognized in the accompanying statement of fiduciary net position measured at fair value on a recurring basis and the level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at December 31, 2020:

Fair Value Measurements Using

	12/31/2020	i Ma Iden	oted Prices n Active arkets for tical Assets Level 1)	Significa Other Observat Inputs (Level 2	ole	Unobs Inp	ificant ervable outs /el 3)
Equity Securities							
Mutual Funds - Equity	\$ 66,645,715	\$	66,645,715	\$	-	\$	-

Level 1 Includes quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in an active market that the County can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 Includes inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 2 inputs include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets for liabilities.

Level 3 Includes unobservable inputs for an asset or liability

Where quoted market prices are available in an active market, securities are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are estimated by using quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics or independent asset pricing services and pricing models, the inputs of which are market-based or independently sourced market parameters, including, but not limited to, yield curves, interest rates, volatilities, prepayments, defaults, cumulative loss projections and cash flows. Such securities are classified in Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2020

IV. Other Information (continued)

H. Sedgwick County, Kansas Section 457(b) Deferred Compensation Plan (continued)

Custodial credit, interest and credit risk

None of the Plan's investments at December 31, 2020 are subject to custodial credit, interest or credit risk.

I. Subsequent Events

Following widespread calls for greater federal action to provide financial relief to governments across the United States, President Biden and Congress provided additional funding related to COVID-19 through the American Rescue Plan Act (the "ARPA" or the "Plan").

Enacted into law on March 11, 2021 and building on previously enacted aid measures, such as the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act ("CARES Act"), the Plan adds \$350 billion in emergency funding to state and local governments. However, unlike the CARES Act, which limited expenditures to costs directly related or incurred due to the pandemic, ARPA allows governments to use funding for a broader array of eligible purposes.

Sedgwick County anticipates receiving approximately \$100 million in fiscal relief funding. Eligible uses include support for vital public health and economic responses to the pandemic, premium pay to essential workers, lost government revenue replacement to prevent harmful cuts to government services, and necessary investments in water, sewer, and broadband infrastructure. Together, these uses are intended to lay the foundation for a stronger economic recovery.

Use of the funding extends through December 2024. The BOCC will take action to allocate funding for specific uses in summer 2021.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2020

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual – Budgetary Basis General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

		Dudantad	.			Actual	-	ariance with inal Budget Positive/
		Budgeted Original	Amou	Final		Actual		(Negative)
Revenues		Original	_	i iliai	_	Amounts		(ruegative)
Property taxes	\$	129,891,495	\$	129,891,495	\$	130,386,774	\$	495,279
Sales taxes	•	31,109,078	•	31,109,078		30,877,745	•	(231,333)
Other taxes		385,073		385,073		291,653		(93,420)
Intergovernmental		917,618		917,618		571,801		(345,817)
Charges for services		15,751,956		15,751,956		13,262,359		(2,489,597)
Uses of money and property		5,016,372		5,016,372		7,538,334		2,521,962
Fines and forfeits		81,746		81,746		174,860		93,114
Licenses and permits		8,780,231		8,780,231		7,955,012		(825,219)
Reimbursed expenditures		6,321,134		6,321,134		5,630,679		(690,455)
Other		2,998,028		2,998,028		2,262,918		(735,110)
Total revenues		201,252,731		201,252,731		198,952,135		(2,300,596)
Expenditures								
Current:								
Personnel services		126,795,547		127,018,034		117,217,413		9,800,621
Contractual services		70,761,574		68,437,105		45,881,316		22,555,789
Commodities		10,381,994		8,867,459		7,206,224		1,661,235
Capital outlay		1,672,900		665,613		421,913		243,700
Total expenditures		209,612,015	_	204,988,211	_	170,726,866	_	34,261,345
Revenues over expenditures		(8,359,284)		(3,735,480)		28,225,269		31,960,749
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers from other funds		148,647		148,647		17,754,736		17,606,089
Transfers to other funds		(17,488,735)		(22,112,539)		(21,461,624)		650,915
Total other financing sources (uses)		(17,340,088)		(21,963,892)		(3,706,888)	_	18,257,004
Net change in fund balances		(25,699,372)		(25,699,372)		24,518,381		50,217,753
Fund balances, beginning of year		17,882,633		17,882,633		71,595,423		53,712,790
Fund balances, end of year	\$	(7,816,739)	\$	(7,816,739)	\$	96,113,804	\$	103,930,543

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2020

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual – Budgetary Basis General Fund (continued)

Budget / GAAP Reconciliation

All legal operating budgets are prepared using the modified cash basis of accounting, modified further by the encumbrance method of accounting. Revenues are recognized when cash is received. Expenditures include disbursements, accounts payable, and encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments for future payments and are supported by a document evidencing the commitment, such as a purchase order or contract. Accordingly, the data presented in the budgetary comparison statements differs from the data presented in the financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP. The following schedule provides reconciliation from GAAP basis to budgetary basis for the General Fund.

December 31 2020

	Dece	111061 31, 2020
Fund balance, budgetary basis	\$	96,113,804
Current year encumbrances		549,969
Fair value adjustment of investments		(727,365)
Interdepartmental Charges		(440,772)
Accrued revenues		2,365,968
Accrued expenditures		(3,941,743)
Fund balance, GAAP basis	\$	93,919,861

Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability Kansas Public Employees Retirement System Last Eight Fiscal Years*

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
County's proportion of the collective net pension liability:								
KPERS (local group)	5.331%	5.386%	5.362%	5.445%	5.344%	5.525%	5.403%	5.475%
KP&F (police & firemen)	6.191%	6.430%	6.451%	6.655%	6.735%	6.858%	6.825%	6.879%
County's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability County's covered payroll ^	\$168,762,539 \$137,559,196	\$140,339,426 \$142,457,639	\$136,810,111 \$138,127,377	\$141,282,887 \$134,047,537	\$145,221,592 \$127,025,880	\$122,343,954 \$127,247,391	\$111,262,101 \$122,530,074	\$139,254,285 \$122,135,423
County's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	1.226835747	0.985130927	0.990463397	1.053976001	1.143244133	0.961465324	0.908039124	1.140162957
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	66.30%	69.88%	70.95%	67.12%	65.10%	64.95%	66.60%	59.94%

^{*} GASB 68 requires presentation of ten years. As of December 31, 2020, only eight years of information is available.

[^]Covered payroll is measured as of the measurement date ending June 30.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2020

Defined Benefit Pension Plans (continued)

Schedule of County's Contributions
Kansas Public Employees Retirement System
Last Eight Fiscal Years*

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Contractually required contribution	\$ 17,121,387	\$ 17,610,863	\$ 15,903,035	\$ 14,547,001	\$ 18,215,161	\$ 16,216,371	\$ 14,137,345	\$ 12,199,406
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(17,121,387)	(17,610,863)	(15,903,035)	(14,547,001)	(18,215,161)	(16,216,371)	(14,137,345)	(12,199,406)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
County's covered-employee payroll ^	\$137,763,316	\$138,555,937	\$134,392,946	\$131,611,804	\$126,822,618	\$127,537,022	\$124,775,254	\$122,097,547
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	12.43%	12.71%	11.83%	11.05%	14.36%	12.72%	11.33%	9.99%

^{*} GASB 68 requires presentation of ten years. As of December 31, 2020, only eight years of information is available.

Changes in benefit terms for KPERS. In the state fiscal year 2014, the KP&F group had a change in benefit terms. The Legislature increased this group's employee contributions to 7.15 percent and eliminated the reduction of employee contributions to 2.0 percent after 32 years of service. In addition, the maximum retirement benefit increased to 90 percent of final average salary (reached at 36 years of service). Before this change, the maximum retirement benefit was limited to 80 percent of final average salary (reached at 32 years of service).

Effective January 1, 2014, KPERS 1 member's employee contribution rate increased to 5.0 percent and then on January 1, 2015, increased to 6.0 percent, with an increase in benefit multiplier to 1.85 percent for future years of service. For KPERS 2 members retiring after July 1, 2012, the cost of living adjustment (COLA) is eliminated, but members will receive a 1.85 percent multiplier for all years of service.

January 1, 2015, the KPERS 3 cash balance plan became effective. Members enrolled in this plan were first employed in a KPERS covered position on or after January 1, 2015, or KPERS 1 or KPERS 2 members who left employment before vesting and returned to employment on or after January 1, 2015. The retirement benefit is an annuity based on the account balance at retirement.

[^]Covered payroll is measured as of the fiscal year end December 31.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION December 31, 2020

Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions

Schedule of Changes in the County's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability			
Service Cost	\$ 1,422,927	\$ 1,238,660	\$ 1,231,438
Interest	605,637	677,684	635,526
Differences Between Expected and			
Actual Experience	-	(994,321)	(180,089)
Changes in Assumptions	2,414,187	1,627,505	(944,160)
Benefit Payments	(792,681)	(580,938)	(648,319)
Implicit rate subsidy fulfillment	(114,423)	(199,699)	-
Net Changes in Total OPEB Liability	3,535,647	1,768,891	94,396
Total OPEB Liability-Beginning	20,571,017	18,802,126	 18,707,730
Total OPEB Liability-Ending	\$ 24,106,664	\$ 20,571,017	\$ 18,802,126
Covered Payroll	\$ 118,276,383	\$ 118,276,383	\$ 120,999,328
Employer's Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of			
Covered Payroll	20.38%	17.39%	15.54%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Changes in assumptions relate to changing the discount rate from 3.01% in 2019 to 1.97% in 2020 and the mortality improvement scale was updated to MP-2020 scale.

*GASB 75 requires presentation of ten years. As of December 31, 2020, only three years of information is available.



Governmental Funds

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
Special Revenue Funds are used to account

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of designated revenue sources that are used to finance specified activities as required by law or administrative regulation.

The following nonmajor Special Revenue Funds are reported:

Wichita State University Program Development Court Trustee Operations

Comprehensive Community Care Special Alcohol and Drug Programs

Emergency Medical Services Auto License

Aging Services Court Alcohol/Drug Safety Action Program

Public Works Highways Prosecuting Attorney Training

Noxious Weeds Technology

Solid Waste Fire District Operating

Special Parks and Recreation Fire District Research and Development

Emergency Telephone Services Township Dissolution

Nonmajor Debt Service Fund

Debt Service Funds are used to account for the proceeds of designated revenue sources that are used to finance general obligation debt. The following nonmajor Debt Service Fund is reported:

Fire District Bond and Interest

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for capital improvements (except those financed by proprietary funds) that are financed from the County's general obligation bond issues, special assessments and certain Federal grants.

The following nonmajor Capital Projects Funds are reported:

Building and Equipment Highway Improvement
Street, Bridge and Other Capital Improvements
Sales Tax Road and Bridge Equipment Reserve

Road and Bridge Equipment Fire District Special Equipment

Comprehensive Annual FINANCIAL REPORT
For The Year Ended December 31, 2020

Governmental Funds



Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2020

	Re	Special venue Funds		District	Pre	Capital ojects Funds	Totals
Assets:			-				
Cash, including investments	\$	24,540,514	\$	25,790	\$	37,989,051	\$ 62,555,355
Due from other agencies		409,120		-		500	409,620
Accounts receivable		3,123,099		-		-	3,123,099
Property tax receivable		40,102,001		-		-	40,102,001
Sales tax receivable		-		-		2,679,664	2,679,664
Inventories, at cost		535,047	-				 535,047
Total assets	\$	68,709,781	\$	25,790	\$	40,669,215	\$ 109,404,786
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable		667,710		-		357,210	1,024,920
Accrued wages		1,789,054		-		20,430	1,809,484
Due to other funds		-		-		779,471	779,471
Advance payable		-		-		4,130,371	4,130,371
Due to other entities		81,650		-		<u> </u>	 81,650
Total liabilities		2,538,414				5,287,482	 7,825,896
Deferred Inflows of Resources:							
Deferred property tax revenue		40,102,001		_		_	40,102,001
Unavailable revenue - accounts receivable		869,591				-	 869,591
Total deferred inflows of resources		40,971,592					 40,971,592
Fund balances:							
Nonspendable:							
Inventories	\$	535,047	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 535,047
Restricted:							
General Government		2,852,312		-		-	2,852,312
Debt Service		-		25,790		-	25,790
Public Safety		12,615,513		-		-	12,615,513
Public Works		407,718		-		-	407,718
Health and Welfare		1,412,615		-		-	1,412,615
Culture and Recreation		120,712		_		-	120,712
Community Development		9,500		-		_	9,500
Capital Outlay		-		_		14,846,849	14,846,849
Committed:							
Public Safety		2,811,227		_		_	2,811,227
Capital Outlay		-		_		7,612,949	7,612,949
Assigned:						,- ,-	,- ,-
Public Safety		3,595,089		_		_	3,595,089
Public Works		840,042		_		_	840,042
Capital Outlay		-		_		13,713,461	13,713,461
Unassigned		_		_		(791,526)	(791,526)
Total fund balance		25,199,775		25,790		35,381,733	60,607,298
			_				
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of							
resources and fund balances	\$	68,709,781	\$	25,790	\$	40,669,215	\$ 109,404,786

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Special Revenue Funds December 31, 2020

Wichita State University **Emergency** Program Comprehensive Medical Aging Development **Community Care** Services Services Assets: Cash, including investments 9,500 \$ 713,407 4,762,948 753,785 \$ \$ Due from other agencies 2,542 12.240 Accounts receivable 3,112,648 Property tax receivable 7,737,650 3,182,753 3,843,032 2,274,869 Inventories, at cost 535,047 **Total assets** 7,747,150 3,898,702 12,265,915 3,028,654 Liabilities: Accounts payable 13,173 65,628 4,300 Accrued wages 64,239 546,301 27,033 Due to other entities **Total liabilities** 77,412 611,929 31,333 **Deferred Inflows of Resources:** Deferred property tax revenue 7,737,650 3,182,753 3,843,032 2,274,869 Unavailable revenue - accounts receivable 869,591 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,182,753 2,274,869 7,737,650 4,712,623 Fund balances: Nonspendable: 535,047 Inventories \$ Restricted: **General Government Public Safety Public Works Health and Welfare** 638,537 722,452 **Culture and Recreation Community Development** 9,500 Committed: **Public Safety** 2,811,227 Assigned: **Public Works Public Safety** 3,595,089 Unassigned 6,941,363 722,452 Total fund balance 9,500 638,537 Total liabilities, deferred inflows of

7,747,150

3,898,702

12,265,915

3,028,654

resources and fund balances

ıblic Works Highways	 Noxious Weeds	Solid Waste		ecial Parks Recreation	•	Emergency Telephone Services	Court Trustee Operations	
\$ 677,013	\$ 130,410	\$	788,810	\$ 120,712	\$	3,473,763	\$	2,023,930
402	-		- 521	-		-		394,338
5,222,999	309,506		-	-		-		-
 	 			 -				-
\$ 5,900,414	\$ 439,916	\$	789,331	\$ 120,712	\$	3,473,763	\$	2,418,268
9,211	1,334		3,549			815		6,515
209,894	1,334		31,996	-		-		152,959
81,650	 -		-	 	-			-
 300,755	 13,096		35,545	 		815		159,474
5,222,999	309,506		-	-		- -		-
 5 000 000	 200 500			,				
5,222,999	 309,506			 		-		-
\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
-	-		-	-		-		-
3,456	-		404,262	-		3,472,948		2,258,794
-	-		-	-		-		-
-	-		-	120,712		-		-
-	-		-	-		-		-
-	-		-	-		-		-
373,204	117,314		349,524	-		-		-
-	-		-	-		-		-
 376,660	 117,314		753,786	120,712		3,472,948		2,258,794
_			_	_		_		
\$ 5,900,414	\$ 439,916	\$	789,331	\$ 120,712	\$	3,473,763	\$	2,418,268

(Continued)

Combining Balance Sheet (continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Special Revenue Funds December 31, 2020

	Special Alcohol and Drug Programs		Auto License		Court Alcohol/Drug Safety Action Program		А	secuting ttorney raining
Assets	\$	51,626	\$	1,520,711	\$	176,750	\$	40,127
Cash, including investments Due from other agencies	Ф	31,020	Ф	1,520,711	Ф	170,750	Ф	40,127
Accounts receivable		-		-		_		_
Property tax receivable		_		_		_		_
Inventories, at cost		<u> </u>						
Total assets	\$	51,626	\$	1,520,711	\$	176,750	\$	40,127
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable		-		319		-		80
Accrued wages		-		129,869		-		-
Due to other entities		-		-		-		-
Total liabilities				130,188				80
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Deferred property tax revenue		-		-		-		-
Unavailable revenue - accounts receivable								-
Total deferred inflows of resources		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>			-	<u>-</u>
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Inventories	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Restricted:								
General Government		-		1,390,523		-		-
Public Safety		-		-		176,750		40,047
Public Works		<u>-</u>		-		-		-
Health and Welfare		51,626		-		-		-
Culture and Recreation		-		-		-		-
Community Development		-		-		-		-
Committed:								
Public Safety		-		-		-		-
Assigned:								
Public Works		-		-		-		-
Public Safety		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		- E1 000		1 200 502		170 750		40.047
Total fund balance		51,626		1,390,523		176,750		40,047
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
resources and fund balances	\$	51,626	\$	1,520,711	\$	176,750	\$	40,127

cted Official d Technology Fund	Fire District Operating	Res	e District earch and relopment	 Totals
\$ 1,479,027	\$ 7,785,041	\$	32,954	\$ 24,540,514
-	-		-	409,120
-	9,528		-	3,123,099
-	17,531,192		-	40,102,001
 	 			 535,047
\$ 1,479,027	\$ 25,325,761	\$	32,954	\$ 68,709,781
4,153	558,633		-	667,710
13,085	601,916		_	1,789,054
 -	 <u>-</u>			 81,650
17,238	1,160,549			2,538,414
 - -	 17,531,192 -		- -	 40,102,001 869,591
 -	 17,531,192		<u>-</u>	 40,971,592
\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 535,047
1,461,789	_		_	2,852,312
-	6,634,020		32,954	12,615,513
-	-		-	407,718
-	_		-	1,412,615
-	-		-	120,712
-	-		-	9,500
-	-		-	2,811,227
_	_		_	840,042
-	_		-	3,595,089
-	-		-	-
1,461,789	6,634,020		32,954	25,199,775
\$ 1,479,027	\$ 25,325,761	\$	32,954	\$ 68,709,781

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds December 31, 2020

	Building and Equipment			et, Bridge d Other		Sales Tax nd and Bridge	Road and Bridge Equipment	
Assets	_		_		_		_	
Cash, including investments	\$	-	\$	3,240	\$	12,516,536	\$	351,320
Due from other agencies		-		-		500		-
Sales tax receivable						2,679,664	-	
Total assets	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	3,240	\$	15,196,700	\$	351,320
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable		12,055		-		329,421		-
Accrued wages		-		-		20,430		-
Due to other funds		779,471		-		-		_
Advance payable		-		-				-
Total liabilities		791,526				349,851		
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Unavailable revenue - accounts receivable		-		-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources				-		-		
Fund balances:								
Restricted:								
Capital Outlay	\$	-	\$	_	\$	14,846,849	\$	_
Committed:	·		•		·		·	
Capital Outlay		_		3,240		_		_
Assigned:				,				
Capital Outlay		_		_		_		351,320
Unassigned		(791,526)		_		_		-
Total fund balance		(791,526)		3,240		14,846,849		351,320
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	_	\$	3,240	\$	15,196,700	\$	351,320

ighway rovement	lm	Capital provements	 Equipment Reserve	ire District Special Equipment	Totals
\$ 45,623	\$	11,755,645	\$ 10,072,712	\$ 3,243,975	\$ 37,989,051
-		-	-	-	500
 -			 -	 -	 2,679,664
\$ 45,623	\$	11,755,645	\$ 10,072,712	\$ 3,243,975	\$ 40,669,215
-		15,565	169	-	357,210
-		-	-	-	20,430
-		-	-	-	779,471
 		4,130,371	 -	 -	4,130,371
 		4,145,936	 169	 <u>-</u> _	 5,287,482
 -		-	 -	 	 -
 		-	 -	 -	 -
\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 14,846,849
-		7,609,709	-	-	7,612,949
45,623		-	10,072,543	3,243,975	13,713,461
-		-	 =	-	 (791,526)
 45,623		7,609,709	 10,072,543	 3,243,975	 35,381,733
\$ 45,623	\$	11,755,645	\$ 10,072,712	\$ 3,243,975	\$ 40,669,215

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Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Special Revenue Funds		Fire District Debt Service		Capital Projects Funds		Totals	
Revenues								
Property taxes	\$	44,451,693	\$	-	\$	-	\$	44,451,693
Emergency telephone services taxes		3,234,089		-		-		3,234,089
Sales taxes		-		-		13,703,092		13,703,092
Other taxes		108,691		-		-		108,691
Intergovernmental		9,352,342		-		540,605		9,892,947
Charges for services		25,829,681		-		-	25,829,6	
Uses of money and property		60,917		-		13,885		74,802
Licenses and permits		79,836		-		-	79,8	
Other		202,969				277,078		480,047
Total revenues	_	83,320,218				14,534,660		97,854,878
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government		5,571,690		-		-		5,571,690
Public safety		46,355,354		-		-		46,355,354
Public works		11,883,715		-		-		11,883,715
Health and welfare		5,735,451		-		-		5,735,451
Culture and recreation		12,379		-		-		12,379
Community Development		8,487,913		-	-			8,487,913
Debt service:								
Principal		441,934		-		-		441,934
Interest and fiscal charges		38,446		-		-		38,446
Capital outlay		660,370		<u> </u>	25,755,586			26,415,956
Total expenditures		79,187,252				25,755,586		104,942,838
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		4,132,966		-		(11,220,926)		(7,087,960)
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers from other funds		3,313,070		-		13,962,038		17,275,108
Transfers to other funds		(2,562,076)				(608,211)		(3,170,287)
Total other financing sources (uses)		750,994				13,353,827		14,104,821
Net change in fund balances		4,883,960		-		2,132,901		7,016,861
Fund balances, beginning of year		20,315,815		25,790		33,248,832		53,590,437
Fund balances, end of period	\$	25,199,775	\$	25,790	\$	35,381,733	\$	60,607,298

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

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	ι	chita State Jniversity Program evelopment	nprehensive Imunity Care	E	mergency Medical Services		Aging Services
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$	8,487,913	\$ 3,482,532	\$	5,269,741	\$	2,623,305
Emergency telephone services taxes		-	-		-		-
Other taxes		-	-		-		-
Intergovernmental		-	174,445		-		5,839
Charges for services		-	17,263		15,289,820		8,385
Uses of money and property		-	-		-		-
Licenses and permits		-	-		-		-
Other			 678		1,798		9,706
Total revenues		8,487,913	 3,674,918		20,561,359	_	2,647,235
Expenditures							
Current:							
General government		-	-		237,474		-
Public safety		-	-		19,672,573		-
Public works		-	-		-		-
Health and welfare		-	3,518,977		-		2,216,474
Culture and recreation		-	-		-		-
Community Development		8,487,913	-		-		-
Capital outlay		-	-		583,808		-
Debt service:							
Principal		-	-		-		-
Interest			 				
Total expenditures		8,487,913	 3,518,977		20,493,855		2,216,474
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures			 155,941		67,504		430,761
Other financing (uses)							
Transfers from other funds		-	41,532		3,176,204		17,948
Transfers to other funds		-	-				(215,412)
Total other financing (uses)		<u>-</u>	 41,532		3,176,204		(197,464)
Net change in fund balances		-	197,473		3,243,708		233,297
Fund balances, beginning of year		9,500	 441,064		3,697,655		489,155
Fund balances, end of period	\$	9,500	\$ 638,537	\$	6,941,363	\$	722,452

ıblic Works Highways	 Noxious Weeds	Sol	id Waste	Special Parks and Recreation		Emergency Telephone Services		Court Trustee Operations		
\$ 4,828,051	\$ 395,794	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-		
-	-		-	-		3,234,089		-		
4,602,950	-		-	47,865		-		4,534,808		
-	73,090		2,024,400	-		460		1,148,986		
-	-		-	-		2,023		-		
16,450	-		57,981	-		-		-		
 56,714	 2,839		1,031			14,560		9,253		
 9,504,165	 471,723		2,083,412	 47,865		3,251,132		5,693,047		
-	-		-	-		2,036,359		5,956,179		
9,722,239	467,340		1,694,136	-		-				
-			-	-		-		-		
-	-		-	12,379		-		-		
76,562	-		-	-		-		-		
-	-		-	-		-		-		
 9,798,801	 467,340		1,694,136	 12,379		2,036,359		5,956,179		
(294,636)	4,383		389,276	35,486		1,214,773		(263,132)		
74,055	-		-	1,543		-		-		
 (150,000)	 <u> </u>		(80,225)	 		(649,878)		-		
 (75,945)	 <u> </u>		(80,225)	 1,543		(649,878)		-		
(370,581)	4,383		309,051	37,029		564,895		(263,132)		
 747,241	 112,931		444,735	 83,683		2,908,053		2,521,926		
\$ 376,660	\$ 117,314	\$	753,786	\$ 120,712	\$	3,472,948	\$	2,258,794		

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (continued) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	ar	ial Alcohol nd Drug ograms	Αι	ıto License	Alcoh Safety	ourt iol/Drug / Action igram	Α	esecuting attorney raining
Revenues								
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Emergency telephone services taxes		-		-		-		-
Other taxes		60,826		-		-		-
Intergovernmental		-		34,300		-		-
Charges for services		-		4,649,629		5,932		35,032
Uses of money and property		-		-		-		-
Licenses and permits		-		-		-		-
Other			-	6,337				
Total revenues		60,826		4,690,266		5,932		35,032
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government		-		4,450,297		-		-
Public safety		-		-		-		39,258
Public works		-		-		-		-
Health and welfare		-		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		-		-		-		-
Community Development		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-
Debt service:								
Principal		-		-		-		-
Interest			-					
Total expenditures		<u> </u>	-	4,450,297		<u> </u>		39,258
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		60,826	-	239,969		5,932		(4,226)
Other financing (uses)								
Transfers from other funds		-		-		-		-
Transfers to other funds		(40,000)		(529,808)				
Total other financing (uses)		(40,000)		(529,808)				
Net change in fund balances		20,826		(289,839)		5,932		(4,226)
Fund balances, beginning of year		30,800		1,680,362		170,818		44,273
Fund balances, end of period	\$	51,626	\$	1,390,523	\$	176,750	\$	40,047

Elected Official Land Technology Fund	ire District Operating	Res	e District earch and relopment		Totals
\$ -	\$ 19,364,357	\$	_	\$	44,451,693
· _	_	•	_	•	3,234,089
_	_		_		108,691
_	_		_		9,352,342
1,259,676	1,317,008		_		25,829,681
5,944	52,819		131		60,917
-	5,405				79,836
15	97,388		2,650		202,969
	 97,500		2,030		202,303
1,265,635	 20,836,977		2,781		83,320,218
829,664	54,255		-		5,571,690
-	18,650,985		-		46,355,354
-	_		-		11,883,715
_	_		-		5,735,451
_	_		_		12,379
-	-		-		8,487,913
-	-		-		660,370
-	441,934		-		441,934
	 38,446				38,446
829,664	 19,185,620				79,187,252
435,971	1,651,357		2,781		4,132,966
-	1,788		-		3,313,070
(2,850)	 (893,903)		<u>-</u>		(2,562,076)
(2,850)	(892,115)		-		750,994
433,121	759,242		2,781		4,883,960
1,028,668	 5,874,778		30,173		20,315,815
\$ 1,461,789	\$ 6,634,020	\$	32,954	\$	25,199,775

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Building and Equipment		Street, Bridge and Other	Sales Tax ad and Bridge	Road and Bridge Equipment	
Revenues				 		
Sales taxes	\$	=	\$ -	\$ 13,703,092	\$	-
Intergovernmental		=	-	527,270		-
Uses of money and property		=	-	-		-
Other revenue		-		 29,932		
Total revenues				 14,260,294		
Expenditures						
Capital outlay				 18,051,481		
Total expenditures				 18,051,481		
(Deficiency) of revenues						
(under) expenditures		-		 (3,791,187)		-
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers from other funds		-	-	4,916,862		150,000
Transfers to other funds		-		 -		
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		 4,916,862		150,000
Net change in fund balances		-	-	1,125,675		150,000
Fund balances (deficits), beginning of year		(791,526)	3,240	 13,721,174		201,320
Fund balances (deficits), end of period	\$	(791,526)	\$ 3,240	\$ 14,846,849	\$	351,320

Highway Capital Improvements				ire District Special quipment	 Totals	
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 13,703,092
-		13,335		-	-	540,605
=		-		-	13,885	13,885
 -		247,115		31	 	 277,078
		260,450		31	 13,885	 14,534,660
 <u> </u>		5,567,692		1,213,464	922,949	 25,755,586
 		5,567,692		1,213,464	 922,949	 25,755,586
 		(5,307,242)		(1,213,433)	 (909,064)	 (11,220,926)
 - -		4,292,164 (608,211)		3,709,109	 893,903 <u>-</u>	 13,962,038 (608,211)
 		3,683,953		3,709,109	 893,903	 13,353,827
-		(1,623,289)		2,495,676	(15,161)	2,132,901
 45,623		9,232,998		7,576,867	 3,259,136	 33,248,832
\$ 45,623	\$	7,609,709	\$	10,072,543	\$ 3,243,975	\$ 35,381,733

Schedule of Budgetary Accounts Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis (Non-GAAP)

Special Revenue Fund: Wichita State University Program Development For the year ended December 31, 2020

		Budgeted	Amoi	unts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive/		
	Original		Final		Amounts		(Negative)		
Revenues									
Taxes	\$	8,463,970	\$	8,463,970	\$	8,487,913	\$	23,943	
Other		300,000		300,000				(300,000)	
Total revenues		8,763,970		8,763,970		8,487,913		(276,057)	
Expenditures									
Current:									
Contractual services		8,703,173		8,703,173		8,487,913		215,260	
Total expenditures		8,703,173		8,703,173		8,487,913		215,260	
Net change in fund balances	\$	60,797	\$	60,797		-	\$	(60,797)	
Fund balances, beginning of year		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u> .		9,500		9,500	
Fund balances, end of year	\$	60,797	\$	60,797	\$	9,500	\$	(51,297)	

Schedule of Budgetary Accounts Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis (Non-GAAP)

Special Revenue Fund: Comprehensive Community Care For the year ended December 31, 2020

	 Budgeted	Amo	unts Final		Actual	Fir F	riance with nal Budget
Parameter	 Original		rinai		Amounts	(r	legative)
Revenues	0.474.040	•	0.474.040	•	0 400 500	•	0.400
Taxes	\$ 3,474,349	\$	3,474,349	\$	3,482,532	\$	8,183
Intergovernmental	174,445		174,445		174,445		47.000
Charges for services Other	-		-		17,263 678		17,263 678
	 0.040.704		0.040.704				
Total revenues	 3,648,794		3,648,794		3,674,918		26,124
Expenditures							
Current:							
Personnel services	1,973,780		1,973,780		1,597,493		376,287
Contractual services	1,866,750		1,866,750		1,820,819		45,931
Commodities	125,373		125,373		83,745		41,628
Total expenditures	3,965,903		3,965,903		3,502,057		463,846
Revenues over (under) expenditures	 (317,109)		(317,109)		172,861		489,970
Other financing uses							
Transfers from other funds	-		-		41,532		41,532
Total other financing uses	-		-		41,532		41,532
Net change in fund balances	\$ (317,109)	\$	(317,109)		214,393	\$	531,502
Fund balances, beginning of year *	 317,109		317,109		483,509		166,400
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 	\$			697,902	\$	697,902

^{*} Beginning fund balance updated to reflect correction to 2019 ending fund balance

Schedule of Budgetary Accounts Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis (Non-GAAP)

Special Revenue Fund: Emergency Medical Services For the year ended December 31, 2020

						Fi	riance with nal Budget
		Budgeted	Amo		Actual		Positive/
		Original		Final	 Amounts	(Negative)	
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	5,272,039	\$	5,272,039	\$ 5,269,741	\$	(2,298)
Intergovernmental		15,877,332		15,877,332	15,504,531		(372,801)
Charges for services		1,014		1,014	40		(974)
Other		355		355	 1,758		1,403
Total revenues	_	21,150,740		21,150,740	 20,776,070		(374,670)
Expenditures							
Current:							
Personnel services		16,059,336		14,947,145	14,157,132		790,013
Contractual services		3,816,772		4,724,929	3,954,776		770,153
Commodities		1,438,455		1,642,489	1,570,447		72,042
Capital Outlay		584,290		584,290	584,279		11
Total expenditures		21,898,853		21,898,853	20,266,634		1,632,219
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(748,113)		(748,113)	 509,436	-	1,257,549
Other financing uses							
Transfers from other funds				-	 3,176,203		3,176,203
Total other financing uses	-	-		-	 3,176,203		3,176,203
Net change in fund balances	\$	(748,113)	\$	(748,113)	3,685,639	\$	4,433,752
Fund balances, beginning of year *		748,113		748,113	 666,595		(81,518)
Fund balances, end of year	\$		\$		 4,352,234	\$	4,352,234

^{*} Beginning fund balance updated to reflect correction to 2019 ending fund balance

Schedule of Budgetary Accounts Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis (Non-GAAP)

Special Revenue Fund: Aging Services For the year ended December 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Fin	riance with nal Budget Positive/
		Original		Final		Amounts	(1)	legative)
Revenues								,
Taxes	\$	2,609,706	\$	2,609,706	\$	2,623,305	\$	13,599
Intergovernmental		-		-		5,839		5,839
Charges for Services		-		-		8,385		8,385
Reimbursed expenditures		31		31		1,749		1,718
Other		97		97		7,958		7,861
Total revenues	-	2,609,834		2,609,834		2,647,236		37,402
Expenditures								
Current:								
Personnel services		774,114		685,996		624,391		61,605
Contractual services		1,782,404		1,782,404		1,594,759		187,645
Commodities		26,056		26,056		19,752		6,304
Capital Outlay		<u>-</u>		90,000		88,118		1,882
Total expenditures		2,582,574		2,584,456		2,327,020		257,436
Revenues over (under) expenditures		27,260		25,378		320,216		294,838
Other financing uses								
Transfers from other funds		-		-		17,948		17,948
Transfers to other funds		(253,924)		(252,042)		(215,413)		36,629
Total other financing uses		(253,924)		(252,042)		(197,465)		54,577
Net change in fund balances	\$	(226,664)	\$	(226,664)	\$	122,751	\$	349,415
Fund balances, beginning of year *		226,664		226,664		481,314		254,650
Fund balances, end of year	\$		\$		\$	604,065	\$	604,065

^{*} Beginning fund balance updated to reflect correction to 2019 ending fund balance

Schedule of Budgetary Accounts Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis (Non-GAAP)

Special Revenue Fund: Public Works Highways For the year ended December 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts		Fir I	riance with nal Budget Positive/ Negative)	
Revenues		Original		ı ıııaı		Amounts	(1	vegative)
Taxes	\$	4,803,773	\$	4,803,773	\$	4,828,051	\$	24,278
Intergovernmental	Ψ	4,966,074	Ψ	4,966,074	Ψ	4,602,950	Ψ	(363,124)
Licenses and permits		8,036		8,036		16,450		8,414
Reimbursed expenditures		51,347		51,347		36,511		(14,836)
Other		23,337		23,337		20,203		(3,134)
Total revenues		9,852,567		9,852,567		9,504,165		(348,402)
Expenditures								
Current:								
Personnel services		6,326,634		5,983,065		5,283,726		699,339
Contractual services		3,860,061		4,037,966		4,033,801		4,165
Commodities		573,269		436,024		356,599		79,425
Capital outlay		-		152,909		152,425		484
Total expenditures		10,759,964		10,609,964		9,826,551		783,413
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(907,397)		(757,397)		(322,386)		435,011
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers from other funds		-		-		74,055		74,055
Transfers to other funds		-		(150,000)		(150,000)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		(150,000)		(75,945)		74,055
Net change in fund balances	\$	(907,397)	\$	(907,397)	\$	(398,331)	\$	509,066
Fund balances, beginning of year *		907,397		907,397		911,097		3,700
Fund balances, end of year	\$	_	\$		\$	512,766	\$	512,766

^{*} Beginning fund balance updated to reflect correction to 2019 ending fund balance

Schedule of Budgetary Accounts Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis (Non-GAAP)

Special Revenue Fund: Noxious Weeds For the year ended December 31, 2020

							riance with al Budget
	Budgeted	Amoui	nts		Actual	Positive/	
	Original		Final	Amounts		(Negative)	
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ 395,149	\$	395,149	\$	395,794	\$	645
Charges for services	89,718		89,718		73,090		(16,628)
Other	 				2,839		2,839
Total revenues	 484,867		484,867		471,723		(13,144)
Expenditures							
Current:							
Personnel services	338,270		338,270		271,771		66,499
Contractual services	101,573		101,573		100,464		1,109
Commodities	99,629		99,629		90,266		9,363
Total expenditures	539,472		539,472		462,501		76,971
Revenues over (under) expenditures	 (54,605)		(54,605)		9,222		63,827
Net change in fund balances	\$ (54,605)	\$	(54,605)	\$	9,222	\$	63,827
Fund balances, beginning of year *	 54,605		54,605		119,654		65,049
Fund balances, end of year	\$ <u>-</u>	\$		\$	128,876	\$	128,876

^{*} Beginning fund balance updated to reflect correction to 2019 ending fund balance

Schedule of Budgetary Accounts Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis (Non-GAAP)

Special Revenue Fund: Solid Waste For the year ended December 31, 2020

	Budgeted	Amoı	unts		Actual		riance with nal Budget Positive/
	 Original		Final	Amounts		(Negative)	
Revenues	 						
Charges for services	\$ 2,000,366	\$	2,000,366	\$	2,024,400	\$	24,034
Licenses and permits	29,733		29,733		57,981		28,248
Other	<u>-</u>				1,031		1,031
Total revenues	 2,030,099		2,030,099		2,083,412		53,313
Expenditures							
Current:							
Personnel services	894,710		894,710		833,510		61,200
Contractual services	1,274,705		1,272,990		798,093		474,897
Commodities	 109,175		110,890		31,747		79,143
Total expenditures	 2,278,590		2,278,590		1,663,350		615,240
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(248,491)		(248,491)		420,062		668,553
revenues ever (under) expenditures	 (240,401)		(240,401)		720,002		000,000
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers to other funds	(80,225)		(80,225)		(80,225)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (80,225)		(80,225)		(80,225)		-
Net change in fund balances	\$ (328,716)	\$	(328,716)	\$	339,837	\$	668,553
Fund balances, beginning of year *	 328,716		328,716		439,536		110,820
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 	\$		\$	779,373	\$	779,373

^{*} Beginning fund balance updated to reflect correction to 2019 ending fund balance

Schedule of Budgetary Accounts Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis (Non-GAAP)

Special Revenue Fund: Special Parks and Recreation For the year ended December 31, 2020

	Budgeted	Amour		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive/		
	 Original		Final	/	Amounts	(N	legative)
Revenues	 						
Taxes	\$ 35,631	\$	35,631	\$	47,865	\$	12,234
Total revenues	 35,631		35,631		47,865		12,234
Expenditures							
Current:							
Contractual services	13,072		13,072		12,379		693
Commodities	8,026		8,026		-		8,026
Total expenditures	 21,098		21,098		12,379		8,719
Revenues over (under) expenditures	 14,533		14,533		35,486		20,953
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers from other funds	 -				1,543		1,543
Total other financing sources (uses)	 -				1,543		1,543
Net change in fund balances	\$ 14,533	\$	14,533	\$	37,029	\$	22,496
Fund balances, beginning of year	 				83,683		83,683
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 14,533	\$	14,533	\$	120,712	\$	106,179

Schedule of Budgetary Accounts Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis (Non-GAAP)

Special Revenue Fund: Emergency Telephone Services For the year ended December 31, 2020

		Budgeted	Amou	ınts	Actual	Fi	ariance with nal Budget Positive/
	<u></u>	Original		Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	2,913,929	\$	2,913,929	\$ 3,234,089	\$	320,160
Charges for services		-		=	460		460
Uses of money and property		7,470		7,470	2,023		(5,447)
Other		1,851		1,851	14,560		12,709
Total revenues		2,923,250		2,923,250	 3,251,132		327,882
Expenditures							
Current:							
Contractual services		2,718,432		2,718,432	2,186,808		531,624
Commodities		55,968		55,968	29,873		26,095
Capital Outlay		-		-	(1,957)		1,957
Total expenditures		2,774,400		2,774,400	 2,214,724		559,676
Revenues over (under) expenditures		148,850		148,850	 1,036,408		887,558
Other financing uses							
Transfers to other funds		(649,878)		(649,878)	(649,878)		-
Total other financing uses		(649,878)		(649,878)	(649,878)		-
Net change in fund balances	\$	(501,028)	\$	(501,028)	\$ 386,530	\$	887,558
Fund balances, beginning of year *		501,028		501,028	 2,156,332		1,655,304
Fund balances, end of year	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 2,542,862	\$	2,542,862

^{*} Beginning fund balance updated to reflect correction to 2019 ending fund balance

Schedule of Budgetary Accounts Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis (Non-GAAP)

Special Revenue Fund: Special Alcohol and Drug Programs For the year ended December 31, 2020

	Budgeted	Amour		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive/			
	 riginal		Final	Δ	mounts	(Negative)		
Revenues Taxes	\$ 40,000	\$	40,000	\$	60,826	\$	20,826	
Total revenues	 40,000		40,000		60,826		20,826	
Expenditures Current: Total expenditures	 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u> _	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	 40,000		40,000		60,826		20,826	
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers from other funds Total other financing sources (uses)	 (40,000) (40,000)		(40,000) (40,000)		(40,000) (40,000)		<u>-</u>	
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	\$	-	\$	20,826	\$	20,826	
Fund balances, beginning of year	 =		<u>-</u>		30,800		30,800	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ =	\$		\$	51,626	\$	51,626	

Schedule of Budgetary Accounts Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis (Non-GAAP)

Special Revenue Fund: Fire District Operating For the year ended December 31, 2020

	Budgeted Original		Amounts Final		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive/ (Negative)	
Revenues						7		
Taxes	\$	19,370,768	\$	19,370,768	\$	19,364,357	\$	(6,411)
Intergovernmental		45,802		45,802		-		(45,802)
Charges for services		842,907		842,907		1,317,008		474,101
Uses of money and property		219,939		219,939		52,819		(167,120)
Licenses and permits		5,367		5,367		5,405		38
Reimbursed expenditures		14,353		14,353		2,479		(11,874)
Other		123,613		123,613		94,909		(28,704)
Total revenues		20,622,749		20,622,749		20,836,977		214,228
Expenditures								
Current:								
Personnel services		15,219,152		14,960,197		14,826,424		133,773
Contractual services		2,024,813		1,772,051		1,772,051		-
Commodities		837,598		819,964		819,757		207
Capital outlay		1,293,951		1,182,851		1,115,786		67,065
Debt service:								
Principal		733,832		480,380		441,934		38,446
Interest				-		38,446		(38,446)
Total expenditures		20,109,346		19,215,443		19,014,398		201,045
Revenues over (under) expenditures		513,403		1,407,306		1,822,579		415,273
Other financing uses								
Transfers to other funds		-		-		1,789		1,789
Transfers from other funds				(893,903)		(893,903)		
Total other financing uses		<u> </u>		(893,903)	-	(892,114)		1,789
Net change in fund balances	\$	513,403	\$	513,403			\$	417,062
Fund balances, beginning of year *		(513,403)		(513,403)		6,271,719		6,785,122
Fund balances, end of year	\$		\$		\$	7,202,184	\$	7,202,184

^{*} Beginning fund balance updated to reflect correction to 2019 ending fund balance

Schedule of Budgetary Accounts Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis (Non-GAAP)

Debt Service Fund: County Bond and Interest For the year ended December 31, 2020

		Budgeted	Amoi	ınts		Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive/
		Original	7	Final		Amounts		Negative)
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	11,155,072	\$	11,155,072	\$	11,308,852	\$	153,780
Intergovernmental	·	85,000		85,000	·	48,774		(36,226)
Total revenues		11,240,072		11,240,072		11,357,626		117,554
Expenditures								
Current:								
Contractual services		20,000		20,000		=		20,000
Debt service:								
Principal		11,710,000		11,710,000		11,710,000		-
Interest and fiscal charges		3,542,688		3,542,688		3,541,327		1,361
Total expenditures		15,272,688		15,272,688		15,251,327		21,361
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(4,032,616)		(4,032,616)		(3,893,701)		138,915
Other financing sources								
Transfers from other funds		2,772,761		2,772,761		2,772,761		-
Total other financing sources	_	2,772,761		2,772,761		2,772,761		
Net change in fund balances	\$	(1,259,855)	\$	(1,259,855)	\$	(1,120,940)	\$	138,915
Fund balances, beginning of year		1,259,855		1,259,855		2,132,630		872,775
Fund balances, end of year	\$	<u>-</u> _	\$		\$	1,011,690	\$	1,011,690

Schedule of Budgetary Accounts Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis (Non-GAAP)

Debt Service Fund: Fire District Bond and Interest For the year ended December 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive/ (Negative)	
Revenues		giriai		ıııaı	^	inounts	(14	egative)
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Total revenues		-		-		-		-
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Fund balances, beginning of year		<u>-</u>				25,790		25,790
Fund balances, end of year	\$		\$		\$	25,790	\$	25,790



Internal Service Funds



Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing and administration of general services provided to various departments of the County.

Fleet Management – provides and maintains vehicles and equipment for County departments.

Health/Dental/Life Insurance Reserve – provides for the payment of claims, judgments and expenses for health care and dental services.

Workers' Compensation Reserve – provides for the payment of workers' compensation claims and related costs.

Risk Management Reserve – provides the County reimbursement for insurable losses not otherwise insured.



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Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds December 31, 2020

	Fleet Management	Health/Dental/ Life Insurance Reserve	Workers' Compensation Reserve
<u>Assets</u>			
Current assets:			
Cash, including investments	\$ 12,775,851	\$ 8,702,680	\$ 4,705,243
Inventories, at cost	190,564	-	-
Total current assets	12,966,415	8,702,680	4,705,243
Noncurrent assets:			
Capital assets:			
Land	40,580	-	_
Buildings and improvements	8,319,354	-	_
Machinery and equipment	32,963,734	-	_
Less accumulated depreciation	(30,222,230)	-	_
Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	11,101,438		-
Total assets	24,067,853	8,702,680	4,705,243
<u>Liabilities</u>			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	6,464	124,229	2,026
Accrued wages	40,733	8,699	3,463
Estimated claims costs payable	-	2,400,000	922,100
Total current liabilities	47,197	2,532,928	927,589
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Estimated claims costs payable	_	_	762,100
Total liabilities	47,197	2,532,928	1,689,689
Net position			
Investment in capital assets	11,101,438	_	-
Unrestricted	12,919,218	6,169,752	3,015,554
Total net position	24,020,656	6,169,752	3,015,554
·			
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 24,067,853	\$ 8,702,680	\$ 4,705,243

	Risk	
Ma	anagement Reserve	Totals
\$	3,605,543	\$ 29,789,317
	-	 190,564
	3,605,543	 29,979,881
	-	40,580
	-	8,319,354
	61,232	33,024,966
	(61,232)	 (30,283,462)
		11,101,438
	3,605,543	 41,081,319
	1,205	133,924
	817	53,712
	-	3,322,100
	2,022	3,509,736
		 762,100
	2,022	 4,271,836
	-	11,101,438
	3,603,521	 25,708,045
	3,603,521	 36,809,483
\$	3,605,543	\$ 41,081,319

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	_ M	Fleet Management		Health/Dental/ Life Insurance Reserve		Norkers' mpensation Reserve
Operating revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	8,661,084	\$	36,697,632	\$	1,772,110
Other revenue		47,480		839,610		28,795
Total operating revenues		8,708,564		37,537,242		1,800,905
Operating expenses:						
Salaries and benefits		974,240		153,268		153,760
Contractual services		491,127		1,009,934		20,933
Utilities		57,778		-		-
Supplies and fuel		2,586,289		30,648		38,395
Administrative charges		231,060		-		-
Depreciation		2,261,424		-		-
Claims expense		-		34,468,457		1,501,284
Total operating expenses		6,601,918		35,662,307		1,714,372
Operating loss		2,106,646		1,874,935		86,533
Nonoperating revenues: Investment income		_		27,851		19,025
Gain on sale of assets		231,834		- ,		-
Total nonoperating revenues		231,834		27,851		19,025
Income (loss) before transfers		2,338,480		1,902,786		105,558
Transfers						
Transfers from other funds		-		-		-
Transfers to other funds		(597,024)				
Change in net position		1,741,456		1,902,786		105,558
Net position, beginning of year		22,279,200		4,266,966		2,909,996
Net position, end of period	\$	24,020,656	\$	6,169,752	\$	3,015,554

Risk
Management

141	Reserve	Totals				
\$	-	\$	47,130,826			
	2,915,947		3,831,832			
	2,915,947		50,962,658			
	817		1,282,085			
	1,264,914		2,786,908			
	-		57,778			
	11,623		2,666,955			
	-		231,060			
	-		2,261,424			
	892,139		36,861,880			
	2,169,493		46,148,090			
	746,454		4,814,568			
	5,655		52,531			
			231,834			
	5,655		284,365			
	752,109		5,098,933			
	1,500,000		1,500,000			
			(597,024)			
	0.050.400		0.004.000			
	2,252,109		6,001,909			
	1,351,412		30,807,574			
\$	3,603,521	\$	36,809,483			

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Ma	Fleet anagement	lth/Dental/Life rance Reserve	Co	Worker's mpensation Reserve
Cash flows from operating activities					
Receipts from customers	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Receipts from interfund services provided		8,662,595	36,697,632		1,772,110
Other operating revenues		47,480	839,610		28,795
Payments to suppliers for goods and services		(3,402,477)	(35,082,290)		(1,655,131)
Payments to employees for services		(974,240)	(153,268)		(153,760)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		4,333,358	 2,301,684		(7,986)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities					
Transfers from other funds		-	-		-
Transfers to other funds		(597,024)	 -		-
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		(597,024)	 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		243,185	-		-
Purchases of capital assets		(3,496,075)	 -		
Net cash used in capital and related					
financing activities		(3,252,890)	 		
Cash flows from investing activities					
Interest on investments		-	 27,851		19,025
Net cash provided by investing activities	-		 27,851		19,025
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		483,444	2,329,535		11,039
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	-	12,292,407	 6,373,145		4,694,204
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	12,775,851	\$ 8,702,680	\$	4,705,243
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to	_\$	2,106,646	\$ 1,874,935	\$	86,533
net cash provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation expense		2,261,424	-		-
Decrease in accounts receivable		1,511	-		-
Decrease in inventories		4,502	=		-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(40,725)	126,749		(2,419)
Increase (decrease) in estimated claims payable			 300,000		(92,100)
Total adjustments		2,226,712	 426,749		(94,519)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	4,333,358	\$ 2,301,684	\$	(7,986)

Risk	Management Reserve	Totals		
\$	2,915,947	\$	2,915,947	
	-		47,132,337	
	-		915,885	
	(2,167,059)		(42,306,957)	
	(817)		(1,282,085)	
	748,071		7,375,127	
	1 500 000		1 500 000	
	1,500,000		1,500,000	
	<u> </u>		(597,024)	
	1,500,000		902,976	
	1,000,000	-	002,010	
	=		243,185	
	=		(3,496,075)	
			,	
	-		(3,252,890)	
			,	
	5,655		52,531	
	5,655		52,531	
	2,253,726		5,077,744	
	1,351,817		24,711,573	
æ	2 605 542	œ.	20 700 247	
\$	3,605,543	\$	29,789,317	
\$	746,454	\$	4,814,568	
	-		2,261,424	
	-		1,511	
	=		4,502	
	1,617		85,222	
	=		207,900	
	1,617		2,560,559	
\$	748,071	\$	7,375,127	

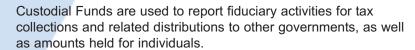
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2020



Custodial Funds



County Treasurer

18th Judicial District Court

Sheriff Inmate Trust Fund





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Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds All Custodial Funds December 31, 2020

	County Treasurer Custodial Fund	18th Judicial District Court Custodial Fund	Sheriff Inmate Custodial Fund	Totals
Assets		·		
Cash, including investments	\$ 388,746,350	\$ 7,321,949	\$ 455,956	\$ 396,524,255
Property tax levied	260,556,612	-	-	260,556,612
Total assets	649,302,962	<u> </u>	455,956	657,080,867
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	53,265,099	-	-	53,265,099
Due to other governmental entities	596,037,863	7,321,949	-	603,359,812
Total assets	649,302,962			656,624,911
Net Position				
Restricted for Sheriff Inmates	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 455,956	\$ 455,956

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds All Custodial Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	County Treasurer Custodial Fund	18th Judicial District Court Custodial Fund	Sheriff Inmate Custodial Fund	Totals
Additions				
Property tax collections for other governments	\$ 1,807,778,893	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,807,778,893
Motor vehicle tax collections for other governments	115,789,416	-	=	115,789,416
Finance holdings	515,309,177	-	-	515,309,177
Inmate deposits	-	-	3,404,913	3,404,913
State clerk fee	-	2,693,686	-	2,693,686
Fines, penalties and forfeitures	-	2,255,914	-	2,255,914
Other fees	-	3,912,123	-	3,912,123
Other	947,331	12,124,155	-	13,071,486
Total additions	2,439,824,817	20,985,878	3,404,913	2,464,215,608
Deductions:				
Payment of property taxes to other governments	1,807,778,893	-	-	1,807,778,893
Motor vehicle tax to other governments	115,789,416	-	-	115,789,416
Finance holdings	515,309,177	-	-	515,309,177
State court fees	-	2,693,686	-	2,693,686
Inmate payments	-	-	3,234,583	3,234,583
Other	947,331	18,292,192	-	19,239,523
Total deductions	2,439,824,817	20,985,878	3,234,583	2,464,045,278
Change in not negition			170 220	170 220
Change in net position	-	-	170,330	170,330
Net position, beginning of year (as restated)	-	-	285,626	285,626
Net position, end of period	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 455,956	\$ 455,956

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Statistical Section



The statistical section includes schedules showing ten-year financial trends as extracted from current and prior years' financial reports and other supplemental information relevant to the County. The statistical schedules reflect demographic and economic data, financial trends and the fiscal capacity of the County.

Statistical Section



STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of Sedgwick County's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the County's overall financial health.

Table of Contents	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	E - 3
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the County's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	E- 8
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	E - 12
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place.	E - 16
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the County's financial report relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.	E - 19

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial report for the relevant year.

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SEDGWICK COUNTY, KANSAS NET POSITION BY COMPONENT Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year													
	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u> <u>2020</u>					
Governmental activities														
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 282,471,201	\$ 294,690,938	\$ 298,113,489	\$ 310,035,285	\$ 320,464,675	\$ 329,243,600	\$ 309,371,709 \$	324,991,641	\$ 326,931,145 \$ 338,966,153					
Restricted	61,027,411	56,123,063	57,021,635	59,952,665	55,946,964	50,528,123	73,793,333	46,396,561	43,711,354 44,419,567					
Unrestricted	93,115,134	85,371,059	85,568,811	80,894,088	(34,661,211)	(35,519,210)	(41,255,917)	(31,557,425)	(22,820,997) 7,315,725					
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 436,613,746	\$ 436,185,060	\$ 440,703,935	\$ 450,882,038	\$ 341,750,428	\$ 344,252,513	\$ 341,909,125 \$	339,830,777	\$ 347,821,502 \$ 390,701,445					
					<u>. </u>									
Business-type activities														
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 173,139,907	\$ 165,857,656	\$ 160,701,886	\$ 155,902,064	\$ 152,003,174	\$ 148,147,767	\$ 146,047,762 \$	142,881,673	\$ 138,939,177 \$ 137,493,341					
Restricted	11,631,039	10,619,276	9,977,266	9,196,893	8,247,858	6,615,262	3,114,029	722,308						
Unrestricted	166,572	2,599,671	3,745,044	4,340,525	5,072,058	5,904,885	7,183,527	8,029,740	7,670,554 3,220,449					
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 184,937,518	\$ 179,076,603	\$ 174,424,196	\$ 169,439,482	\$ 165,323,090	\$ 160,667,914	\$ 156,345,318 \$	151,633,721	\$ 146,609,731 \$ 140,713,790					
Primary government														
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 455,611,108	\$ 460,548,594	\$ 458,815,375	\$ 465,937,349	\$ 472,467,849	\$ 477,391,367	\$ 455,419,471 \$	467,873,314	\$ 465,870,322 \$ 476,459,494					
Restricted	72,658,450	66,742,339	66,998,901	69,149,558	64,194,822	57,143,385	76,907,362	47,118,869	43,711,354 44,419,567					
Unrestricted	93,281,706	87,970,730	89,313,855	85,234,613	(29,589,153)	(29,614,325)	(34,072,390)	(23,527,685)	(15,150,443) 10,536,174					
Total primary government net position	\$ 621,551,264	\$ 615,261,663	\$ 615,128,131	\$ 620,321,520	\$ 507,073,518	\$ 504,920,427	\$ 498,254,443 \$	491,464,498	\$ 494,431,233 \$ 531,415,235					

The County's 2012 net position have been restated by \$770,961 to eliminate bond cost that was amortized in prior years.

The County's 2013 net position have been restated by \$306,499 to include premiums, discount and deferred revenue of the Public Building Commission.

The County's 2015 net position have been restated by \$128,333,166 to include net pension liability.

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SEDGWICK COUNTY, KANSAS CHANGES IN NET POSITION Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year											
	2011	2012	<u>2013</u>	2014	2015	<u>2016</u>	2017	2018	2019	2020		
Expenses												
Governmental activities:												
General government	\$ 51,164,331	\$ 52,946,017	\$ 46,738,513	\$ 45,631,487	\$ 44,076,129	\$ 47,430,448	\$ 52,508,805	\$ 54,849,656	\$ 56,019,543	\$ 109,933,474		
Public safety	136,614,471	134,847,877	136,948,209	141,461,365	140,226,506	144,411,990	149,481,681	155,753,795	163,535,655	163,393,621		
Public works	28,598,830	29,963,817	31,112,309	31,607,297	31,455,330	35,205,540	36,196,087	33,795,769	31,694,099	27,094,579		
Health and welfare	66,002,246	58,600,471	56,476,803	56,346,131	55,876,955	53,319,338	52,924,647	54,714,236	56,904,126	56,349,711		
Culture and recreation	11,247,354	11,069,797	10,824,309	11,024,934	16,808,103	12,378,012	12,752,767	13,638,446	15,679,763	15,268,317		
Community development	14,981,790	15,462,057	15,119,439	20,937,889	17,841,996	14,210,390	16,269,689	19,385,943	11,761,470	11,933,184		
Interest on long-term debt	7,078,866	7,503,342	6,607,782	7,124,165	8,914,547	7,218,937	6,956,141	6,301,245	5,234,624	4,960,515		
Total governmental activities expenses	315,687,888	310,393,378	303,827,364	314,133,268	315,199,566	314,174,655	327,089,817	338,439,090	340,829,280	388,933,401		
Business-type activities:												
Pavilion/Arena	8,823,760	7,072,571	5,672,159	5,580,194	5,087,691	5,248,238	5,472,682	5,294,694	5,933,968	6,518,660		
	8,823,760	7,072,571	5,672,159	5,580,194	5,087,691	5,248,238	5,472,682	5,294,694	5,933,968	6,518,660		
Total business-type activities expenses	0,023,760	7,072,571	5,672,159	5,560,194	5,067,691	5,246,236	5,472,662	5,294,694	5,933,966	6,516,000		
Total primary government expenses	\$ 324,511,648	\$ 317,465,949	\$ 309,499,523	\$ 319,713,462	\$ 320,287,257	\$ 319,422,893	\$ 332,562,499	\$ 343,733,784	\$ 346,763,248	\$ 395,452,061		
Program Revenues												
Charges for services:												
General government	\$ 22,112,904	\$ 25,248,415	\$ 16,583,118	\$ 17,671,949	\$ 17,568,111	\$ 19,267,415	\$ 24,879,696	\$ 24,437,736	\$ 21,891,036	\$ 23,181,293		
Public safety	24,791,564	23,064,255	23,253,320	25,399,717	25,207,446	22,752,389	25,057,768	23,040,607	26,972,838	24,456,481		
Public works	1,838,058	1,803,395	1,883,805	2,116,756	2,012,791	1.671.982	2,037,175	1.877.994	2.055.547	2,635,643		
Health and welfare	30,214,621	24,989,604	23,820,227	23,134,337	24,776,064	21,132,561	20,301,262	20,378,294	19,927,585	13,877,056		
Culture and recreation	347,183	299,983	322,965	328,772	437,640	446,867	463,752	369.439	380.869	608,070		
Community development	70,094	394,528	135,469	251,390	221,467	223,238	376,000	10,117	13,450	5,686		
Operating grants and contributions:												
	996,886	1,475,519	5,099,931	2,107,925	2,240,299	2,818,734	168,600	194,931	1,017	81,057,493		
General government												
Public safety	17,612,533	15,235,719	16,522,478	16,175,844	14,937,314	15,285,556	14,092,580	14,827,946	13,525,420	13,583,211		
Public works	5,251,826	4,655,174	5,072,272	5,210,949	4,651,463	4,987,773	5,519,877	5,186,028	7,150,252	5,130,220		
Health and welfare	20,877,847	20,722,097	20,679,329	21,056,655	21,595,015	20,188,655	21,438,843	23,901,512	25,554,332	27,874,213		
Culture and recreation		35,000		-				90,188	90,188			
Community development Capital grants and contributions:	2,274,887	2,681,365	1,399,510	12,646,001	7,776,397	1,667,328	1,156,278	693,926	726,435	738,090		
Public works		181,201	480,486	133,975	6,066,050	2,994,738	2,712,271	2,853,935	2,265,434	360,305		
Culture and recreation	_	851,451	1,464,287	4,703,168	8,865,065	2,287,532	415,779	960,941	1,724,029	8,763,486		
Total governmental activities program revenues	126,388,403	121,637,706	116,717,197	130,937,438	136,355,122	115,724,768	118,619,881	118,823,594	122,278,432	202,271,247		
Business-type activities:												
Charges for services:												
Coliseum/Arena	1,939,862	1,211,656	846,169	595,480	971,299	593,062	1,150,086	753,403	909,978	622,719		
Total business-type activities program revenues	1,939,862	1,211,656	846,169	595,480	971,299	593,062	1,150,086	753,403	909,978	622,719		
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 128,328,265	\$ 122,849,362	\$ 117,563,366	\$ 131,532,918	\$ 137,326,421	\$ 116,317,830	\$ 119,769,967	\$ 119,576,997	\$ 123,188,410	\$ 202,893,966		
Net (Expense)/Revenue												
Governmental activities	\$ (189,299,485)	\$ (188,755,672)	\$ (187,110,167)	\$ (183,195,830)	\$ (178,844,444)	\$ (198,449,887)	\$ (208,469,936)	\$ (219,615,496)	\$ (218,550,848)	\$ (186,662,154)		
Business-type activities	(6,883,898)	(5,860,915)	(4,825,990)	(4,984,714)	(4,116,392)	(4,655,176)	(4,322,596)	(4,541,291)	(5,023,990)	(5,895,941)		
Total primary government net expense	\$ (196,183,383)	\$ (194,616,587)	\$ (191,936,157)	\$ (188,180,544)	\$ (182,960,836)	\$ (203,105,063)	\$ (212,792,532)	\$ (224,156,787)	\$ (223,574,838)	\$ (192,558,095)		

Governmental activities:										
Property taxes	\$ 153,102,405	\$ 155,437,762	\$ 156,571,499	\$ 157,680,267	\$ 160,388,971	\$ 162,790,600	\$ 166,801,051	\$ 172,620,033	\$ 178,745,661	\$ 185,622,713
Sales taxes	24,886,782	25,907,161	26,890,523	27,737,784	28,402,456	28,899,247	28,073,924	29,776,859	30,423,553	30,735,040
Other taxes	2,948,834	3,075,138	3,128,768	3,251,092	2,980,953	3,381,978	3,279,473	3,421,680	3,592,849	3,636,160
Investment earnings	5,656,574	4,677,886	5,344,751	4,704,790	5,761,660	6,423,364	7,972,100	9,919,659	13,779,510	9,458,184
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	511,960	-	-	-	-	-
Extraordinary item	-	-	-	-	-	(543,217)	-	-	-	-
Total governmental activities	186,594,595	189,097,947	191,935,541	193,373,933	198,046,000	200,951,972	206,126,548	215,738,231	226,541,573	229,452,097
Business-type activities:										
Special items	(5,424,428)	-	173,583	-	-	-	-	(170,306)	-	-
Total business-type activities	(5,424,428)		173,583					(170,306)		
Total primary government	\$ 181,170,167	\$ 189,097,947	\$ 192,109,124	\$ 193,373,933	\$ 198,046,000	\$ 200,951,972	\$ 206,126,548	\$ 215,567,925	\$ 226,541,573	\$ 229,452,097
Change in Net Position										
Governmental activities	\$ (2,704,890)	\$ 342,275	\$ 4,825,374	\$ 10,178,103	\$ 19,201,556	\$ 2,502,085	\$ (2,343,388)	\$ (3,877,265)	\$ 7,990,725	\$ 42,879,943
Business-type activities	(12,308,326)	(5,860,915)	(4,652,407)	(4,984,714)	(4,116,392)	(4,655,176)	(4,322,596)	(4,711,597)	(5,023,990)	(5,895,941)
Total primary government	\$ (15,013,216)	\$ (5,518,640)	\$ 172,967	\$ 5,193,389	\$ 15,085,164	\$ (2,153,091)	\$ (6,665,984)	\$ (8,588,862)	\$ 2,966,735	\$ 36,984,002

SEDGWICK COUNTY, KANSAS FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Fiscal Year

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>2013</u>	2	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
General Fund												
Nonspendable	\$ 4,788,374	\$ 4,469,663	\$ 7	,041,238	\$ 9	,560,858	\$ 9,272,182	\$ 8,977,327	\$ 8,676,004	\$ 7,804,065 \$	7,254,903	\$ 6,932,379
Restricted	2,292,205	-		-		_	-	-	2,291,675	3,537,109	5,411,145	5,617,491
Committed	-	-		-	5	5,300,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned	14,853,724	13,216,543	12	,634,724	15	5,540,068	16,057,287	12,265,769	15,376,618	13,048,524	13,173,708	13,182,144
Unassigned	 44,295,545	 48,366,230	47	,164,833	38	3,225,843	 39,680,121	 41,765,023	 39,828,125	42,546,605	45,864,280	68,187,847
Total general fund	\$ 66,229,848	\$ 66,052,436	\$ 66	,840,795	\$ 68	3,626,769	\$ 65,009,590	\$ 63,008,119	\$ 66,172,422	\$ 66,936,303 \$	71,704,036	\$ 93,919,861
All Other Governmental Funds												
Nonspendable	\$ 1,123,491	\$ 1,020,014	\$	843,430	\$	444,259	\$ 567,326	\$ 530,417	\$ 518,403	\$ 492,315 \$	495,663	\$ 658,087
Restricted	71,086,679	84,089,630	75	,127,288	151	,771,314	132,094,838	89,417,200	78,963,001	53,166,420	56,185,687	51,471,922
Committed	14,543,401	10,863,452	9	,943,967	8	3,193,709	8,428,869	11,134,933	6,985,035	10,619,491	14,026,259	12,241,804
Assigned	20,385,544	13,824,536	14	,034,940	14	,010,003	13,517,004	15,377,091	13,069,403	16,966,591	21,783,946	35,642,489
Unassigned	 (2,006,662)	 (2,688,735)	(2	,208,780)	(6	5,545,056)	 (822,095)	 (614,398)	 (655,728)	 (848,699)	(791,526)	(791,526)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 105,132,453	\$ 107,108,897	\$ 97	7,740,845	\$ 167	7,874,229	\$ 153,785,942	\$ 115,845,243	\$ 98,880,114	\$ 80,396,118 \$	91,700,029	\$ 99,222,776

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SEDGWICK COUNTY, KANSAS CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Dollars in Thousands)

					Fisca	al Year				
	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	2020
Revenues										
Taxes	\$ 180,938	\$ 184,420	\$ 186,591	\$ 188,670	\$ 191,772	\$ 195,072	\$ 198,154	\$ 205,819	\$ 212,762	\$ 219,994
Special assessments	3,359	2,375	1,955	1,617	1,301	919	630	749	569	525
Intergovernmental	47,014	44,647	45,482	46,276	50,454	47,323	45,234	46,525	49,084	126,872
Charges for services	66,922	62,599	62,257	63,029	65,890	63,631	59,426	56,191	60,413	53,838
Uses of money and property	5,474	4,352	5,222	4,477	5,128	6,928	7,028	8,911	12,784	9,032
Fines and forfeits	460	1,348	678	255	212	260	167	179	261	255
Licenses and permits	546	471	156	122	138	861	7,975	8,372	8,292	8,035
Reimbursed expenditures	-	-	-	-	-	9,304	5,728	-	-	-
Other	10,287	11,728	7,186	17,396	7,434	_	-	3,977	3,556	2,989
Total revenues	315,000	311,940	309,527	321,842	322,329	324,298	324,342	330,723	347,721	421,540
Expenditures										
General government	43,723	44,564	37,953	36,329	36,367	38,834	42,790	45,276	44,275	101,091
Public safety	133,111	130,477	133,750	138,131	142,612	139,425	143,919	149,609	156,624	155,387
Public works	14,613	13,442	13,649	13,944	13,874	12,769	13,468	13,910	14,240	14,077
Health and welfare	67,487	60,151	58,328	58,261	59,844	55,094	54,659	56,514	58,563	57,128
Culture and recreation	8,919	8,621	8,301	8,771	14,482	9,282	9,446	10,037	12,198	11,839
Community development	13,394	13,836	18,869	19,391	25,961	45,471	17,651	18,283	10,615	10,725
Debt service	10,004	10,000	10,000	10,001	20,001	40,471	17,001	10,200	10,010	10,720
Principal	14,071	14,989	20,954	16,312	22,842	24,419	15,649	40,692	16,171	14,337
Interest and fiscal charges	6,910	7,208	6,768	6,355	8,082	8,337	7,627	7,097	5,726	5,507
Debt issuance costs	452	340	195	858	280	0,007	1,021	212	3,720	5,507
Capital outlay	26,327	26,081	28,042	34,745	28,775	30,583	32,807	22,044	25,777	25,755
Total expenditures	329,007	319,709	326,809	333,097	353,119	364,215	338,016	363,674	344,189	395,846
Excess of revenues over (under)	329,007	319,709	320,009	333,097	333,119	304,213	330,010	303,074	344,109	393,040
, ,	(14.007)	(7.760)	(17,282)	(11,255)	(20.700)	(39,917)	(13,674)	(32,951)	3,532	25 604
expenditures	(14,007)	(7,769)	(17,202)	(11,255)	(30,790)	(39,917)	(13,074)	(32,931)	3,332	25,694
Other financing sources (uses)										
Transfers from other funds	27,356	13,955	23,879	18,976	15,602	20,756	18,306	31,319	15,646	38,449
Transfers to other funds	(27,929)	(14,937)	(24,766)	(19,976)	(17,010)	(20,630)	(18,433)	(31,773)	(15,557)	(39,352)
Premium from issuance of revenue bonds	-	-	-	2,765	-	-	-	-	-	-
Premium from issuance of refunding bonds	-	-	-	3,318	1,046	-	-	-	-	179
Premium from issuance of general obligation bonds	-	-	-	-	559	-	-	935	1,056	224
Extraordinary item	-	-	-	-	-	(543)	-	-	-	-
Sale of general capital assets	-	-	-	-	1,382	-	-	1,725	-	-
Issuance of refunding bonds	-	-	-	31,875	8,060	-	-	_	-	1,600
Issuance of revenue bonds	-	-	-	44,945	-	-	-	-	-	-
Issuance of general obligation bonds	-	-	-	-	9,230	-	-	-	9,770	2,945
Issuance of capital lease	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from Capital Lease	1,273	-	-	1,271	-	391	-	13,025	1,625	-
Debt premium	1,064	1,224	1,214	_	-	-	-	_	-	-
Debt issuance	26,680	23,795	14,665	-	-		-		-	-
Payment to refunded bond	(6,370)	-	-	-	(5,785)	-	_	-	_	_
Payment to refunding bond escrow agent	-	(14,469)	(6,290)	-	-	-	_	-	_	_
Total other financing sources (uses)	22,074	9,568	8,702	83,174	13,084	(26)	(127)	15,231	12,540	4,045
Net change in fund balances	\$ 8,067	\$ 1,799	\$ (8,580)	\$ 71,919	\$ (17,706)	\$ (39,943)	\$ (13,801)	\$ (17,720)	\$ 16,072	\$ 29,739
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital										
expenditures	6.8%	7.4%	9.0%	7.5%	9.2%	9.4% ¹	7.3%	13.5%	6.7%	5.3%

¹ Percentage has been updated from prior year report.

SEDGWICK COUNTY, KANSAS ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUES OF TAXABLE TANGIBLE PROPERTY Including Motor Vehicles, Last Ten Fiscal Years

SEDGWICK COUNTY PRIMARY GOVERNMENT (Dollars in Thousands)

	Real F	Property	Personal	Property ⁵	Total ¹			
Fiscal Year ^{2,4}	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed/ Actual Ratio	Total Direct Tax Rate ³
- rear	value	Actual value	value	Actual value	value	Actual value	Actual Natio	Tax rate
2011	3,836,821	26,769,748	986,674	4,330,616	4,823,494	31,100,364	15.51%	29.428
2012	3,804,616	26,515,320	995,806	4,369,975	4,800,422	30,885,295	15.54%	29.446
2013	3,833,553	26,686,105	1,009,300	4,434,274	4,842,853	31,120,379	15.56%	29.377
2014	3,913,588	27,240,503	989,209	4,463,330	4,902,796	31,703,833	15.46%	29.478
2015	3,974,529	27,659,847	1,003,376	4,427,781	4,977,905	32,087,628	15.51%	29.383
2016	4,096,071	28,525,984	1,019,388	4,500,910	5,115,459	33,026,895	15.49%	29.393
2017	4,235,262	29,583,823	1,035,677	4,935,193	5,270,939	34,519,016	15.27%	29.393
2018	4,414,311	30,914,157	1,051,492	5,020,096	5,465,803	35,934,253	15.21%	29.383
2019	5,107,708	32,447,937	1,075,608	4,730,455	6,183,316	37,178,391	16.63%	29.384
2020	4,878,145	34,362,160	1,059,670	4,646,615	5,937,815	39,008,775	15.22%	29.376

SEDGWICK COUNTY FIRE DISTRICT 1 (Dollars in Thousands)

	Real F	Property	Personal F	Property ⁵	Tot	al ¹		
								Total
Fiscal	Assessed	Estimated	Assessed	Estimated	Assessed	Estimated	Assessed/	Direct
Year ^{2,4}	Value	Actual Value	Value	Actual Value	Value	Actual Value	Actual Ratio	Tax Rate 3
2011	633,522	4,301,089	283,376	1,182,125	916,898	5,483,214	16.72%	18.397
2012	589,141	4,163,066	295,874	1,236,184	885,015	5,399,250	16.39%	18.398
2013	594,565	4,344,936	301,604	1,258,648	896,171	5,603,584	15.99%	18.348
2014	611,796	4,347,654	303,078	1,267,844	914,875	5,615,498	16.29%	18.367
2015	618,449	4,411,878	305,207	1,270,196	923,656	5,682,074	16.26%	18.371
2016	638,936	4,569,487	312,177	1,297,088	951,112	5,866,575	16.21%	18.414
2017	669,773	4,789,488	321,881	1,481,541	991,654	6,271,029	15.81%	18.392
2018	709,412	5,072,483	327,978	1,557,343	1,037,389	6,629,826	15.65%	18.163
2019	756,281	5,409,418	332,984	1,375,988	1,089,267	6,785,407	16.05%	17.896
2020	800,077	5,757,019	315,630	1,297,837	1,115,709	7,054,856	15.81%	17.891

¹ Represents the equalized valuation of tangible property, including motor vehicles

Source: Sedgwick County Clerk

² Taxes levied support the subsequent year's budget, e.g., 2016 taxes levied finance 2017 spending

³ Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value

⁴ 2011 and 2019 amounts have been updated from previous Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports

⁵ Beginning in 2015 values exclude watercraft and 16M/20M motor vehicles

SEDGWICK COUNTY, KANSAS PROPERTY TAX RATES DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS

Last Ten Years

(rate per \$1,000 of assessed value)

			(iate per \$1,000 or	,						
				Year Taxes Ar	•						
		<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
County Direct Rates											
General	\$	21.516 \$	22.003 \$	·					•	-	•
Road and bridge		1.042	1.256	1.194	1.093	1.129	1.026	0.780	0.720	0.872	0.951
Mental health		0.624	0.460	0.584	0.613	0.585	0.590	0.495	0.494	1.500	1.500
Noxious weeds		0.091	0.106	0.084	0.081	0.088	0.059	0.065	0.070	0.070	0.060
Emergency medical services		0.427	0.896	0.688	0.577	0.603	0.277	0.906	1.059	0.634	0.617
Aging		0.601	0.564	0.539	0.497	0.560	0.523	0.494	0.428	0.916	0.745
WSU program development		1.500	1.500	1.500	1.500	1.500	1.500	1.500	1.500	0.468	0.441
Debt service		3.627	2.661	2.998	3.202	2.669	2.604	2.625	2.770	1.773	2.193
Total direct rate		29.428	29.446	29.377	29.478	29.383	29.393	29.393	29.383	29.384	29.376
Fire District Rates		18.397	18.398	18.348	18.367	18.371	18.414	18.392	18.163	17.896	17.891
City Rates											
Andale		42.511	44.025	46.893	44.016	41.862	48.575	52.218	48.274	49.739	47.653
Bentley		53.690	53.762	53.761	53.736	53.629	58.571	59.601	59.460	59.232	57.086
Cheney		55.126	58.381	57.808	57.833	60.740	60.808	60.753	59.426	61.814	60.616
Clearwater		49.943	49.897	49.873	53.993	53.999	56.061	56.144	59.681	62.384	64.022
Colwich		40.054	40.230	41.988	46.041	47.911	52.347	56.589	58.315	57.210	56.926
Derby		47.340	47.153	47.054	47.148	47.009	48.021	48.075	48.063	48.049	48.040
Eastborough		59.999	62.073	64.597	64.597	64.664	63.637	63.637	61.934	61.298	65.349
Garden Plain		50.075	49.119	49.058	48.964	48.874	48.855	50.856	52.979	54.284	54.369
Goddard		28.114	28.048	33.057	33.085	31.164	31.228	33.230	33.230	33.223	33.226
Haysville		48.436	48.425	48.672	48.609	48.646	48.618	48.500	48.424	48.239	47.570
Kechi		33.676	33.714	33.706	33.866	33.699	36.727	36.726	36.768	36.760	35.070
Maize		43.132	42.868	43.270	43.036	43.030	43.059	43.117	42.925	43.043	43.061
Mount Hope		51.251	51.002	50.460	50.636	54.612	56.072	55.933	54.543	53.394	52.834
Mulvane		52.759	46.531	41.923	42.406	42.262	44.247	44.304	46.603	46.590	46.599
Sedgwick		65.420	66.475	63.272	63.273	62.783	67.599	74.977	74.927	74.888	74.990
Valley Center		51.172	53.630	53.630	55.443	55.446	55.640	54.951	54.977	54.955	55.012
Viola		19.662	20.019	21.360	21.202	22.181	25.526	26.185	28.060	24.980	24.935
Wichita		32.359	32.471	32.509	32.652	32.686	32.625	32.667	32.692	32.721	32.749
Bel Aire		46.118	46.162	45.695	45.730	46.246	45.726	45.719	45.725	45.774	45.798
Park City		37.792	39.607	39.890	40.051	40.111	40.224	41.325	44.560	44.641	44.643
Townships		1.630-24.029	1.613-24.009	1.677-24.077	1.663-22.726	1.722-23.243	2.088-21.321	2.075-21.632	2.054-21.495	2.059-20.828	2.162-20.115
School Districts	4	3.481-70.072	43.433-70.409	46.067-69.816	38.164-66.358	41.667-66.599	42.000-65.341	42.644-67.592	42.266-67.612	42.973-67.736	45.172-67.859
Cemetery Districts		0.136-2.913	0.141-2.932	0.141-2.928	0.139-2.826	0.141-2.891	0.136-2.844	0.277-2.807	0.272-2.784	0.269-2.769	0.270-2.716
Drainage Districts		0.923-2.749	0.940-2.734	0.942-2.707	0.974-2.582	1.007-2.435	0.994-2.395	0.999-2.369	0.994-2.328	0.530-1.569	0.290-1.583
Improvement Districts		0.000-16.102	0.000-16.195	0.000-17.694	0.000-17.525	0.000-17.368	0.911-11.053	0.914-12.130	0.912-15.735	0.371-17.000	1.777-18.170

Source: Sedgwick County Tax Administration System
Sedgwick County Clerks Website 2020 Ad Valorem Tax Levies

1.138-19.357

0.509-19.504

0.489-19.151

0.483-19.073

0.451-19.032

0.000-18.647

1.152-2.650

Other Districts

SEDGWICK COUNTY, KANSAS PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		Fiscal Year 2	020	Fiscal Year 2011			
	Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total County Taxable Assessed Value	Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total County Taxable Assessed Value	
Evergy Kansas South INC/Evergy Kansas Central INC	145,969,250	1	2.75%			0.00%	
Spirit Aerosystems Inc/Mid-Western Aircraft Systems Inc.	105,081,718	2	1.98%	99,363,276	1	2.61%	
Textron: Beechcraft/Cessna/Flight Safety	95,089,918	3	1.79%			0.00%	
Kansas Gas Service - A Division of One Gas	33,815,712	4	0.64%	26,046,059	9	0.68%	
Wal Mart Real Estate/Sam's	30,215,962	5	0.57%	24,146,744	10	0.63%	
Wesley Medical Center/Wesley Endowment Foundation	28,166,130	6	0.53%	30,268,691	6	0.79%	
Boeing Company	20,776,293	7	0.39%	53,030,559	3	1.39%	
Bradley Fair Properties/Hotel Wichita Bradley Fair LP	14,988,336	8	0.28%			0.00%	
Phillips 66 Carrier LLC	14,875,927	9	0.28%			0.00%	
Southwestern Bell Telephone	11,860,527	10	0.22%	28,083,247	8	0.74%	
Kansas Gas & Electric - A Westar Co.	-	-	-	82,361,447	2	2.16%	
Cessna Aircraft	-	-	-	39,024,235	4	1.02%	
Hawker Beechcraft Corp	-	-	-	39,002,595	5	1.02%	
Simon Property Group		-	<u> </u>	28,667,120	7	0.75%	
	\$ 500,839,773		9.43%	\$ 449,993,973		11.81%	

Source: Sedgwick County Clerk

SEDGWICK COUNTY, KANSAS GENERAL PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS Last Ten Fiscal Years

SEDGWICK COUNTY PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

Taxes Levied for the				Collected v Fiscal Year		Collections	Total Collections to Date		
Tax	Fiscal Year		Total		Percentage of	in Subsequent		Percentage of	
Year ¹	(Original Levy)	Adjustments	Adjusted Levy	Amount ²	Original Levy	Years ³	Amount	Adjusted Levy	
2010	129,182,341	343,543	129,525,884	124,101,517	96.07%	2,595,504	126,697,021	97.82%	
2011	130,016,010	269,245	130,285,255	125,349,762	96.41%	2,477,679	127,827,441	98.11%	
2012	129,216,721	108,339	129,325,060	125,129,425	96.84%	2,600,926	127,730,351	98.77%	
2013	129,639,393	26,690	129,666,083	125,508,033	96.81%	2,576,083	128,084,116	98.78%	
2014	130,922,296	(215,999)	130,706,297	127,648,264	97.50%	2,618,648	130,266,912	99.66%	
2015	131,704,711	(195,108)	131,509,603	128,621,614	97.66%	2,531,517	131,153,131	99.73%	
2016	135,147,416	(94,878)	135,052,538	132,021,791	97.69%	2,524,105	134,545,896	99.62%	
2017	139,633,113	(108,238)	139,524,875	136,474,410	97.74%	2,099,954	138,574,364	99.32%	
2018	144,941,192	80,789	145,021,980	141,872,711	97.88%	1,497,484	143,370,195	98.86%	
2019	151,812,108	343,232	152,155,340	148,748,424	97.98%	Not Applicable	148,748,424	97.76%	

SEDGWICK COUNTY FIRE DISTRICT 1

	Taxes Levied			Collected		Collections	Total Collections to Date		
Tax	for the Fiscal Year		Total	Fiscal Year	Percentage of	Collections in Subsequent	l otal Collecti	Percentage of	
Year ¹	(Original Levy)	Adjustments	Adjusted Levy	Amount ²	Original Levy	Years ³	Amount	Adjusted Levy	
2010	14,285,305	(127,003)	14,158,302	13,857,862	97.01%	258,037	14,115,899	99.70%	
2011	14,603,909	(166,083)	14,437,826	14,172,661	97.05%	177,275	14,349,936	99.39%	
2012	14,721,733	(74,201)	14,647,532	14,382,596	97.70%	228,761	14,611,357	99.75%	
2013	14,857,310	(96,016)	14,761,294	14,484,501	97.49%	212,153	14,696,654	99.56%	
2014	15,134,136	(120,732)	15,013,404	14,739,202	97.39%	246,713	14,985,915	99.82%	
2015	15,272,821	(77,053)	15,195,768	14,951,500	97.90%	224,839	15,176,339	99.87%	
2016	15,766,541	(20,373)	15,746,168	15,488,312	98.24%	219,411	15,707,723	99.76%	
2017	16,444,620	(36,289)	16,408,331	16,176,028	98.37%	158,044	16,334,072	99.55%	
2018	17,023,773	(25,540)	16,998,233	16,750,228	98.39%	118,735	16,868,963	99.24%	
2019	17,658,012	(316,690)	17,341,322	17,243,673	97.65%	Not Applicable	17,243,673	99.44%	

¹ Taxes levied support the subsequent year's budget, e.g., 2019 taxes financed 2020 spending

Source: Sedgwick County Treasurer Tax Abstract

² Net of refunding warrants

³ Excludes interest penalties

SEDGWICK COUNTY, KANSAS RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE Last Ten Fiscal Years

Governmental Activities General Public KDOT Total Percentage Fiscal Obligation Building Special Capital Premium Primary of Personal Per Revolving Capita ² Income 2 Bonds Commission (Discount) 1 Government Year Assessments Loan Leases 2011 6,528,784 3,633,318 3,071,677 0.94% 370 78,800,000 87,875,000 5,415,000 185,323,779 2012 80,615,000 83,575,000 4,345,000 6,199,824 2,908,377 3,977,145 181,620,346 0.81% 360 2013 75,462,051 3,667,949 5,410,248 170,474,803 0.71% 337 83,670,000 2,264,555 2014 66.957.000 153.825.000 3.343.000 10.865.354 237.708.818 0.98% 467 2.718.464 2015 64,400,000 146,290,000 2,820,000 1,996,279 11,464,461 226,970,740 0.88% 444 2016 54,548,000 133,025,000 2,192,000 1,713,961 8,509,062 0.80% 390 199,988,023 2017 46,457,000 126,290,000 1,958,000 1,124,818 7,260,566 183,090,384 0.75% 357 2018 50,941,000 94,495,000 1,999,000 727,322 6,883,527 155,045,849 0.60% 302 2019 52,920,000 88,520,000 1,746,000 1,946,437 6,784,651 151,917,088 0.57% 294 2020 6,275,132 0.51% 47,807,000 82,370,000 1,913,000 1,504,503 139,869,635 270

Details regarding the county's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements

¹ Information added to table in 2017

Population and personal income data can be found in Schedules E-16 These ratios are calculated using personal income for the prior calendar year Personal income and population data has been updated since previous report

SEDGWICK COUNTY, KANSAS RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING Last Ten Fiscal Years

General Bond Debt Outstanding

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Debt ¹	Add: Premium (Discount) 4	Less: Amounts Restricted to Repaying Principal	Total	Percentage of Personal Income ²	Percentage of Actual Value of Taxable Property ³	P <u>er Capita</u> ²
2011	166,675,000	3,071,677	(7,670,437)	159,004,563	0.80%	0.51%	317
2012	164,190,000	3,977,145	(14,651,936)	149,538,064	0.66%	0.48%	297
2013	159,132,051	5,410,248	(8,500,583)	150,631,468	0.63%	0.48%	297
2014	220,782,000	10,865,354	(43,678,059)	177,103,941	0.73%	0.56%	348
2015	210,690,000	11,464,461	(40,719,420)	169,970,580	0.66%	0.53%	333
2016	187,573,000	8,509,062	(31,921,481)	155,651,519	0.62%	0.47%	303
2017	172,747,000	7,260,566	(29,492,294)	143,254,706	0.58%	0.42%	279
2018	145,436,000	6,883,527	(2,664,810)	149,654,717	0.58%	0.42%	291
2019	141,440,000	6,784,651	(2,170,980)	146,053,671	0.55%	0.39%	283
2020	130,177,000	6,040,820	(1,050,040)	135,167,780	0.49%	0.35%	261

¹ Includes general obligation and SCPBC debt; excludes Fire District, special assessment debt, KDOT revolving loan and capital leases

² Population and personal income data can be found in Schedule E-16 These ratios are calculated using personal income for the prior calendar year Personal income and population data has been updated since previous report

³ Property value data can be found in Schedule E-8

⁴ Information added in to table 2019

SEDGWICK COUNTY, KANSAS LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Dollars in Thousands)

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	2016	2017	<u>2018</u>	2019	2020
Statutory debt capacity: Equalized assessed valuation of taxable tangible property	\$ 4,312,927	\$ 4,286,965	\$ 4,301,085	\$ 4,348,562	\$ 4,410,040	\$ 4,531,486	\$ 4,675,742	\$ 4,858,133	\$ 5,556,733	\$ 5,309,726
Estimated tangible valuation of motor vehicles	523,812	523,435	538,413	549,522	567,865	583,973	595,197	607,670	626,583	628,089
Estimated tangible valuation for computation of bonded indebtedness limitations	\$ 4,836,739	\$ 4,810,400	\$ 4,839,498	\$ 4,898,084	\$ 4,977,905	\$ 5,115,459	\$ 5,270,939	\$ 5,465,803	\$ 6,183,316	\$ 5,937,815
Debt limit (3% of total valuation)	\$ 145,102	\$ 144,312	\$ 145,185	\$ 146,943	\$ 149,337	\$ 153,464	\$ 158,128	\$ 163,974	\$ 185,499	\$ 178,134
Amount of debt applicable to limit Total bonded indebtedness Less exempt issues	178,619 (133,462)	174,735 (141,906)	162,800 (128,319)	224,125 (197,118)	213,510 (186,522)	189,765 (166,900)	174,705 (157,655)	147,435 (125,439)	143,439 (117,151)	132,090 (110,059)
Total net debt applicable to limit	45,157	32,829	34,481	27,007	26,988	22,865	17,050	21,996	26,288	22,031
Legal debt margin	\$ 99,945	\$ 111,483	\$ 110,704	\$ 119,935	\$ 122,349	\$ 130,599	\$ 141,078	\$ 141,978	\$ 159,211	\$ 156,103
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	31.12%	22.75%	23.75%	18.38%	18.07%	14.90%	10.78%	13.41%	14.17%	12.37%

SEDGWICK COUNTY, KANSAS PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE

Special AssessmentsLast Ten Fiscal Years

(Dollars in Thousands)

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Fiscal	Assessment			
Year	Collections	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2011	3,359	1,182	245	2.35
2012	2,375	1,070	200	1.87
2013	1,955	655	163	2.39
2014	1,617	325	140	3.48
2015	1,108	328	131	2.42
2016	919	228	108	2.73
2017	630	234	90	1.94
2018	604	239	84	1.87
2019	569	253	83	1.69
2020	525	273	78	1.49

Details regarding the county's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements

THE SPECIAL TAX LEVY - HISTORICAL COVERAGES Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Balance	
			Available for	
	Actual Special	Existing Bond	University	Debt Service
	Tax Levy	Debt Service	Program	Coverage
Calendar Year	Revenue 1	Requirements ²	Expenditures 3	Ratio ⁴
2011	7,027,579	1,590,202	5,437,377	4.42
2012	7,120,438	1,586,895	5,533,543	4.49
2013	7,162,443	1,580,363	5,582,080	4.53
2014	7,223,079	1,476,008	5,747,071	4.89
2015	7,322,161	1,478,125	5,844,036	4.95
2016	7,449,554	1,476,250	5,973,304	5.05
2017	7,624,392	3,766,586	3,857,806	2.02
2018	7,880,749	2,497,888	5,382,861	3.15
2019	8,163,700	2,495,375	5,668,325	3.27
2020	8,487,913	2,495,229	5,992,684	3.40

¹ Total Proceeds from the Special Tax Levy

² Debt service requirements for the existing bonds paid from such proceeds

³ Balance available to be distributed to the Board of Trustees of Wichita State University for University program expenditures

⁴ Debt service coverage ratio for the existing bonds paid from such proceeds

SEDGWICK COUNTY, KANSAS DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS Last Ten Fiscal Years

Personal Income ^{2, 5}

		Increase	(thousands	Per Capita	Public School	Unemployment
Year	Population ^{1, 5}	%	of dollars)	Personal Income ^{2, 5}	Enrollment 3	Rate ⁴
2011	501,011	0.35	22,493,827	44,897	91,302	8.0%
2012	504,101	0.62	23,938,174	47,487	92,273	7.0%
2013	506,442	0.46	24,296,235	47,974	92,988	6.4%
2014	508,968	0.50	25,849,404	50,788	93,502	5.6%
2015	511,083	0.42	25,017,694	48,950	93,672	4.0%
2016	513,092	0.39	24,521,889	47,792	93,254	4.4%
2017	513,176	0.02	25,876,439	50,424	93,748	3.4%
2018	513,484	0.06	26,706,256	52,010	93,976	3.4%
2019	516,042	0.50	27,647,784	53,577	93,900	3.3%
2020	517,290	0.24	Not Available	Not Available	90,791	4.4%

Notes:

¹ 2020 Population is estimated. Population for 2011-2019 is from the U.S. Census Bureau.

² U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

³ Kansas State Department of Education

⁴ Kansas Department of Labor

⁵ Prior years amounts have been updated to reflect the most recent information from the U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

SEDGWICK COUNTY, KANSAS PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS Current Year and Nine Years Ago

Fiscal Year 2020 Fiscal Year 2011 Percentage of Percentage of **Total Wichita Total Wichita** MSA 1 MSA 1 **Employees** Rank **Employees** Rank 9,500 3.02% Spirit AeroSystems, Inc. 1 10,500 3.59% **Textron Aviation** 9,200 2 2.92% 6,400 3 McConnell Air Force Base 2.03% 5,675 1.80% 3 Wichita Public Schools USD #259 4 5,315 1.82% Ascension Via Christi Health Inc. 3,878 5 1.23% 8,136 2 2.78% 3,400 6 1.08% Koch Industries Inc. Wesley Healthcare 2,954 7 0.94% U.S. Government 2,906 8 0.92% 2,752 9 0.94% City of Wichita 2,772 9 0.88% 2,924 7 1.00% Sedgwick County 2,553 10 0.81% 2,796 8 0.96% Cessna Aircraft Company 4.695 5 1.60% Hawker Beechcraft 4 5,000 1.71% State of Kansas 6 1.33% 3,893 Bombardier Learjet 2,700 10 0.92% 49,238 15.63% 48,711 16.65%

Source: Wichita Business Journal and Kansas Department of Labor

¹ Includes Sedgwick, Butler, Harvey, Kingman and Sumner counties for 2020. Data for 2011 includes Sedgwick, Butler, Harvey and Sumner counties.

SEDGWICK COUNTY, KANSAS FULL-TIME COUNTY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

Full-time Employees as of December 31

Function/Program	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	2020
General government	446	429	409	422	386	404	410	404	408	416
Public safety	1,476	1,420	1,438	1,406	1,413	1,404	1,429	1,419	1,463	1,418
Public works	111	115	116	116	130	129	125	127	128	121
Health and welfare	557	529	509	522	489	476	479	500	510	524
Culture and recreation	105	96	94	96	103	99	106	107	101	107
Community development	13_	6	6	6	3	3	1	1		
	2,708	2,595	2,572	2,568	2,524	2,515	2,550	2,558	2,610	2,586

Source: Sedgwick County finance department as of December 31, 2020

SEDGWICK COUNTY, KANSAS OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	<u>2016</u>	2017	2018	2019	2020
General government	2011	2012	2013	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010	2019	2020
Number of registered voters	261,038	274,369	271,013	275,499	274,961	294,138	292,029	303,571	301,756	322,575
Number of taxable real estate parcels	212,725	212,765	212,744	212,917	213,261	212,851	213,810	215,067	216,109	217,966
Documents filed with register of deeds	68,485	78,147	82,749	69,651	76,939	77,642	75,504	71,249	73,037	89,683
Real estate records processed	53,957	46.893	77,608	64,450	74,132	56,606	74.665	73,029	74,432	79.348
Average monthly investment portfolio (in millions)	\$ 299.2	\$ 297.4	\$ 290.0	\$ 284.1	\$ 269.5	\$ 276.4	\$ 273.4	\$ 282.1	\$ 300.4	\$ 382.6
Average number of bids per purchase	6.5	Ψ 237. 1	6.2	8.8	9.1	8.4	9.4	8.3	8.7	9.2
Public safety	0.0		0.2	0.0	3.1	0.4	3.4	0.5	0.7	3.2
Average monthly number of incoming 911 calls	37.145	39,502	40,328	40.901	47.304	49,009	44,158	41,973	44,662	42.447
Average monthly number of EMS responses	4,520	4,714	4,836	5,051	5,337	5,182	5,171	5,300	5,531	5,476
Number of residential structural fires per 100,000 households	4,520 74	4,714	4,630 70	91	5,337 167	214	189	210	185	102
Average monthly number of medical responses by Fire	206	330	378	415	462	423	408	387	364	311
Average monthly number of medical responses by Fire Average daily population, juveniles in detention	110	60	55	62	64	423 55	52	53	55	44
Average daily population, juvernies in determine Average daily population in custody of Sheriff	1,502	1,442	1,418	1,359	1,406	1,373	1,448	1,421	1,529	1,503
Percent of autopsy reports filed within 90 days	89%	59%	75%	78%	74%	63%	86%	91%	73.50%	55.83%
Public works	69%	59%	75%	70%	74%	63%	00%	91%	73.50%	55.65%
	101	170	160	97	186	122	144	106	105	101
Miles of road improved	121 626	172 617	163 600	603	603	603	597	609	609	609
Miles of road maintained		664		576	598	571		599	631	
Household hazardous waste tonnage disposed (in tons)	653	664	580	5/6	598	5/1	650	599	631	586
Health and welfare	40.400	40.000	40.044	40.550	40.040	40.470	40.570	10.100	45.000	44.407
Number of mental health program clients Number of Individuals eligible for developmental disability	12,126	12,299	12,344	12,559	12,940	13,476	13,572	13,132	15,603	11,467
services	2,331	2,410	2,482	2,536	2,554	2,592	2,521	2,538	2,589	2,604
Number of health clinic patient encounters	164,037	176,230	153,529	155,316	170,960	147,358	141,722	130,328	*	*
Number of Health Department patient encounters	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	126,511	316,490
Number of immunizations provided	30,146	24,447	22,321	22,011	21,829	22,030	17,573	20,886	19,059	14,919
Number of tuberculosis encounters	3,061	2,731	2,806	2.741	3.819	3,050	3,033	1,986	*	*
Culture and recreation	0,001	2,701	2,000	2,7 - 1	0,010	0,000	0,000	1,500		
Number of events per year at INTRUST Bank Arena	63	70	80	100	107	102	87	84	93	29
Annual attendance at INTRUST Bank Arena events	391,801	349,612	411,121	298,825	439,767	371,280	338,190	352,285	348,357	140,126
Number of events per year at Kansas Pavilions	39	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Annual attendance at Kansas Pavilions events	203,800	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Annual attendance at Sedgwick County Zoo	553.098	515,634	511.306	527,981	581.773	710.629	581.227	504,118	518.446	302.901
Annual attendance at Sedgwick County Park	1,028,339	872,349	922,713	959,101	944,320	1,000,806	1,021,314	995,375	997,945	1,073,618
Economic development	1,020,000	012,040	522,710	303,101	344,020	1,000,000	1,021,014	330,070	337,340	1,070,010
Total value of merchandise moving through foreign trade zone	•									
(in millions)	\$ 1,698.7	\$ 36.4	\$ 297.4	\$ 226.0	\$ 91.9	\$ 103.4	\$ 79.3	\$ 72.2	\$ 42.9	\$ -
Average monthly number of Sec. 8 housing clients	297	244	230	214	193	155	144	*	*	*

^{*} Information not available.

Source: County operating departments

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SEDGWICK COUNTY, KANSAS CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal	Year				
Function/Program	2011	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	2020
General government										
Auto License buildings	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	2	2
Total fleet vehicles	469	468	466	462	462	464	468	472	477	477
Public safety										
Adult detention facility capacity	1,158	1,158	1,158	1,158	1,158	1,158	1,158	1,158	1,158	1,226
Fire stations	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
EMS posts	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	17	18
Public Safety vehicles	290	288	274	278	279	279	280	281	283	286
Public works										
Bridges maintained	593	601	583	582	593	598	598	600	600	600
Miles of roads maintained	626	600	600	603	603	601	600	600	600	600
Culture and recreation										
Sedgwick County Park acreage	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400
Lake Afton Park acreage	720	720	720	720	720	720	720	720	720	720

Source: County budget department and individual county departments



Single Audit Section



The Single Audit Section contains reports of the Independent Auditor's, schedules and exhibits reflecting Federal, State and local matching participation in various projects and programs of the County.



Single Audit Section

Single Audit Reports

Year Ended December 31, 2020

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended December 31, 2020

Agency/Program	Clusters	CFDA #	Award/Contract Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture:					
Pass-Through Program From:					
Kansas Department of Education National School Breakfast Program	1	10.553	2011N109943		47,478
National School Lunch Program	1	10.555	2011N109943		87,588
Kansas Department of Health & Environment	•	10.000	201111100010		07,000
WIC - Women Infants & Children FY20		10.557	2013IW100343		1,412,750
WIC - Women Infants & Children FY21		10.557	2013IW100343		400,106
Total WIC - Women Infants & Children					1,812,856
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture					1,947,922
U.S. Department of Housing & Urban Development:					
Continuum of Care Program (SPC-Consolidated) FY '20		14.267	KS0012L7P021811		202,286
Continuum of Care Program (SPC-Consolidated) FY '21		14.267	KS0012L7P021912		547,988
Subtotal Direct Programs					750,274
Pass-Through Program From: City of Wichita -					
Resident Opportunity and Supportive Services (ROSS)		14.870	KS004RPS039A015		831
Subtotal Indirect Programs		14.070	11000-111 0000/1010		831
Total U.S. Department of Housing & Urban Development					751,105
U.S. Department of Justice:		40.004	0000 VD BV 4000		50.000
Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Internet Crimes Against Children (Title IV, JJDP)'19		16.034 16.543	2020-VD-BX-1280 2019-MC-FX-K054	73,826	58,008 315.045
State Criminal Alien Assistance Program FY' 19		16.606	2020-AP-BX-1084	73,020	48,548
COPS Office Law Enforcement Mental Health and Wellness Act		16.710	2020-MHWXK-030		35,000
Byrne Justice Assistance Grant '17 (JAG)		16.738	2017-DJ-BX-0136	16,796	19,644
Byrne Justice Assistance Grant '18 (JAG)		16.738	2018-DJ-BX-0065	2,974	118,734
Byrne Justice Assistance Grant '19 (JAG)		16.738	2019-DJ-BX-0523	94,037	203,902
Byrne Justice Assistance Grant '20 (JAG)		16.738	2020-DJ-BX-0927	440.007	25,099
Total Byrne Justice Assistance Grant DNA Backlog Reduction Program '18 (NIJ)		16.741	2018-DN-BX-0085	113,807	367,379 243,363
Equitable Sharing Program USMS		16.922	2010-DIN-DX-0003		34,360
Subtotal Direct Programs		10.022		187,633	1,101,703
Pass-Through Program From:					
Kansas Governor Federal Grants Program					
Federal Victims of Crime Act Asst Program (VOCA) '20		16.575	20-VOCA-49		44,610
Federal Victims of Crime Act Asst Program (VOCA) '21		16.575	21-VOCA-48		17,069 61,679
Total Federal Victims of Crime Act Asst Program Paul Coverdell National Forensic Science Improvement Act FY '20		16.742	20-NFSIA-02		98,992
Subtotal Indirect Programs		10.742	20-141 0174-02		160,671
Total U.S. Department of Justice				187,633	1,262,374
110.0					
U.S. Department of Transportation: Pass-Through Program From:					
Kansas Dept. of Transportation					
Highway Planning & Construction	4	20.205	TE-0432-02 017186016,		207 767
Highway Planning & Construction	4	20.203	TE-0432-01 017191022		287,767
Formula Grants for Rural Areas Section 5311 - FY20		20.509	PT-0799-40	156,000	188,475
COVID-19 Formula Grants for Rural Areas Section 5311 - FY20		20.509	PT-0799-40	357,916	432,042
COVID-19 Formula Grants for Rural Areas Section 5311 - FY21 Total Formula Grants for Rural Areas		20.509	PT-1109-21	457,293 971,209	582,708 1,203,225
Enhanced Mobility of Seniors & Disabled Section 5310- FY19	5	20.513	KS-2017-007-00	971,209	9,534
Enhanced Mobility of Seniors & Disabled Section 5310- FY20	5	20.513	KS-2019-009-00		23,716
Total Enhanced Mobility of Seniors & Disabled					33,250
Highway Safety Project - Click Step	3	20.600	SP-1300-20		29,223
The Adjutant General's Department State of Kansas					
Hazardous Materials Emergency Preparedness		20.703		074.000	26,631
Subtotal Indirect Programs Total U.S. Department of Transportation				971,209 971,209	1,580,096 1,580,096
Total 0.0. Department of Transportation				911,209	1,500,090

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended December 31, 2020

<u>Agency/Program</u>	Clusters	CFDA #	Award/Contract Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of the Treasury					
Coronavirus Relief Fund - Direct Allocation		*21.019		17,997,712_	72,368,267
Subtotal Direct Programs				17,997,712	72,368,267
Pass-Through Program From:					
Kansas Office of Recovery					
Strengthening People and Revitalizing Kansas		*21.019			8,186,914
Kansas Office of Judicial Administration					
Strengthening People and Revitalizing Kansas		*21.019			97,751
Kansas Department For Aging And Disability Services					
COVID-19 County-run Community Mental Health Centers		*21.019			959,550
COVID-19 Senior Health Insurance Counseling		*21.019			5,179
Subtotal Indirect Programs					9,249,394
Total U.S. Department of the Treasury					81,617,661
U.S. Election Assistance Commission					
Pass-Through Program From:					
Kansas Office of the Secretary of State					
COVID19 Help America Vote Act		90.404	KS20101CARES-01		418,664
Total U.S. Election Assistance Commision					418,664
U.S. Department of Health & Human Services:					
Healthy Start Initiative FFY20		93.926	5 H49MC 11254-12-00		217,685
Healthy Start Initiative FFY21		93.926	5 H49MC 11254-12-00		415,296
Subtotal Direct Programs					632,981
Pass-Through Program From:					
Administration On Aging					
Kansas Department For Aging And Disability Services					
Title III, Part D - Disease Prevention & Health Promotion - FY20	_	93.043	20-02-1D	1,775	23,890
Title III, Part B - Support Services - FY20	2	93.044	20-02-1B	134,100	307,745
COVID-19 Title III, Part B - Support Services	2	93.044	#20-CARES-02-1B		28,393
COVID-19 Title III, Part B - Administration	2	93.044	#20-CARES-02-2A		14,371
Title III, Part C(1) - Administration - FY20	2	93.045	20-02-1A		59,165
COVID-19 Title III, Part C(1) - Administration	2	93.045	#20-FFCRA-02-1A		6,051
Title III, Part C(1) - Congregate Meals - FY20	2 2	93.045	20-02-1C(1)	224,271	224,271
COVID-19 Title III, Part C(1) - Congregate Meals - FY20	2	93.045	#20-FFCRA-02-1C(1)	130,025	130,025
Title III, Part C (2) - Home Delivered Meals - FY20	2	93.045	20-02-1C(2)	158,115	158,115
COVID-19 Title III, Part C(2) - Home Delivered Meals	2	93.045	#20-CARES-02-2C(2)	606,502	608,369
COVID-19 Title III, Part C(2) - Administration	2	93.045	#20-FFCRA-02-1A	000 040	12,101
COVID-19 Title III, Part C(2) - Home Delivered Meals	2	93.045	#20-FFCRA-02-1C(2)	260,049	260,049
Home Delivered & Congregate Meals '20	2	93.053	20-02-1C(1) & 20-02-1C(2)	179,261	179,261
Total Aging Cluster		02.040	00MDDC0037.00.00	1,692,323	1,987,916
Senior Medicare Patrol FY20		93.048	90MPPG0037-02-00		9,975
COVID-19 Aging & Disability Resource Center Total Senior Medicare Patrol		93.048	90NWC30044-01-00		9,500 19,475
		93.052	20-02-1E		26,990
Title III, Part E - National Family Caregiver Support Program FY20 COVID-19 Title III, Part E - National Family Caregiver Support Program		93.052	#20-CARES-02-2E	107,377	138,243
COVID-19 Title III, Part E - National Family Caregiver Support Program		93.052	#20-CARES-02-2E #20-CARES-02-2A	107,377	150,243
Total Title III, Part E - National Family Caregiver Support Program		93.032	#20-CARES-02-2A	107,377	181,014
Medicare Improvements for Patients & Providers '20		93.071		107,377	9,374
Projects for Assistance in Transition from Homelessness FY20 Projects for Assistance in Transition from Homelessness FY21		93.150 93.150			69,679 55,071
Total Projects for Assistance in Transition From Homelessness		93.130			124,750
Senior Health Insurance Counseling		93.324	90SAPG0093		8,319
Substance Abuse (Beacon Health) Contract - SFY20		93.959	000/11 00000		145,554
Substance Abuse (Beacon Health) Contract - SFY21		93.959			151,941
Total Substance Abuse (Beacon Health)		00.000			297,495
Block Grants for Community Mental Health Services FY20		93.958	3B09SM010020		225,906
Block Grants for Community Mental Health Services FY21		93.958	1B09SM082601-01		150,602
Total Block Grant for Community Mental Health Services		- 0.000			376,508
Kansas Department of Health & Environment					37 0,000
Tuberculosis Control Grant '19		93.116			807
Tuberculosis Control Grant '20		93.116			19,301
Total Tuberculosis Control Grant					20,108

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended December 31, 2020

Agency/Program	Clusters	CFDA #	Award/Contract Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Federal Expenditures
Public Health Emergency Preparedness COVID-19		93.354	NU90TP22130-01		17.527
Public Health Emergency Preparedness (PHEP) '20		93.069	NU90TP921936-01-04		137.737
Public Health Emergency Preparedness (PHEP) '21		93.069	NU90TP922049-02		113,590
Total Public Health Emergency Preparedness (PHEP)					251,327
Family Planning Services '20		93.217	FPHPA006448-02		156,373
Family Planning Services '21		93.217	FPHPA006448-03		117,012
Total Family Planning Services					273,385
Maternal and Child Health IAP Immunization Cooperation FY20		93.268	H23IP000748-05		18,294
Maternal and Child Health IAP Immunization Cooperation FY21		93.268	NH23IP922627-02		8,910
Total Maternal and Child Health IAP Immunization Cooperation					27,204
Maternal and Child Health LYFTE FY20		93.500	SP1AH000070-02		17,329
STI/HIV Control Programs - Disease Intervention / Prevention FY20		93.977	NH25PS005173-02		102,481
STI/HIV Control Programs - Disease Intervention / Prevention FY21		93.977	NH25PS005173-02		68,776
Total STI/HIV Control Programs					171,257
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant FY20		93.994	B04MC31488-01, B04MC	32543-01	76,412
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant FY21		93.994	B04MC32543-02		77,040
Total Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant					153,452
Subtotal Indirect Programs				1,801,475	3,985,330
Total U.S. Department of Health & Human Services				1,801,475	4,618,311
Corporation For National And Community Service:					
Retired and Senior Volunteer Program					
Retired and Senior Volunteer Program FY19		94.002	19SRWKS005		13,217
Retired and Senior Volunteer Program FY20		94.002	19SRWKS005		38,607
Total Corporation For National And Community Service					51,824
Executive Office of the President					
Kansas Bureau of Investigation					
High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program		95.001	G19MW0003A		29,698
High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program		95.001	G20MW0003A		18,792
Total Executive Office of the President					48,490
U.S. Department of Homeland Security					
Pass-Through Program From:					
Kansas Adjutant General - Division of Emergency Management					
Emergency Mgmt Performance Grant -Salary Reimbursement		97.042			96,621
Subtotal Indirect Programs					96,621
Total Department of Homeland Security					96,621
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				\$ 20,958,029	92,393,068

<u>Clusters:</u>	<u>Totals</u>
1 - Child Nutrition Cluster =	135,066
2 - Aging Cluster =	1,987,916
3 - Highway Safety Cluster =	29,223
4 - Highway Planning and Construction Cluster =	287,767
5 - Transit Services Program Cluster =	33.250

^{*} Major Programs

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended December 31, 2020

Notes to Schedule

- 1. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the County under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2020. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the County.
- 2. Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule, if any, represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. The County has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.
- 3. The County does not administer any loan programs.



Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of County Commissioners Sedgwick County Wichita, Kansas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Sedgwick County, Kansas (the County), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 21, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Sedgwick County Wichita, Kansas

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wichita, Kansas May 21, 2021

BKD, LLP



Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of County Commissioners Sedgwick County Wichita, Kansas

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited Sedgwick County, Kansas' (the County) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the County's major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2020. The County's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the County's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance.



Sedgwick County Wichita, Kansas

Opinion on Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect the major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wichita, Kansas May 21, 2021

BKD,LLP

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended December 31, 2020

Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

1.	The type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial state accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the		
	☐ Unmodified ☐ Qualified ☐ Adverse ☐	Disclaimer	
2.	The independent auditor's report on internal control over financia	al reporting discl	osed:
	Significant deficiency(ies)	☐ Yes	None reported
	Material weakness(es)	Yes	⊠ No
3.	Noncompliance considered material to the financial statements was disclosed by the audit?	Yes	⊠ No
Fede	eral Awards		
4.	The independent auditor's report on internal control over complidisclosed:	iance for major for	ederal awards program
	Significant deficiency(ies)	☐ Yes	None reported
	Material weakness(es)	Yes	⊠ No
5.	The opinions expressed in the independent auditor's report on confederal awards were: Unmodified Qualified Adverse	ompliance for ma	ijor
6.	The audit disclosed findings required to be reported by 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	☐ Yes	⊠ No

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended December 31, 2020

7.	Identification of major program:		
	CFDA 21.019 – Coronavirus Relief Fund		
8.	The threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B	programs was \$2	2,771,792.
9.	The County qualified as a low-risk auditee?	☐ Yes	⊠ No

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended December 31, 2020

Section II – Findings Required to be Reported by Government Auditing Standards

Reference Number	Finding	
	No matters reportable.	

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended December 31, 2020

Section III – Findings Required to be Reported by the Uniform Guidance

Reference		
Number	Finding	
	-	
	No matters reportable.	

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Year Ended December 31, 2020

Reference		
Number	Finding	Status

2019-001 Finding: Significant Deficiency - EMS Account Receivables

Resolved

While reviewing the EMS accounts receivables it was found that, at this time, the only reports that the County can generate from the system are live reports. Due to only live reports being available, the County was unable to provide a report showing the collectable accounts receivable at year end according to the third-party billing system. The County was able to utilize monthly billing and collection reports to establish an estimate on the year-end accounts receivable.

Sedgwick County Finance, the EMS billing vendor, and members of the BKD audit team met to define the specifications of the needed reports in April 2020. As of April 17, 2020, the vendor provided the requested point-in-time reports.