The 2023 Sedgwick County budget of \$520.9 million is presented as the economy is entering an unpredictable period, with inflation nearing historic levels, the Kansas unemployment rate at a historic low, and a heated job market making competition for qualified workforce incredibly challenging. While the Federal government is taking action to attempt to stabilize the economy, the Sedgwick County Board of County Commissioners identified some key priorities as part of the County's 2023 budget workforce process: address shortages with compensation adjustments to preserve service levels while maintaining a level property tax rate.

The 2022 budget included reclassifications to more than 1,600 positions to place them appropriately on the organization's compensation plan. This 2023 budget includes a variety of compensation strategies, including the implementation of step plans for Fire District #1 and Emergency Medical Services (EMS), market adjustments for other departments experiencing significant vacancies, a substantial pay adjustment for all other County employees, and a pay structure movement.

Due to County management's concerns that an increasingly tight labor market, limited pipelines for certain positions, and very high inflation will continue to create workforce challenges, the 2023 adjustments are just the next step in making sure the organization is able to recruit and retain employees.

The 2023 budget was developed to ensure that the compensation adjustments could be implemented as well as adding resources for increases in the cost of doing business, as well as limited funding for strategic additions to departmental budgets. The table below provides a breakdown of the 2023 budget by function and fund type.

The actions included in the 2023 budget result in a projected operating deficit of \$4.5 million in the County's property-tax-supported funds, which is the result of surpluses in some funds and intentional and

		Pro	opert	y Tax Support	ted			Non-Property	Fax Supported		
	G	eneral Fund	De	bt Service Fund	I	Special Revenue**	Spe	cial Revenue	Enterprise Internal Ser		Total All Operating Fund
Revenues by Category	_										
Property Taxes	\$	141,209,881	\$	10,524,392	\$	33,631,387	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 185,365,66
Delinquent Property Taxes		2,702,032		228,023		605,657		-		-	3,535,71
Special Assessments		-		308,816		-		-		-	308,81
Motor Vehicle Taxes		18,280,511		1,524,321		4,324,976		-		-	24,129,80
Local Sales & Use Tax		37,474,122		-		-		-		-	37,474,12
Other Taxes		261,512		-		-		3,685,356		-	3,946,86
Intergovernmental		758,493		86,583		5,156,483		43,334,186		-	49,335,74
Charges for Services		31,721,532		-		826,585		41,183,320	51,706, ²	183	125,437,62
Uses of Money & Property		4,729,666		57,266		6,635		9,340	8,4	413	4,811,32
Other Revenues		16,632,411		-		637,100		194,549	2,286,2	111	19,750,17
Transfers from Other Funds		4,591,218		2,476,565		-		1,519,240	3,125,5	575	11,712,59
Fotal Revenue		258,361,380		15,205,966		45,188,825		89,925,992	57,126,2	282	465,808,44
Expenditures by Functional Area	•			-		-				-	
General Government		82,265,211		-		569,163		18,264,913	55,072,9	953	156,172,23
Bond & Interest		-		15,055,014		-		-		-	15,055,01
Public Safety		150,398,168		-		28,118,278		17,540,149		-	196,056,59
Public Works		23,427,851		-		11,721,350		2,314,888		-	37,464,08
Human Services		13,602,579		-		4,052,966		71,687,747		-	89,343,29
Culture & Recreation		12,106,676		-		-		54,342	1,620,0	000	13,781,01
Community Development		2,775,307		-		10,289,953		-		-	13,065,26
Fotal Expenditures		284,575,792		15,055,014		54,751,709	_	109,862,038	56,692,9	953	520,937,50
Full-Time-Equivalent Positions b	y Func	tional Area									
General Government		374.75		-		-		266.50	22	.45	663.7
Bond & Interest		-		-		-		-		-	-
Public Safety		1,324.20		-		145.00		159.35		-	1,628.5
Public Works		13.30		-		94.10		12.49		-	119.8
Human Services		112.09		-		10.59		632.73		-	755.4
Culture & Recreation		124.30		-		-		-		-	124.3
Community Development		1.00		-		-		-		-	1.0
		1,949.64				249.69		1,071.07		.45	3,292.8

strategic draw-downs of balances in other funds. This includes the use of fund balance in compliance with County policy and strategic uses of fund balances to reach targeted levels in the special revenue funds. The County's General Fund is projected to have a surplus of \$2.2 million; however, \$6.2 million in one-time revenues is included in this amount due to the transfer of the remaining fund balances and the final payment of administrative charges from the EMS, COMCARE, and Noxious Weeds tax funds after their consolidation into the General Fund in 2022. Additionally, almost \$3.4 million in one-time capital improvement spending is planned from the Fund in 2023.

The County's forecast is one of the primary tools used in budget development, as it outlines anticipated actual revenues and expenditures for the current year and five years in the future for County property-tax-supported funds. It outlines whether County leadership may expect revenues to exceed, meet, or fall short of anticipated expenses for each year, which allows appropriate actions to be taken. The forecast should be distinguished from the budget, which sets the maximum amount of spending for one year. An additional distinction is that the budget typically includes contingencies to provide additional budget authority for use in times unanticipated events. While of budgeted. contingencies typically are not anticipated to be spent in the forecast, so the budget generally is greater than the forecast. For 2023, more than \$29.1 million is budgeted in contingencies.

The 2023 budget development process began in February 2022, when Commissioners held their annual financial workshop. At that meeting, staff

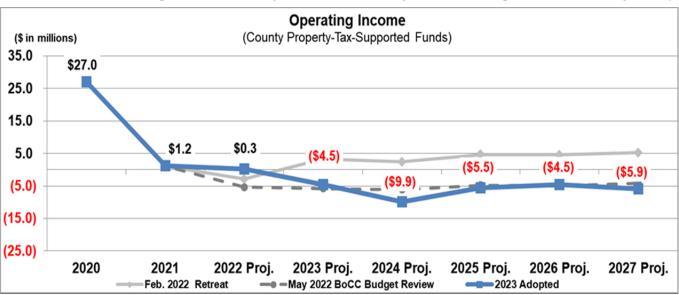
presented a financial forecast for 2023 that included a projected surplus of \$3.2 million for the County's property-tax-supported funds.

Following the workshop, department managers and elected officials submitted budget requests that met prescribed budget targets, along with requests for additional funding needed to enhance services or sustain current service levels due to increased demand or higher costs for 2023. Across all divisions, 68 requests totaling \$21.7 million were submitted for consideration.

Based on the goals, challenges, and other priorities identified by the BOCC and departments early in the process, staff told Commissioners that the projected operating surplus in County property-tax-supported funds had become a \$5.8 million deficit for 2023 in May 2022.

The 2023 budget is based on the evaluation of services and additional funding requests, along with the goals and priorities identified by the BOCC with a focus on continued implementation of the multi-year compensation strategy. Funding for increased costs of doing business were added, as well as strategic increases in funding for attorney fees, employee recruitment and hiring, and mental health initiatives.

Additional information on the County's financial forecast can be reviewed in the financial forecast section of this document.



As stated earlier, forecasted deficits in comparison to budgeted deficits will be different due to budgeted contingencies for unexpected events that generally are not forecasted to be expended.

The 2023 budget includes significant changes from the 2022 budget as outlined in the "2023 Significant Budget Adjustments" table near the end of this section. Examples include:

- Addition of funding for contracted mental health services for juveniles in the Department of Corrections
- Addition of funding for one-year for operations of the Mental Health and Substance Abuse Coalition
- Addition of 0.25 FTE for a full-time employment position for the Division of Human Resources
- Addition of funding to increase Election Worker pay
- Addition of funding for District Court attorney fees

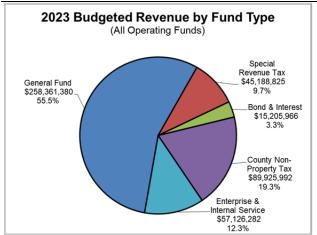
Allocating public resources impacts those living and doing business in and with the County. Sedgwick County government will continue to allocate public resources to fund essential services to assist citizens in need, provide cultural and recreational opportunities for families, maintain and improve transportation infra-structure, and provide for a safe community.

Examples of services delivered by departments in 2021 include:

- EMS responded to 69,822 requests for service
- Public Works maintained more than 600 miles of road and 600 bridges
- Household Hazardous Waste recycled or reused 1,581,838 pounds of material
- COMCARE Intake and Assessment Center completed 1.489 new patient intakes for adults
- Sedgwick County Park averaged 82,277 monthly visitors

The 2023 budget of \$520.9 million represents a decrease from the 2022 revised budget of 5.2 percent. Property tax rates are 29.368 mills for Sedgwick County and 17.912 mills for Fire District 1.

Budgeted Revenue



The 2023 operating budget is comprised of five fund types. They include the General Fund, Debt Service Fund, Special Revenue Funds (both property-tax and non-property-tax-supported), Enterprise Funds, and Internal Service Funds. Revenues among all operating funds total \$465,808,446. Among the five fund types, the largest is the General Fund, with an property-tax rate of 24.926 mills for the 2023 budget. The General Fund is the primary funding source for the majority of services financed with local resources, including the BOCC, Sheriff, District Attorney, the Elections Office, the Health Department, and the Community Developmental Disability Organization. Beginning in 2022, the General Fund also became the primary source for EMS, Noxious Weeds, and some elements of COMCARE.

The second largest fund type is Special Revenue Funds, which includes both property-tax and nonproperty-tax-supported funds. These funds were established to account for revenue sources which can only be expended for specific purposes. Some County services funded with Special Revenue Funds include aging services and highway funding, as well as Federal COVID-19 response and stimulus funding. For 2023, revenue collections in Special Revenue Funds are budgeted at \$135.1 million, of which a portion is generated from an aggregate property-tax levy of 2.581 mills for County funds and an estimated 17.912 mills for Fire District 1.

With a property-tax mill levy rate of 1.861 mills, the Debt Service Fund, also known as the Bond & Interest Fund, provides for the retirement of all County general obligation, special assessment, and Public Building Commission (PBC) bonds. The final two fund types include Enterprise and Internal Service Funds. Enterprise Funds are used to budget for INTRUST Bank Arena. Internal Service Funds are used to budget for employee benefits, Fleet Management, and Risk Management.

Property Taxes

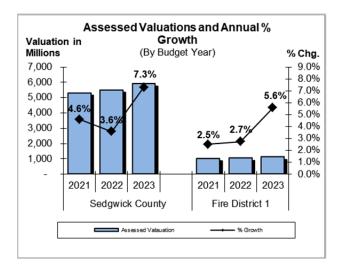
Property taxes comprise 40.0 percent of the total revenues included in the 2023 budget. Property tax revenues are primarily used to fund services countywide in the General Fund and various Special Revenue Funds that do not have the capacity to selffinance their services, in addition to retiring the

County's longterm debt on capital projects for facilities and infrastructure.

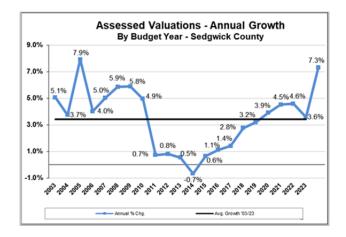
-	Property Tax Rates (in mills)					
l		2022	2023			
5	Jurisdiction	Budget	Budget			
1	 Sedgw ick County 	29.370	29.368			
L	Fire District 1	17.817	17.912			

This reliable revenue source has no attached mandates, as many State and Federal revenues often do, and is one of few revenue sources for which the governing body has legislative authorization to adjust the tax rate based on budgetary needs and community priorities.

In the State of Kansas, local government budgets are built on and adopted prior to the finalization of that tax year's property-tax digest. Instead of building the budget on the known valuation of assessed property, it is built on an estimate. As a result, after adoption of a budget, property tax rates, expressed in mills, can change as a result of a change in the assessed valuation, though the amount of dollars actually levied remains unchanged.



Before the issues with the 737 Max production were identified in January 2020, affecting production work at Spirit Aerosystems, the largest employer in Sedgwick County, and the COVID-19 pandemic, the County was seeing a gradual return in property valuation growth closer to prior levels. Growth in assessed valuation to support the 2022 budget was 3.6 percent, while growth for the 2023 budget is 7.3 percent due to a very strong residential home market in 2020 and 2021; it is estimated that this growth will level off to more typical levels as the economy is expected to cool in the near future. For Fire District 1, assessed valuation growth is 5.6 percent for 2023.



Local Retail Sales and Use Tax

The second largest revenue source for Sedgwick County is local retail sales and use tax receipts, budgeted at \$37.5 million in 2023. Collections in 2021 saw a 12.0 percent increase over 2020 with continued growth anticipated in 2022 and 2023, before returning to more typical levels of growth.

Local retail sales tax is generated from a countywide one-percent tax on retail sales approved in July 1985. Local use tax is paid on tangible personal property purchased in other states and used, stored, or consumed in Kansas where no sales tax was paid. State law requires that the County sales and use tax be shared with cities located in the county based on a formula considering population and the property-tax levy of all jurisdictions. This formula provides about 70 percent of the county-wide sales tax to cities and about 30 percent to fund the County budget.

Of the total retail sales and use tax receipts allocated to County government, the General Fund retains half, and half is transferred to other funds. The Bond and Interest Fund receives a set amount of \$1,597,566 to retire capital debt, and the Sales Tax Road/Bridge Fund receives the remaining balance to finance highway construction and maintenance projects. These projects are outlined in the Capital Improvement Program (CIP) section of this document.

Motor Vehicle Taxes

Motor vehicle taxes, which include motor vehicle, recreational, 16/20M truck, and rental excise taxes, are collected in accordance with K.S.A. 79-5111, which requires those taxes be allocated to each fund with a property-tax levy in proportion to the property tax levied during the previous year's budget. For 2023, motor vehicle tax collections are estimated at \$22.9 million.

Intergovernmental Revenue

Intergovernmental revenue accounts for receipts from other governmental entities, such as the State of Kansas. Of the total \$49.3 million budgeted in 2023, about 87.8 percent is generated within Federal/State Assistance Funds, approximately 10.4 percent is received from the State's Special City/County Highway Fund and deposited in the property-tax-supported Highway Fund, and the majority of the remaining portion is deposited in the General Fund. The majority of General Fund intergovernmental revenue is generated through State revenues related to the operation of the Juvenile Detention and Residential Facilities.

The County received the first half of its allocation of \$100.2 million in Federal American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) Funds in 2021. The current spending plan, approved in 2022, is not included in the 2023 budget.

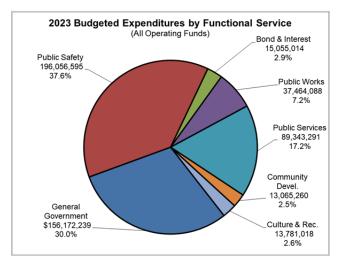
Charges for Service

Charges for service account for receipts individuals and businesses pay for County services received, as well as cost allocations among various internal funds. In 2023, charges for service are budgeted to generate \$125.4 million, of which 41 percent is generated from Internal Service and Enterprise Funds, 26 percent from services supported in property-tax-supported funds, and 33 percent from program income generated by grant programs assigned to Federal/State Assistance Funds.

Budgeted Expenditures

The 2023 budget of \$520.9 million for all operating funds represents a 5.2 percent decrease from the 2022 revised budget. The 2023 operating budget is divided into seven functional service sections based on the type of public service delivered. These functional services include: General Government, Bond & Interest-Debt Service, Public Safety, Public Works, Public Services, Culture & Recreation, and Community Development.

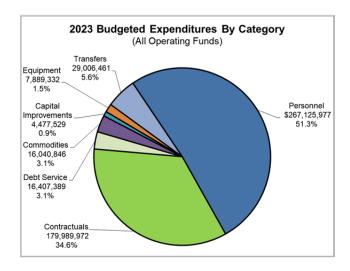
The table illustrates the funding amounts dedicated to each functional area in all operating funds.



Of the seven functional areas, the largest percentage increase from the 2022 revised budget, 11.6 percent, occurs in Public Works, which results from increasing budget authority in budget transfers to the local sales tax fund due to an anticipated increase in local sales tax revenue collections in 2023.

The largest percentage decrease, 51.0 percent, occurs in Culture and Recreation, due to the Shuttered Venue Operators Grant (SVOG) received in 2022 to provide INTRUST Bank Arena a grant to reopen and continue operations in light of the significant economic impacts of the pandemic. The County received \$10.0 million to help with eligible expenses between March 1, 2020 and June 30, 2022.

The remaining five governmental functions experienced a range of increases and decreases, from an increase of 4.3 percent in Public Safety to a decrease of 20.0 percent in General Government. The budget can also be presented based on types of expenses. The seven main expenditure categories are shown in the table below and total \$520,937,506.



Personnel

Of all the budgetary expenditure categories, the largest is personnel with a 2023 budget of \$267.1 million, a 5.2 percent increase from the 2022 revised budget. The increase is largely due to the second year of the multi-year compensation strategy. The budget includes a net decrease of 27.8 FTE positions from the 2022 revised budget for all operating funds mostly related to reduced COVID-19 response. In addition, the budget also includes:

- Strategic pay adjustments for high-vacancy areas, like COMCARE, Corrections, Facilities, and Emergency Communications
- Implementation of step plans for EMS and Fire District #1 and the addition of new COMCARE and Corrections pay plans
- An eight percent general pay adjustment (GPA) for other County employees, as well as a pay structure adjustment of seven percent
- Flat employee and employer contributions for employee health insurance premiums
- Decreases in retirement contribution rates through the Kansas Police and Firemen's Retirement System (KP&F) and the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS)

Traditionally, Sedgwick County has viewed personnel costs in terms of two primary areas: salary and wages and employee benefits. In 2013, the County elected to evaluate and make decisions on personnel costs in terms of total compensation – the total package of wages and salary along with all

County-paid benefits. This approach attempts to ensure Sedgwick County's competitiveness with other employers in the marketplace. It also aligns with the County's goals to reward desired work performance and encourage healthy employee behaviors, which influence operating costs. Considering wages and salaries along with employee benefits allows for greater flexibility in determining employee total compensation.

Compensation Plan

Because Sedgwick County recognizes the contributions of its employees in delivering highquality public services, this budget presents personnel costs in terms of total compensation – the total package of wages, along with all County-paid benefits.

Employee Compensation - Sedgwick County

2020

- 2.25% pay adjustment allocated for Sedgwick County employees within departmental budgets
- 1.25% to adjust the full pay structure to assist with recruitment and to increase the earning capacity of employees that have reached their maximum compensation
- 1.25% pool to accommodate targeted pay adjustments to assist with recruiting and retaining employees in areas with high turnover; suspended in 2020 due to economic challenges

2021

• No compensation pool funding included in the 2021 budget

2022

- Reclassification of 1,637 positions County-wide based on internal equity and organizational market placement
- 2.0% pay adjustment for all positions not receiving a reclassification
- 2.0% mid-year pay adjustment for most employees hired 12/31/2021 or earlier and 1.0% for most employees hired 1/1/2022 or later

2023

- Strategic pay adjustments for DA, Corrections, COMCARE, Facilities, and 911; movement of Corrections and COMCARE positions to new pay plans; Fire and EMS move to step plans
- 8.0% pay adjustment for all positions not moving to a step plan or receiving a targeted adjustment
- Addition of 3.0% Compensation Contingency to reserve funding for potential targeted or general compensation adjustments if economic conditions support additional adjustments

Employee Benefit Costs

Employee benefit costs also influence personnel expenditures. The two most significant benefit costs – retirement and health benefits – continue to be driven by factors that are beyond the County's exclusive control though the health benefit plan was significantly changed for the 2020 budget.

In 2023, decreases are anticipated in KPERS rates and KP&F rates. The table below shows historical employer contribution rates to the retirement systems.

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
KPERS - I	Retirement F	Rates				
	9.39%	9.89%	9.89%	9.87%	9.90%	9.43%
KP&F - Ro Sheriff Fire EMS	etirement Ra 20.22% 20.09% 20.09%	ates 22.13% 22.13% 22.13%	21.93% 21.93% 21.93%	22.80% 22.80% 22.80%	22.99% 22.99% 22.99%	22.86% 22.86% 22.86%

The 2023 budget also includes employer contributions to employee health insurance, which is provided through a self-funded health plan. Rather than using a fully insured model, where defined premiums are paid to an insurance provider who manages the plan and pays all claims, the County moved to a self-insured model in 2015, where the County itself is responsible for claims payment through a third-party administrator. Over time, the expectation is that the County achieves cost savings by not paying an increased amount in premiums to cover profits for the provider of the fully insured plan. While other entities report premium increases of 10 percent or more, the 2023 budget maintains level premium costs with 2022 rates. The health plan continues to be structured so that it aligns with the County's goal to encourage employees to take responsibility for their health to help reduce future increases in benefits costs. In 2020, Sedgwick County shifted to three health plan options, instead of the single option offered in 2019.

Contractual Services

Contractual expenditures are the second largest expenditure category. They include services purchased from and delivered by an external entity, along with internal service costs, like departmental charges for fleet maintenance and administrative charges based on the cost allocation plan. In 2023, budgeted contractual expenditures of \$180.0 million represent a 15.0 percent decrease from the 2022 revised budget, mainly due to an anticipated reduction in COVID-19 response paid by Federal American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funds received by the County in 2021 and 2022.

Debt Service

Sedgwick County continues to maintain a record of

strong financial performance, as demonstrated by high bond ratings with the three major

1	Bond Ratin	gs
5	Rating Agency	Rating
1	Standard & Poor's	AAA
5	Moody's	Aaa
r	Fitch	AA+

bond rating agencies. In 2023, budgeted debt service expenditures in all operating funds are \$16.4 million. This includes \$15.0 million in the County's Bond & Interest Fund, along with \$1.4 million in the Fire District's General Fund to repay vehicle leases. Because the County and Fire District are separate legal budgets under State law, debt service payments are budgeted in the appropriate fund for each unique entity.

In April 2017, the County Commission revised the debt policy to provide guidance to the governing body when making decisions on the issuance of capital debt. Targeted bonding is planned in the 2023-2027 Capital Improvement Plan.

Budgeted Fund Balances

The 2023 budget includes the use of budgeted fund balances within each fund type to develop a balanced budget. However, actual deficits projected through the financial forecast in comparison to budgeted deficits will be different, largely due to budgeted contingencies not expected to be expended.

2023 Adopted - Budgeted Fund Balances			
	Amount		
All Property Tax Supported Funds	35,626,344		
Non-Property Tax Supported Funds	19,502,716		
Total	55,129,060		

For major governmental funds, the largest budgeted use of fund balances in 2023 occurs in the General Fund at \$26.2 million. This budgeted draw on the fund balance is primarily related to budgeted contingency reserves of \$29.1 million within the General Fund. These reserves are intended to fund unexpected events and are largely not expected to be used.

The budget also includes a decrease of budgeted fund balances of \$9.6 million within Special Revenue Funds supported by property taxes and a cumulative use of fund balances of \$19.9 million in Special Revenue Funds that are not property-taxsupported. Of these budgeted fund balance reductions, some of the largest are within the Stimulus Grants Fund (\$12.0 million) due to the receipt of ARPA funds in 2021 and 2022 and the transfer of the remaining fund balances and payment of the final administrative charges (\$6.2 million) from the three County property-tax-funds that were consolidated in the General Fund in 2022 (EMS, COMCARE, and Noxious Weeds).

In addition, an increase in fund balance of \$0.4 million in the Enterprise/Internal Service Funds is budgeted largely due to the Fleet Management Fund with its \$1.5 million contingency, which is offset by a projected increase in the Health/Life Fund of \$3.9 million largely due to prescription rebates for specialty and name brand prescriptions as a result of rebate agreements that began in 2020.

Capital Planning and Budgeting

Sedgwick County's five-year Capital Improvement Program (CIP) includes the building, remodeling, and repairing of public facilities and infrastructure systems. This long-range CIP planning process began in 1982 with the goal of facilitating area-wide economic development by updating the County's roads, bridges, and drainage systems, as well as maintaining facilities.

County planned 2023 capital spending totals \$32.1 million. This spending is funded with \$19.3 million of cash (of which \$15.8 million is derived from local retail sales and use taxes anticipated to be collected in 2023), \$11.5 million to be funded with bond proceeds, and the remainder to be supported with funding from external partners. A portion of the funding for the CIP related to cash-funded capital projects is transferred to multi-year capital improvement funds from operating funds as summarized in the table in the next column.

2023 - Cash Funded Capital Projects From Operating Funds					
Project	Amount				
 Road & bridge projects from local sales tax revenues 	\$	15,849,250			
Courthouse Police access control replacement	\$	178,210			
 Juvenile Detention Facility camera system improvements 	\$	247,776			
Outdoor Warning Device replacements and new installations	\$	328,417			
Public Safety parallelling switchgear modernization	\$	356,478			
• Red brick west restroom replacement at Lake Afton Park	\$	386,903			
 Renovate pavilion at Lake Afton Park 	\$	304,364			
Replace Parking Lots on County Property	\$	217,849			
Replace Roofs - County-Owned Buildings	\$	66,345			
D21 - Drainage Southwest of Haysville	\$	600,000			
D25 - Flood control system major maintenance and repair	\$	760,187			
Total	\$	19,295,779			

The 2023 CIP continues to support the County's commitment to maintain and improve its facilities and infrastructure, including roads, bridges, and drainage. A few of these projects include:

- Northwest Bypass Right of Way Acquisition (K-254)
- Replacement of a bridge on 151st St. West between over Ninnescah
- Preventive maintenance on more than 100 miles of roads, 17 percent of the total County road system

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	2023 Adopted Budget - Significant Adjustments from 2022 Revised Budget County and Fire Property-Tax-Supported Funds Only		
Department	Description	\$	FTE
•	General Government		
Board of County	No reductions or additions in County property-tax-supported funds	-	-
Commissioners	Board of County Commissioners Total	-	-
	No reductions or additions in County property-tax-supported funds	-	-
County Manager	County Manager Total	-	-
	No reductions or additions in County property-tax-supported funds	-	-
County Counselor	County Counselor Total	-	-
	No reductions or additions in County property-tax-supported funds	-	-
County Clerk	County Clerk Total	-	-
	No reductions or additions in County property-tax-supported funds	-	-
Register of Deeds	Register of Deeds Total	-	-
	Add of funding to increase Election Worker pay	219,762	-
Election	Add of funding for programming support	19,750	-
Commissioner	Add of funding for ongoing licensing and maintenance fees for equipment	18,800	-
	Election Commissioner Total	258,312	-
	Addition 0.25 FTE HR Administrative Support position to make 1.0 FTE	44,791	-
Human Resources	Human Resources Total	44,791	-
Division of	No reductions or additions in County property-tax-supported funds	-	-
Finance	Division of Finance Total	-	-
	Addition of Mental Health Contingency for mental health initiatives	1,000,000	-
Contingency	Decrease in BOCC Contingency from Recommended Budget level due to action	(65,000)	
Reserves	taken at budget adoption to reduce the mill levy rate		-
	Contingency Reserves Total	935,000	-
Budgeted	No reductions or additions in County property-tax-supported funds	-	-
Transfers	Budgeted Transfers Total	-	-
County Appraiser	No reductions or additions in County property-tax-supported funds	-	-
	County Appraiser Total	-	-
County Treasurer	No reductions or additions in County property-tax-supported funds	-	-
	County Treasurer Total	-	-
Metro. Area	Add funding to maintain equal City/County funding split	73,565	-
Planning Dept.	MAPD Total	73,565	-
	Add funding for maintenance of the Law Enforcement Training Building	60,700	-
Facilities Department	Add funding for increased electricity costs	35,082	
Department	Facilities Department Total	95,782	-
	No reductions or additions in County property-tax-supported funds	-	-
Central Services	Central Services Total	-	-
	Add funding for increases in annual software maintenance fees	75,094	-
Information &	Reduction for end of SAP remote monitoring contract	(34,800)	-
Technology	Add funding for tax system maintenance	16,000	-
0,	Information & Technology Total	56,294	-
	No reductions or additions in County property-tax-supported funds		_
Fleet Management	Fleet Management Total	-	-
	General Government Net Total	1 462 744	-
	General Government Net Total	1,463,744	-

	2023 Adopted Budget - Significant Adjustments from 2022 Revised Budget County and Fire Property-Tax-Supported Funds Only		
Department	Description	\$	FTE
	Public Safety		
Emergency	No reductions or additions in County property-tax-supported funds	-	-
Communications	Emergency Communications Total	-	-
Emergency	No reductions or additions in County property-tax-supported funds	-	-
Management	Emergency Management Total	-	-
Emergency	No reductions or additions in County property-tax-supported funds	-	-
Medical Services	Emergency Medical Services Total	-	-
	Increase Fire District Contingency due to uncertain economic conditions	1,500,000	-
Fire District 1	Reallocate contingency budget for repayment of station relocation/remodel costs	2,000,000	-
	Fire District 1 Total	3,500,000	-
	Add funding for Coroner and Deputy Coroner contracts	99,739	1.00
Regional Forensic Science Center	Add funding for increased indigent cremation costs	44,109	-
Science Center	RFSC Total	143,848	1.00
	Addition of funding for contractual mental health services for juveniles	295,443	-
Department of	Reduction of 3.0 FTEs to fund contracted mental health services for juveniles	(242,216)	(3.00)
Corrections	Add funding to reclassify a current position to an Application Manager to support the	77,868	-
	eCorrections records management system		(0.00)
	Department of Corrections Total	131,095	(3.00)
	Add funding for inmate medical services contract extension	800,000	-
Sheriff's Office	Add funding for inmate meals contract increase	69,058	-
	Sheriff's Office Total	869,058	-
District Attorney	No reductions or additions in County property-tax-supported funds	-	-
	District Attorney Total	-	-
18th Judicial	Add funding for an increase in attorney fee rates	437,500	-
District	18th Judicial District Total	437,500	-
Crime Prevention	No reductions or additions in County property-tax-supported funds	-	-
Fund	Crime Prevention Fund Total	-	-
Metropolitan Area	Addition of 1.0 FTE Administrative Support	48,038	1.00
Building & Construction	Addition of two 0.5 FTE Building Inspector positions	39,938	1.00
Dept.	MABCD Total	87,976	2.00
	No reductions or additions in County property-tax-supported funds	-	-
Courthouse Police	Courthouse Police Total	-	-
	Public Safety Net Total	5,169,477	-
	Public Works	, ,	
	Transfer of street light utility expenses to the Local Sales Tax Fund	(85,000)	-
Highways	Transfer of 1.0 FTE Construction Engineer position to the Local Sales Tax Fund	(79,831)	(1.00)
підпімауб	Transfer of sign material expenses to the Local Sales Tax Fund	(55,000)	-
	Highways Total	(219,831)	(1.00)
Noxious Weeds	No reductions or additions in County property-tax-supported funds	-	-
	Noxious Weeds Total	-	-
Storm Drainage	No reductions or additions in County property-tax-supported funds	-	-
-	Storm Drainage Total	-	-
Environmental	No reductions or additions in County property-tax-supported funds	-	-
Resources	Environmental Resources Total	-	-
	Public Works Net Total	(219,831)	(1.00)

	2023 Adopted Budget - Significant Adjustments from 2022 Revised Budget County and Fire Property-Tax-Supported Funds Only		
Department	Description	\$	FTE
	Public Services	•	
Public Services	Add funding for the Mental Health and Substance Abuse Coalition for one year	33,000	-
Community Prog.	Public Services Community Prog. Total	33,000	-
COMCARE	No reductions or additions in County property-tax-supported funds	-	-
	COMCARE Total	-	-
СДДО	No reductions or additions in County property-tax-supported funds	-	-
	CDDO Total	-	-
Department on	No reductions or additions in County property-tax-supported funds	-	-
Aging	Department on Aging Total	-	-
Health Department	No reductions or additions in County property-tax-supported funds	-	-
•	Health Department Total	-	-
	Public Services Net Total	33,000	-
	Culture & Recreation		
Parks Department	No reductions or additions in County property-tax-supported funds	-	-
-	Parks Department	-	-
Sedgwick County	No reductions or additions in County property-tax-supported funds	-	-
Zoo	Sedgwick County Zoo Total	-	-
Community	No reductions or additions in County property-tax-supported funds	-	-
Programs	Community Programs Total	-	-
Exploration Place	No reductions or additions in County property-tax-supported funds	-	-
	Exploration Place Total	-	-
	Culture & Recreation Net Total	-	-
	Community Development		
Extension Council	No reductions or additions in County property-tax-supported funds	-	-
	Extension Council Total	-	-
Economic	No reductions or additions in County property-tax-supported funds	-	-
Development	Economic Development Total	-	-
Community	No reductions or additions in County property-tax-supported funds	-	-
Programs	Community Programs Total	-	-
	Community Development Total	-	-
Total - County Pro	operty-Tax-Supported Funds Only	6,446,390	(1.00)

Understanding the Budget Book Layout

The following pages outline how the departmental sections of the budget book are organized and the type of information included within those sections. These sections primarily include:

- A section for each functional service delivered by Sedgwick County, such as Public Safety
- Department narrative sections
- Summary budget for the entire department
- Fund center pages detailing the budget of the lowest level function(s) within the department for which a budget is adopted

Functional Areas

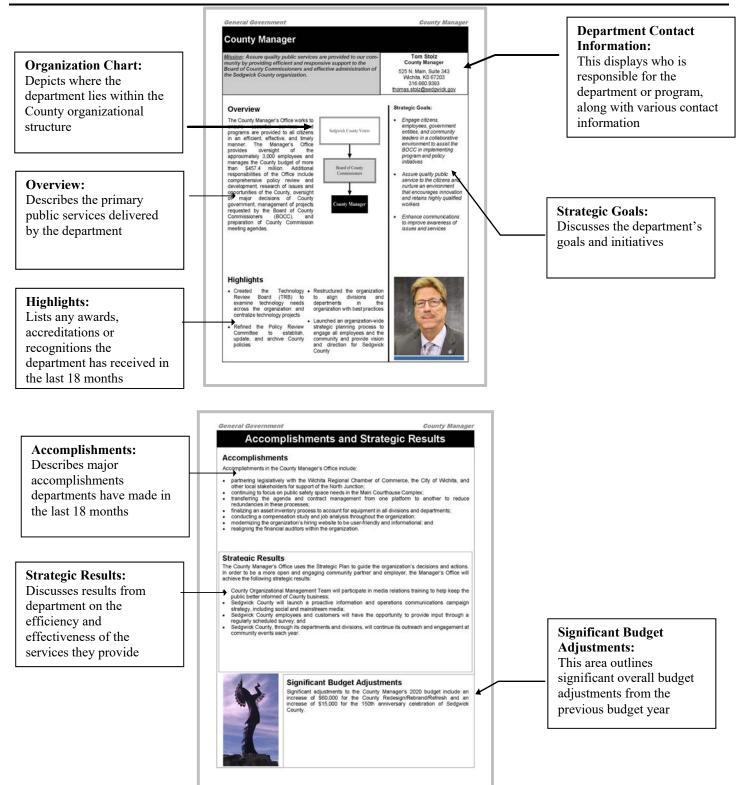
Functional areas are utilized to define a group of departments and programs within the County by the business activities they conduct or the services they provide. Classifying departments and programs according to these groups better summarizes what resources are being provided on these distinct sections for accounting purposes, grant applications, and for understanding by the public in the most transparent means possible. The eight functional areas used in this budget include General Government, Bond and Interest, Public Safety, Public Works, Public Services, Culture and Recreation, Community Development, and the Capital Improvement Plan. These functional areas may cross over the lines of the County organizational chart, with some organization leaders responsible for departments within different functional areas.

Department Narrative

Department narratives contain department contact information, an organizational chart to demonstrate how the department fits into the organizational structure of the County, and additional narrative outlining department responsibilities, goals, highlights, accomplishments, strategic results, and significant budget adjustments.

Summary and Program Budgets

Each departmental section includes a summary of its budget and, when appropriate, copies of the programs comprised individual within the department, often referred to as fund centers. Both the budget summary and fund center pages contain tables that outline actual and budgeted expenditures and revenues for two previous years, along with the current and budgeted year, as well as Full-Time Equivalent (FTEs) employee counts. The summary budget page contains narrative concerning any significant overall budget adjustments for the department over the previous year, while the fund center pages provide the most specific level of budget detail.



Executive Summary

