Measles (MMR) Vaccine Recommendations

CHILDREN	RECOMMENDATIONS
12-15 months old	Children 12-15 months old should get their first MMR dose.
	* Children 6 to 11 months old can get the MMR vaccine in some situations. See the information below for details.
4-6 years old	Children 4-6 years old should get their second MMR dose. (After this dose, they are fully vaccinated against measles.)
	NOTE: If a child missed their first dose, they should get two MMR doses at least 28 days apart to catch up.
7-18 years old	Children 7 years and older who are not fully vaccinated should get two doses of MMR.
	NOTE: If a child missed their first dose, they should get two MMR doses at least 28 days apart to catch up.

*Children 6-11 months old can get the MMR vaccine if:

- They have been exposed to measles
- They live in an outbreak area; or
- They are travelling internationally or to an area with measles cases

Children who receive an MMR dose before 12 months old should still get two more doses following the recommended schedule above. Parents or guardians should talk to a healthcare provider for more information.

ADULTS	RECOMMENDATIONS
Born Before 1957	Adults born before 1957 are considered immune.
Born 1957-1967	Adults born between 1957 and 1967 are immune if they have had measles.
	If they haven't had measles, they should consider getting an MMR dose because a less effective vaccine was used in the 1960s.
Born After 1967	Adults born after 1967 are considered immune if they have received one or two doses of vaccine or if they have had measles.
If vaccination status is unknown, it is safe to get an additional MMR dose.	
Pregnancy	Pregnant women should not receive the MMR vaccine.
Weakened Immune System	People with a weakened immune system should talk with their healthcare provider about vaccination.

Call us at **316-660-7300** to schedule an appointment for all your immunization needs.

Source: https://www.cdc.gov/measles/hcp/vaccine-considerations/index.html



